

Healthcare Quarterly

Performance Profiles

Emergency Department

Mid North Coast Local Health District

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

$\textbf{Coffs Harbour Base Hospital:} \ \, \textbf{Emergency department} \ \, (\textbf{ED}) \ \, \textbf{overview}$

April to June 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 9,602 patients	9,155	4.9%
Emergency presentations: ² 9,258 patients	8,817	5.0%

Coffs Harbour Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

April to June 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,030 patients	972	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 6 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	10 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 2,997 patients	2,758	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	15 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 45 minutes	41 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 3,617 patients	3,488	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	22 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	93 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,550 patients	1,528	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 24 minutes	25 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	102 minutes	101 minutes

Coffs Harbour Base Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

April to June 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 9,602 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

	one year ago
9,154	4.9%
73.6%	

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

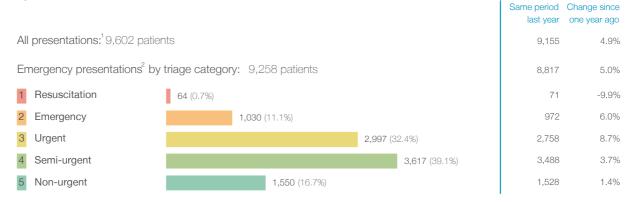
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

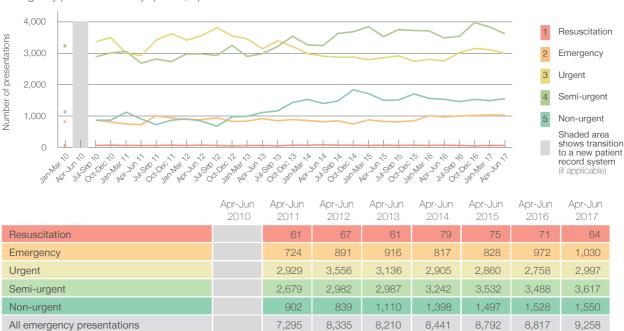
73.9%

Coffs Harbour Base Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

April to June 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 [‡]



Coffs Harbour Base Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

April to June 2017

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	fer of care time: 7 2,258 patients	2,052	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	11 minutes	11 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	25 minutes	24 minutes	1 minute

Same period Change since

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

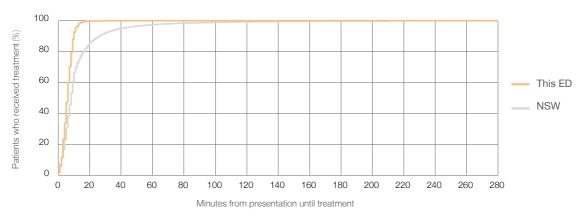
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Coffs Harbour Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2

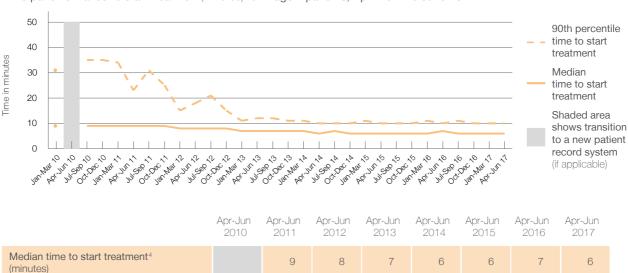
April to June 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,030	972	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,030	970	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 6 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	10 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



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90th percentile time to start treatment⁵

12

10

10

10

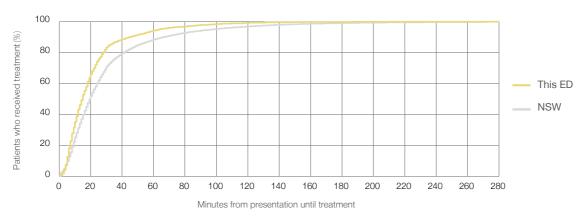
10

Coffs Harbour Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

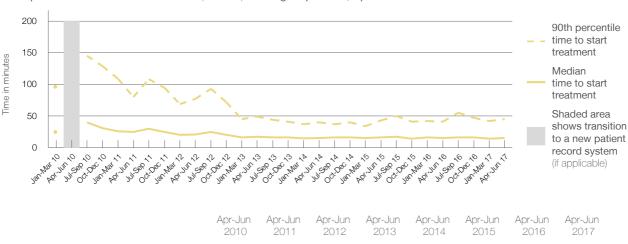
April to June 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 2,997	2,758	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,957	2,728	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 15 minutes	15 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 45 minutes	41 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)		25	21	17	15	16	15	15
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)		80	77	49	40	43	41	45

