Mudgee District Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview January to March 2016

	Same period last year	Change since one year ago
All attendances:1 3,308 patients	3,030	9%
Emergency attendances: ² 2,896 patients	2,758	5%

Mudgee District Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment³

January to March 2016 Same period NSW (this period) last year Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 223 patients 171 6 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 8 minutes 8 minutes 32 minutes 95th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 46 minutes 35 minutes Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 616 patients 565 20 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 21 minutes 20 minutes 71 minutes 95th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 91 minutes 99 minutes Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 1,367 patients 1.348 33 minutes 31 minutes 26 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 146 minutes 95th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 109 minutes 137 minutes Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 678 patients 665 37 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 23 minutes 29 minutes 182 minutes 135 minutes 95th percentile time to start treatment⁶ 136 minutes

Mudgee District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

January to March 2016	Same period last year	Change since one year ago		
Attendances used to calculate time to	leaving the ED:6 3,306 patients		3,030	9%
Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours		90%	92%	

1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED). 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the

Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016. 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All attendances that have a departure time.

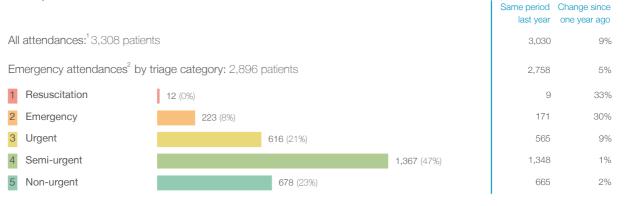
3.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 April 2016).

Mudgee District Hospital: Patients attending the emergency department

January to March 2016



Emergency attendances² by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016^{‡§}



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Resuscitation				6	9	12
Emergency				159	171	223
Urgent				548	565	616
Semi-urgent				1,272	1,348	1,367
Non-urgent				835	665	678
All emergency attendances				2,820	2,758	2,896

Mudgee District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

January to March 2016				Change since one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	sfer of care time: 7 160	D patients **	173	
ED Transfer of care time $^{\$}$				
Median time	13 minutes		20 minutes	-8 minutes
95th percentile time		60 minutes	95 minutes	-36 minutes

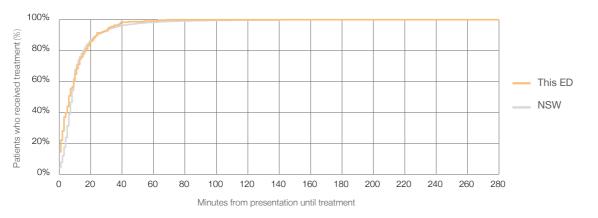
(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

- (‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- (§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- (**) Interpret with caution: total ambulance arrivals include more than 30% of records for which transfer of care time cannot be calculated.
- (§) For some smaller NSW hospitals, transfer of care times reported in Hospital Quarterly are being assessed for data quality and results should be interpreted with caution.

Mudgee District Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 2 January to March 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 223	171	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 221	168	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 6 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 32 minutes	46 minutes	35 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2011 to March 2016^{1+§}



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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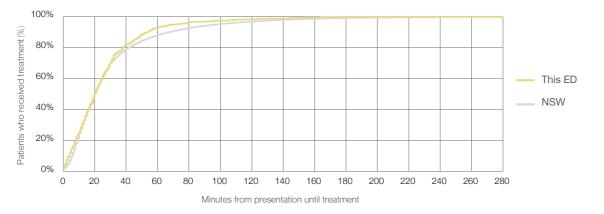
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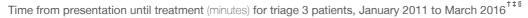
^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

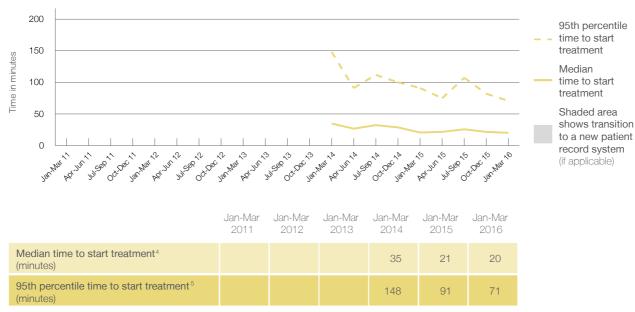
Mudgee District Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 3 January to March 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 616	565	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 601	544	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	21 minutes	20 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 71 minutes	91 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016







^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

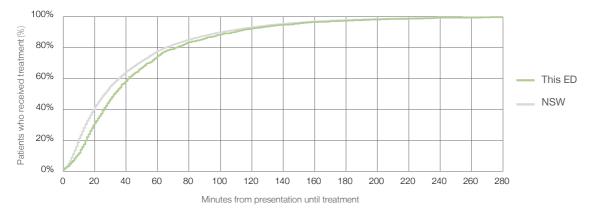
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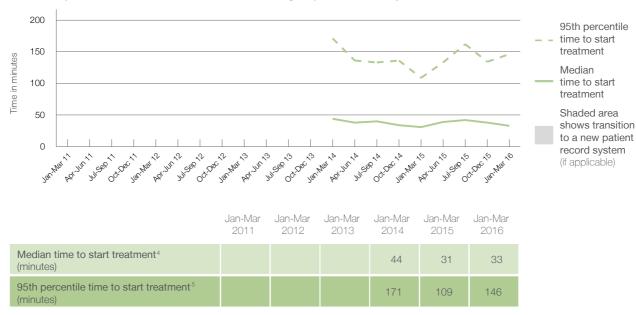
Mudgee District Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 4 January to March 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ar	Same period last year	NSW (this period)		
Number of triage 4 patients: 1,367	1,348			
Number of triage 4 patients used to calcu	1,180			
Median time to start treatment ⁴	33 minutes	31 minutes	26 minutes	
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵		146 minutes	109 minutes	137 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2011 to March 2016^{1+§}



