NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

Singleton District Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview July to September 2016

All presentations: 2,724 patients 2,898 -6.0% Emergency presentations: 2,675 patients 2,819 -5.1%

Singleton District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment 3

July to September 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 170 patients	155	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment 5 41 minutes	38 minutes	41 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 743 patients	736	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	25 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	94 minutes	103 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 1,562 patients	1,683	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 33 minutes	39 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	140 minutes	139 minutes
The New years to a small acts an alwaysians). COO nations	0.45	
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 200 patients	245	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 24 minutes	31 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	121 minutes	138 minutes

Singleton District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED July to September 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 2,724 patients

Percentage of patients who spent	
four hours or less in the ED	90.0%

	Change since one year ago
2,898	-6.0%
89.3%	

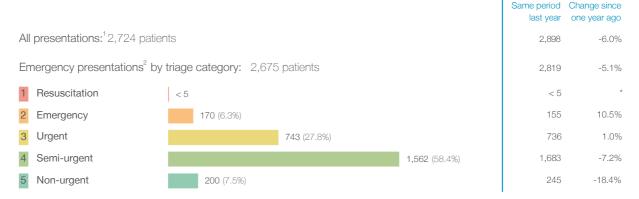
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

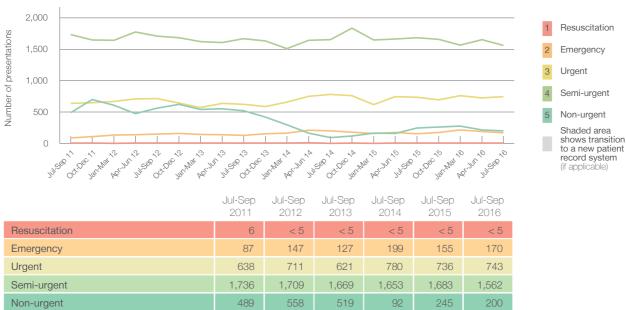
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

Singleton District Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

July to September 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 [‡]



Singleton District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

2,956

July to September 2016

All emergency presentations

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	289		
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	5 minutes	7 minutes	-2 minutes
95th percentile time	22 minutes	20 minutes	2 minutes

3,125

2,936

2,724

2,819

2,675

Same period Change since

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

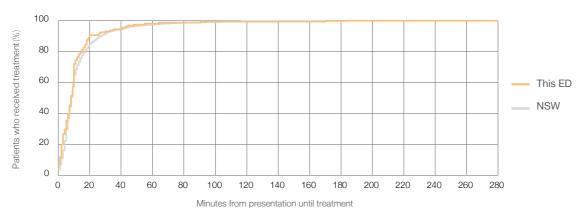
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

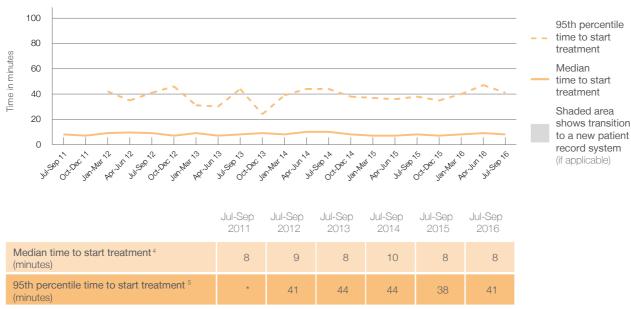
Singleton District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 170	155	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 161	149	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 41 minutes	38 minutes	41 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

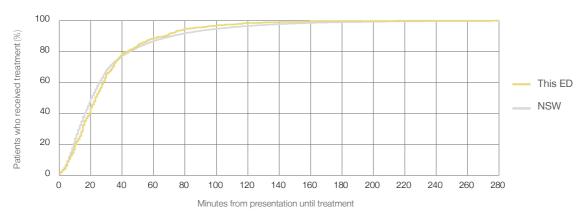
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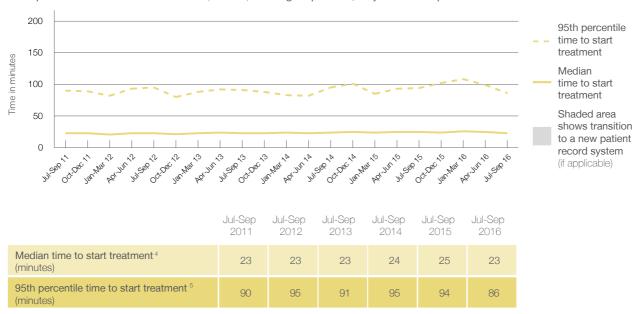
Singleton District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 July to September 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood lo	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 3 patients: 743	736		
Number of triage 3 patients used to calcu	717		
Median time to start treatment ⁴	23 minutes	25 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	86 minutes	94 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

