

Kempsey Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

July to September 2017

All presentations:¹ 7,567 patients
Emergency presentations:² 7,323 patients

Same period last year	Change since one year ago
6,490	16.6%
6,388	14.6%

Kempsey Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

July to September 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 879 patients

Median time to start treatment⁴ 13 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 32 minutes

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 2,557 patients

Median time to start treatment⁴ 25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 75 minutes

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 3,391 patients

Median time to start treatment⁴ 34 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 122 minutes

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 461 patients

Median time to start treatment⁴ 29 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 105 minutes

Same period last year	NSW (this period)
813	
12 minutes	9 minutes
30 minutes	29 minutes
2,317	
24 minutes	23 minutes
65 minutes	83 minutes
2,649	
29 minutes	30 minutes
104 minutes	121 minutes
584	
26 minutes	26 minutes
116 minutes	118 minutes

Kempsey Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

July to September 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 7,567 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 82.2%

Same period last year	Change since one year ago
6,490	16.6%
78.6%	

* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

- All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016*.
- The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- All presentations that have a departure time.

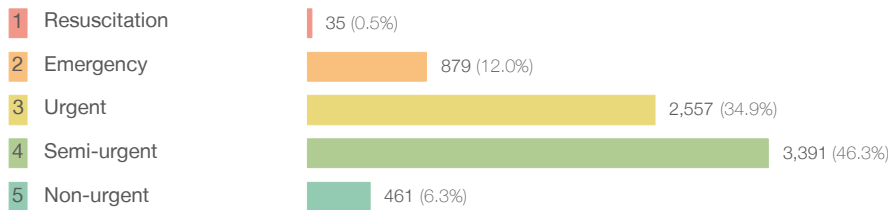
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 October 2017).

Kempsey Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department July to September 2017

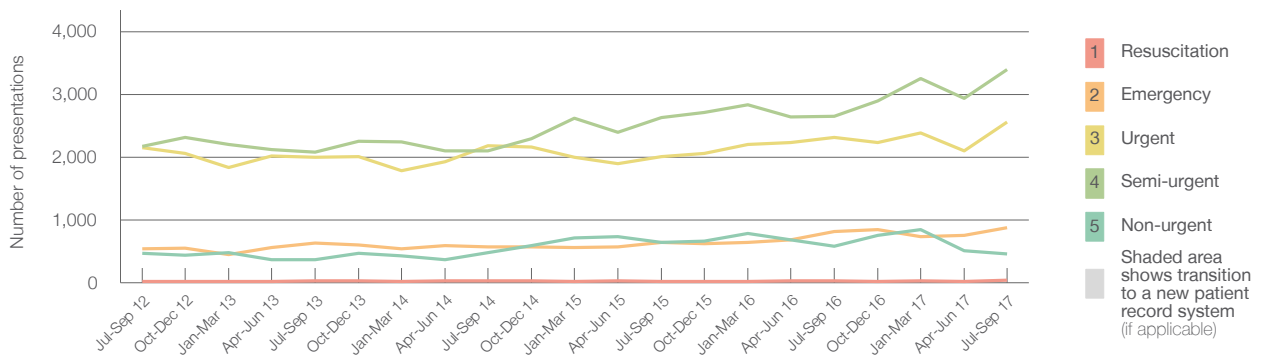
All presentations:¹ 7,567 patients

Emergency presentations² by triage category: 7,323 patients



Same period last year	Change since one year ago
6,490	16.6%
6,388	14.6%
25	40.0%
813	8.1%
2,317	10.4%
2,649	28.0%
584	-21.1%

Emergency presentations² by quarter, July 2012 to September 2017 †



	Jul-Sep 2012	Jul-Sep 2013	Jul-Sep 2014	Jul-Sep 2015	Jul-Sep 2016	Jul-Sep 2017
Resuscitation	22	32	34	22	25	35
Emergency	540	631	566	646	813	879
Urgent	2,153	1,999	2,180	2,011	2,317	2,557
Semi-urgent	2,169	2,076	2,098	2,631	2,649	3,391
Non-urgent	471	363	474	642	584	461
All emergency presentations	5,355	5,101	5,352	5,952	6,388	7,323

