Tamworth Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview January to March 2018

		Change since one year ago
All presentations:1 10,898 patients	11,787	-8%
Emergency presentations: ² 10,476 patients	11,167	-6%

Tamworth Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment ³

January to March 2018

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 907 patients	944	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 23 minutes	26 minutes	23 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 2,608 patients	2,818	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 21 minutes	23 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 72 minutes	77 minutes	65 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 5,337 patients	5,285	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 39 minutes	40 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 118 minutes	125 minutes	98 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,580 patients	2,081	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 44 minutes	49 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	135 minutes	97 minutes

Tamworth Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

January to March 2018	to March 2018			
Attendances used to calculate time to le	aving the ED: 6 10,898 patients		11,787	-8%
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED		74%	75%	

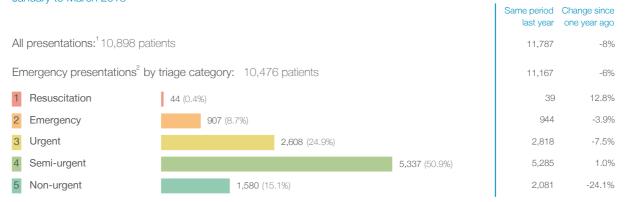
* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer
- The mean is the time by which hall of patients started iteration. The other hall of patients watch equal to of holiger than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

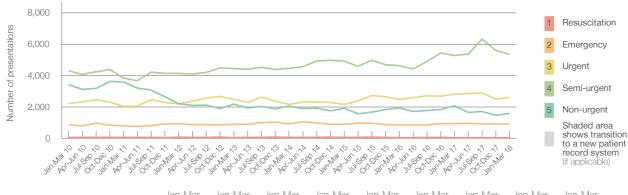
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018).

Tamworth Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department January to March 2018



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 [‡]



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Resuscitation	53	60	77	48	62	58	44	39	44
Emergency	867	784	935	887	909	894	863	944	907
Urgent	2,222	2,030	2,193	2,485	2,160	2,167	2,486	2,818	2,608
Semi-urgent	4,292	3,825	4,145	4,439	4,461	4,907	4,634	5,285	5,337
Non-urgent	3,417	3,592	2,199	2,176	2,054	1,912	1,926	2,081	1,580
All emergency presentations	10,851	10,291	9,549	10,035	9,646	9,938	9,953	11,167	10,476

Tamworth Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance January to March 2018

		Same period last year	Change since one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate tran	sfer of care time: 7 1,690 patients	1,618	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	9 minutes	9 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	24 minutes	23 minutes	1 minutes

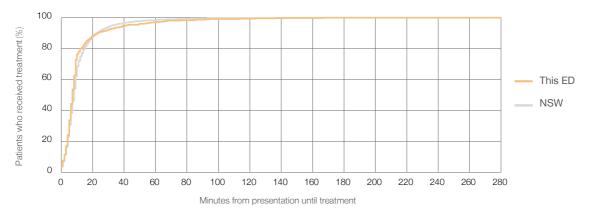
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

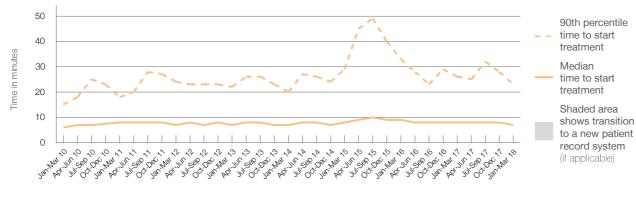
Tamworth Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2018

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 907	944	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 897	939	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 23 minutes	26 minutes	23 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 ⁺⁺



	Jan-Mar 2010	Jan-Mar 2011	Jan-Mar 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Jan-Mar 2014	Jan-Mar 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Jan-Mar 2017	Jan-Mar 2018
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	6	8	7	7	7	8	9	8	7
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	15	18	24	22	20	29	33	26	23

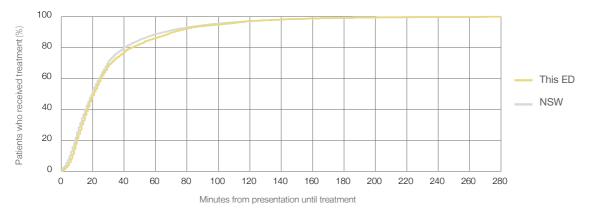
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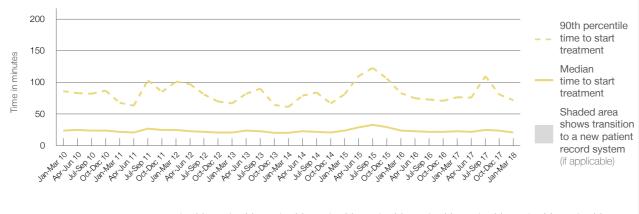
Tamworth Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2018

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 3 patients: 2,608	2,818		
Number of triage 3 patients used to cald	2,760		
Median time to start treatment ⁴	21 minutes	23 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	72 minutes	77 minutes	65 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 ^{†‡}



	Jan-Mar 2010	Jan-Mar 2011	Jan-Mar 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Jan-Mar 2014	Jan-Mar 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Jan-Mar 2017	Jan-Mar 2018
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	24	22	25	21	20	24	24	23	21
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	86	68	101	67	61	81	83	77	72

(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Hunter New England Local Health District

