

Healthcare Quarterly

Performance Profiles

Emergency Department

Sydney Children's Hospitals Network

NSW

Sydney Children's Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview July to September 2017

All presentations:¹ 10,047 patients
Emergency presentations:² 9,947 patients

Same period	Change since
last year	one year ago
9,445	6.4%
0.353	6.4%

Same period

Sydney Children's Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

July to September 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 356 patients	372	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	10 minutes	9 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 24 minutes	23 minutes	29 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,752 patients	1,749	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 22 minutes	19 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 54 minutes	52 minutes	83 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 7,619 patients	6,959	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 45 minutes	37 minutes	30 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	117 minutes	121 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 167 patients	203	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 56 minutes	31 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	106 minutes	118 minutes

Sydney Children's Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

July to September 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 10,045 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 74.5%

1	Change since one year ago
9,445	6.4%
77.3%	

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 October 2017).

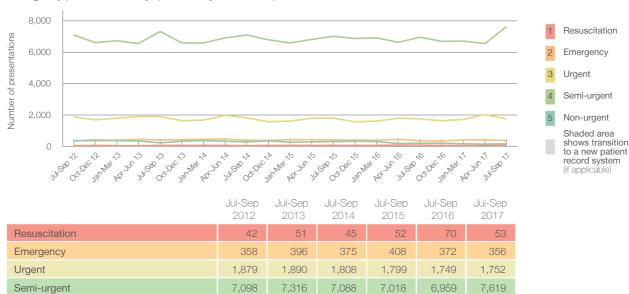
Same period Change since

Sydney Children's Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

July to September 2017

			last year	one year ago	
All presentations: 10,047 patients			9,445	6.4%	
Emergency presentations ² by triage category: 9,947 patients			9,353	6.4%	
1 Resuscitation	1 Resuscitation 53 (0.5%)				
2 Emergency	2 Emergency 356 (3.6%)				
3 Urgent	1,752 (17.6%)		1,749	0.2%	
4 Semi-urgent		7,619 (76.6%)	6,959	9.5%	
5 Non-urgent	167 (1.7%)		203	-17.7%	

Emergency presentations² by quarter, July 2012 to September 2017 [‡]



303

9,353

9,580

167

Same period Change since

9,947

Sydney Children's Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

9,724

July to September 2017

All emergency presentations

Non-urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 653 patients			
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	9 minutes	9 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	19 minutes	17 minutes	2 minutes

9,868

9,598

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

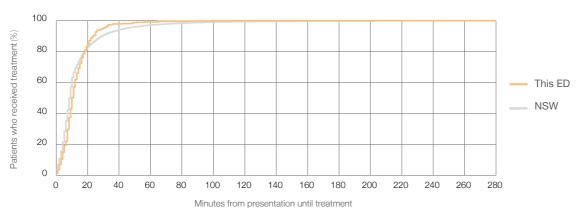
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

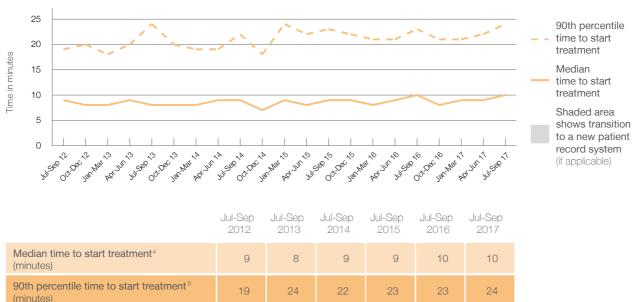
Sydney Children's Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 356	372	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 356	371	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 10 minutes	10 minutes	9 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 24 minutes	23 minutes	29 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, July 2012 to September 2017



