Same period Change since

### **Dubbo Base Hospital:** Emergency department (ED) overview January to March 2018

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 1 8,085 patients	8,178	-1%
Emergency presentations: <sup>2</sup> 7,641 patients	7,797	-2%

### Dubbo Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment 3

January to March 2018

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 920 patients	931	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 8 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	20 minutes	23 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 2,711 patients	2,756	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	24 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 58 minutes	76 minutes	65 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 3,256 patients	3,064	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 22 minutes	28 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	111 minutes	98 minutes
The second of th	1 010	
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 727 patients	1,013	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 20 minutes	28 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	120 minutes	97 minutes

### **Dubbo Base Hospital:** Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2018

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 8,083 patients

Percentage of patients who spent	
9 1	73%
four hours or less in the FD	1070

Same period	Change since
last year	one year ago
8.177	-1%
0,177	-170
71%	

- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

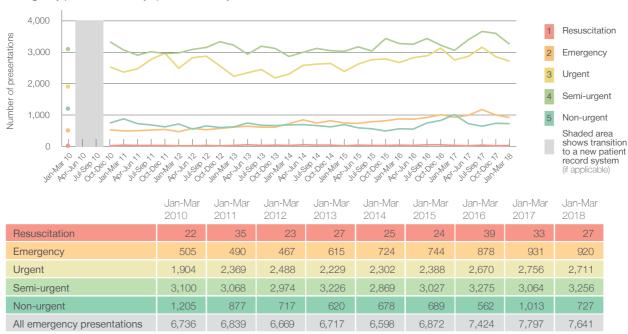
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018).

Same period Change since

### **Dubbo Base Hospital:** Patients presenting to the emergency department January to March 2018

last year one year ago All presentations: 18,085 patients 8.178 -1% Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by triage category: 7,641 patients 7,797 -2% Resuscitation 27 (0.4%) 33 -18.2% 920 (12.0%) 931 -1.2% Emergency Urgent 2,711 (35.5%) 2.756 -1.6% Semi-urgent 3,256 (42.6%) 3.064 6.3% 727 (9.5%) 1,013 -28.2% Non-urgent

Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 <sup>‡</sup>



### **Dubbo Base Hospital:** Patients arriving by ambulance

January to March 2018

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	1,540		
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	11 minutes	12 minutes	-1 minute
90th percentile time	22 minutes	28 minutes	-6 minutes

Same period Change since

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

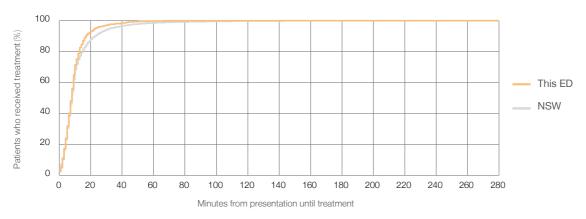
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

### Dubbo Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2018

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain,	Same period last year	(this period)	
Number of triage 2 patients: 920	931		
Number of triage 2 patients used to calc	925		
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	8 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	17 minutes	20 minutes	23 minutes

### Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



90th percentile time to start

treatment 5 (minutes)

17

19

17

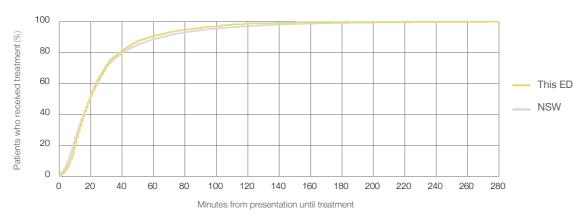
<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

### **Dubbo Base Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2018

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 2,711	2,756	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,689	2,685	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 19 minutes	24 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 58 minutes	76 minutes	65 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



treatment 5 (minutes)

