last year one year ago

-1%

-1%

8,858

8.814

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# More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare\_observer

Fairfield Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview January to March 2016 Same period Change since All attendances:1 8,752 patients

### Fairfield Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment<sup>3</sup>

January to March 2016

Emergency attendances:<sup>2</sup> 8,730 patients

|   | Same period<br>last year | NSW<br>(this period) |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 652 patients  | 707                      |                      |
| Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 9 minutes   | 9 minutes                | 8 minutes            |
| 95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 32 minutes   | 32 minutes               | 35 minutes           |
| Triage 3Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 2,855 patientsMedian time to start treatment417 minutes | 3,160<br>21 minutes      | 20 minutes           |
| 95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 88 minutes   | 87 minutes               | 99 minutes           |
| Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,536 patients   | 4,305                    |                      |
| Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>   | 26 minutes               | 26 minutes           |
| 95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 135 minutes  | 148 minutes              | 137 minutes          |
| Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 674 patients  | 623                      |                      |
| Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>   | 26 minutes               | 23 minutes           |
| 95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 130 minutes  | 155 minutes              | 135 minutes          |
|   |                          |                      |

# Fairfield Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

| January to March 2016                                       |                                |     | 1     | one year ago |
|---|--------------------------------|-----|-------|--------------|
| Attendances used to calculate time to le                    | eaving the ED:6 8,752 patients |     | 8,858 | -1%          |
| Percentage of patients who<br>left the ED within four hours |                                | 82% | 83%   |              |

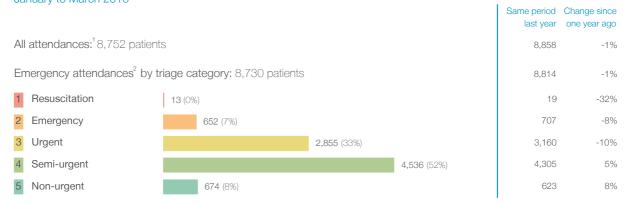
Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016. 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All attendances that have a departure time.

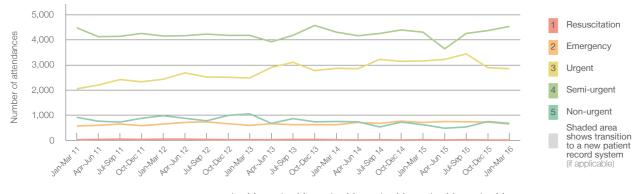
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 April 2016).

# **Fairfield Hospital:** Patients attending the emergency department January to March 2016



Emergency attendances<sup>2</sup> by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016<sup>‡</sup>



|                           | Jan-Mar<br>2011 | Jan-Mar<br>2012 | Jan-Mar<br>2013 | Jan-Mar<br>2014 | Jan-Mar<br>2015 | Jan-Mar<br>2016 |
|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Resuscitation             | 26              | 46              | 25              | 26              | 19              | 13              |
| Emergency                 | 566             | 652             | 596             | 621             | 707             | 652             |
| Urgent                    | 2,054           | 2,437           | 2,482           | 2,869           | 3,160           | 2,855           |
| Semi-urgent               | 4,490           | 4,160           | 4,177           | 4,314           | 4,305           | 4,536           |
| Non-urgent                | 922             | 977             | 1,051           | 751             | 623             | 674             |
| All emergency attendances | 8,058           | 8,272           | 8,331           | 8,581           | 8,814           | 8,730           |

# **Fairfield Hospital:** Patients arriving by ambulance January to March 2016

|  | Same period Char<br>last year one | ige since<br>year ago                       |  |  |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 1,210 patients |                                   |   |  |  |
|  |                                   |   |  |  |
| 11 minutes   | 13 minutes -2                     | 2 minutes                                   |  |  |
| 36 minutes   | 43 minutes -7                     | ' minutes                                   |  |  |
|  |                                   |   |  |  |
|  | 11 minutes                        | Isst year   one     11 minutes   13 minutes |  |  |

(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

(§) For some smaller NSW hospitals, transfer of care times reported in Hospital Quarterly are being assessed for data quality and results should be interpreted with caution.