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

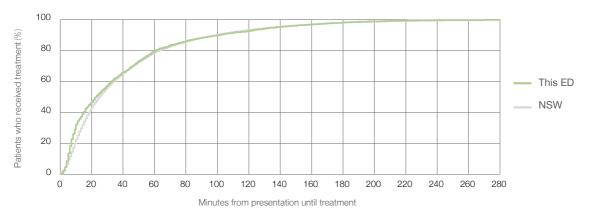
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Coffs Harbour Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 April to June 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 3,617	3,488	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,400	3,300	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	22 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 101 minutes	93 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)		31	28	20	21	25	22	23
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)		139	123	85	81	101	93	101

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

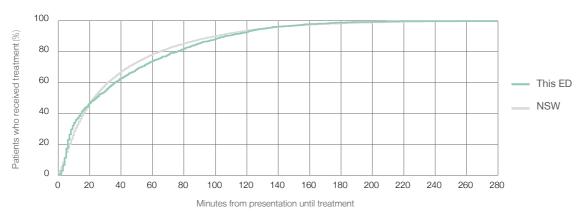
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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Coffs Harbour Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 April to June 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 1,550	1,528	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,420	1,433	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 24 minutes	25 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	102 minutes	101 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



90th percentile time to start treatment⁵

(minutes)

110

96

102

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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Coffs Harbour Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

April to June 2017

All presentations: ¹ 9,602 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: ⁶ 9,602 patients

Median time spent in the ED ⁸ 2 hours and 40 minutes

90th percentile time spent in the ED ⁹ 7 hours and 23 minutes

Same period last year (this period)

9,155

9,154

2 hours and 49 minutes

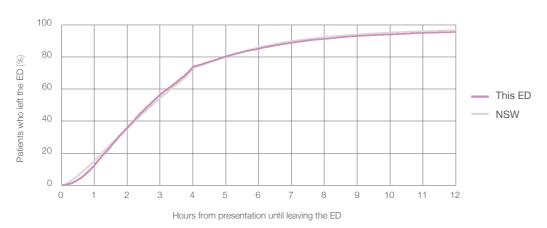
7 hours and 37 minutes

NSW (this period)

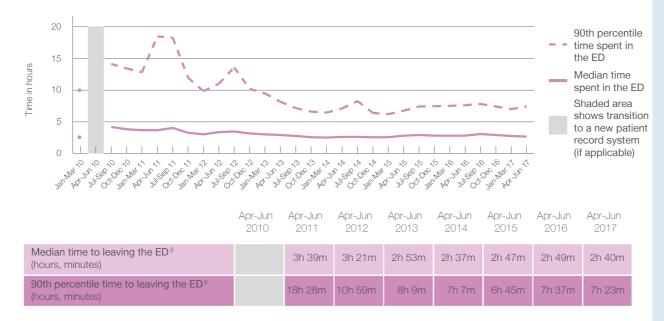
2 hours and 46 minutes

7 hours and 5 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, April to June 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



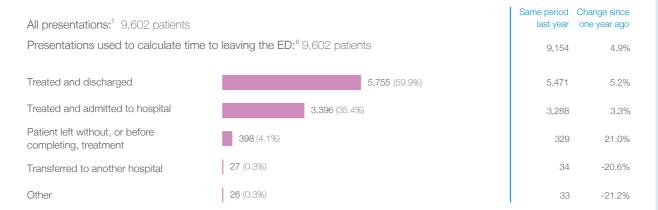
 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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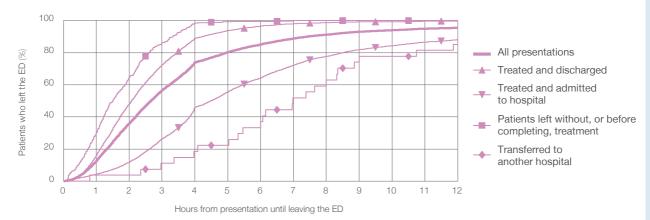
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Coffs Harbour Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation April to June 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, April to June 2017 ^{†‡}



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	16.0%	48.1%	72.3%	88.9%	96.5%	98.7%	99.3%	99.7%
Treated and admitted to hospital	4.2%	11.8%	26.3%	45.9%	64.3%	77.7%	84.4%	88.1%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	29.9%	64.6%	86.2%	98.5%	99.5%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	3.7%	3.7%	11.1%	18.5%	37.0%	63.0%	77.8%	85.2%
All presentations	12.5%	35.9%	56.5%	73.9%	85.1%	91.2%	94.0%	95.6%

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Coffs Harbour Base Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED April to June 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 19,602 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 69,602 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

	Change since one year ago
9,155	4.9%
9,154	4.9%
73.6%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 11



73.9%

- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 21 July 2017).

Same period Change since

NSW

Same period

Kempsey Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

April to June 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 6,554 patients	6,412	2.2%
Emergency presentations: ² 6,311 patients	6,266	0.7%

Kempsey Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

April to June 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 750 patients	677	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	11 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 26 minutes	28 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 2,097 patients	2,235	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	23 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 46 minutes	65 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 2,939 patients	2,643	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	27 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 75 minutes	92 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 510 patients	682	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	27 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 83 minutes	98 minutes	101 minutes

Kempsey Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED April to June 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 6,553 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 86.7%

Same period	Change since
last year	one year ago
6,411	2.2%
81.4%	

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

682

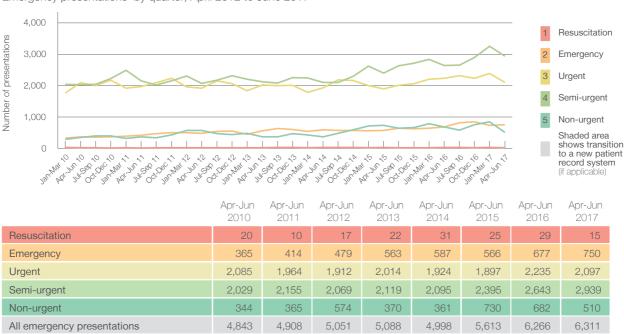
-25.2%

Kempsey Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department April to June 2017

510 (8.1%)

Same period Change since last year one year ago All presentations: 6,554 patients 6.412 2.2% Emergency presentations² by triage category: 6,311 patients 6,266 0.7% Resuscitation 15 (0.2%) 29 -48.3% 10.8% Emergency 750 (11.9%) 677 Urgent -6.2% 2,097 (33.2%) 2.235 Semi-urgent 2,939 (46.6%) 2,643 11.2%

Emergency presentations² by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 [‡]



Kempsey Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

April to June 2017

Non-urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	777		
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	11 minutes	15 minutes	-4 minutes
90th percentile time	20 minutes	41 minutes	-21 minutes

Same period Change since

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

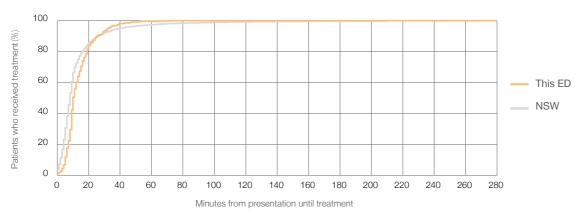
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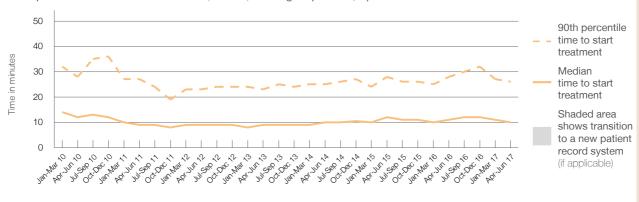
Kempsey Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 April to June 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 750	677	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 748	674	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 10 minutes	11 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 26 minutes	28 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	12	9	9	9	10	12	11	10
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	28	27	23	23	25	28	28	26

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

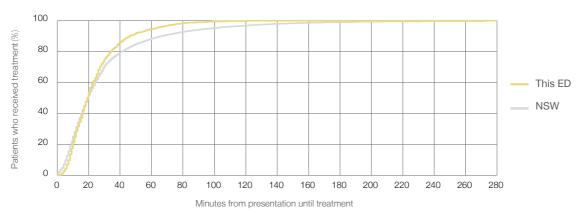
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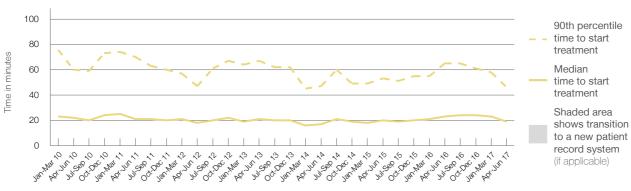
Kempsey Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 April to June 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 2,097	2,235	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 2,085	2,213	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 19 minutes	23 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 46 minutes	65 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	22	21	18	21	17	20	23	19
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	60	70	47	67	47	53	65	46

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

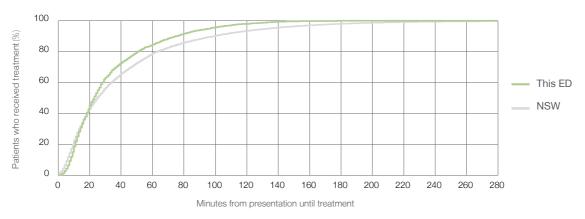
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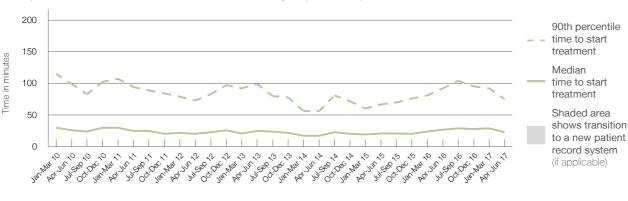
Kempsey Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 April to June 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 2,939	2,643	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 2,870	2,562	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	27 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 75 minutes	92 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	26	25	20	25	17	21	27	23
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	99	94	73	99	56	67	92	75