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

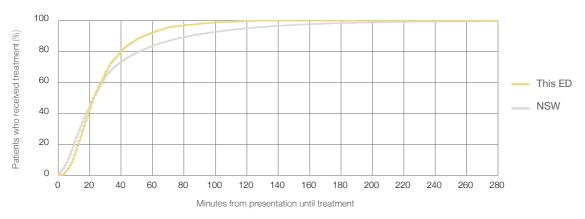
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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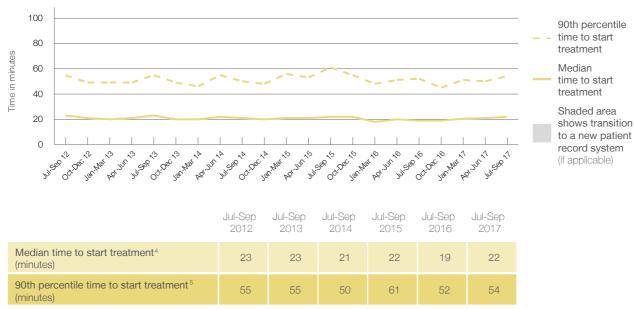
Sydney Children's Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 July to September 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,752	1,749	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,747	1,744	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 22 minutes	19 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 54 minutes	52 minutes	83 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, July 2012 to September 2017 **



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

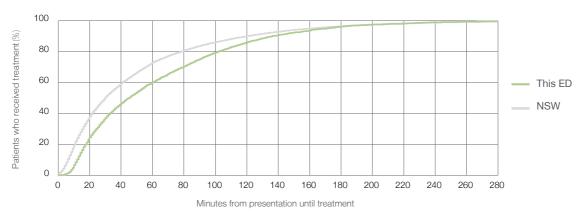
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Sydney Children's Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 4 patients: 7,619	6,959		
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 7,208			
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 45 minutes			30 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	137 minutes	117 minutes	121 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, July 2012 to September 2017 † †



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

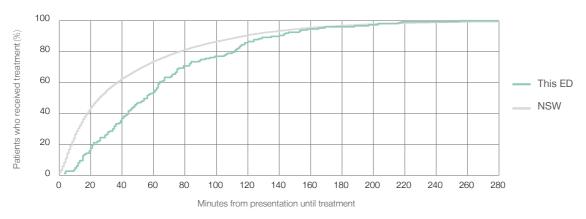
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Sydney Children's Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 July to September 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 5 patients: 167	203		
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 147			
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 56 minutes			26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	140 minutes	106 minutes	118 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, July 2012 to September 2017 † †



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Sydney Children's Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

July to September 2017

All presentations: 10,047 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 10,045 patients

Median time spent in the ED ⁸

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9

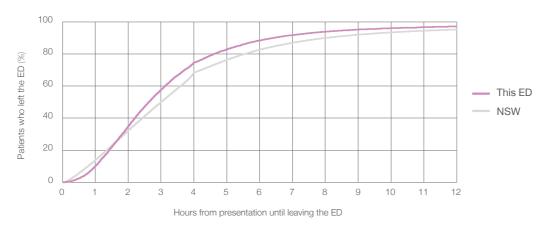
2 hours and 38 minutes

6 hours and 26 minutes

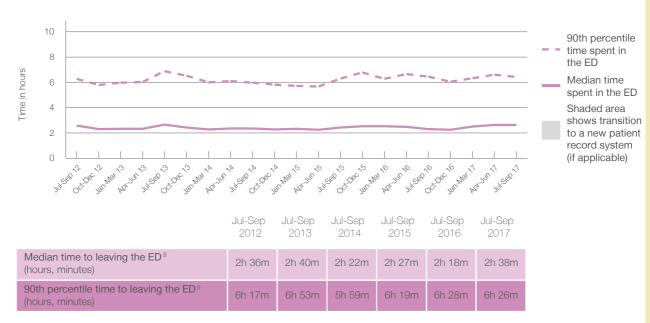
6 hours and 26 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year
	9,445
	9,445
3 hours and 0 minutes	2 hours and 18 minutes
8 hours and 2 minutes	6 hours and 28 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, July 2012 to September 2017 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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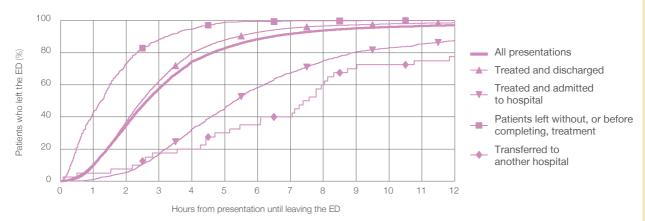
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Sydney Children's Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation July to September 2017

