

Hospital Quarterly

Performance Profiles

Emergency Department

Western NSW Local Health District

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

Bathurst Base Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

July to September 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 6,217 patients	6,371	-2.4%
Emergency presentations: ² 6,156 patients	6,267	-1.8%

Bathurst Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment 3

July to September 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 698 patients	485	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 6 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	10 minutes	41 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,854 patients	2,316	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 16 minutes	17 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	79 minutes	103 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 3,065 patients	3,256	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	22 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	170 minutes	139 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 527 patients	194	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	14 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	111 minutes	138 minutes

Bathurst Base Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

July to September 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 6,217 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 74.4%

	one year ago
6,371	-2.4%
73.1%	

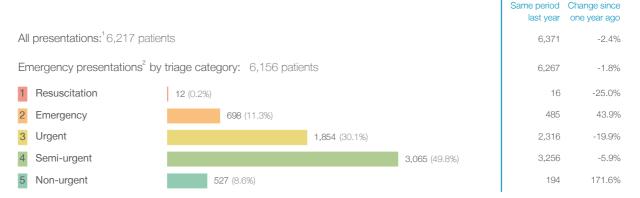
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

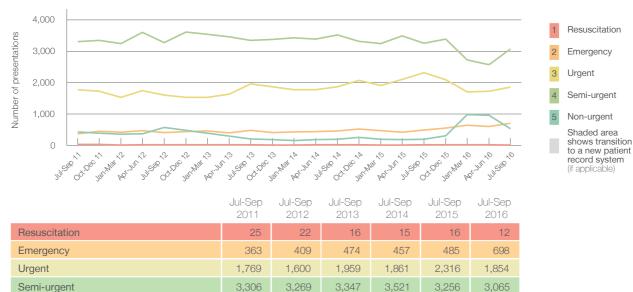
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

Bathurst Base Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

July to September 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 [‡]



196

6,050

194

6,156

Same period Change since

6,267

Bathurst Base Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

423

5,886

July to September 2016

All emergency presentations

Non-urgent

	last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 904 patients	593	
ED Transfer of care time		
Median time 16 minutes	18 minutes	-2 minutes
95th percentile time 60 minutes	92 minutes	-32 minutes

5,869

5,998

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

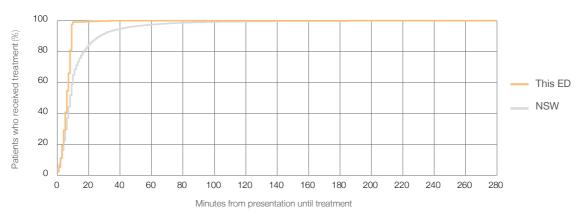
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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

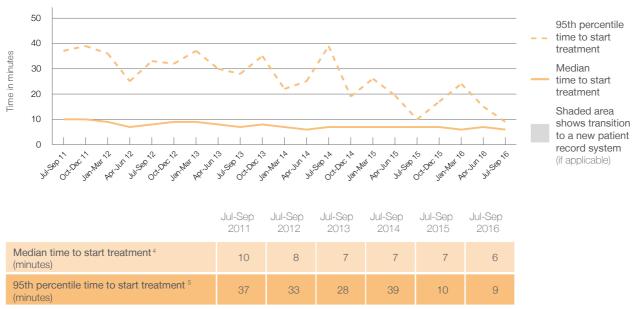
Bathurst Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 698	485	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 698	484	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 6 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 9 minutes	10 minutes	41 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



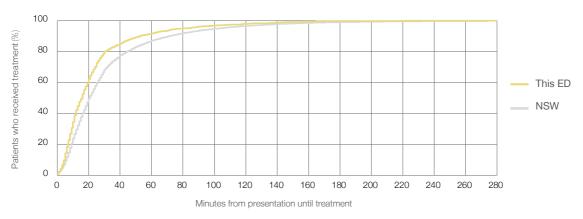
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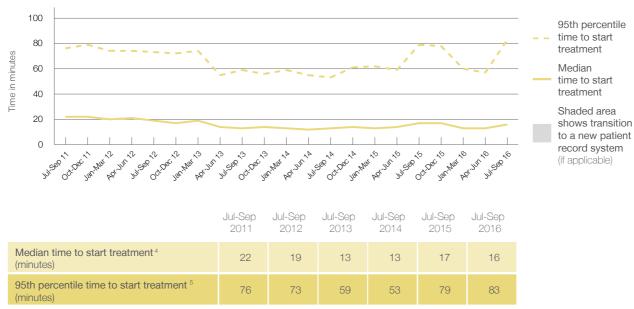
Bathurst Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 July to September 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,854	2,316	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,824	2,277	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 16 minutes	17 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 83 minutes	79 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



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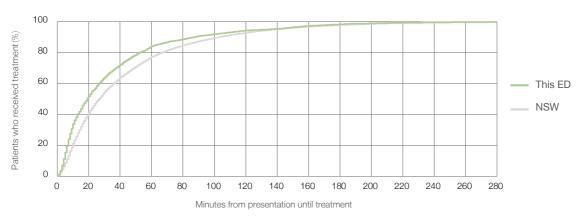
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Bathurst Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 3,065	3,256	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,888		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 19 minutes	22 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	170 minutes	139 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

