### More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare\_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Blue Mountains District Anzac Memorial Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview January to March 2017

Same period Change since last vear one vear ago All presentations: 1 4,328 patients 4.296 0.7% Emergency presentations:<sup>2</sup> 4,275 patients 1.8% 4.201

### Blue Mountains District Anzac Memorial Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment<sup>3</sup> January to March 2017

canadiy to Maion 2011	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 609 patients	591	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 7 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 23 minutes	21 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 996 patients	1,007	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	17 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 69 minutes	73 minutes	69 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 2,198 patients	1,962	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 32 minutes	28 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	114 minutes	101 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 450 patients	619	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 32 minutes	29 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	114 minutes	104 minutes

#### Blue Mountains District Anzac Memorial Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED Same period Change since

January to March 2017 last year one year ago Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 4,317 patients 4,296 0.5% Percentage of patients who spent 82.6% four hours or less in the ED

- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

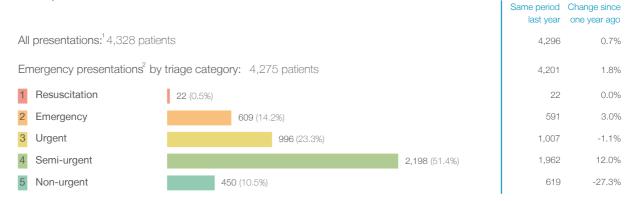
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

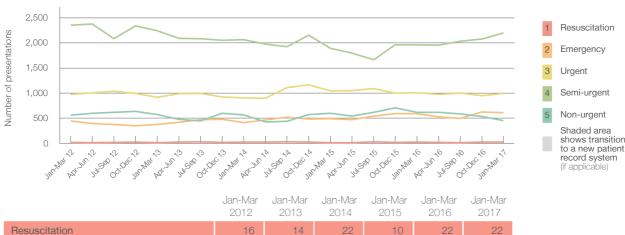
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Blue Mountains District Anzac Memorial Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

January to March 2017



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 <sup>‡</sup>



375

919

2,243

4,127

415

902

2,068

3,971

488

1,042

1,895

4,032

591

1,007

1,962

619

4,201

609

996

450

Same period Change since

2,198

4,275

### Blue Mountains District Anzac Memorial Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

447

977

2,351

4,350

January to March 2017

All emergency presentations

Emergency

Semi-urgent

Non-urgent

Urgent

3
0 minutes
3 minutes

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

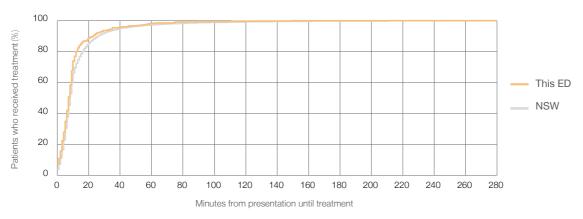
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### **Blue Mountains District Anzac Memorial Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 609	591	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 560	586	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 7 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 23 minutes	21 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2012 to March 2017 †‡



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

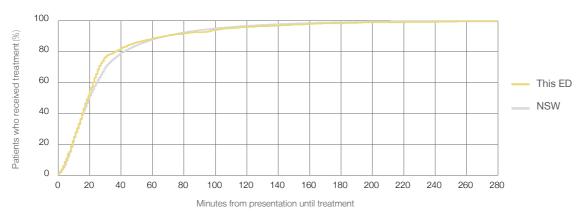
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### **Blue Mountains District Anzac Memorial Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)			NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 996			
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 940			
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>		17 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	69 minutes	73 minutes	69 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2012 to March 2017 † †



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

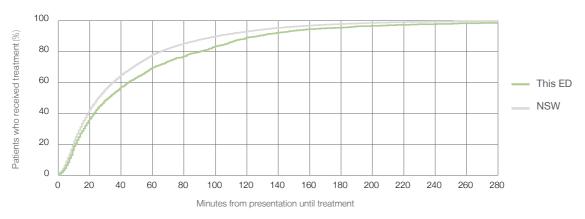
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### **Blue Mountains District Anzac Memorial Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 2,198	1,962	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,973	1,812	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 32 minutes	28 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 127 minutes	114 minutes	101 minutes

### Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

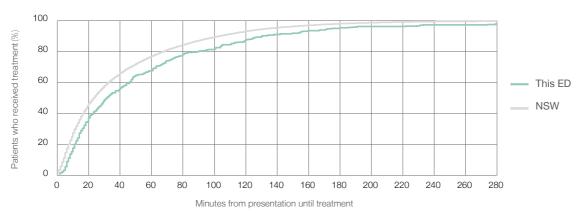
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### **Blue Mountains District Anzac Memorial Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasic	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 5 patients: 450	619		
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 359			
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 32	minutes	29 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	131 minutes	114 minutes	104 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW

Same period

### More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare\_observer

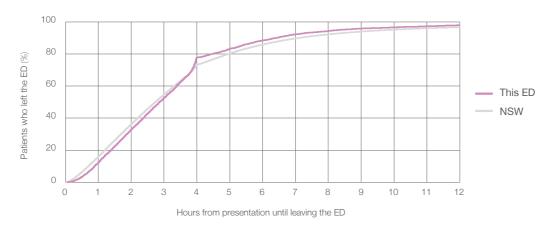
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Blue Mountains District Anzac Memorial Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

January to March 2017

(this period) last vear All presentations: 4,328 patients 4,296 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:<sup>6</sup> 4,317 patients 4,296 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 52 minutes 41 minutes 44 minutes 5 hours and 7 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 6 hours and 25 minutes 54 minutes 7 minutes

### Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$   $\;$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

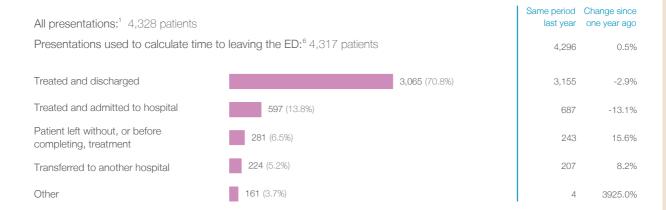
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

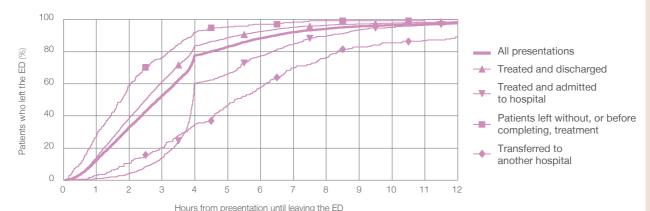
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# **Blue Mountains District Anzac Memorial Hospital:** Time patients spent in the ED By mode of separation

January to March 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2017



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	14.1%	38.8%	61.4%	83.7%	92.6%	96.5%	97.7%	98.7%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.0%	4.2%	14.1%	60.5%	77.4%	89.8%	95.1%	97.3%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	27.1%	58.6%	76.2%	91.9%	97.1%	99.3%	99.3%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	2.7%	10.4%	20.3%	35.1%	58.1%	76.1%	85.6%	89.2%
All presentations	12.3%	33.0%	52.6%	77.7%	88.4%	94.2%	96.5%	97.9%

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

## **Blue Mountains District Anzac Memorial Hospital:** Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

January to March 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 14,328 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 4,317 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED



	Change since one year ago
4,296	0.7%
4,296	0.5%
82.6%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 †‡



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 18 April 2017).