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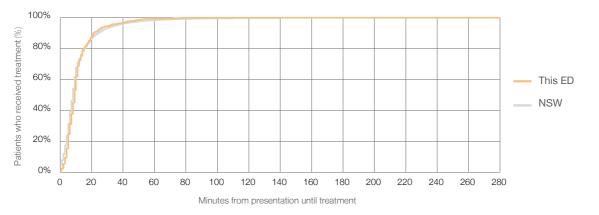
Same period

#### More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare\_observer

Fairfield Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 2January to March 2016Triage 2Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)

Triage 2Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)Last year(this period)Number of triage 2 patients: 652707Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 651705Median time to start treatment 49 minutes95th percentile time to start treatment 532 minutes32 minutes35 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



#### Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2011 to March 2016<sup>†‡</sup>



(minutes)

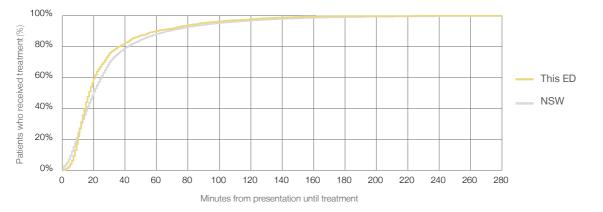
<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

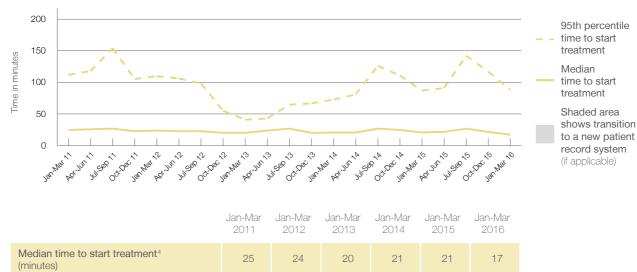
**Fairfield Hospital:** Time from presentation to treatment, triage 3 January to March 2016

| Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)                        | Same period<br>last year | (this period) |
|--|--------------------------|---------------|
| Number of triage 3 patients: 2,855   | 3,160                    |               |
| Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 2,798 | 3,080                    |               |
| Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 17 minutes                         | 21 minutes               | 20 minutes    |
| 95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 88 minutes                | 87 minutes               | 99 minutes    |

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



#### Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2011 to March 2016<sup>†‡</sup>



112

95th percentile time to start treatment<sup>5</sup>

(minutes)

110

41

73

87

88

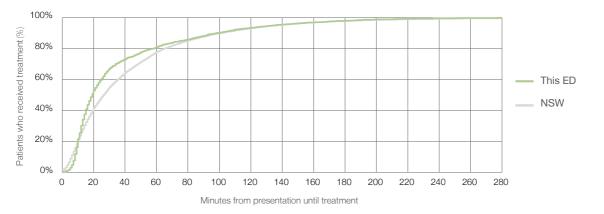
<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

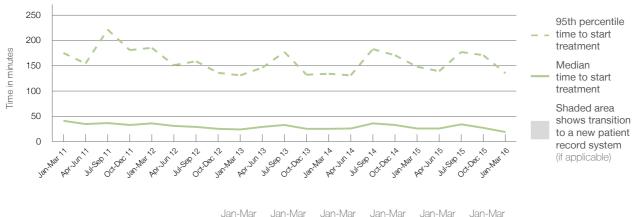
**Fairfield Hospital:** Time from presentation to treatment, triage 4 January to March 2016

| Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)                            | Same period<br>last year | NSW<br>(this period) |
|--|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of triage 4 patients: 4,536   | 4,305                    |                      |
| Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 4,112 | 3,995                    |                      |
| Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 19 minutes                         | 26 minutes               | 26 minutes           |
| 95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 135 minutes               | 148 minutes              | 137 minutes          |

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



# Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2011 to March 2016<sup>†‡</sup>



|  | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)          | 41   | 36   | 24   | 25   | 26   | 19   |
| 95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes) | 175  | 185  | 131  | 134  | 148  | 135  |

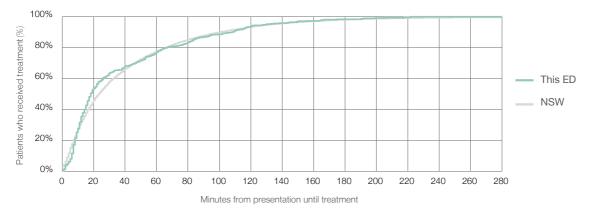
<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