Kempsey Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance July to September 2017

Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time:⁷ 918 patients

ED Transfer of care time



Same period last year	Change since one year ago
816	
14 minutes	-1 minute
38 minutes	-10 minutes

(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Kempsey Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)

Number of triage 2 patients: 879

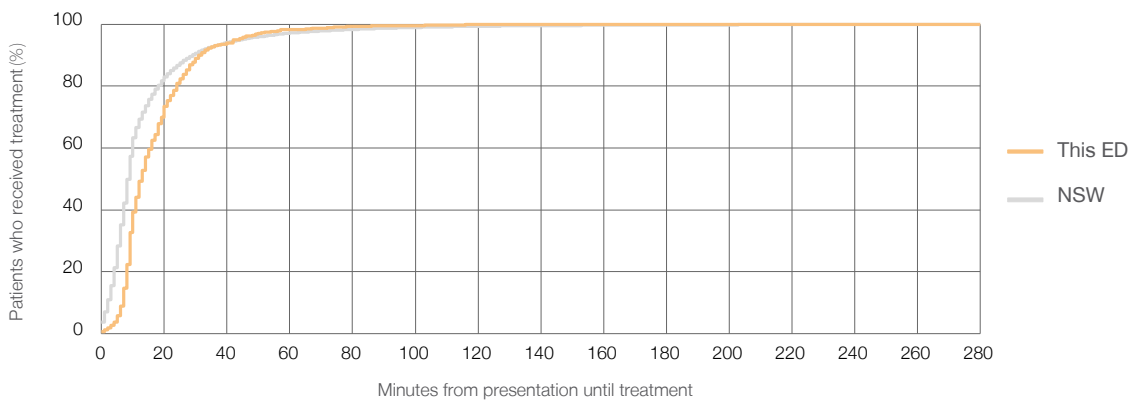
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time:³ 879

Median time to start treatment⁴ 13 minutes

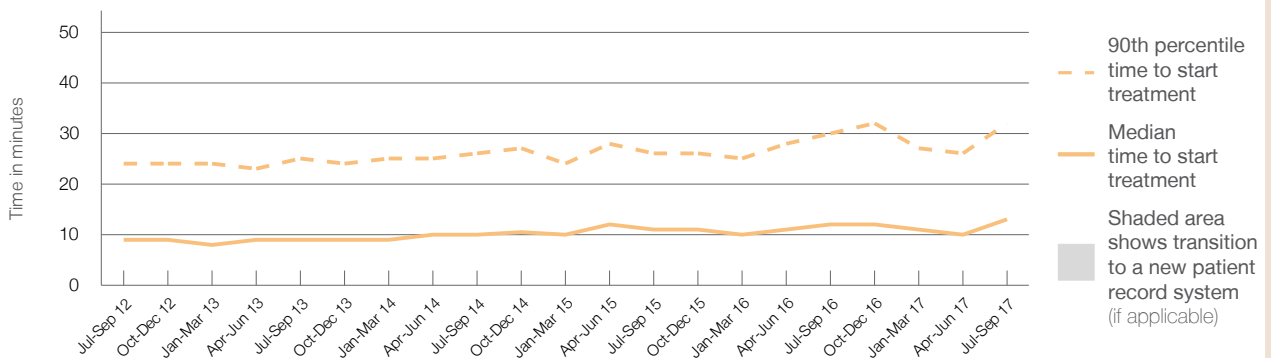
90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 32 minutes

Same period last year	NSW (this period)
813	813
12 minutes	9 minutes
30 minutes	29 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, July 2012 to September 2017^{†‡}



	Jul-Sep 2012	Jul-Sep 2013	Jul-Sep 2014	Jul-Sep 2015	Jul-Sep 2016	Jul-Sep 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	9	9	10	11	12	13
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	24	25	26	26	30	32

(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Kempsey Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

July to September 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)