All presentations: ¹ 10,047 patients			Same period last year	Change since one year ago
Presentations used to calculate time to	pleaving the ED:6 10,045 patients		9,445	6.4%
Treated and discharged		8,165 (81.3%)	7,250	12.6%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1,295 (12.9%)		1,805	-28.3%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	519 (5.2%)		300	73.0%
Transferred to another hospital	40 (0.4%)		60	-33.3%
Other	28 (0.3%)		30	-6.7%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2017 †‡



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	9.3%	37.0%	62.4%	80.1%	92.7%	96.6%	98.0%	98.6%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.1%	5.5%	16.8%	32.5%	58.3%	75.0%	83.1%	87.6%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	42.8%	73.4%	88.2%	94.8%	99.4%	99.8%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	5.0%	7.5%	17.5%	20.0%	35.0%	60.0%	72.5%	77.5%
All presentations	10.1%	34.9%	57.8%	74.5%	88.4%	93.8%	96.0%	97.2%

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Sydney Children's Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED July to September 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 10,047 patients

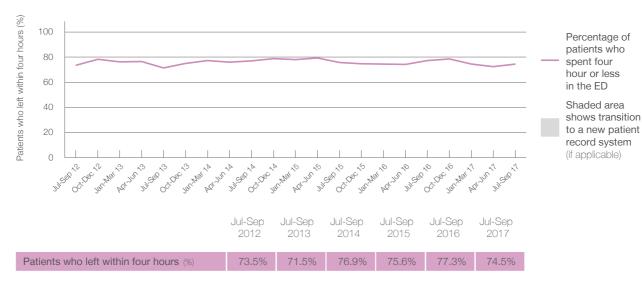
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 10,045 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

74.5%

	Change since
last year	one year ago
9,445	6.4%
9,445	6.4%
77.00/	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, July 2012 to September 2017^{†‡}



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 October 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 17 October 2017).

Same period Change since

The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Emergency department (ED) overview

July to September 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 16,348 patients	14,740	10.9%
Emergency presentations: ² 16,227 patients	14,596	11.2%

The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Time patients waited to start treatment³

July to September 2017

July to September 2017

	Same period last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 576 patients	484	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes	7 minutes	9 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 26 minutes	13 minutes	29 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 4,062 patients	3,585	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 24 minutes	24 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 65 minutes	63 minutes	83 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 11,398 patients	10,332	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 54 minutes	51 minutes	30 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	177 minutes	121 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 59 patients	77	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 58 minutes	81 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	*	118 minutes

The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

last year one year ago Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 16,348 patients 14.740 10.9% Percentage of patients who spent 66.4% four hours or less in the ED

- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

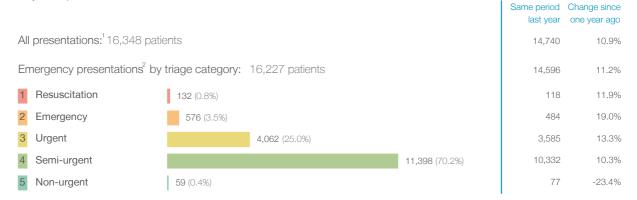
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 October 2017).

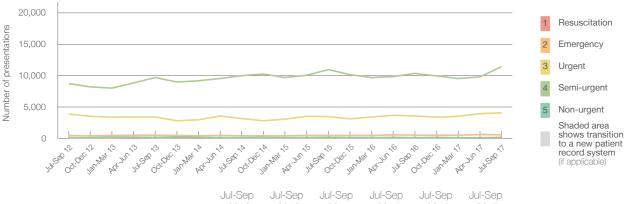
Same period Change since

The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Patients presenting to the emergency department

July to September 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, July 2012 to September 2017 ^{‡ Ω}



	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Resuscitation	72	109	91	95	118	132
Emergency	447	484	394	445	484	576
Urgent	3,893	3,419	3,133	3,479	3,585	4,062
Semi-urgent	8,710	9,665	9,994	10,970	10,332	11,398
Non-urgent	97	138	100	125	77	59
All emergency presentations	13,219	13,815	13,712	15,114	14,596	16,227

The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Patients arriving by ambulance

July to September 2017

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transf	er of care time: 7 1,103 patients	1,118	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	6 minutes	6 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	15 minutes	14 minutes	1 minute

- (†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.
- (±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

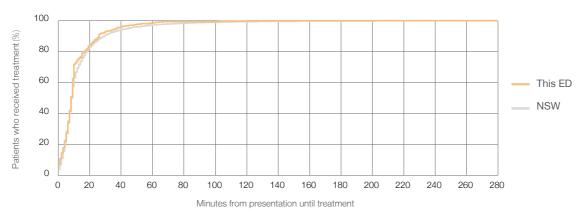
 Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- (\Omega) The Sydney Children's Hospitals Network (Randwick and Westmead) advise that application of ED triaging definitions has been standardised across their facilities. This has resulted in a reporting shift of some cases from category 5 to category 4 and from category 4 to category 3 at Children's Hospital Westmead from June 2012 onwards.

Same period Change since

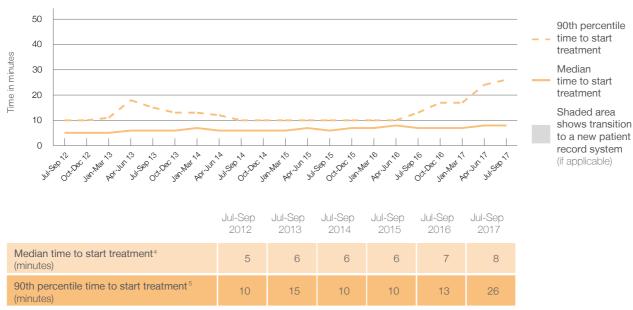
The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 576	484	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 576	484	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes	7 minutes	9 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 26 minutes	13 minutes	29 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, July 2012 to September 2017 ***



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

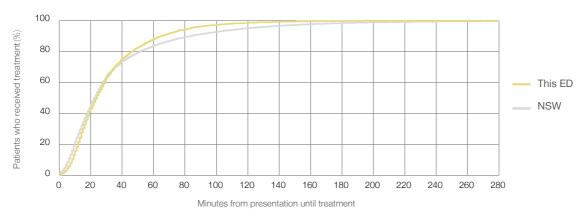
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^(§) This hospital does not use one of the two major information systems implemented in NSW emergency departments. Caution is advised when comparing results from this emergency department to others. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

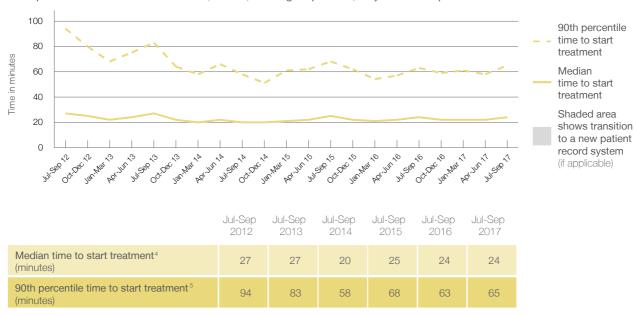
The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 July to September 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 4,062	3,585	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 4,051	3,581	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 24 minutes	24 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 65 minutes	63 minutes	83 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, July 2012 to September 2017 ***



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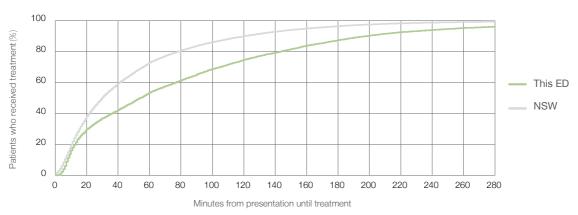
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The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 11,398	10,332	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 9,169	8,615	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 54 minutes	51 minutes	30 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	177 minutes	121 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, July 2012 to September 2017 ***



