NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

Wollongong Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview January to March 2016

	last year	one year ago
All attendances: 15,983 patients	15,661	2%
Emergency attendances: ² 15,617 patients	15,131	3%

Wollongong Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment³

January to March 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,845 patients	1,809	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	10 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 35 minutes	34 minutes	35 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 6,483 patients	6,012	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 27 minutes	28 minutes	20 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	126 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 6,585 patients	6,684	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 34 minutes	37 minutes	26 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	180 minutes	137 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 578 patients	507	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 32 minutes	33 minutes	23 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	165 minutes	135 minutes

Wollongong Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 15,983 patients

	_	
Percentage of patients who		
6 1		65%
left the ED within four hours		00,0

Same period	Change since
last year	one year ago
15,661	2%
64%	

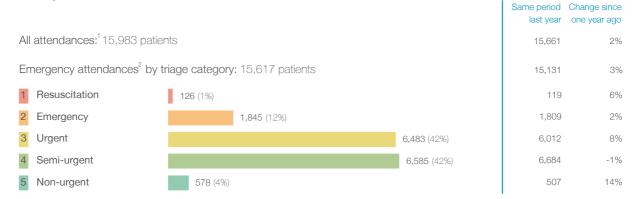
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All attendances that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

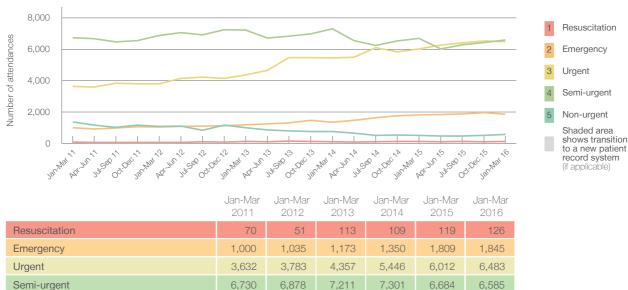
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 April 2016).

Wollongong Hospital: Patients attending the emergency department

January to March 2016



Emergency attendances² by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016[‡]



Wollongong Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

January to March 2016

All emergency attendances

Non-urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 5,301 patients		5,205	
ED Transfer of care time§			
Median time	12 minutes	12 minutes	0 minutes
95th percentile time	39 minutes	37 minutes	2 minutes

12,817

13,858

14,960

15,131

12,788

578

Same period Change since

15,617

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) For some smaller NSW hospitals, transfer of care times reported in Hospital Quarterly are being assessed for data quality and results should be interpreted with caution.

Wollongong Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 2 January to March 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)

Number of triage 2 patients: 1,845

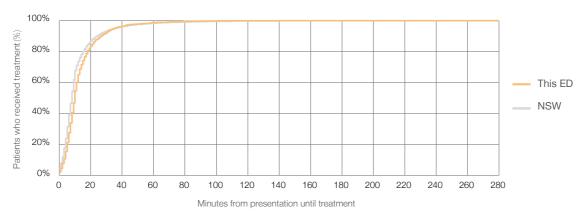
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,845

Median time to start treatment⁴ 10 minutes

95th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 35 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year
	1,809
	1,806
8 minutes	10 minutes
35 minutes	34 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2011 to March 2016



	Jan-Mar 2011	Jan-Mar 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Jan-Mar 2014	Jan-Mar 2015	Jan-Mar 2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	10	10	10	10	10	10
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	36	30	35	32	34	35

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wollongong Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 3 January to March 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)

Number of triage 3 patients: 6,483

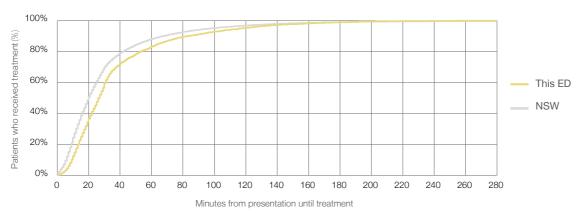
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 6,361

Median time to start treatment 2 27 minutes

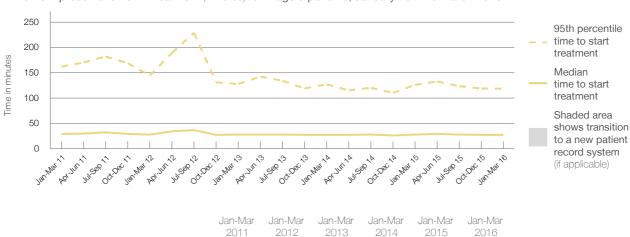
95th percentile time to start treatment 5 118 minutes

