NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

Sutherland Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview January to March 2016

	last year	one year ago
All attendances: 1 13,003 patients	12,505	4%
Emergency attendances: ² 12,910 patients	12,375	4%

Sutherland Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment³

January to March 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,587 patients	1,802	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	14 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 41 minutes	42 minutes	35 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 5,063 patients	4,871	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 28 minutes	28 minutes	20 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 82 minutes	79 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 5,079 patients	4,629	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 31 minutes	29 minutes	26 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 93 minutes	91 minutes	137 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,140 patients	1,008	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 29 minutes	26 minutes	23 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	98 minutes	135 minutes

Sutherland Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 13,003 patients

	0	
Percentage of patients who		
9 1		74%
left the ED within four hours		7470

Change since	Same period	
one year ago	last year	
4%	12,505	
	74%	

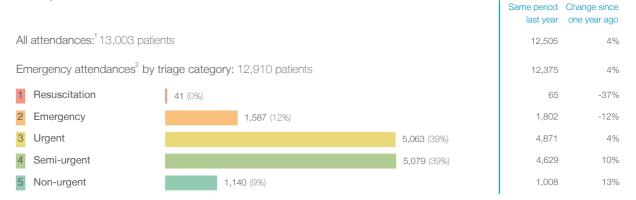
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All attendances that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

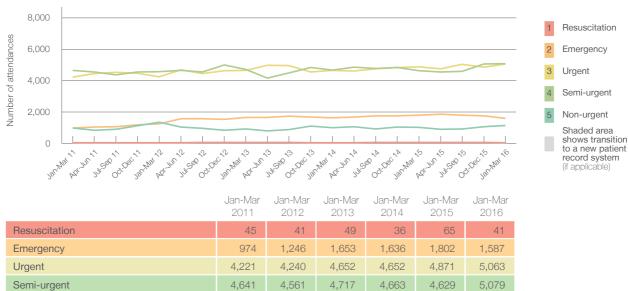
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 April 2016).

Sutherland Hospital: Patients attending the emergency department

January to March 2016



Emergency attendances² by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016[‡]



907

11,986

11,978

Sutherland Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

10.862

January to March 2016

All emergency attendances

Non-urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate tran-	sfer of care time: 7 3,205 patients	3,079	
ED Transfer of care time §			
Median time	13 minutes	14 minutes	-1 minute
95th percentile time	33 minutes	43 minutes	-10 minutes

11,425

1,008

12,375

1.140

12,910

Same period Change since

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

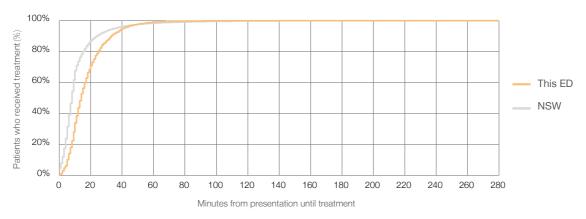
^(§) For some smaller NSW hospitals, transfer of care times reported in Hospital Quarterly are being assessed for data quality and results should be interpreted with caution.

Sutherland Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 2

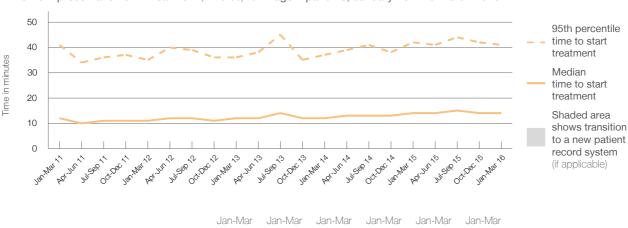
January to March 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,587	1,802	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,580	1,799	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 14 minutes	14 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 41 minutes	42 minutes	35 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2011 to March 2016



	Jan-Mar 2011	Jan-Mar 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Jan-Mar 2014	Jan-Mar 2015	Jan-Mar 2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	12	11	12	12	14	14
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	41	35	36	37	42	41

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

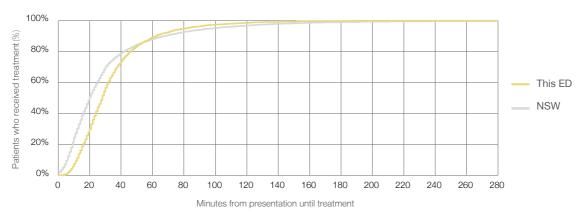
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Sutherland Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 3