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

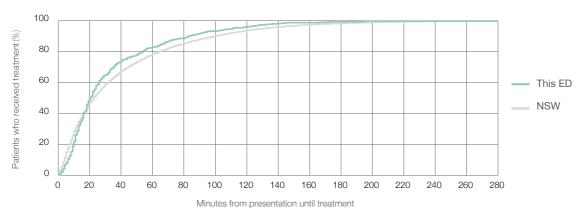
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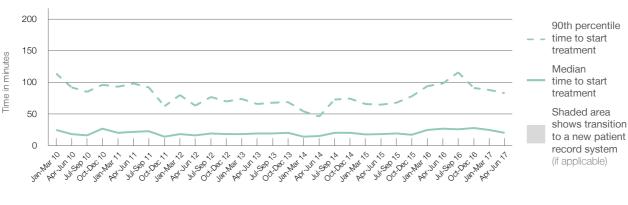
Kempsey Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 April to June 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 510	682	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 465	601	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	27 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 83 minutes	98 minutes	101 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	18	22	16	19	15	18	27	20
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	92	98	63	66	46	65	98	83

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

4 hours and 42 minutes

Kempsey Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

April to June 2017

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9

All presentations: 1 6,554 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 6,553 patients

Median time spent in the ED 8 1 hours and 42 minutes

Same period NSW (this period)

6,412
6,411

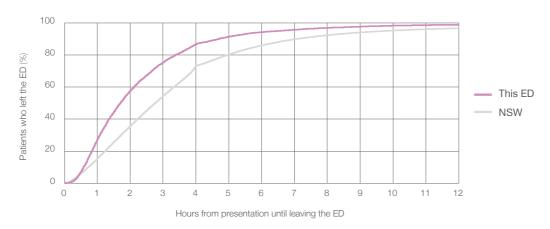
2 hours and 1 minutes
5 hours and 23 minutes

NSW (this period)

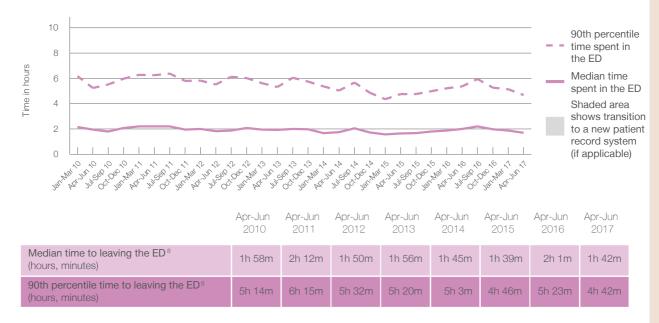
2 hours and 46 minutes

7 hours and 5 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, April to June 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 †*

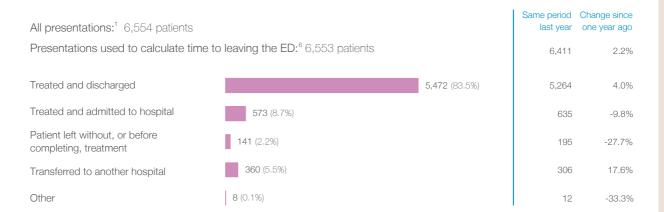


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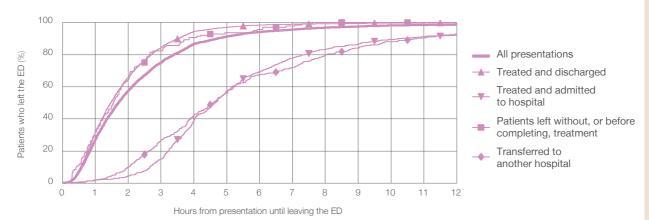
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Kempsey Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED By mode of separation April to June 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, April to June 2017 †*



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	31.5%	66.1%	84.5%	94.5%	98.4%	99.3%	99.8%	99.9%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.9%	4.4%	15.2%	39.1%	69.5%	83.2%	89.5%	92.1%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	32.6%	64.5%	82.3%	90.8%	95.7%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	1.9%	10.0%	26.7%	42.5%	67.5%	79.7%	88.1%	93.1%
All presentations	27.4%	57.6%	75.2%	86.7%	94.2%	96.8%	98.2%	98.8%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Kempsey Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED April to June 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 16,554 patients

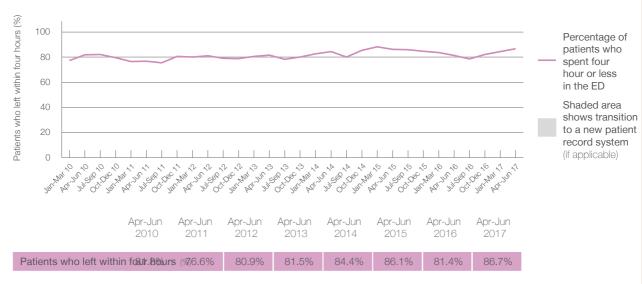
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 66,553 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

86.7%

Same period	Change since
last year	one year ago
6,412	2.2%
6,411	2.2%
04 40/	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 21 July 2017).