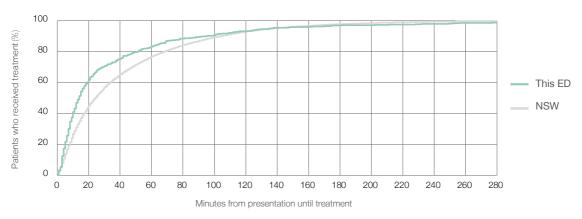
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Bathurst Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 July to September 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abras	ions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 527		194	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 466			
Median time to start treatment ⁴	ninutes	14 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	137 minutes	111 minutes	138 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



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Bathurst Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

July to September 2016

All presentations: ¹ 6,217 patients

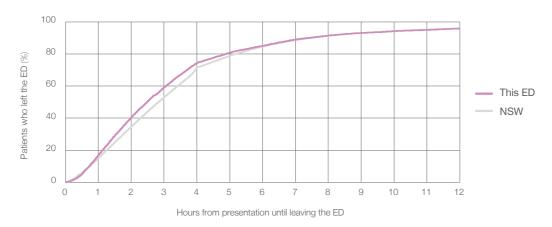
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: ⁶ 6,217 patients

Median time spent in the ED ⁸ 2 hours and 29 minutes

95th percentile time spent in the ED ⁹ 11 hours and 4 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year	
	6,371	
	6,371	
2 hours and 50 minutes	2 hours and 40 minutes	
10 hours and 43 minutes	12 hours and 49 minutes	

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016



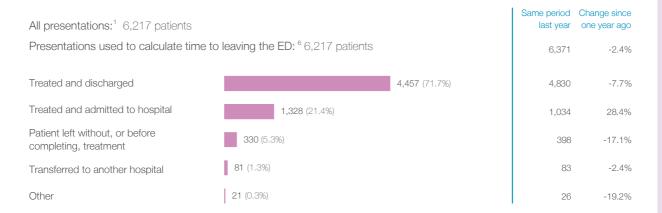
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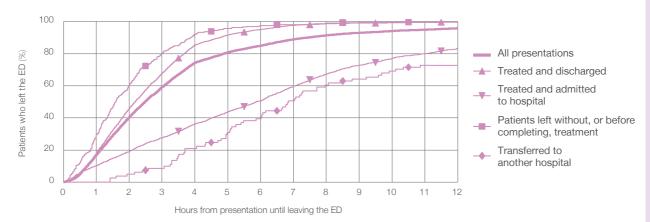
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Bathurst Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation
July to September 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2016 †‡



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	18.1%	45.8%	67.8%	85.4%	95.2%	98.7%	99.3%	99.7%
Treated and admitted to hospital	10.1%	19.0%	27.6%	36.3%	50.7%	67.2%	77.0%	83.6%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	29.4%	60.6%	80.6%	92.1%	97.3%	99.1%	99.7%	99.7%
Transferred to another hospital	0%	4.9%	8.6%	21.0%	39.5%	60.5%	69.1%	72.8%
All presentations	16.9%	40.4%	59.2%	74.4%	85.0%	91.5%	94.1%	95.9%

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Bathurst Base Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED July to September 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 16,217 patients

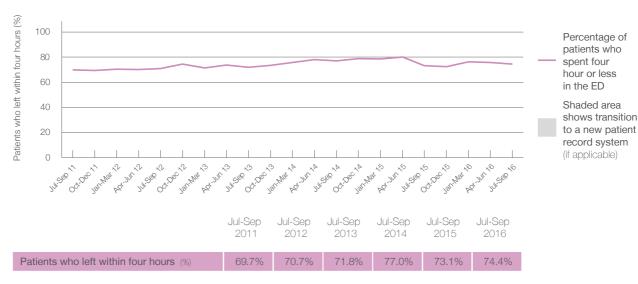
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 6,217 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

74.4%

	Change since one year ago
6,371	-2.4%
6,371	-2.4%
73.1%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 14



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize †}}$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients left the ED. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 20 October 2016).

Same period Change since

Dubbo Base Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview July to September 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 1 8,287 patients	7,512	10.3%
Emergency presentations: ² 8,022 patients	7,183	11.7%

Dubbo Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment 3

July to September 2016

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 913 patients	785	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment 5 27 minutes	34 minutes	41 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 2,884 patients	2,767	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes	27 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	121 minutes	103 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 3,438 patients	3,035	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 35 minutes	38 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	174 minutes	139 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 738 patients	562	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 34 minutes	31 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	167 minutes	138 minutes

Dubbo Base Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

July to September 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 8,285 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 69.89

	one year ago
7,511	10.3%
69.0%	

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
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- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

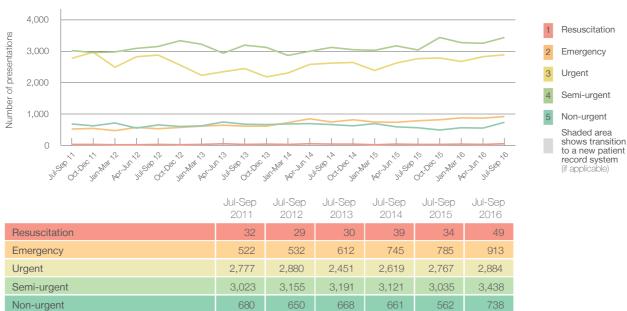
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

Same period Change since

Dubbo Base Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department July to September 2016

last year one year ago All presentations: 18,287 patients 7.512 10.3% Emergency presentations² by triage category: 8,022 patients 7,183 11.7% Resuscitation 49 (0.6%) 34 44.1% 16.3% 913 (11.4%) 785 Emergency 4.2% Urgent 2,884 (36.0%) 2.767 Semi-urgent 3,438 (42.9%) 3,035 13.3% 738 (9.2%) 562 31.3% Non-urgent