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

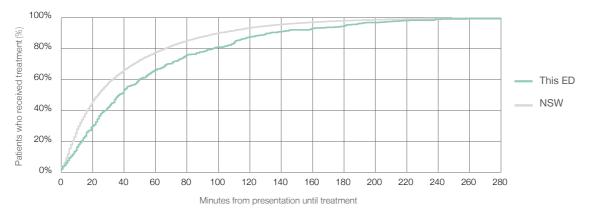
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Mudgee District Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 5 January to March 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 678	665	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 547	431	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 37 minutes	29 minutes	23 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	136 minutes	135 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2011 to March 2016^{++§}



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

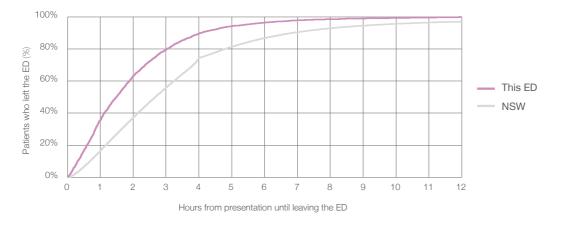
^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Mudgee District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

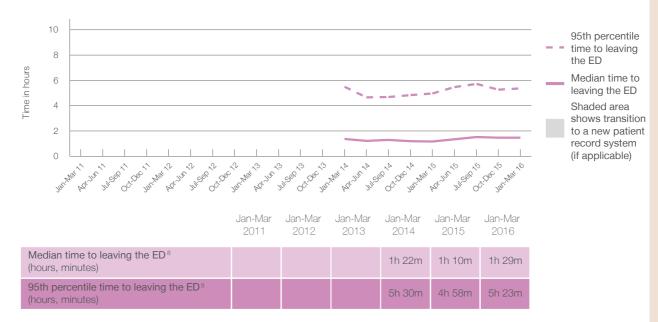
January to March 2016

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
All attendances:1 3,308 patients	3,030	
Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 3,306 patients	3,030	
Median time to leaving the ED ⁸ 1 hours and 29 minutes	1 hours and 10 minutes	2 hours and 40 minutes
95th percentile time to leaving the ED ⁹ 5 hours and 23 minutes	4 hours and 58 minutes	9 hours and 25 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until leaving the ED, by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016 $^{^{\dagger\pm\,\$}}$



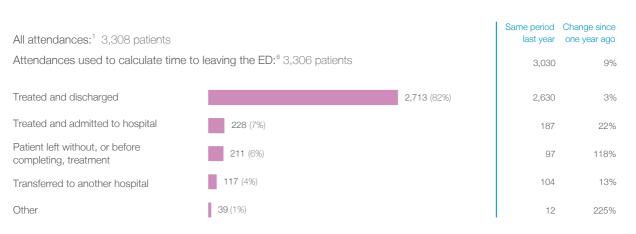
(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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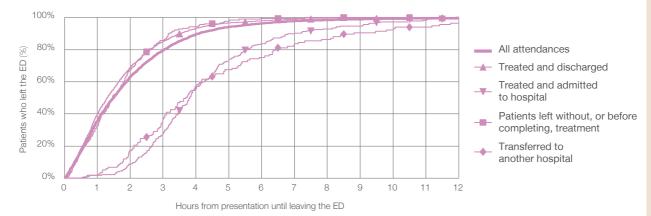
(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Mudgee District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED By mode of separation

January to March 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2016^{†‡ §}



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	40%	69%	85%	93%	98%	99%	100%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	2%	9%	28%	57%	84%	93%	97%	99%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	33%	67%	86%	94%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	2%	17%	37%	56%	75%	86%	93%	97%
All attendances	36%	63%	80%	90%	96%	98%	99%	100%

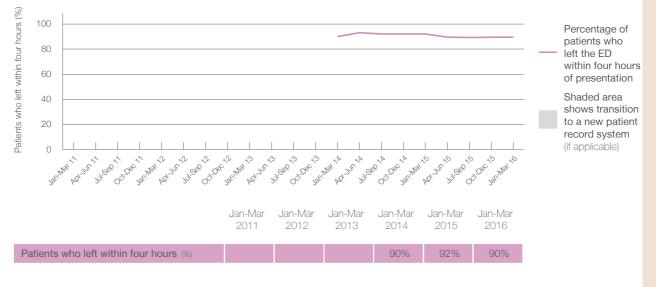
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after (\pm) transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Mudgee District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours of presentation								
January to March 2016				Change since one year ago				
All attendances: 1 3,308 patients			3,030	9%				
Attendances used to calculate time to le	eaving the ED:6 3,306 patients		3,030	9%				
Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours		90%	92%					

Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours of presentation, by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016^{11§}



- Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see
- Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011. g Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information
- Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All attendances that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients left the ED. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer 9. than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED. Note: All percentages rounded to whole numbers and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 April 2016). Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 22 April 2016). District group 2 hospitals (C2)

Western NSW Local Health District