Number of triage 3 patients: 2,557

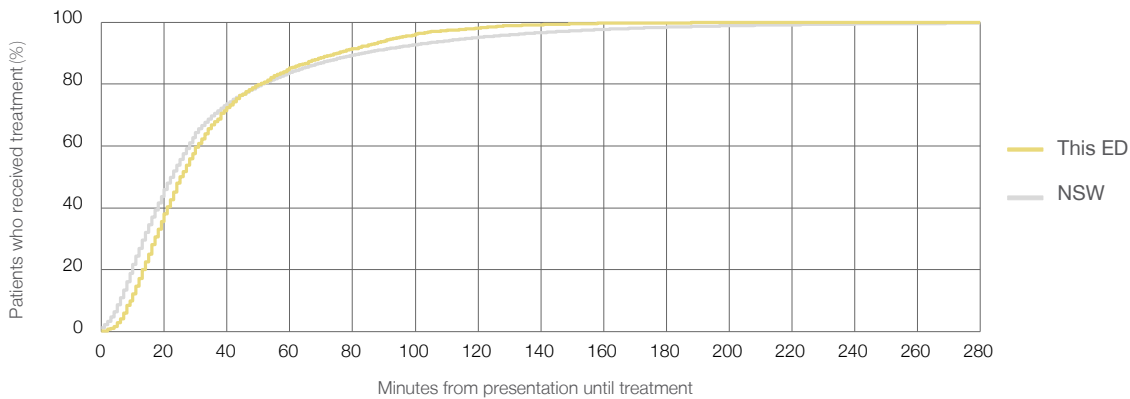
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time:³ 2,513

Median time to start treatment⁴ 25 minutes

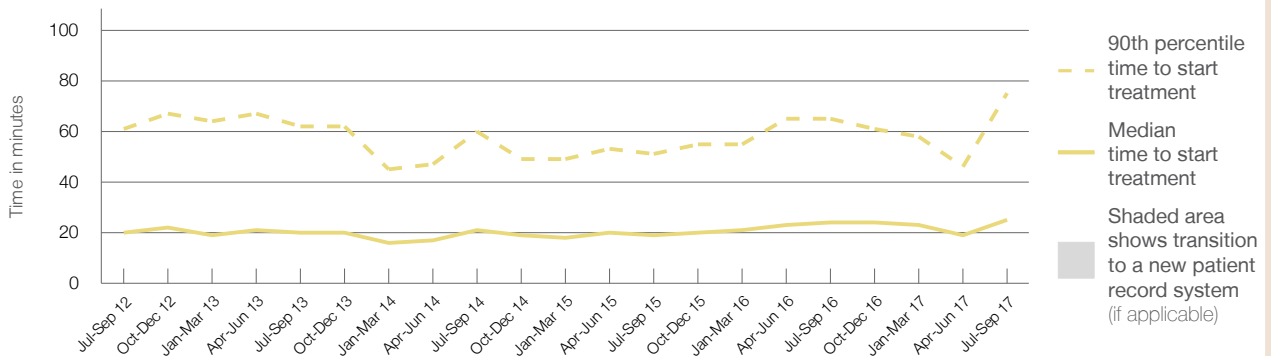
90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 75 minutes

Same period last year	NSW (this period)
2,317	
2,293	
24 minutes	23 minutes
65 minutes	83 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, July 2012 to September 2017^{†‡}



	Jul-Sep 2012	Jul-Sep 2013	Jul-Sep 2014	Jul-Sep 2015	Jul-Sep 2016	Jul-Sep 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	20	20	21	19	24	25
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	61	62	60	51	65	75

(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Kempsey Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)