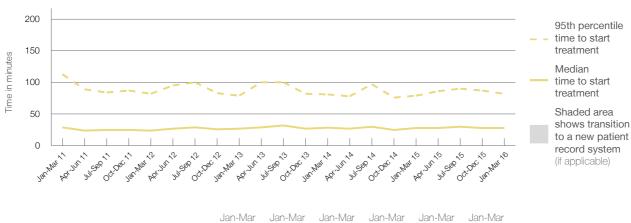
January to March 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 5,063	4,871	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 5,002	4,817	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 28 minutes	28 minutes	20 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 82 minutes	79 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2011 to March 2016 †‡



	Jan-Mar 2011	Jan-Mar 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Jan-Mar 2014	Jan-Mar 2015	Jan-Mar 2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	29	24	27	29	28	28
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	113	82	79	81	79	82

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

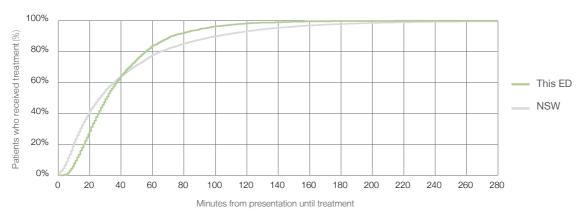
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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Sutherland Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 4 January to March 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 5,079	4,629	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 4,967	4,534	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 31 minutes	29 minutes	26 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 93 minutes	91 minutes	137 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2011 to March 2016 †‡



136

98

95th percentile time to start treatment⁵

(minutes)

97

91

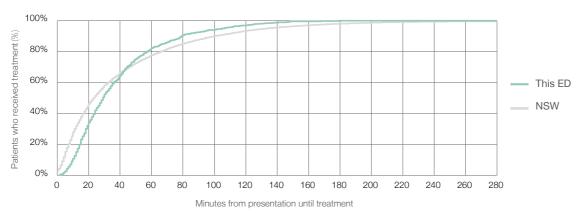
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Sutherland Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 5 January to March 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 1,140	1,008	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,069	944	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 29 minutes	26 minutes	23 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 106 minutes	98 minutes	135 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2011 to March 2016 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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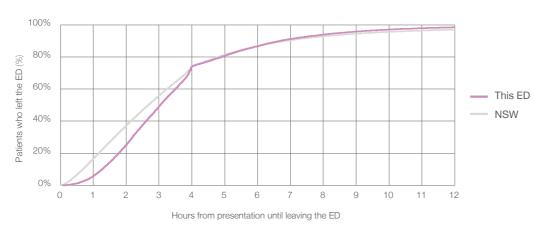
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Sutherland Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2016

All attendances: 1 13,003 patients						
Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 13,003 patients						
Median time to leaving the ED ⁸	3 hours and 3 minutes					
95th percentile time to leaving the ED ⁹	8 hours and 32 minutes					

NSW (this period)	Same period last year
	12,505
	12,505
2 hours and 40 minutes	3 hours and 4 minutes
9 hours and 25 minutes	8 hours and 26 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until leaving the ED, by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016 $^{\dagger *}$



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

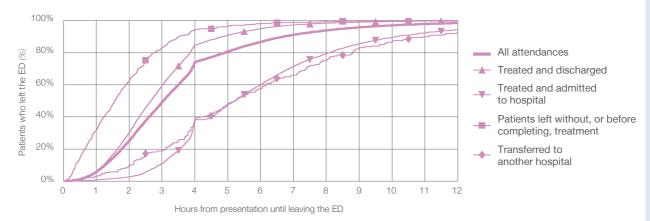
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Sutherland Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED By mode of separation January to March 2016

Same period Change since All attendances: 1 13,003 patients last year one year ago Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 13,003 patients 12,505 9,363 (72%) Treated and discharged 9.005 4% Treated and admitted to hospital 2,870 (22%) 2,777 3% Patient left without, or before 15% 441 completing, treatment 209 (2%) 227 -8% Transferred to another hospital 54 (0%) Other 55 -2%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2016 ^{†‡}



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	6%	30%	60%	85%	95%	98%	99%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1%	3%	11%	38%	60%	79%	89%	94%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	32%	63%	83%	94%	98%	99%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	3%	10%	19%	38%	57%	76%	87%	92%
All attendances	6%	25%	49%	74%	87%	94%	97%	99%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Sutherland Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours of presentation January to March 2016

All attendances: 1 13,003 patients

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 13,003 patients

Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours



Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours of presentation, by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016 †*



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED)
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All attendances that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients left the ED. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages rounded to whole numbers and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 April 2016).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 22 April 2016).