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

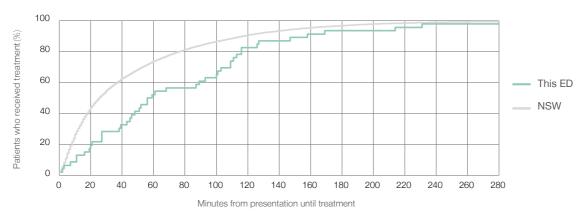
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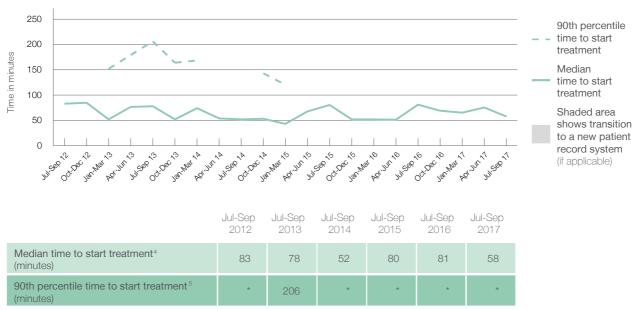
The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 July to September 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 59	77	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 46	63	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 58 minutes	81 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ *	*	118 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, July 2012 to September 2017 ***



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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7 hours and 52 minutes

The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Time patients spent in the ED

July to September 2017

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9

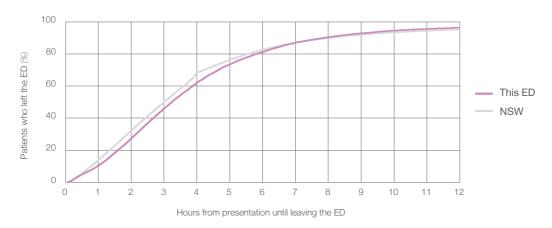
All presentations: 1 16,348 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 16,348 patients

Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 14 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year
	14,740
	14,740
3 hours and 0 minutes	3 hours and 7 minutes
8 hours and 2 minutes	7 hours and 27 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, July 2012 to September 2017 $^{\dagger \ddagger \, \$}$



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

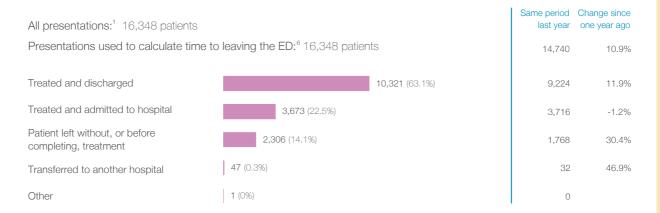
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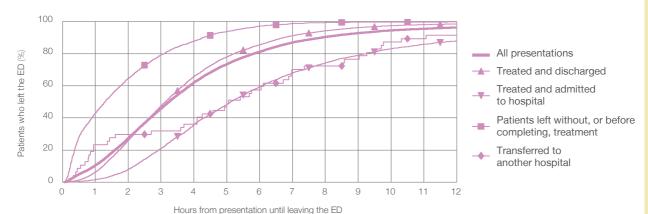
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The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation July to September 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2017 $^{\dagger \ddagger \, \$}$



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	6.3%	25.9%	47.5%	65.8%	85.5%	94.3%	97.5%	98.6%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.6%	8.0%	21.1%	36.1%	59.4%	74.2%	83.1%	88.0%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	43.0%	64.6%	79.3%	87.9%	97.2%	99.4%	99.7%	99.9%
Transferred to another hospital	23.4%	29.8%	31.9%	36.2%	57.4%	72.3%	87.2%	91.5%
All presentations	10.5%	27.4%	46.0%	62.2%	81.2%	90.4%	94.5%	96.4%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) This hospital does not use one of the two major information systems implemented in NSW emergency departments. Caution is advised when comparing results from this emergency department to others. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED July to September 2017

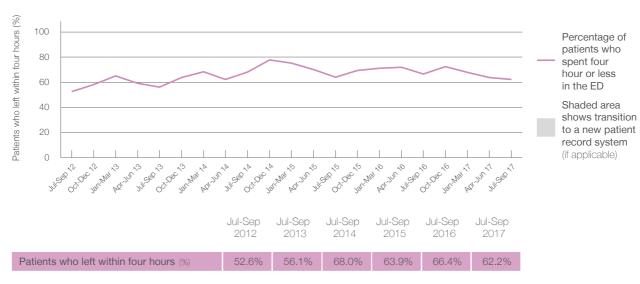
All presentations at the emergency department: 16,348 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 16,348 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 62.2%

	Change since one year ago
14,740	10.9%
14,740	10.9%
66.4%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, July 2012 to September 2017^{†‡}



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 October 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 17 October 2017).