Number of triage 4 patients: 3,391

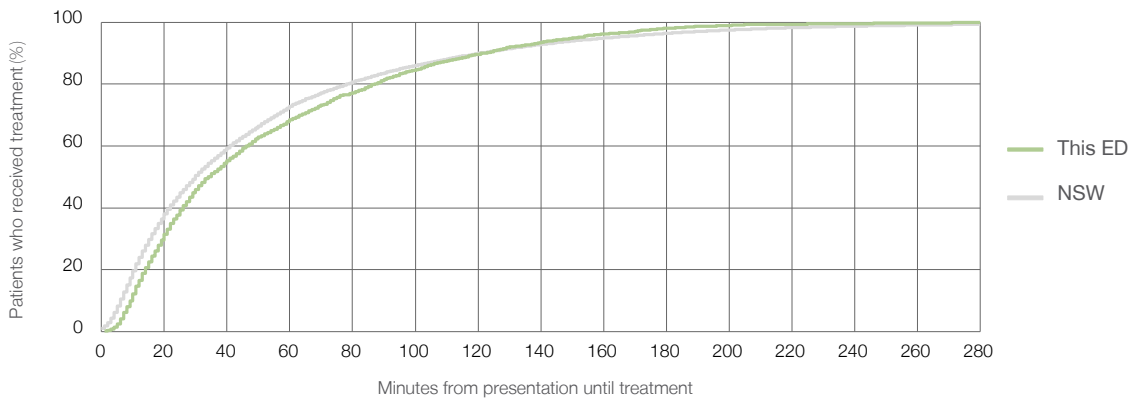
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time:³ 3,215

Median time to start treatment⁴ 34 minutes

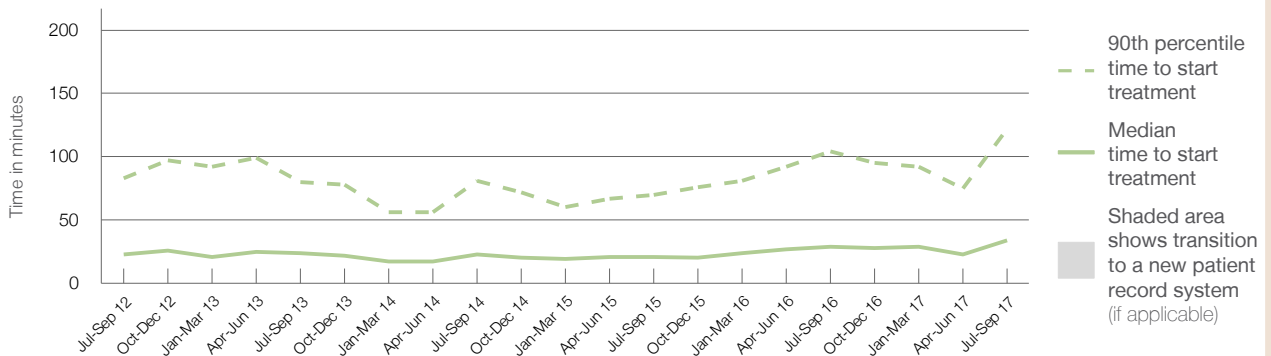
90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 122 minutes

Same period last year	NSW (this period)
2,649	2,544
29 minutes	30 minutes
104 minutes	121 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, July 2012 to September 2017^{†‡}



	Jul-Sep 2012	Jul-Sep 2013	Jul-Sep 2014	Jul-Sep 2015	Jul-Sep 2016	Jul-Sep 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	23	24	23	21	29	34
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	83	80	81	70	104	122

(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Kempsey Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5

July to September 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)

Number of triage 5 patients: 461

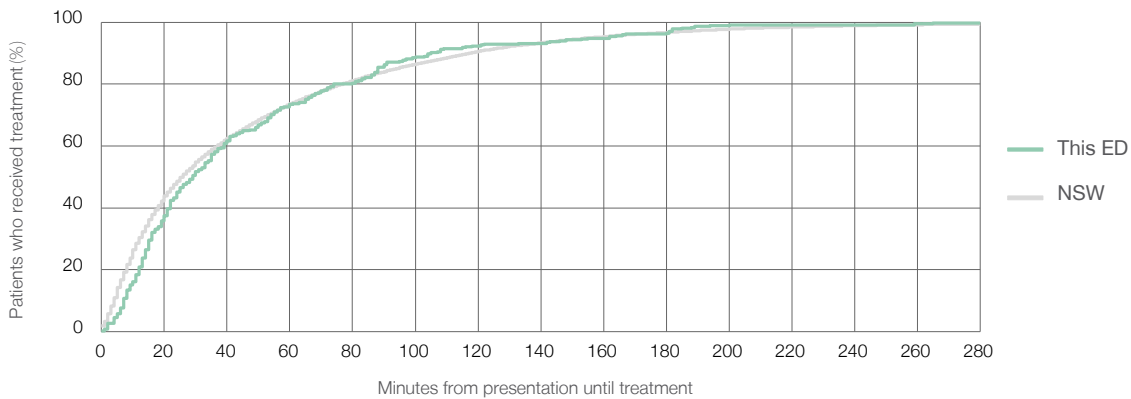
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time:³ 365