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

Macksville District Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

April to June 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 3,415 patients	3,293	3.7%
Emergency presentations: ² 3,229 patients	3,038	6.3%

Macksville District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

April to June 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 367 patients	376	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	10 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	23 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 990 patients	1,109	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	23 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 48 minutes	61 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 1,372 patients	1,221	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes	31 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 94 minutes	114 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 489 patients	310	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes	25 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	110 minutes	101 minutes

Macksville District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED April to June 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 3,415 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

Same period	Change since
last year	one year ago
3,293	3.7%
05.50/	
85.5%	

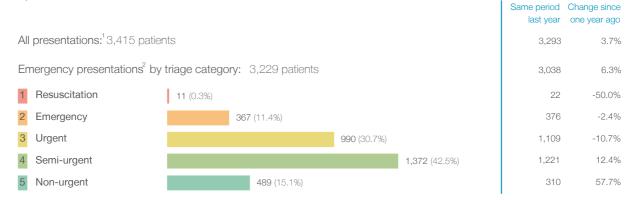
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

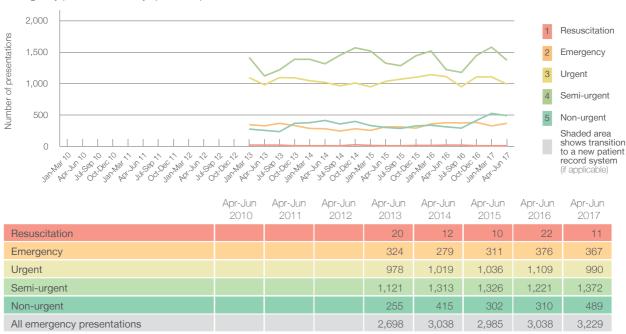
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Macksville District Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

April to June 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 ^{‡§}



Macksville District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

April to June 2017

	last year	one year ago
nsfer of care time: 7 479 patients	539	
11 minutes	14 minutes	-3 minutes
23 minutes	37 minutes	-14 minutes
	11 minutes	nsfer of care time: 7 479 patients 539 11 minutes 14 minutes

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Same period Change since

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

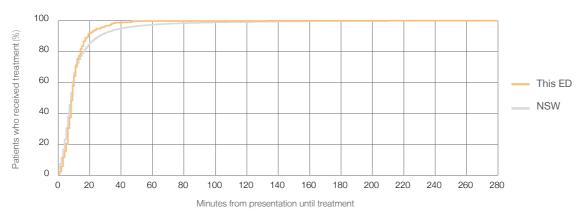
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

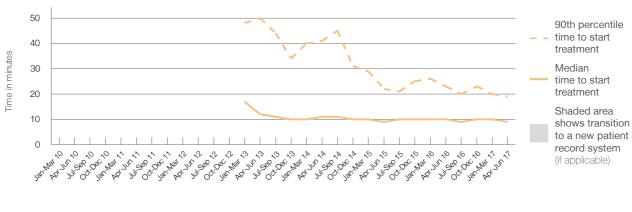
Macksville District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 April to June 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain,	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 2 patients: 367			
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 355			
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes		10 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	19 minutes	23 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 ***



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)				12	11	9	10	9
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)				50	41	22	23	19

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

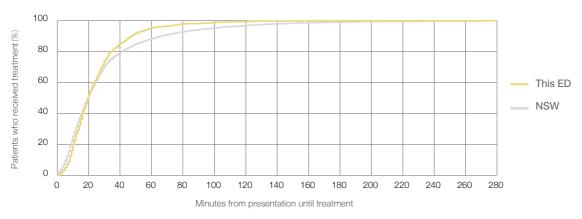
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

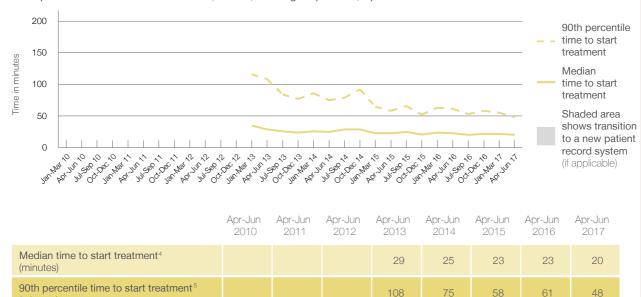
Macksville District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 April to June 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 990	1,109	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 971	1,067	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	23 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 48 minutes	61 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 11\$



(minutes)