Emergency presentations² by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 [‡]



Dubbo Base Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

7,034

July to September 2016

All emergency presentations

Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 1,725 patients

ED Transfer of care time

Median time

13 minutes

47 minutes

14 minutes

-1 minutes

62 minutes

-15 minutes

7,246

6,952

7,185

8,022

Same period Change since

7,183

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

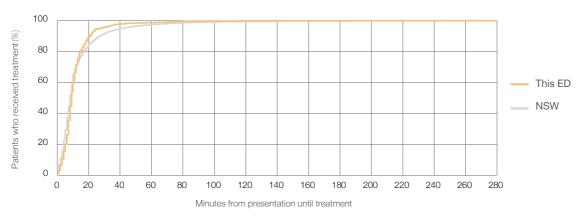
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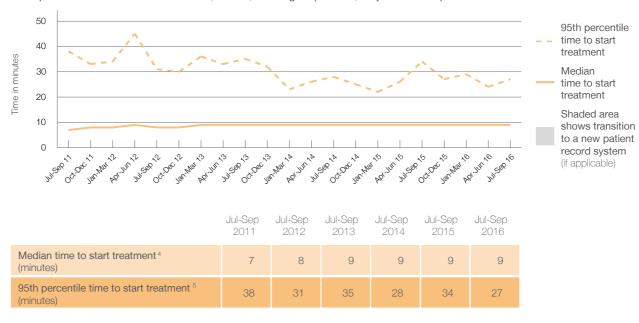
Dubbo Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 913	785	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 906	781	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 27 minutes	34 minutes	41 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



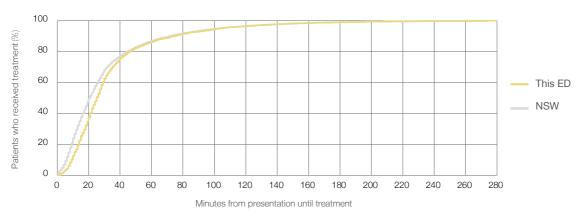
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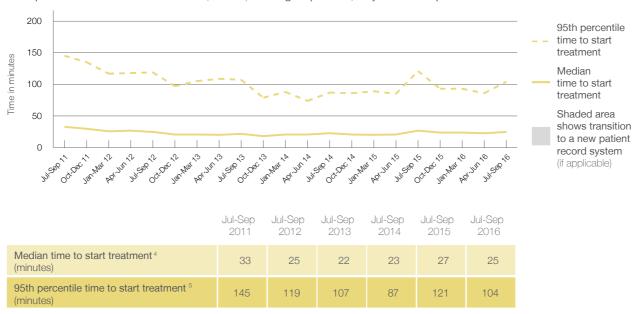
Dubbo Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 July to September 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 2,884	2,767	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,812	2,686	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes	27 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 104 minutes	121 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



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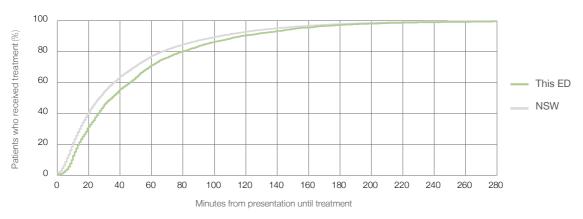
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Dubbo Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)		Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 3,438			
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 3,184			
Median time to start treatment ⁴	35 minutes	38 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	153 minutes	174 minutes	139 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

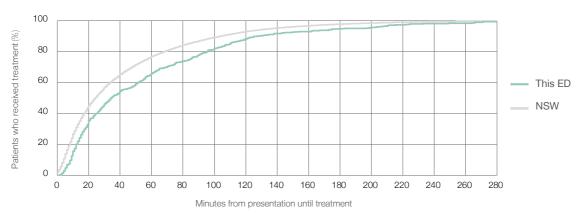
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Dubbo Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 July to September 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)		Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 738		562	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 595		439	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 34 minutes		31 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	197 minutes	167 minutes	138 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



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NSW

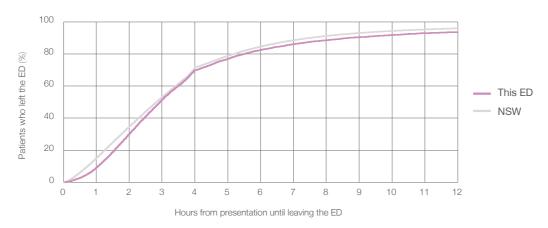
Same period

Dubbo Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

July to September 2016

(this period) last vear All presentations: 1 8,287 patients 7,512 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 8,285 patients 7.511 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 56 minutes 50 minutes 17 hours and 10 hours and 95th percentile time spent in the ED 9 14 hours and 2 minutes 6 minutes 43 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016



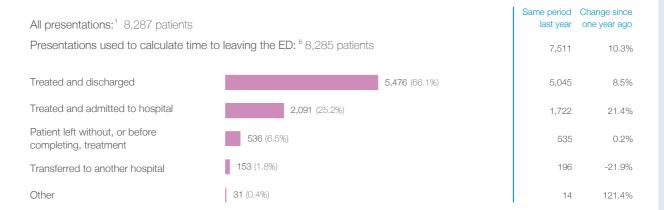
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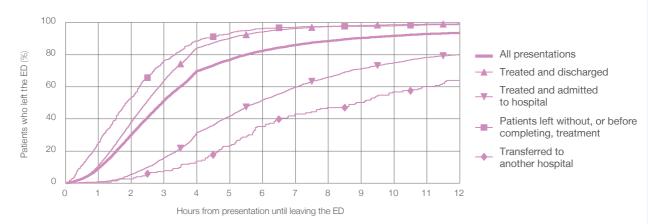
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Dubbo Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation July to September 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2016 †‡