Same period last year (this period)
6,012
5,858
28 minutes 20 minutes
126 minutes 99 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2011 to March 2016



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	29	28	28	27	28	27
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	162	144	128	127	126	118

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

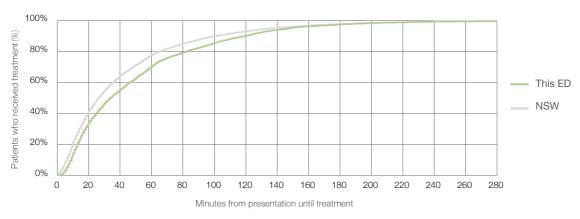
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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wollongong Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 4 January to March 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)		
Number of triage 4 patients: 6,585	6,684			
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time:3	6,192			
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 34 minutes	34 minutes			
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	148 minutes	180 minutes	137 minutes	

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2011 to March 2016 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

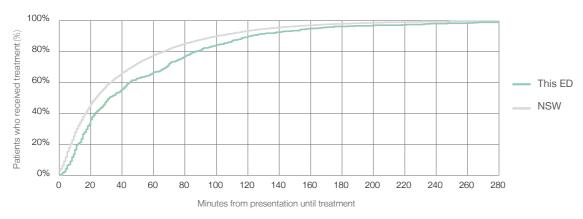
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wollongong Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 5 January to March 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 5 patients: 578	507		
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ §	418		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 32 minutes		33 minutes	23 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	161 minutes	165 minutes	135 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2011 to March 2016 **



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

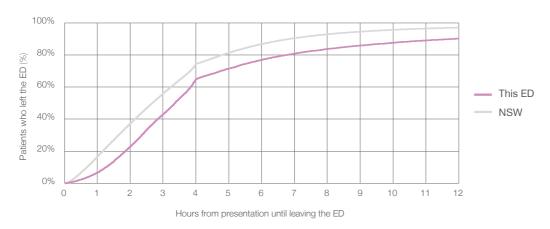
NSW

Same period

Wollongong Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2016

(this period) last vear All attendances: 1 15,983 patients 15,661 Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 15,983 patients 15,661 3 hours and 2 hours and Median time to leaving the ED⁸ 3 hours and 22 minutes 24 minutes 40 minutes 13 hours and 9 hours and 95th percentile time to leaving the ED9 18 hours and 42 minutes 52 minutes 25 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until leaving the ED, by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016 †‡

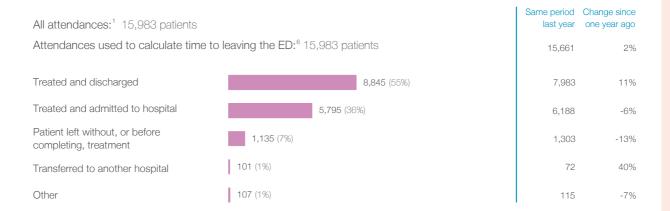


 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

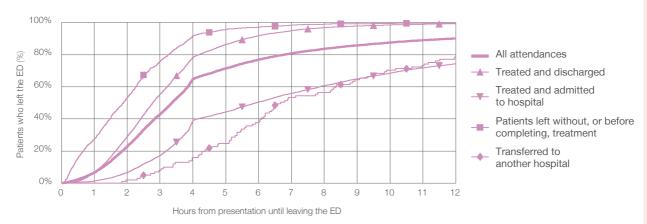
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wollongong Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED By mode of separation January to March 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2016 ^{†‡}



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	7%	29%	55%	78%	92%	97%	99%	99%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1%	7%	17%	39%	51%	61%	68%	74%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	28%	53%	76%	92%	97%	99%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	0%	2%	8%	16%	38%	56%	70%	79%
All attendances	7%	23%	43%	65%	77%	84%	88%	90%

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wollongong Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours of presentation January to March 2016

All attendances: 1 15,983 patients

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 15,983 patients

Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours

	Change since one year ago
15,661	2%
15,661	2%
64%	

Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours of presentation, by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016 †‡

65%



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
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- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All attendances that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients left the ED. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages rounded to whole numbers and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 April 2016).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 22 April 2016).