Queanbeyan Health Service: Emergency department (ED) overview January to March 2016

	Same period last year	Change since one year ago
All attendances:1 4,621 patients	4,328	7%
Emergency attendances: ² 4,476 patients	4,189	7%

Queanbeyan Health Service: Time from presentation to treatment³

January to March 2016 Same period NSW last year (this period) Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 255 patients 298 8 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 9 minutes 8 minutes 29 minutes 95th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 42 minutes 35 minutes Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,154 patients 1,100 22 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 22 minutes 20 minutes 90 minutes 95th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 98 minutes 99 minutes Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 2,236 patients 2.062 30 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 29 minutes 26 minutes 138 minutes 95th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 165 minutes 137 minutes Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 831 patients 729 30 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 23 minutes 29 minutes 153 minutes 95th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 182 minutes 135 minutes

Queanbeyan Health Service: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

January to March 2016			last year	one year ago	
Attendances used to calculate time to le	eaving the ED:6 4,621 patients		4,328	7%	
Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours		83%	77%		

* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All attendances that have a departure time.

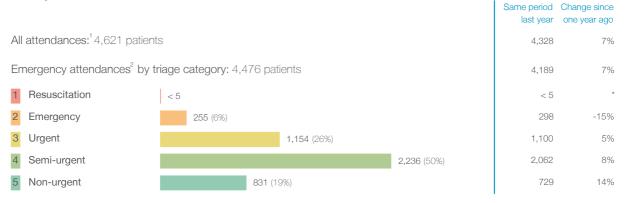
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 April 2016).

Same period Change since

Queanbeyan Health Service: Patients attending the emergency department

January to March 2016



Emergency attendances² by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016^{‡§}



	Jan-Mar 2011	Jan-Mar 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Jan-Mar 2014	Jan-Mar 2015	Jan-Mar 2016
Resuscitation			5	7	< 5	< 5
Emergency			361	270	298	255
Urgent			1,019	1,090	1,100	1,154
Semi-urgent			1,722	1,919	2,062	2,236
Non-urgent			1,064	790	729	831
All emergency attendances			4,171	4,076	4,189	4,476

Queanbeyan Health Service: Patients arriving by ambulance

January to March 2016		Same period last year	Change since one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	sfer of care time: 7 331 patients **	435	
ED Transfer of care time $\$$			
Median time	12 minutes	12 minutes	0 minutes
95th percentile time	32 minutes	33 minutes	-1 minute

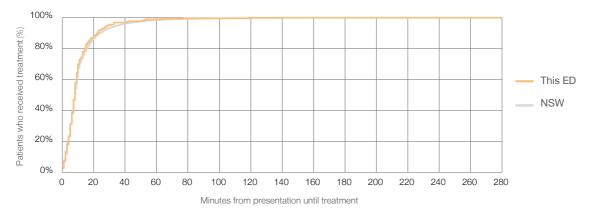
(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

- (‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- (§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- (**) Interpret with caution: total ambulance arrivals include more than 30% of records for which transfer of care time cannot be calculated.
- (§) For some smaller NSW hospitals, transfer of care times reported in Hospital Quarterly are being assessed for data quality and results should be interpreted with caution.

Queanbeyan Health Service: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 2 January to March 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 255	298	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time. ³ 249	294	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 29 minutes	42 minutes	35 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2011 to March 2016^{1+§}



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

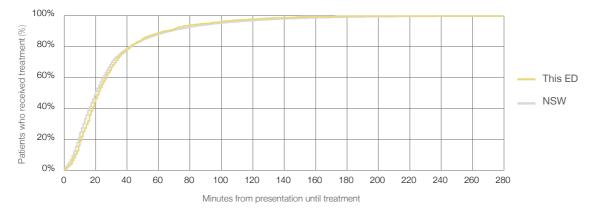
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Queanbeyan Health Service: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 3 January to March 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,154	1,100	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 1,107	1,080	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 22 minutes	22 minutes	20 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 90 minutes	98 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2011 to March 2016^{1+§}



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

District group 2 hospitals (C2) southern NSW Local Health District

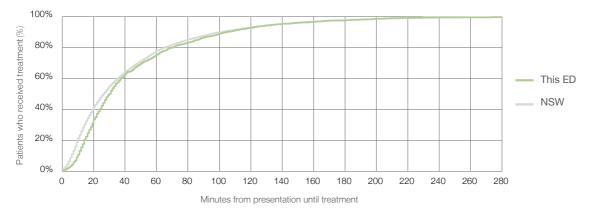
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Queanbeyan Health Service: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 4 January to March 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 2,236	2,062	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 2,022	1,888	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 30 minutes	29 minutes	26 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 138 minutes	165 minutes	137 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2011 to March 2016^{++§}