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	10.9%	38.0%	63.8%	84.2%	94.2%	97.5%	98.7%	99.2%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.8%	5.4%	15.8%	31.4%	51.7%	66.0%	74.9%	80.2%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	25.4%	53.4%	76.3%	88.6%	96.3%	97.8%	97.9%	98.7%
Transferred to another hospital	0.7%	2.6%	7.8%	13.7%	35.3%	47.1%	56.9%	64.1%
All presentations	9.2%	30.1%	51.4%	69.8%	82.4%	88.5%	91.7%	93.7%

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Dubbo Base Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED July to September 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 18,287 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 68,285 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

69.8%

	one year ago
7,512	10.3%
7,511	10.3%
69.0%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 14



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
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Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 20 October 2016).

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

Forbes District Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview July to September 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 1,856 patients	2,512	-26.1%
Emergency presentations: 2 1,619 patients	1,964	-17.6%

Forbes District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment ³

July to September 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 87 patients	81	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 5 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment 5 *	*	41 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 270 patients	275	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 16 minutes	15 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	54 minutes	103 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 526 patients	797	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes	26 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	111 minutes	139 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 731 patients	806	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 31 minutes	23 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 209 minutes	126 minutes	138 minutes

Forbes District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

July to September 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 1,855 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 88.0

	one year ago
2,512	-26.2%
96.6%	

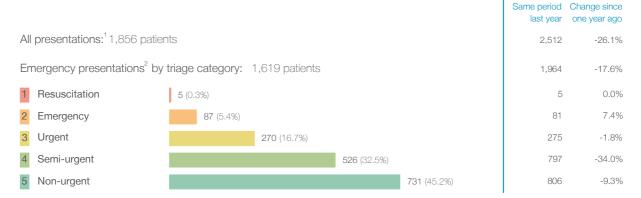
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

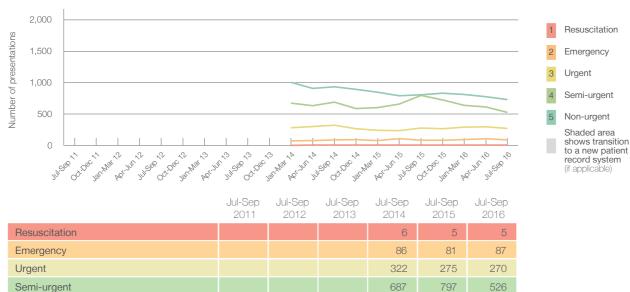
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

Forbes District Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

July to September 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 *§



Forbes District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

July to September 2016

All emergency presentations

Non-urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	er of care time: 7 145 patients	77	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	11 minutes	24 minutes	-13 minutes
95th percentile time	61 minutes	*	*

- (†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

806

1,964

1.619

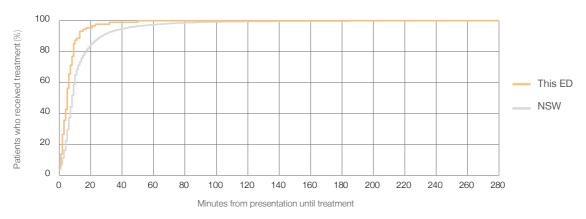
Same period Change since

2,034

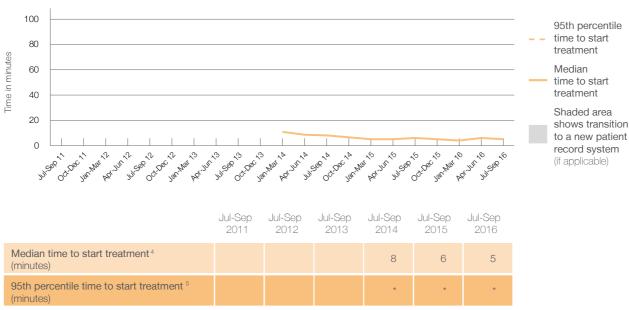
Forbes District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 87		
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 87		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 5 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ *	*	41 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 ***



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

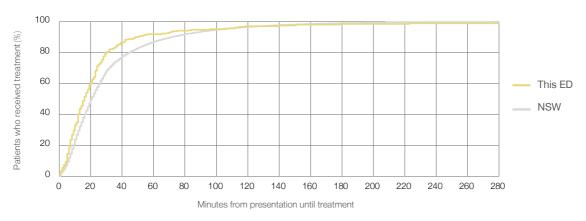
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

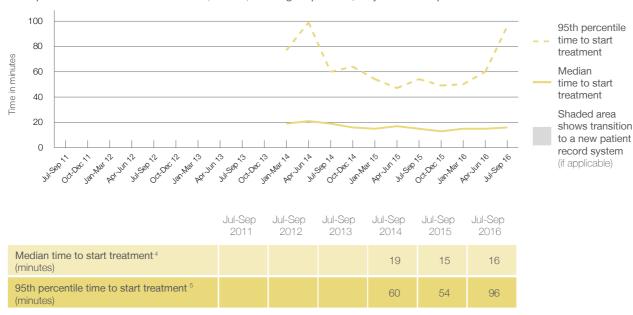
Forbes District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 July to September 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 270		
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 268		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 16 minutes	15 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 96 minutes	54 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 ***



