NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

Campbelltown Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

January to March 2018

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: ¹ 18,336 patients	16,916	8%
Emergency presentations: ² 18,109 patients	16,744	8%

Campbelltown Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment ³

January to March 2018

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,830 patients	1,672	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 19 minutes	19 minutes	23 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 7,532 patients	6,534	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 16 minutes	14 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 67 minutes	74 minutes	65 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 6,581 patients	6,540	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes	25 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	131 minutes	98 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 2,064 patients	1,913	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 24 minutes	32 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	147 minutes	97 minutes

Campbelltown Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2018

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 18,335 patients

Percentage of patients who spent

Percentage of patients who spent	
9 1	61%
four hours or less in the ED	0170

	Change since one year ago
16,915	8%
56%	

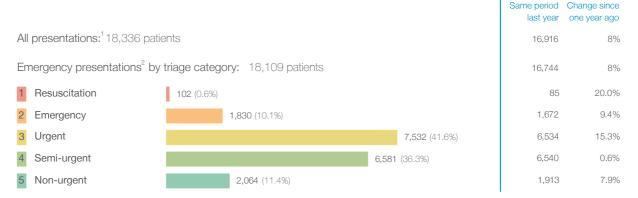
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

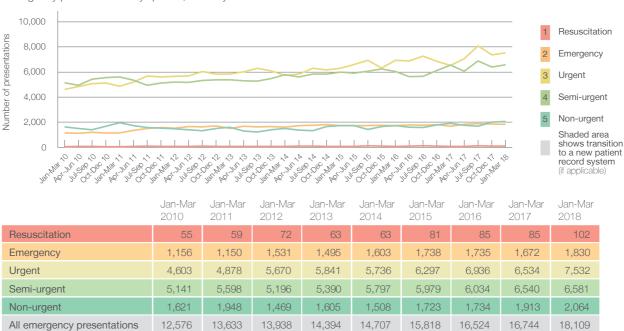
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018).

Campbelltown Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

January to March 2018



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 [‡]



Campbelltown Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

January to March 2018

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	4,064		
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	12 minutes	14 minutes	-2 minutes
90th percentile time	24 minutes	28 minutes	-4 minutes

Same period Change since

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

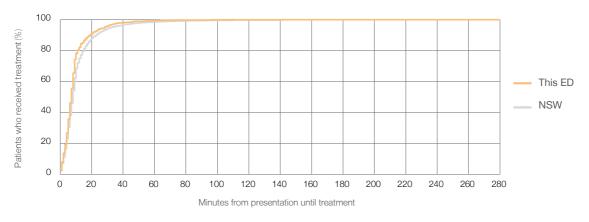
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

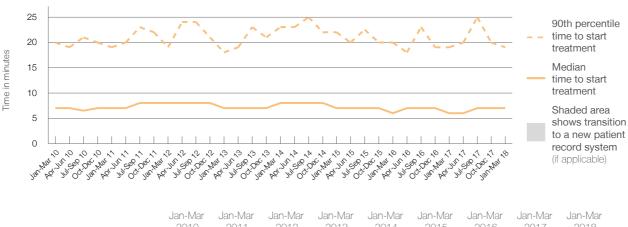
Campbelltown Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2018

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,830	1,672	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,818	1,672	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 19 minutes	19 minutes	23 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	7	7	8	7	8	7	6	6	7
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	20	19	19	18	23	22	20	19	19

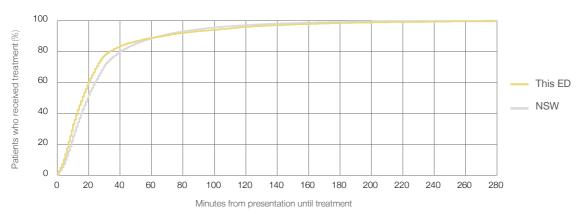
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

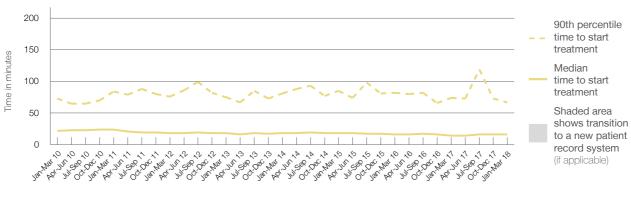
Campbelltown Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2018

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 7,532	6,534	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 7,331	6,367	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 16 minutes	14 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 67 minutes	74 minutes	65 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