Median time to start treatment⁴ 29 minutes

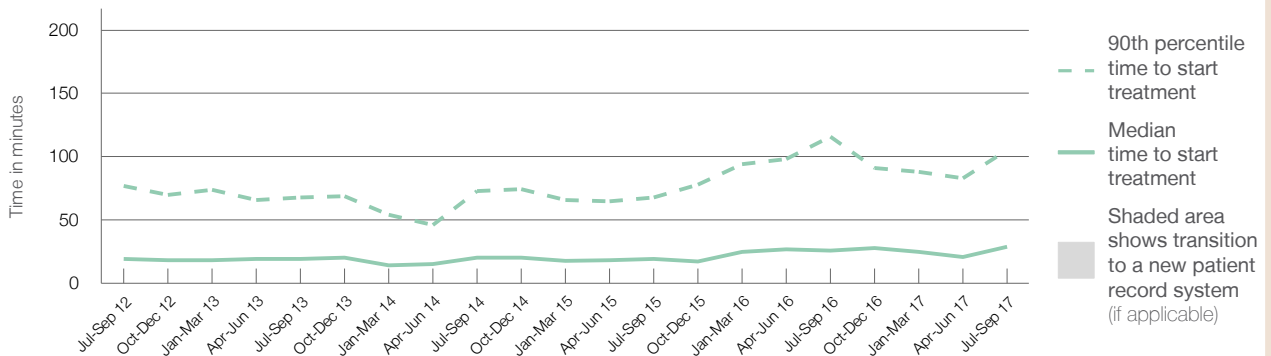
90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 105 minutes

Same period last year	NSW (this period)
584	516
26 minutes	26 minutes
116 minutes	118 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, July 2012 to September 2017^{†‡}



	Jul-Sep 2012	Jul-Sep 2013	Jul-Sep 2014	Jul-Sep 2015	Jul-Sep 2016	Jul-Sep 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	19	19	20	19	26	29
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	77	68	73	68	116	105

(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Kempsey Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

July to September 2017

All presentations:¹ 7,567 patients

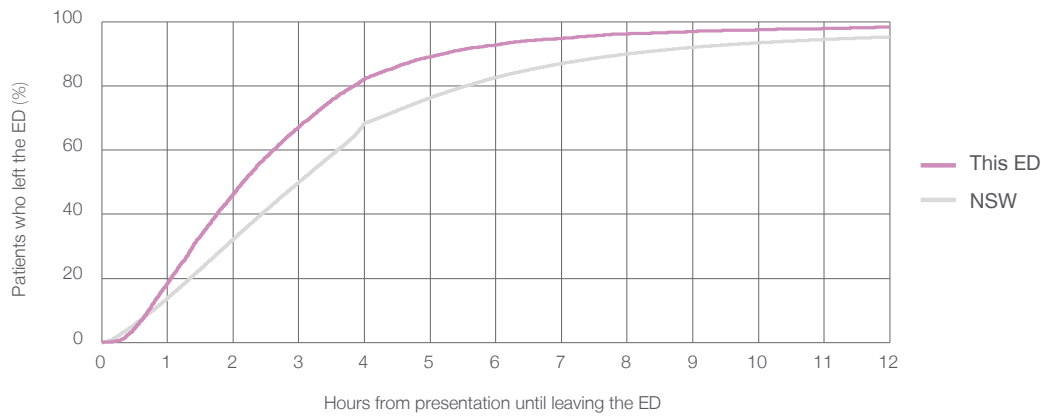
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 7,567 patients

Median time spent in the ED⁸ 2 hours and 9 minutes

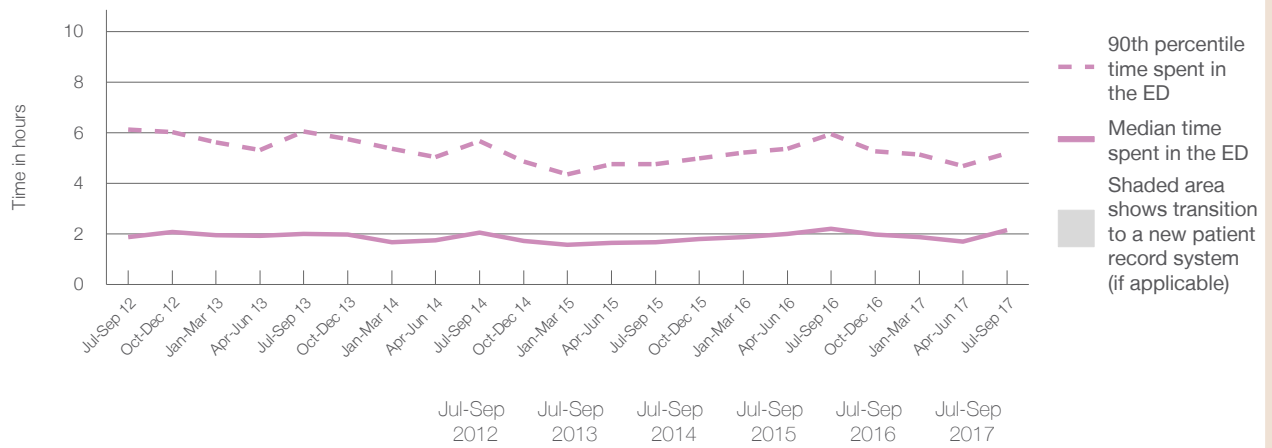
90th percentile time spent in the ED⁹ 5 hours and 12 minutes

Same period last year	NSW (this period)
6,490	6,490
2 hours and 13 minutes	3 hours and 0 minutes
5 hours and 57 minutes	8 hours and 2 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, July 2012 to September 2017^{†‡}



	Jul-Sep 2012	Jul-Sep 2013	Jul-Sep 2014	Jul-Sep 2015	Jul-Sep 2016	Jul-Sep 2017
Median time to leaving the ED ⁸ (hours, minutes)	1h 53m	2h 1m	2h 3m	1h 41m	2h 13m	2h 9m
90th percentile time to leaving the ED ⁹ (hours, minutes)	6h 8m	6h 3m	5h 40m	4h 46m	5h 57m	5h 12m

(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Kempsey Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED
By mode of separation
July to September 2017

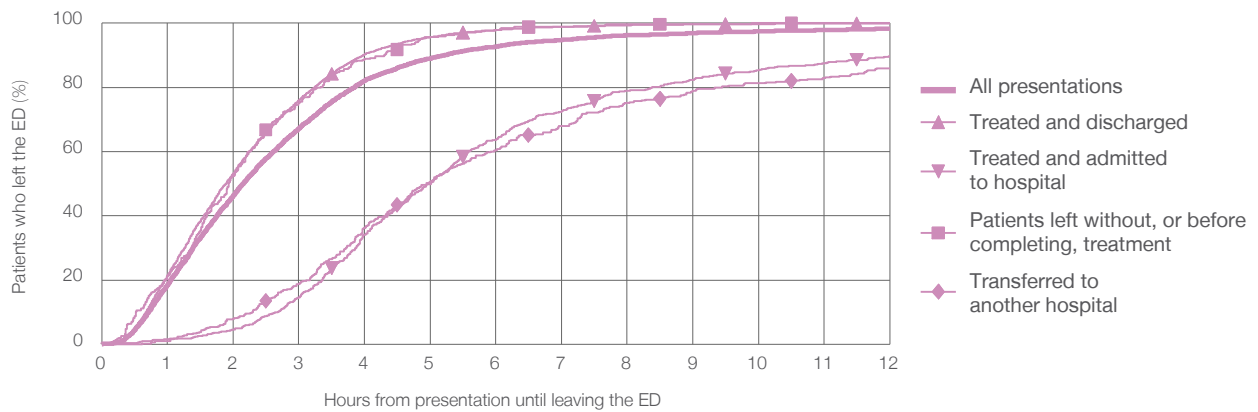
All presentations:¹ 7,567 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 7,567 patients