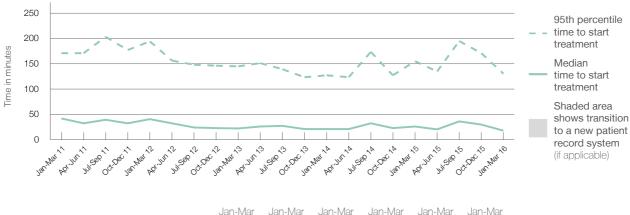
**Fairfield Hospital:** Time from presentation to treatment, triage 5 January to March 2016

| Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)                           | Same period<br>last year | NSW<br>(this period) |
|--|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of triage 5 patients: 674   | 623                      |                      |
| Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 497 | 462                      |                      |
| Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>                                  | 26 minutes               | 23 minutes           |
| 95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 130 minutes             | 155 minutes              | 135 minutes          |

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2011 to March 2016<sup>†‡</sup>



|  | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)          | 42   | 41   | 22   | 21   | 26   | 18   |
| 95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes) | 171  | 194  | 145  | 127  | 155  | 130  |

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

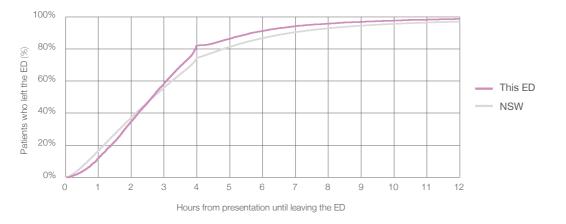
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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### More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare\_observer

Fairfield Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2016 Same period (this period) last vear All attendances:<sup>1</sup> 8,752 patients 8,858 Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 8,752 patients 8,858 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time to leaving the ED<sup>8</sup> 2 hours and 39 minutes 33 minutes 40 minutes 7 hours and 9 hours and 95th percentile time to leaving the ED<sup>9</sup> 7 hours and 27 minutes 14 minutes 25 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2016



# Time from presentation until leaving the ED, by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016

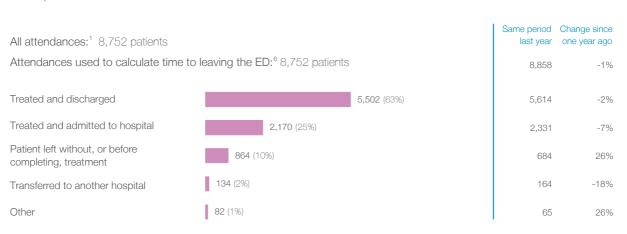


South Western Sydney Local Health District

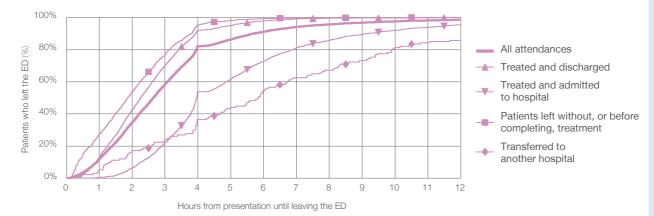
<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after  $(\ddagger)$ transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

## **Fairfield Hospital:** Time from presentation until leaving the ED By mode of separation January to March 2016



# Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2016<sup>†‡</sup>

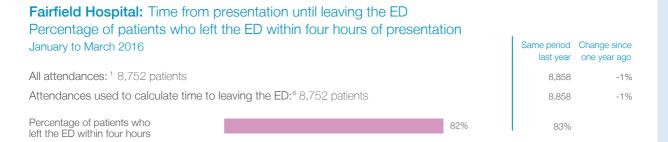


#### 1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

| Treated and discharged                                | 13% | 43% | 70% | 92% | 98% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|
| Treated and admitted to hospital                      | 1%  | 6%  | 22% | 54% | 73% | 86%  | 92%  | 96%  |
| Patient left without, or before completing, treatment | 27% | 54% | 77% | 95% | 99% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Transferred to another hospital                       | 5%  | 17% | 24% | 37% | 54% | 67%  | 81%  | 86%  |
| All attendances                                       | 12% | 35% | 59% | 82% | 91% | 96%  | 98%  | 99%  |

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.



Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours of presentation, by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016<sup>†‡</sup>



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All attendances that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients left the ED. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.
  Note: All percentages rounded to whole numbers and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.
  Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 April 2016).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System(extracted 22 April 2016).