NSW

Royal Prince Alfred Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2018

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 1 20,664 patients	19,371	7%
Emergency presentations: ² 20,285 patients	18,960	7%

Royal Prince Alfred Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment 3

October to December 2018

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 3,538 patients	3,155	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	11 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 23 minutes	23 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 10,456 patients	10,023	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes	25 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	83 minutes	72 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 5,555 patients	5,004	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 30 minutes	36 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	119 minutes	104 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 529 patients	640	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 28 minutes	35 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 95 minutes	117 minutes	104 minutes

Royal Prince Alfred Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2018

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 20,664 patients

Percentage of patients who spent	
r creentage or patients who spent	
four hours or less in the ED	

	Change since one year ago
19,371	7%
68%	

Same period Change since

Same period

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: October to December 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

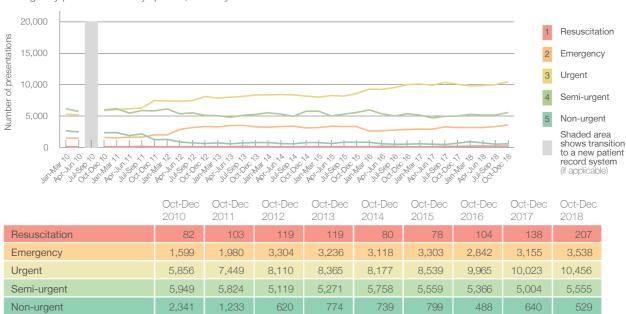
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 January 2019).

Royal Prince Alfred Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2018

				Same period last year	Change since one year ago
All presentations: 20,664 patie	ents			19,371	7%
Emergency presentations ² by	triage category: 20,2	85 patients		18,960	7%
1 Resuscitation	207 (1.0%)			138	50.0%
2 Emergency	3,53	8 (17.4%)		3,155	12.1%
3 Urgent			10,456 (51.5%)	10,023	4.3%
4 Semi-urgent		5,555 (27.4%)		5,004	11.0%
5 Non-urgent	529 (2.6%)			640	-17.3%

Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to December 2018 [‡]



17,272 17,765 17,872

18,278

18,765

18,960

Same period Change since

20,285

Royal Prince Alfred Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

16,589

15,827

October to December 2018

All emergency presentations

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 5,550 patients		5,007	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	15 minutes	15 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	29 minutes	29 minutes	0 minutes

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

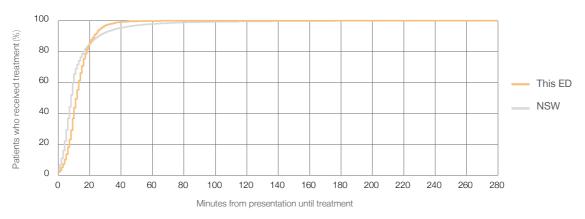
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

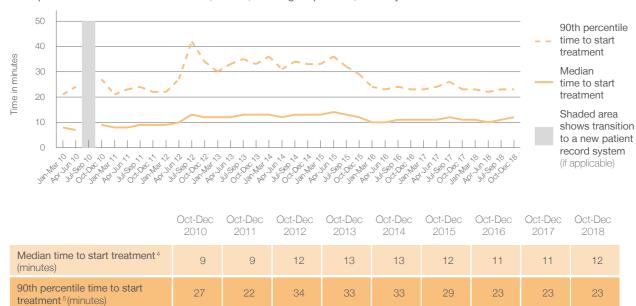
October to December 2018

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 3,538	3,155	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,534	3,149	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 12 minutes	11 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 23 minutes	23 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to December 2018 †*



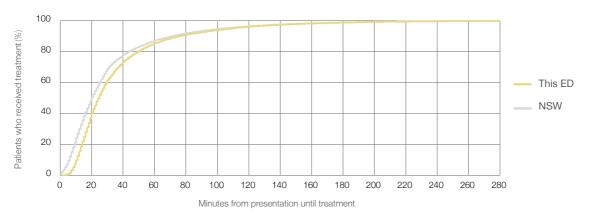
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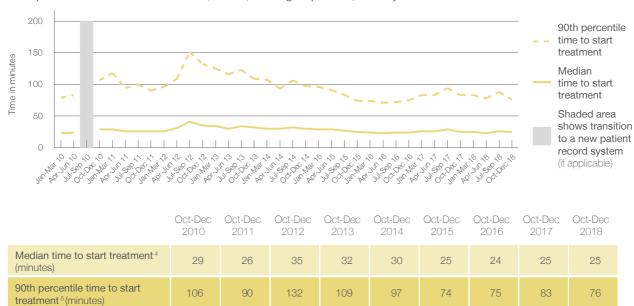
October to December 2018

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)			NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 10,456			
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 10,265			
Median time to start treatment ⁴	25 minutes	25 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	76 minutes	83 minutes	72 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to December 2018 †‡