Treated and discharged	6,112 (80.8%)
Treated and admitted to hospital	712 (9.4%)
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	343 (4.5%)
Transferred to another hospital	391 (5.2%)
Other	9 (0.1%)

Same period last year	Change since one year ago
6,490	16.6%
5,248	16.5%
642	10.9%
225	52.4%
367	6.5%
8	12.5%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2017^{†‡}



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

	1 hour	2 hours	3 hours	4 hours	6 hours	8 hours	10 hours	12 hours
Treated and discharged	21.4%	53.3%	76.1%	90.3%	97.9%	99.4%	99.8%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.5%	4.5%	14.5%	34.1%	63.8%	78.9%	85.4%	89.7%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	21.6%	52.5%	75.2%	88.9%	98.0%	99.7%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	1.0%	7.9%	18.7%	36.3%	60.4%	75.2%	81.3%	85.9%
All presentations	18.6%	46.4%	67.3%	82.2%	92.7%	96.2%	97.5%	98.3%

(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Kempsey Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

July to September 2017

All presentations at the emergency department:¹ 7,567 patients

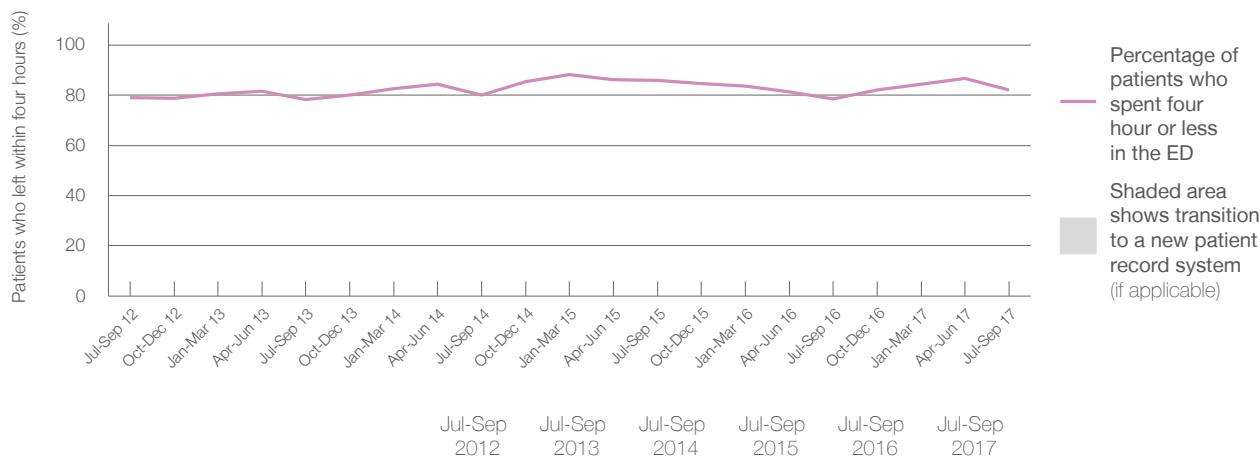
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 7,567 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED



	Same period last year	Change since one year ago
All presentations at the emergency department: ¹ 7,567 patients	6,490	16.6%
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: ⁶ 7,567 patients	6,490	16.6%
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED	78.6%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, July 2012 to September 2017**



Patients who left within four hours (%)	Jul-Sep 2012	Jul-Sep 2013	Jul-Sep 2014	Jul-Sep 2015	Jul-Sep 2016	Jul-Sep 2017
	79.1%	78.4%	80.1%	86.0%	78.6%	82.2%

* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

† Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.

‡ Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see *Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011*.

- All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016*.
- The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- All presentations that have a departure time.
- Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see *Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department*.
- The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 October 2017).
Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 17 October 2017).