Bellinger River District Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview January to March 2016

	Same period last year	Change since one year ago
All attendances:1 1,375 patients	1,270	8%
Emergency attendances: ² 1,299 patients	1,123	16%

Bellinger River District Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment³

January to March 2016		
	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 43 patients	26	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 6 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	*	35 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 333 patients	240	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	11 minutes	20 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 27 minutes	37 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 764 patients	705	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	13 minutes	26 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 37 minutes	49 minutes	137 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 159 patients	152	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 4 minutes	8 minutes	23 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 26 minutes	45 minutes	135 minutes

Bellinger River District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

January to March 2016				one year ago	
Attendances used to calculate time to le	eaving the ED:6 1,372 patients		1,268	8%	
Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours		95%	95%		

* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All attendances that have a departure time.

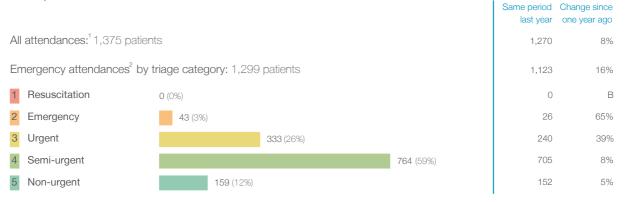
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 April 2016).

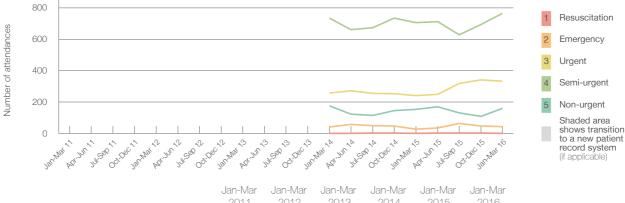
Same period Change since

Bellinger River District Hospital: Patients attending the emergency department

January to March 2016



Emergency attendances² by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016^{‡§}



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Resuscitation				0	0	0
Emergency				40	26	43
Urgent				257	240	333
Semi-urgent				734	705	764
Non-urgent				176	152	159
All emergency attendances				1,207	1,123	1,299

Bellinger River District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

January to March 2010			Change since one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate tr	ansfer of care time: 7 64 patients	61	
ED Transfer of care time ${}^{\$}$			
Median time	18 minutes	21 minutes	-4 minutes
95th percentile time		*	*
(1) Data points are not show	n in graphs for quarters when natient numbers are too small		

(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

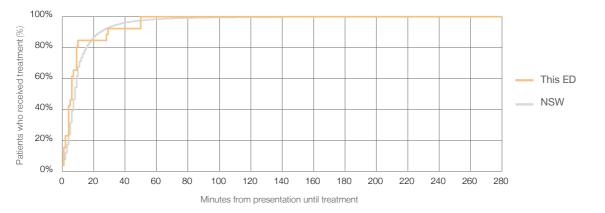
- (§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance. December 2011.
- For some smaller NSW hospitals, transfer of care times reported in Hospital Quarterly are being assessed for data quality and (§) results should be interpreted with caution.

District group 2 hospitals (C2) Mid North Coast Local Health District

Bellinger River District Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 2 January to March 2016



Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2011 to March 2016^{1+§}



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

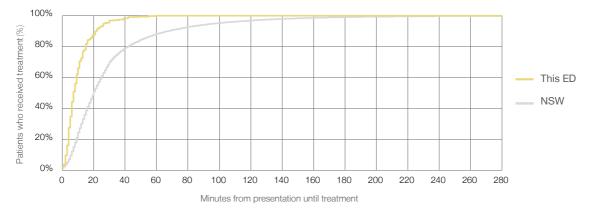
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

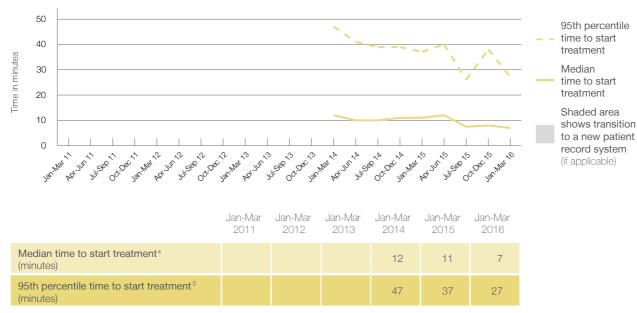
Bellinger River District Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 3 January to March 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 333	240	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time:3 305	232	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	11 minutes	20 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 27 minutes	37 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2011 to March 2016^{++§}



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

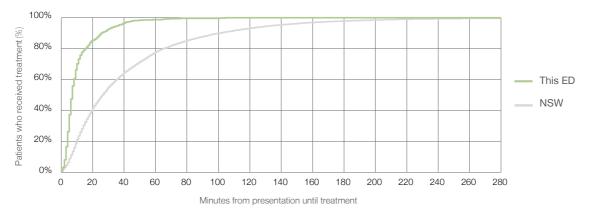
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