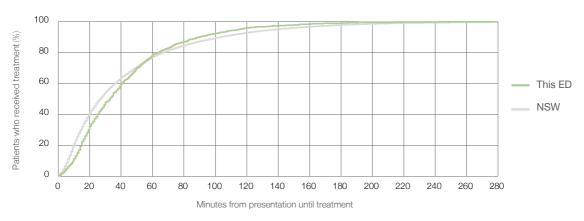
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Singleton District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 1,562	1,683	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,498	1,590	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 33 minutes	39 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	140 minutes	139 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

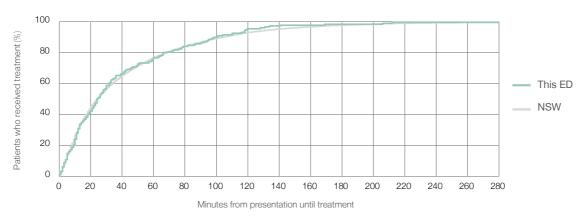
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Singleton District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 July to September 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 200	245	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 175	221	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 24 minutes	31 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	121 minutes	138 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Singleton District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

July to September 2016

All presentations: 2,724 patients

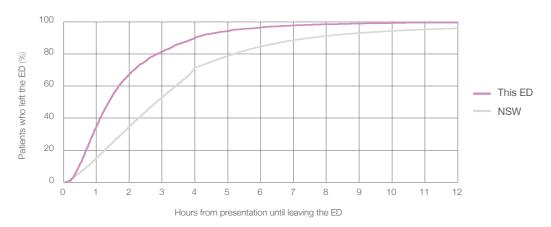
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 2,724 patients

Median time spent in the ED ⁸ 1 hours and 23 minutes

95th percentile time spent in the ED ⁹ 5 hours and 10 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year	
	2,898	
	2,898	
2 hours and 50 minutes	1 hours and 26 minutes	
10 hours and 43 minutes	5 hours and 28 minutes	

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 †*



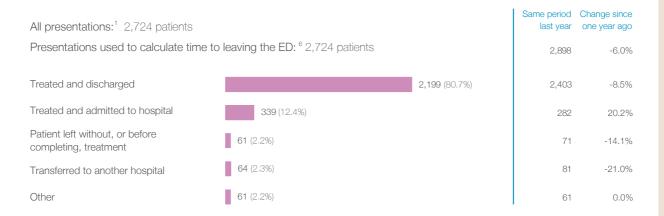
 $^{(\}dagger)$ $\;$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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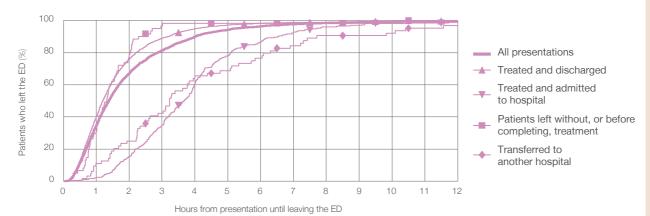
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Singleton District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation
July to September 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2016 ^{†‡}



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	40.2%	76.0%	89.0%	94.8%	98.4%	99.0%	99.7%	99.8%
Treated and admitted to hospital	2.4%	15.3%	34.8%	61.1%	86.7%	96.2%	98.2%	98.8%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	31.1%	78.7%	96.7%	98.4%	98.4%	98.4%	98.4%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	10.9%	25.0%	42.2%	65.6%	76.6%	90.6%	92.2%	96.9%
All presentations	34.8%	67.2%	81.4%	90.0%	96.4%	98.5%	99.3%	99.6%

 $^{(\}dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Singleton District Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED July to September 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 1 2,724 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 2,724 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

90.0%

	one year ago
2,898	-6.0%
2,898	-6.0%
89.3%	

Same period Change since

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 14



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize †}}$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients left the ED. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 20 October 2016).