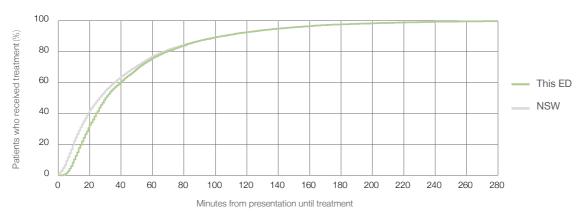
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October to December 2018

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 5,555	5,004	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 5,299	4,729	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 30 minutes	36 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 105 minutes	119 minutes	104 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to December 2018 †*



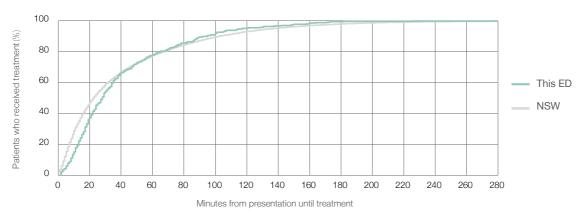
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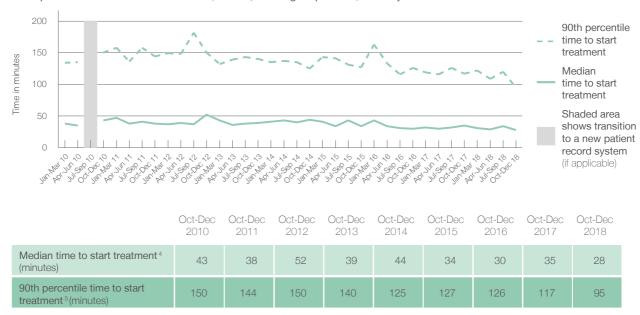
October to December 2018

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 529	640	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 384	428	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 28 minutes	35 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 95 minutes	117 minutes	104 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to December 2018 †*



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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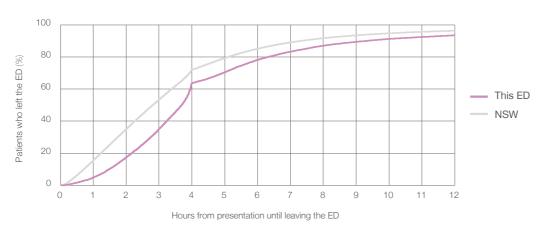
Royal Prince Alfred Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2018

All presentations: 20,664 patients Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 20,664 patients Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 41 minutes 90th percentile time spent in the ED $^{\rm 9}$ 9 hours and 19 minutes

NSW Same period (this period) last vear 19,371 19.371 3 hours and 2 hours and 49 minutes 8 hours and 7 hours and 49 minutes 19 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2018



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2018

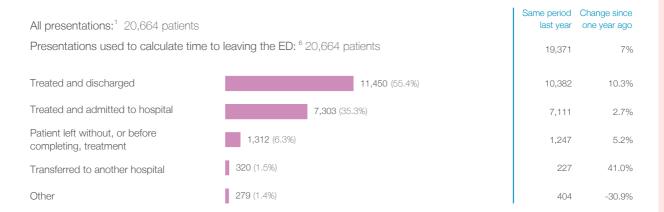


^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

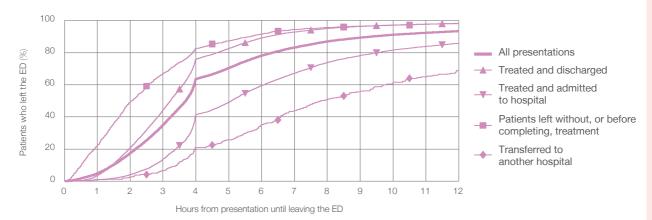
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Royal Prince Alfred Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2018



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2018 **



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	3.6%	20.9%	44.4%	75.9%	89.2%	95.1%	97.2%	98.3%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.8%	4.0%	13.7%	41.5%	59.6%	73.9%	81.7%	85.9%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	22.3%	49.5%	67.0%	82.7%	91.6%	95.7%	97.1%	98.1%
Transferred to another hospital	0.9%	2.5%	6.6%	20.9%	35.3%	50.6%	61.6%	69.1%
All presentations	4.9%	17.5%	35.1%	63.7%	78.2%	87.0%	91.2%	93.5%

 $^{(\}dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Royal Prince Alfred Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

October to December 2018

All presentations at the emergency department: 1 20,664 patients

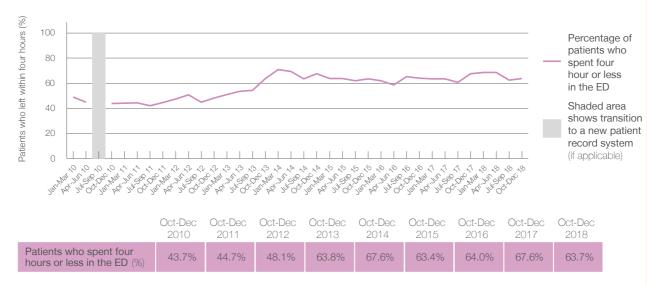
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 20,664 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED



	Change since one year ago
19,371	7%
19,371	7%
67.6%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2018 †*



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: October to December 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 January 2019).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 22 January 2019).