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

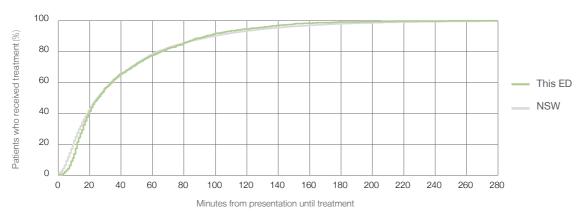
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Macksville District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 April to June 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 1,372	1,221	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,316	1,149	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes	31 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 94 minutes	114 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 ***



(†)	Data points are not	shown in	graphs f	or quarters	when	patient num	bers are	too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

(minutes)

(minutes)

90th percentile time to start treatment⁵

146

113

114

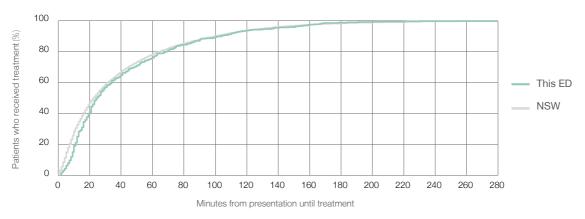
94

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

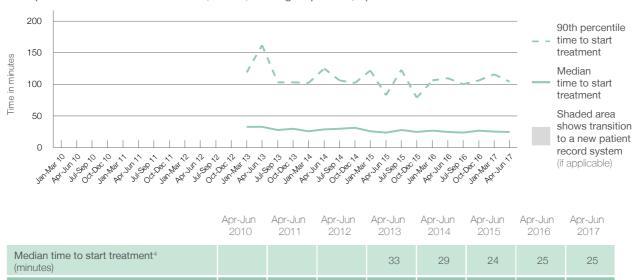
Macksville District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 April to June 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 489	310	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 461	284	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes	25 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 104 minutes	110 minutes	101 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 ***



90th percentile time to start treatment⁵

(minutes)

110

104

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Macksville District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

April to June 2017

All presentations: 3,415 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 3,415 patients

Median time spent in the ED ⁸

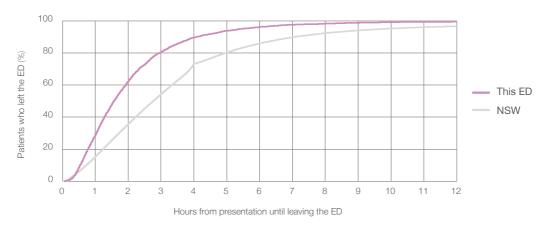
1 hours and 34 minutes

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9

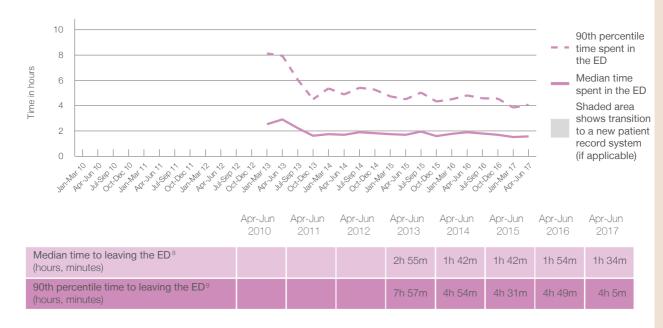
4 hours and 5 minutes

NSW	Same period
(this period)	last year
	3,293
	3,293
2 hours and	1 hours and
46 minutes	54 minutes
7 hours and	4 hours and
5 minutes	49 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, April to June 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 $^{\dagger \ddagger\,\$}$



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

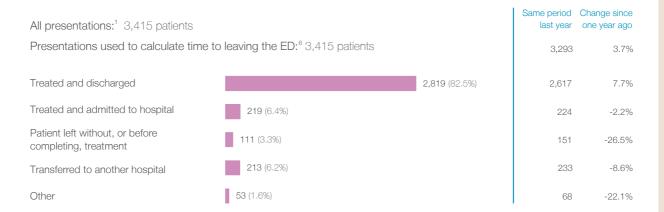
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

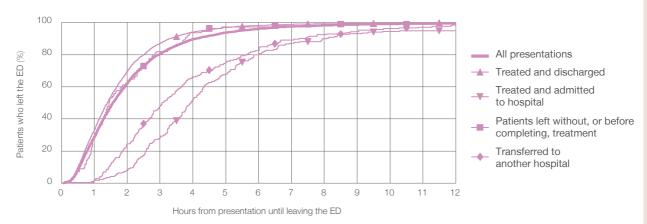
^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Macksville District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation April to June 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, April to June 2017 $^{\dagger \ddagger \$}$



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	33.1%	69.6%	87.1%	94.1%	98.3%	99.3%	99.7%	99.9%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.8%	7.8%	28.3%	52.1%	79.9%	90.0%	94.5%	95.0%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	27.9%	62.2%	82.0%	93.7%	97.3%	99.1%	99.1%	99.1%
Transferred to another hospital	1.9%	24.4%	47.9%	66.2%	82.6%	92.5%	96.2%	98.6%
All presentations	28.8%	62.3%	80.6%	89.6%	96.1%	98.3%	99.1%	99.5%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Macksville District Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED April to June 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 13,415 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 63,415 patients

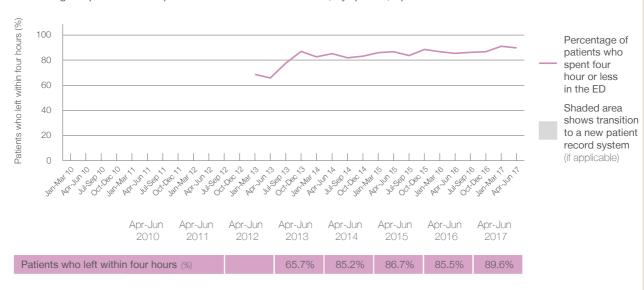
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

89.6%

one year ago	
3.7%	3,293
3.7%	3,293

85.5%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 1118



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 21 July 2017).

NSW

Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview April to June 2017

All presentations: \$ 8,690 patients

All presentations: \$ 8,690 patients

7,953

2,3%

Emergency presentations: \$ 8,480 patients

7,737

9.6%

Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

April to June 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,178 patients	1,122	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	10 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 22 minutes	25 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 3,369 patients	3,179	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	18 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 55 minutes	54 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 3,491 patients	3,095	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 27 minutes	20 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 90 minutes	83 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 408 patients	301	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 27 minutes	19 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 91 minutes	92 minutes	101 minutes

Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

April to June 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 8,690 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 73

Change since	Same period
one year ago	last year
9.3%	7,953
	73.6%

Same period

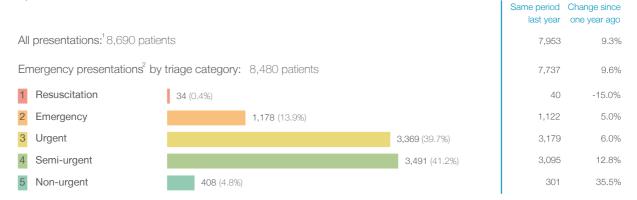
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

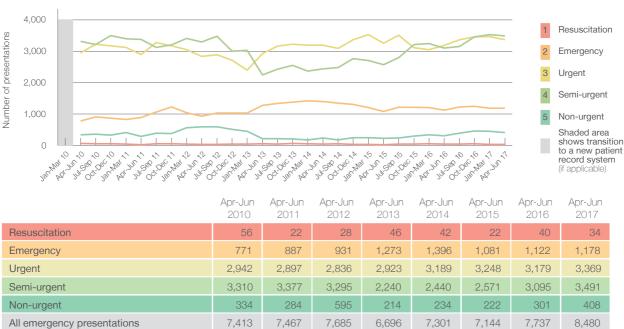
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

April to June 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 [‡]



Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

April to June 2017

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	1,721		
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	11 minutes	11 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	34 minutes	32 minutes	2 minutes

Same period Change since

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

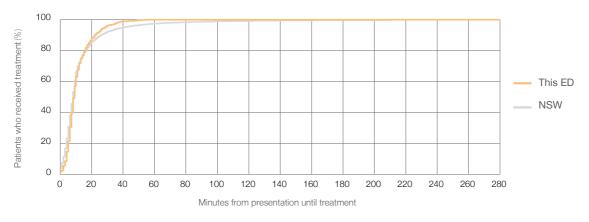
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2

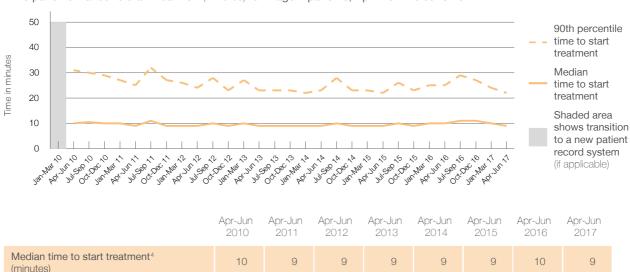
April to June 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,178	1,122	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,175	1,120	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	10 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 22 minutes	25 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †*



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	10	9	9	9	9	9	10	9
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	31	25	24	23	23	22	25	22

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

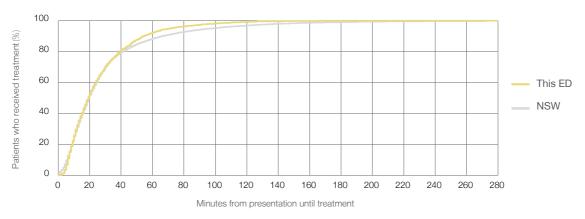
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