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

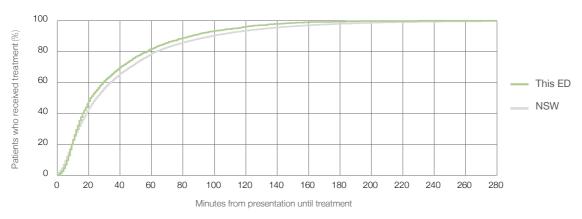
<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

## **Dubbo Base Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2018

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 3,256	3,064	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,150	2,835	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 22 minutes	28 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	111 minutes	98 minutes

### Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



116

130

115

90th percentile time to start

treatment 5 (minutes)

113

90

111

86

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

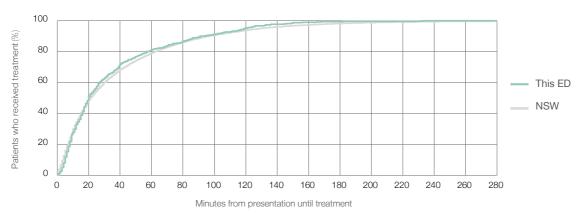
<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

### **Dubbo Base Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2018

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 727	1,013	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 663	850	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 20 minutes	28 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 93 minutes	120 minutes	97 minutes

### Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	23	22	20	15	18	20	23	28	20
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 (minutes)	130	121	92	79	82	83	122	120	93

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

7 hours and 34 minutes

### Dubbo Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

January to March 2018

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9

All presentations: 1 8,085 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 8,083 patients

Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 34 minutes

Same period last year (this period)

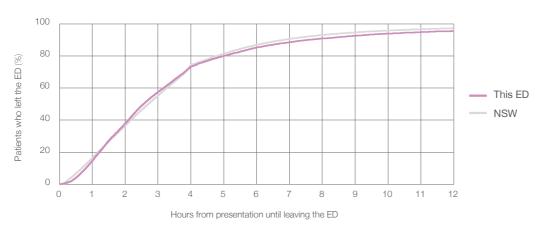
8,178

8,177

2 hours and 51 minutes 42 minutes

8 hours and 0 minutes 49 minutes

### Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2018



### Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 $^{\dagger\ddagger}$

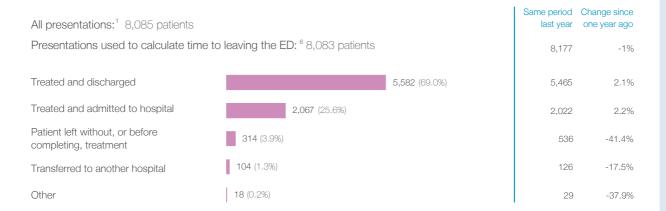


 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$   $\;$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

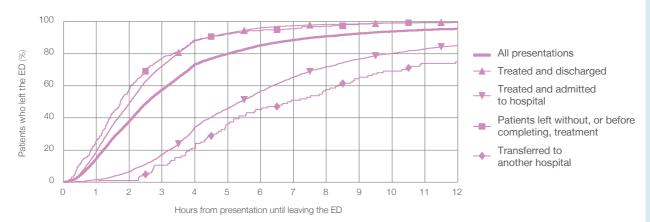
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

### Dubbo Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation January to March 2018



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2018 <sup>†‡</sup>



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	19.2%	49.3%	72.3%	87.9%	96.1%	98.2%	99.2%	99.5%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.5%	6.5%	17.2%	34.3%	56.7%	71.8%	80.1%	85.1%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	25.8%	58.0%	77.4%	88.5%	94.6%	97.1%	99.0%	99.7%
Transferred to another hospital	0%	1.0%	10.6%	21.2%	45.2%	57.7%	69.2%	75.0%
All presentations	14.7%	38.1%	57.6%	73.3%	85.3%	90.9%	93.9%	95.5%

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$ 

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

# **Dubbo Base Hospital:** Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED January to March 2018

All presentations at the emergency department: 18,085 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:  $^{\rm 6}$  8,083 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

73.3%

	one year ago
8,178	-1%
8,177	-1%
70.50/	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize †}}$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 17 April 2018).