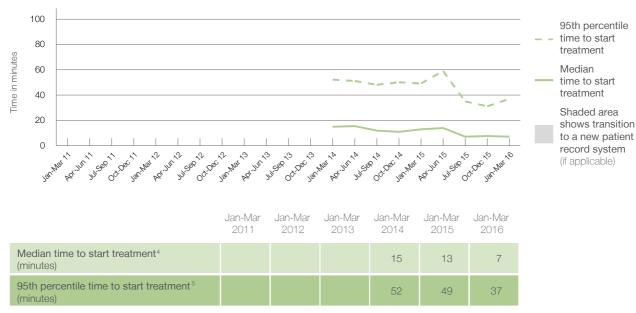
Bellinger River District Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 4 January to March 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 764	705	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 747		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	13 minutes	26 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 37 minutes	49 minutes	137 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2011 to March 2016^{++§}



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

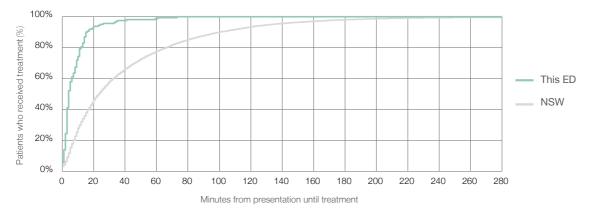
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Bellinger River District Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 5 January to March 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 159	152	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time:3 159	147	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 4 minutes	8 minutes	23 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 26 minutes	45 minutes	135 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2011 to March 2016^{++§}



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

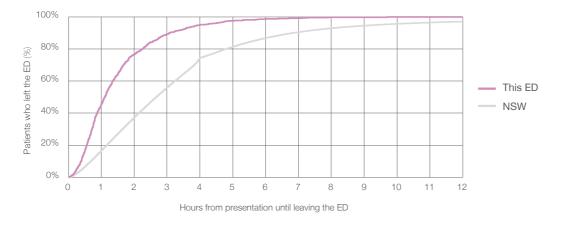
^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Bellinger River District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

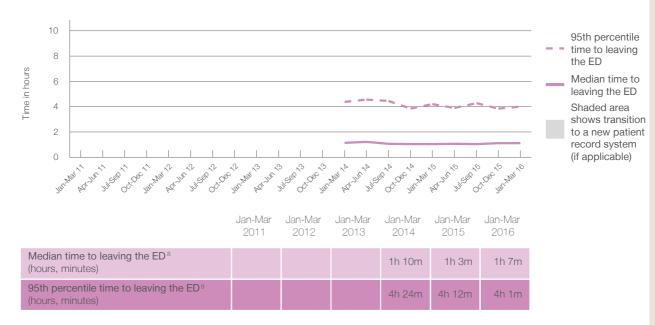
January to March 2016

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
All attendances:1 1,375 patients	1,270	
Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: ⁶ 1,372 patients	1,268	
Median time to leaving the ED ⁸ 1 hours and 7 minutes	1 hours and 3 minutes	2 hours and 40 minutes
95th percentile time to leaving the ED ⁹ 4 hours and 1 minutes	4 hours and 12 minutes	9 hours and 25 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until leaving the ED, by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016 $^{^{\pm\pm\$}}$



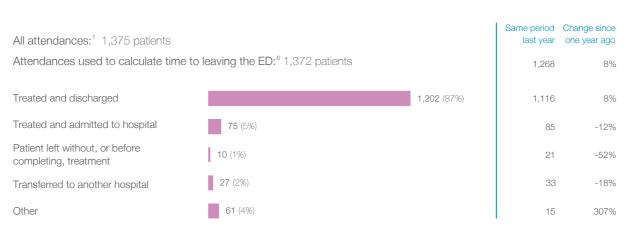
(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

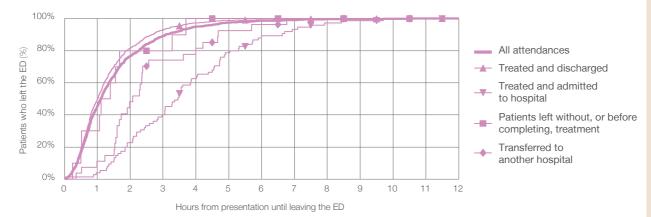
(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Bellinger River District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED By mode of separation

January to March 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2016^{†‡ §}



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	50%	82%	93%	97%	99%	100%	100%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	4%	23%	40%	63%	89%	97%	100%	100%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	30%	80%	80%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	11%	48%	74%	81%	96%	100%	100%	100%
All attendances	46%	77%	89%	95%	99%	100%	100%	100%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after (\pm) transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

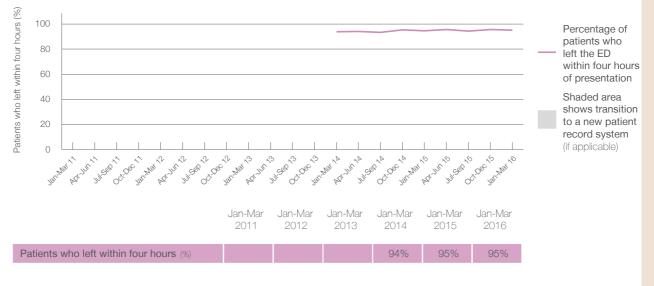
Bellinger River District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours of presentation January to March 2016 All attendances: 1,375 patients 1,270

 All attendances: 1,375 patients
 1,270
 8%

 Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 1,372 patients
 1,268
 8%

 Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours
 95%
 95%

Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours of presentation, by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016¹¹⁸



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information
 Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time
- measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All attendances that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients left the ED. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.
 Note: All percentages rounded to whole numbers and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 April 2016). Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 22 April 2016).