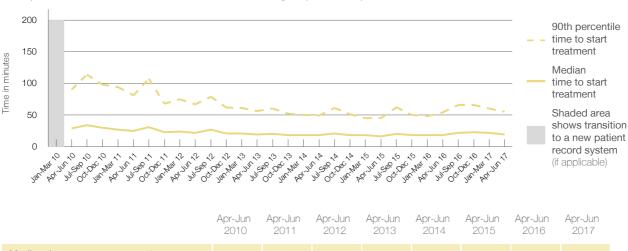
Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 April to June 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 3,369	3,179	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,286	3,105	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 19 minutes	18 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 55 minutes	54 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Median time to start treat (minutes)	tment ⁴	29	25	22	19	18	16	18	19
90th percentile time to st (minutes)	art treatment ⁵	90	81	67	56	49	45	54	55

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

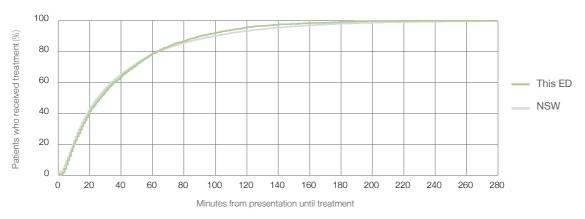
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 April to June 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 3,491	3,095	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 2,891	2,592	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 27 minutes	20 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 90 minutes	83 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

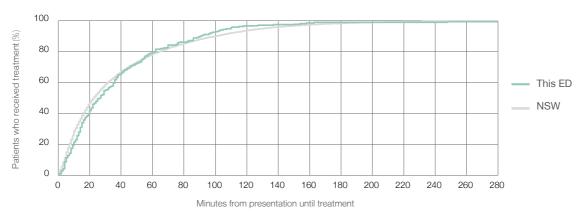
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 April to June 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 408	301	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 265	175	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 27 minutes	19 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 91 minutes	92 minutes	101 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

April to June 2017

All presentations: ¹ 8,690 patients

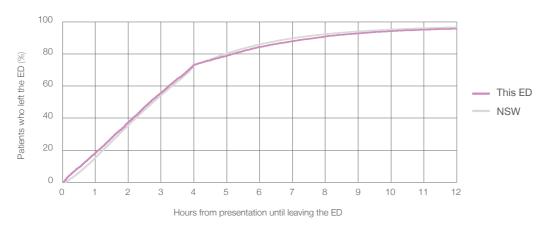
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: ⁶ 8,690 patients

Median time spent in the ED ⁹ 2 hours and 40 minutes

90th percentile time spent in the ED ⁹ 7 hours and 42 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year
	7,953
	7,953
2 hours and 46 minutes	2 hours and 39 minutes
7 hours and 5 minutes	7 hours and 19 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, April to June 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



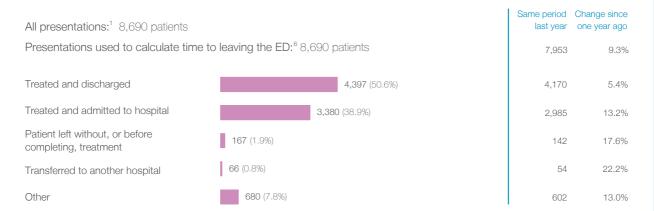
 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

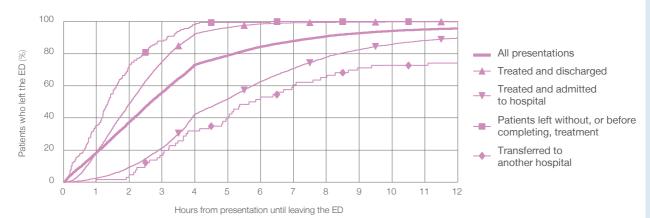
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation April to June 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, April to June 2017 ^{†‡}



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	18.5%	48.8%	75.2%	92.4%	98.5%	99.5%	99.8%	99.9%
Treated and admitted to hospital	2.5%	9.2%	21.3%	42.2%	62.7%	77.9%	85.9%	89.7%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	35.3%	73.1%	88.0%	98.2%	99.4%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	1.5%	4.5%	16.7%	31.8%	53.0%	65.2%	72.7%	74.2%
All presentations	18.4%	37.4%	55.9%	73.1%	84.4%	90.9%	94.2%	95.7%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED April to June 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 18,690 patients

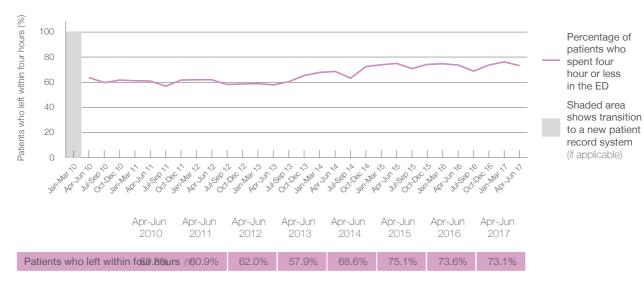
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 68,690 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

73.1%

	Change since
last year	one year ago
7,953	9.3%
7,953	9.3%
73.6%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- [†] Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 21 July 2017).