		Jan-Mar 2010	Jan-Mar 2011	Jan-Mar 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Jan-Mar 2014	Jan-Mar 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Jan-Mar 2017	Jan-Mar 2018
Median tim (minutes)	ne to start treatment ⁴	22	24	18	18	18	18	16	14	16
90th perce	ntile time to start (minutes)	73	84	76	75	81	85	82	74	67

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

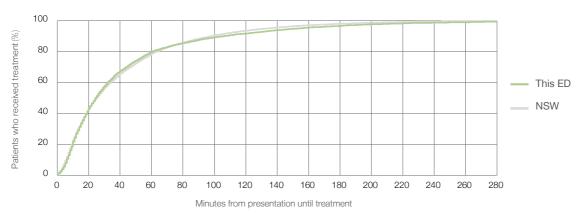
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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Campbelltown Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2018

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 6,581	6,540	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 6,203	6,023	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes	25 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 107 minutes	131 minutes	98 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	39	35	31	31	32	26	27	25	25
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 (minutes)	131	126	127	133	131	117	132	131	107

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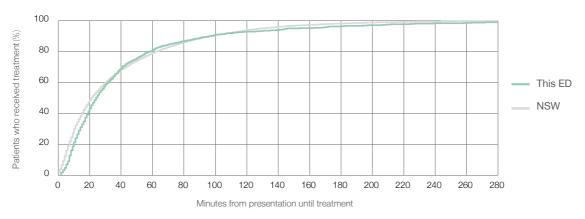
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Campbelltown Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2018

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 2,064	1,913	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,821	1,630	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 24 minutes	32 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 96 minutes	147 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	33	25	29	33	26	26	31	32	24
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 (minutes)	129	91	105	127	115	120	136	147	96

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Campbelltown Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

January to March 2018

All presentations: 1 18,336 patients

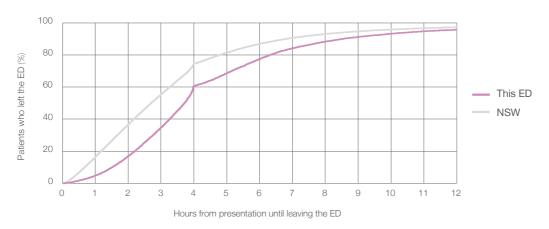
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 18,335 patients

Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 43 minutes

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 8 hours and 32 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year	
	16,916	
	16,915	
2 hours and 42 minutes	3 hours and 53 minutes	
6 hours and 49 minutes	10 hours and 48 minutes	

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2018



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



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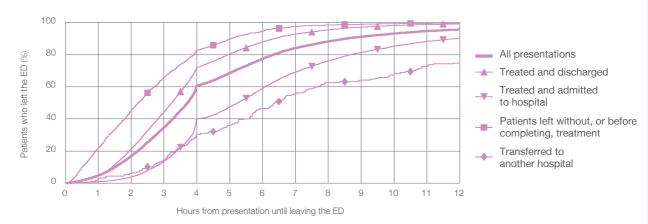
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Campbelltown Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation January to March 2018

All presentations: 18,336 patients		Same period last year	Change since one year ago
Presentations used to calculate time to	16,915 discharged 9,669 (52.7%) 8,819 admitted to hospital 6,786 (37.0%) 1,825		
Treated and discharged	9,669 (52.7%)	8,819	9.6%
Treated and admitted to hospital	6,786 (37.0%)	6,025	12.6%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	1,690 (9.2%)	1,825	-7.4%
Transferred to another hospital	187 (1.0%)	241	-22.4%
Other	4 (0%)	6	-33.3%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2018 ^{†‡}



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	4.7%	21.4%	44.5%	71.9%	88.0%	95.6%	98.2%	99.2%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.9%	3.8%	13.7%	40.1%	59.0%	76.1%	85.3%	90.3%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	22.2%	45.6%	66.0%	82.7%	94.6%	98.5%	99.3%	99.8%
Transferred to another hospital	3.2%	5.9%	15.0%	30.5%	46.5%	62.6%	67.9%	74.9%
All presentations	4.9%	17.0%	34.8%	60.7%	77.5%	88.3%	93.2%	95.7%

 $^{(\}dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$

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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Campbelltown Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED January to March 2018

All presentations at the emergency department: 1 18,336 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 18,335 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED



Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 †*



60.7%

- Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018). Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 17 April 2018).