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

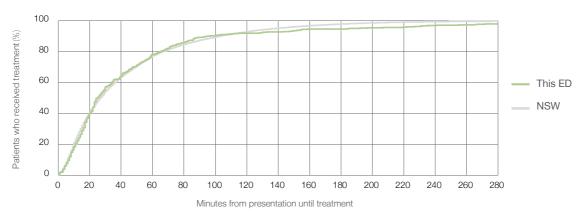
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Forbes District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)		Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 526		797	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 492		751	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes		26 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	192 minutes	111 minutes	139 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 ***



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

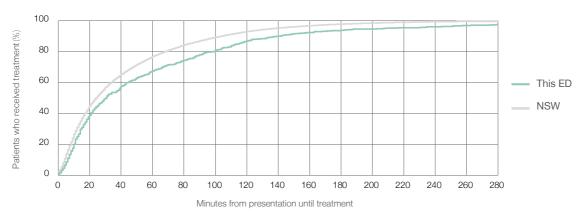
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Forbes District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 July to September 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)			NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 731			
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 639		734	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 31 minutes		23 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	209 minutes	126 minutes	138 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 ***



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

5 hours and 35 minutes

Forbes District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

July to September 2016

All presentations: 1,856 patients

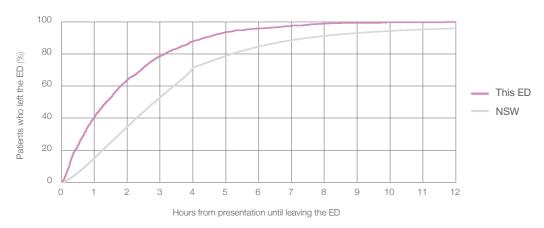
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 1,855 patients

Median time spent in the ED ⁸ 1 hours and 22 minutes

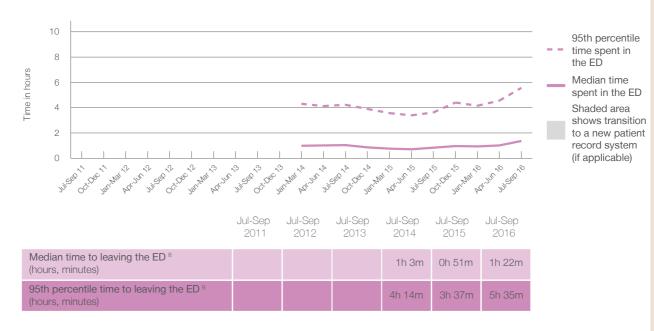
95th percentile time spent in the ED 9



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ $\;$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

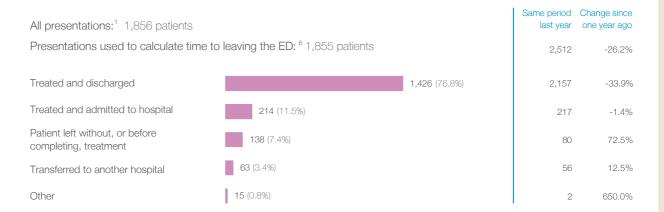
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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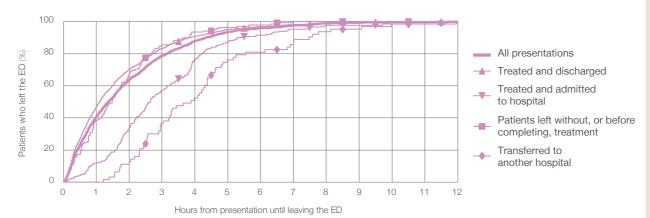
^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Forbes District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation July to September 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	46.9%	70.3%	83.2%	90.8%	96.9%	99.3%	99.9%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	11.7%	33.6%	57.5%	76.6%	91.6%	97.7%	98.6%	99.1%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	38.4%	67.4%	85.5%	93.5%	97.8%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	0%	12.7%	36.5%	52.4%	81.0%	93.7%	98.4%	100%
All presentations	40.7%	63.8%	78.7%	88.0%	95.8%	99.0%	99.7%	99.9%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Forbes District Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED July to September 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 11,856 patients

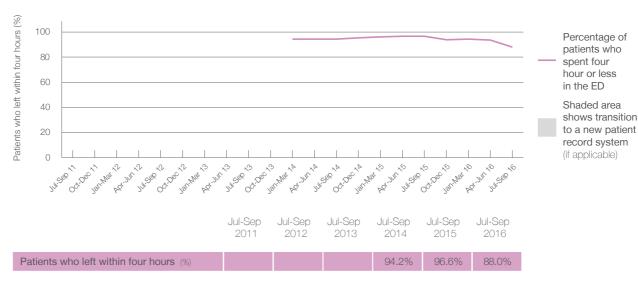
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 1,855 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

88.0%

Change since one year ago	
-26.1%	2,512
-26.2%	2,512
	96.6%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 115



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- § Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients left the ED. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 20 October 2016).

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

Mudgee District Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview July to September 2016

last year one year ago All presentations: 1 2,730 patients 3.405 -19.8% Emergency presentations: 2,547 patients 3.164 -19.5%

Mudgee District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment ³

July to September 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 234 patients	240	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	10 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment 5 31 minutes	43 minutes	41 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 593 patients	612	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 22 minutes	26 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	107 minutes	103 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 1,261 patients	1,502	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 34 minutes	42 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	162 minutes	139 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 451 patients	802	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 35 minutes	48 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	182 minutes	138 minutes

Mudgee District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED July to September 2016

Atter

Percentage of patients who spent	
9 1	86.7%
four hours or loss in the FD	00.770

			last year	one year ago
endances used to calculate time to le	aving the ED: 6 2,730 patients		3,405	-19.8%
sentage of patients who spent hours or less in the ED		86.7%	89.3%	

- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

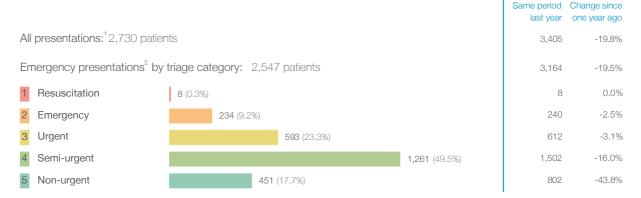
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

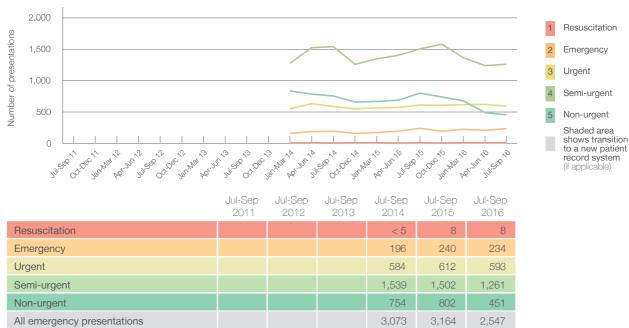
Same period Change since

Mudgee District Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

July to September 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 ^{‡§}



Mudgee District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

July to September 2016

			last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 240 patients		180		
ED Transfer of care time				
Median time	12 minutes		16 minutes	-4 minutes
95th percentile time		44 minutes	99 minutes	-55 minutes

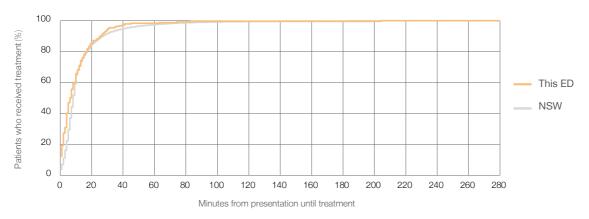
- (†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Same period Change since

Mudgee District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 234		
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 234		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	10 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 31 minutes	43 minutes	41 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 ***



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

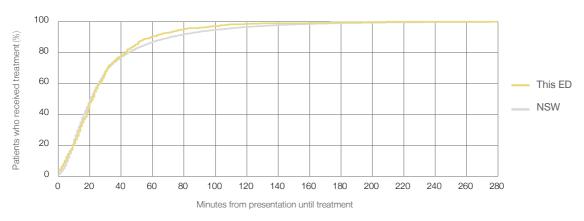
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Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Mudgee District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 July to September 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 593		
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 581		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 22 minutes	26 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 80 minutes	107 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 ***



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

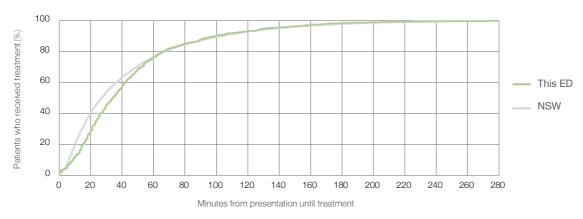
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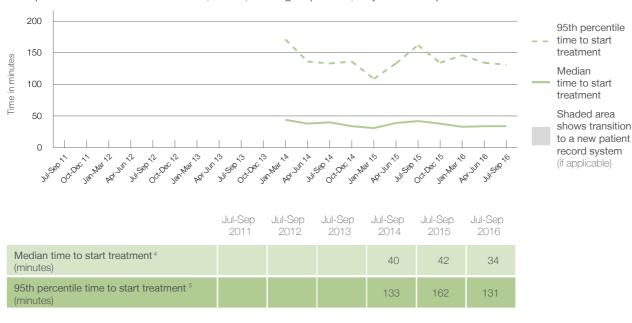
Mudgee District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)		Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 1,261		1,502	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,206		1,324	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 34 n	ninutes	42 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	131 minutes	162 minutes	139 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 ***



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

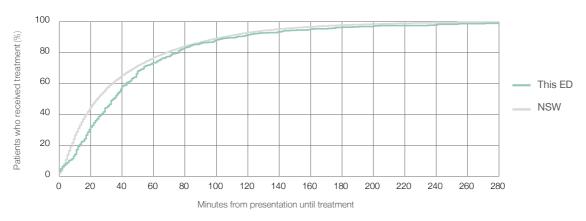
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Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Mudgee District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 July to September 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 451	802	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 385	526	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 35 minutes	48 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	nutes 182 minutes	138 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 ***



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Mudgee District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

July to September 2016

All presentations: 1 2,730 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 2,730 patients

Median time spent in the ED ⁸

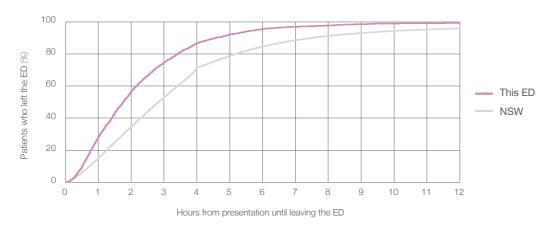
1 hours and 45 minutes

95th percentile time spent in the ED $^{\rm 9}$

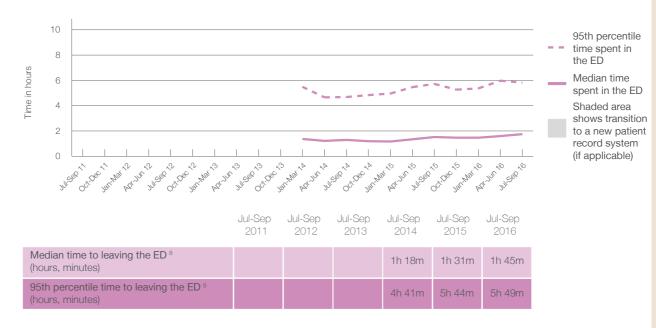




Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016



 $^{(\}dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$

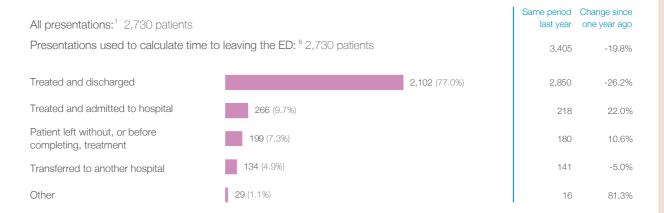
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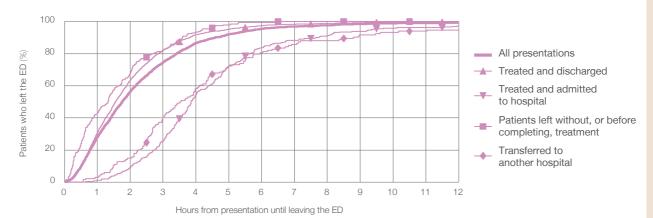
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Mudgee District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation July to September 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	31.0%	63.6%	82.2%	91.9%	97.5%	98.9%	99.6%	99.8%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.1%	9.0%	25.6%	54.5%	83.8%	91.4%	95.9%	97.4%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	43.2%	67.8%	82.4%	93.5%	99.5%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	3.0%	14.9%	41.0%	58.2%	80.6%	88.1%	93.3%	94.8%
All presentations	28.1%	56.4%	74.7%	86.7%	95.5%	97.7%	99.0%	99.3%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Mudgee District Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED July to September 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 1 2,730 patients

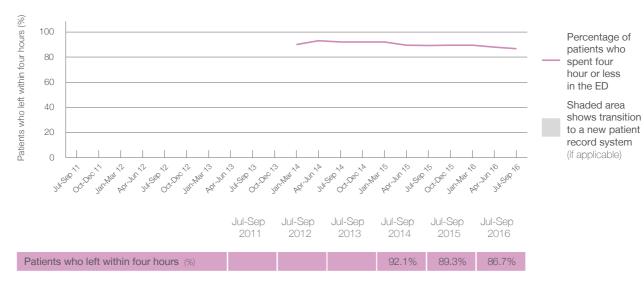
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 2,730 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

86.7%

	Change since one year ago
3,405	-19.8%
3,405	-19.8%
80 3%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 115



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- § Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients left the ED. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 20 October 2016).

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

Orange Health Service: Emergency department (ED) overview

July to September 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 7,136 patients	6,996	2.0%
Emergency presentations: ² 7,057 patients	6,891	2.4%

Orange Health Service: Time patients waited to start treatment ³

July to September 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,035 patients	828	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 5 minutes	5 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment 5 16 minutes	21 minutes	41 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,692 patients	1,545	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 16 minutes	16 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 57 minutes	65 minutes	103 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 2,688 patients	2,724	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	25 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	120 minutes	139 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,592 patients	1,724	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	21 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	149 minutes	138 minutes

Orange Health Service: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

July to September 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 7,133 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 73.9%

	Change since one year ago
6,996	2.0%
71.6%	

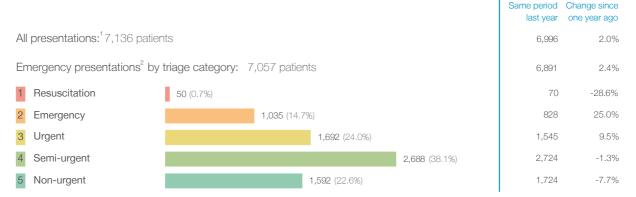
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

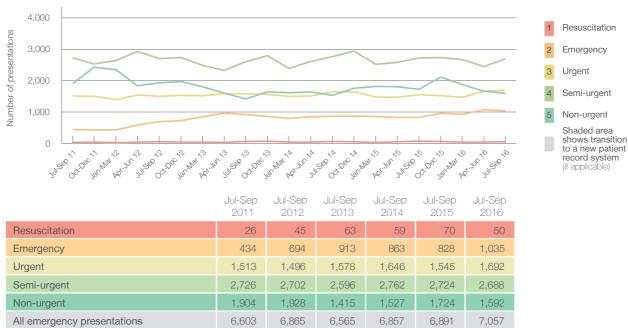
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

Orange Health Service: Patients presenting to the emergency department

July to September 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 [‡]



Orange Health Service: Patients arriving by ambulance

July to September 2016

				last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 1,397 patients		1,230			
ED Trans	sfer of care time				
Median ti	me	10 min	utes	10 minutes	0 minutes
95th perc	entile time		29 minutes	50 minutes	-21 minutes

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Same period Change since

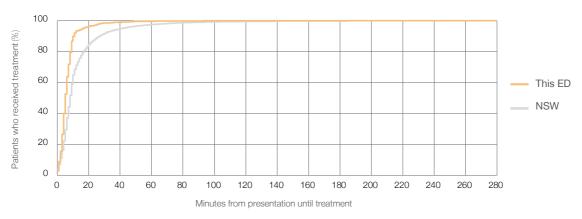
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Orange Health Service: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,035	828	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,031	827	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 5 minutes	5 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 16 minutes	21 minutes	41 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



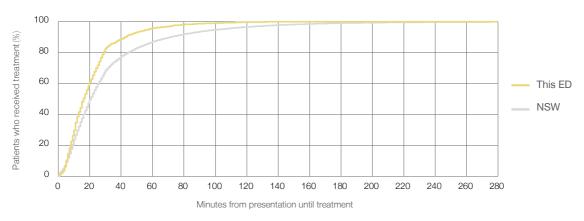
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

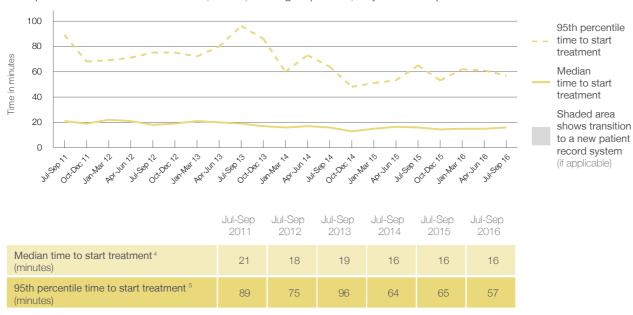
Orange Health Service: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 July to September 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,692	1,545	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,674	1,536	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 16 minutes	16 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 57 minutes	65 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



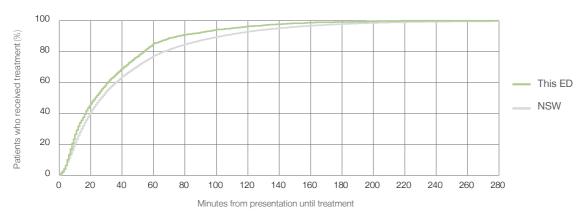
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Orange Health Service: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 2,688	2,724	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,595	2,627	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	25 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 110 minutes	120 minutes	139 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

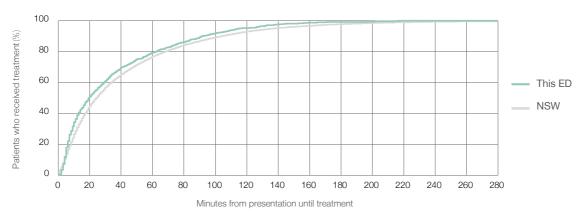
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Orange Health Service: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 July to September 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 1,592	1,724	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,505		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	21 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	149 minutes	138 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



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NSW

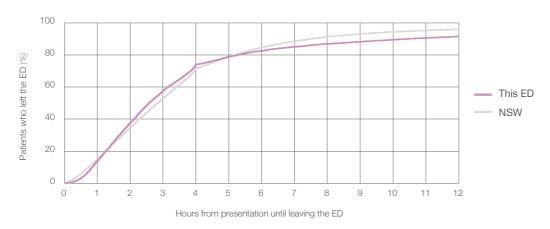
Same period

Orange Health Service: Time patients spent in the ED

July to September 2016

(this period) last vear All presentations: 1 7,136 patients 6,996 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 7,133 patients 6.996 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 34 minutes 50 minutes 21 hours and 10 hours and 95th percentile time spent in the ED 9 16 hours and 43 minutes 45 minutes 43 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 ††



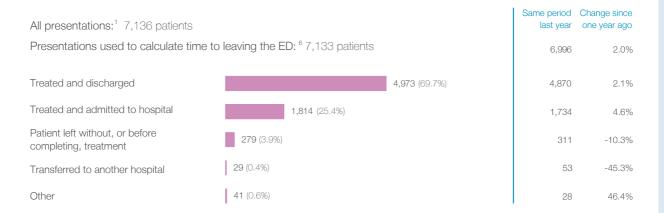
 $^{(\}dagger)$ $\;$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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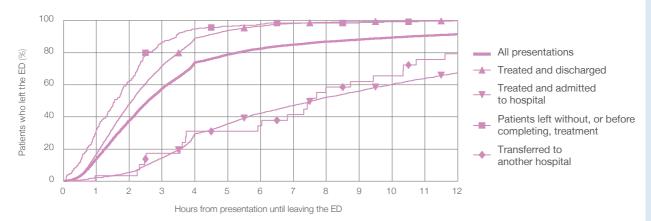
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Orange Health Service: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation July to September 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2016 †‡



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	17.0%	48.1%	71.7%	89.0%	96.5%	99.0%	99.6%	99.8%
Treated and admitted to hospital	2.1%	5.4%	14.4%	29.5%	42.3%	52.2%	60.3%	67.4%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	31.9%	62.4%	86.4%	94.6%	97.8%	98.6%	99.3%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	3.4%	3.4%	17.2%	31.0%	34.5%	58.6%	65.5%	79.3%
All presentations	13.9%	37.7%	57.6%	73.9%	82.5%	86.9%	89.5%	91.5%

 $^{(\}dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$

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Orange Health Service: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED July to September 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 17,136 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 67,133 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

73.9%

	Change since one year ago
6,996	2.0%
6,996	2.0%
71.6%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 14



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Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 20 October 2016).