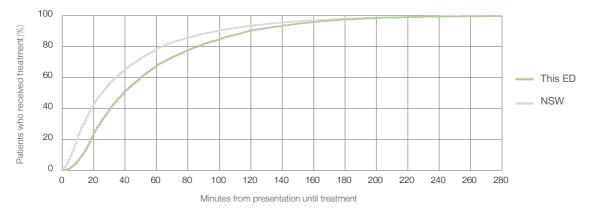
Major hospitals (B)

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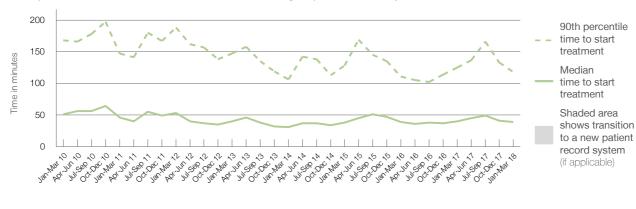
Tamworth Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2018

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 5,337	5,285	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 5,043	5,057	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 39 minutes	40 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 118 minutes	125 minutes	98 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 ^{†‡}



		Jan-Mar 2010	Jan-Mar 2011	Jan-Mar 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Jan-Mar 2014	Jan-Mar 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Jan-Mar 2017	Jan-Mar 2018
Median time to start (minutes)	treatment ⁴	51	46	53	40	31	38	39	40	39
90th percentile time treatment ⁵ (minutes)		168	147	188	147	106	128	111	125	118

(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Hunter New England Local Health District

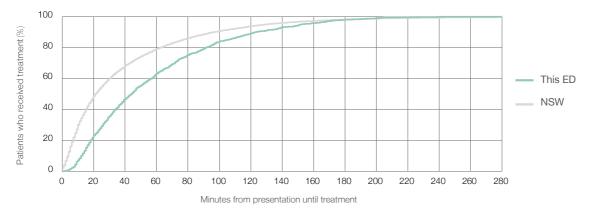
Major hospitals (B)

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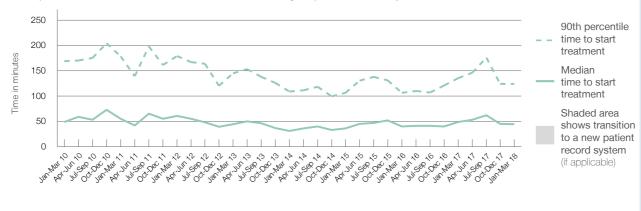
Tamworth Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2018

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 1,580	2,081	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 1,441	1,942	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 44 minutes	49 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	135 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 ^{†‡}



	Jan-Mar 2010	Jan-Mar 2011	Jan-Mar 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Jan-Mar 2014	Jan-Mar 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Jan-Mar 2017	Jan-Mar 2018
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	49	55	61	44	31	36	40	49	44
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	169	178	179	145	109	106	107	135	124

(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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NSW

42 minutes

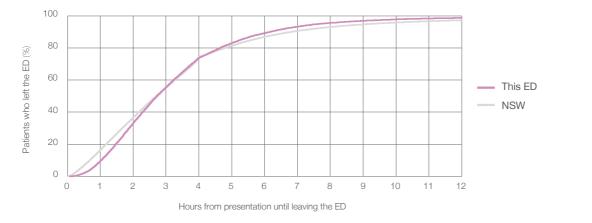
49 minutes

7 minutes

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

Tamworth Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED January to March 2018 Same period (this period) last vear All presentations:1 10,898 patients 11,787 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 10,898 patients 11.787 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED ⁸ 2 hours and 44 minutes 40 minutes 6 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 6 hours and 10 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2018



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 $^{\mbox{\tiny TT}}$



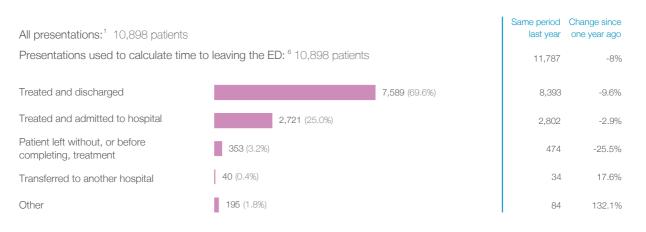
the ED⁹ (hours, minutes)

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

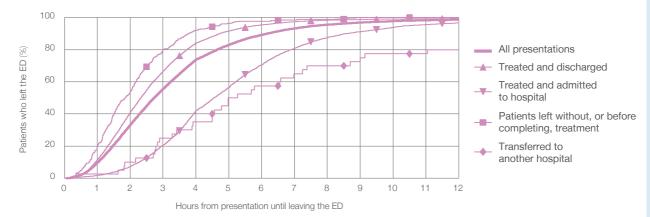
 $^{(\}ddagger)$ Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Tamworth Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED By mode of separation

January to March 2018



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2018



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	11.5%	41.0%	66.6%	84.2%	95.5%	98.4%	99.1%	99.4%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.7%	7.4%	20.6%	42.0%	70.5%	87.5%	93.9%	96.7%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	19.5%	53.8%	79.9%	92.1%	97.7%	98.9%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	2.5%	10.0%	25.0%	35.0%	57.5%	70.0%	77.5%	80.0%
All presentations	9.7%	33.2%	55.6%	73.8%	89.2%	95.6%	97.8%	98.7%

 $^{(\}dagger)$ $\;$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Tamworth Hospital: Time spen Percentage of patients who sper			
January to March 2018			Change since one year ago
All presentations at the emergency depa	11,787	-8%	
Presentations used to calculate time to I	11,787	-8%	
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED	73.8%	75.3%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 ⁺⁺



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- + Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before
 and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see
- Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.
 Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 17 April 2018).