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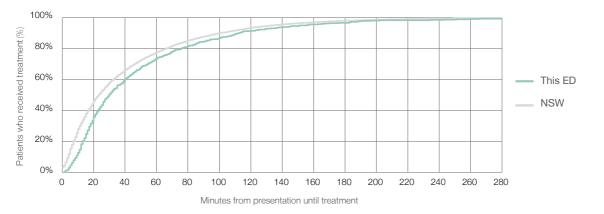
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Queanbeyan Health Service: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 5 January to March 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 5 patients: 831		729	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 667	557		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 30 minutes		29 minutes	23 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	153 minutes	182 minutes	135 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2011 to March 2016^{1+§}



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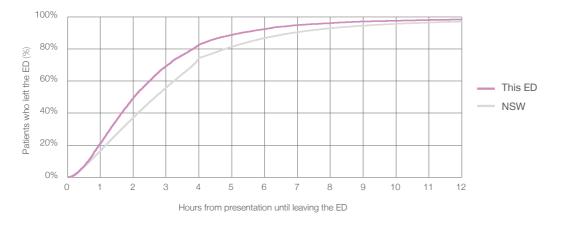
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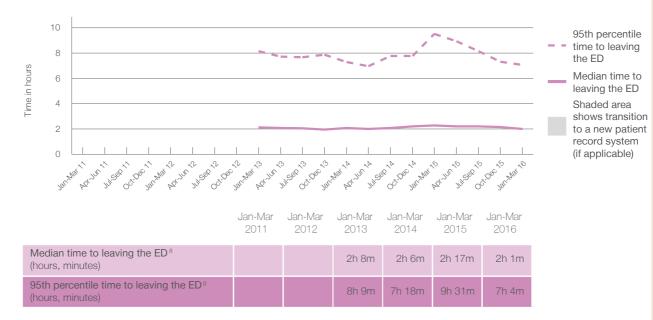
Queanbeyan Health Service: Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2016

NSW Same period last vear (this period) All attendances:1 4,621 patients 4,328 Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 4,621 patients 4,328 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time to leaving the ED⁸ 2 hours and 1 minutes 17 minutes 40 minutes 9 hours and 9 hours and 95th percentile time to leaving the ED⁹ 7 hours and 4 minutes 31 minutes 25 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until leaving the ED, by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016 $^{^{\pm\pm\$}}$



(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

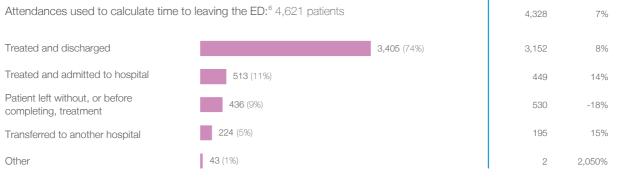
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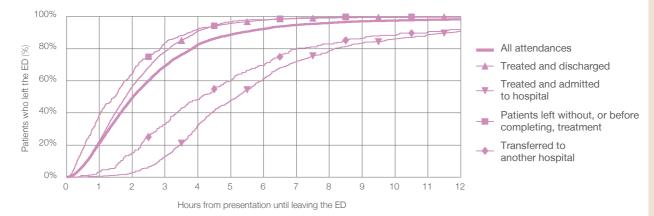
last year one year ago

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

Queanbeyan Health Service: Time from presentation until leaving the ED By mode of separation January to March 2016 Same period Change since All attendances:1 4,621 patients



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2016^{†‡ §}



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	23%	57%	78%	91%	98%	99%	100%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1%	3%	13%	32%	61%	79%	86%	91%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	39%	64%	84%	92%	98%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	3%	15%	33%	48%	70%	83%	88%	92%
All attendances	21%	49%	69%	83%	92%	96%	98%	98%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after (\pm) transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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7%

7%

77%

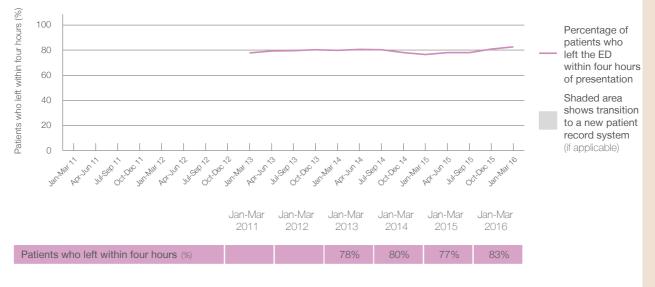
More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

Queanbeyan Health Service: Time from presentation until leaving the ED Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours of presentation January to March 2016 Same period Change since last vear one vear ado All attendances: 1 4,621 patients 4 328 Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 4,621 patients 4.328

Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours

Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours of presentation, by guarter, January 2011 to March 2016¹¹⁸

83%



- Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before ± and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- § Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time
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- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All attendances that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients left the ED. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer 9. than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED. Note: All percentages rounded to whole numbers and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 April 2016) Sources: