From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Narrabri District Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview October to December 2016		
	Same period last year	Change since one year ago
All presentations:1 1,578 patients	1,407	12.2%
Emergency presentations: ² 1,567 patients	1,391	12.7%
Narrabri District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment ³ October to December 2016		
	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 109 patients	99	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 2 minutes	5 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 9 minutes	*	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 439 patients	345	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 13 minutes	15 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 35 minutes	41 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 699 patients	582	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	26 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 55 minutes	67 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 320 patients	365	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	15 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 55 minutes	66 minutes	103 minutes

Narrabri District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016			1	one year ago
Attendances used to calculate time to le	eaving the ED:6 1,578 patients		1,407	12.2%
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED		89.6%	90.7%	

Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

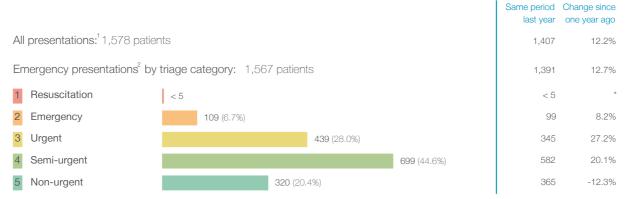
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Narrabri District Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department October to December 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016[‡]



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Resuscitation	< 5	< 5	5	< 5	< 5	< 5
Emergency	61	61	91	72	99	109
Urgent	407	365	394	454	345	439
Semi-urgent	524	574	577	634	582	699
Non-urgent	149	230	324	327	365	320
All emergency presentations	1,141	1,230	1,391	1,487	1,391	1,567

Narrabri District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2016

Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 146 patients

ED Transfer of care time

Median	time

90th percentile time

4 minutes

16 minutes

	Change since one year ago
79	
7 minutes	-3 minutes
*	*



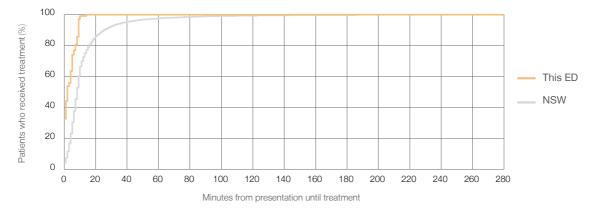
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

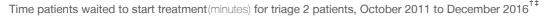
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

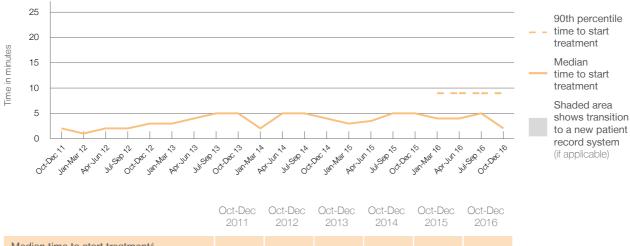
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Narrabri District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 October to December 2016 NSW Same period Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns) (this period) last year Number of triage 2 patients: 109 99 Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time:³ 104 97 Median time to start treatment⁴ 2 minutes 5 minutes 8 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 9 minutes 26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016







	2011	2012	2013	2014	2010	2010
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	2	3	5	4	5	2
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	*	*	*	*	*	9

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

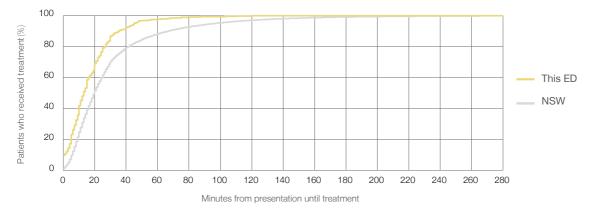
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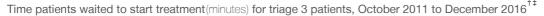
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Narrabri District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 October to December 2016 NSW Same period Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration) last year (this period) Number of triage 3 patients: 439 345 Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time:³ 434 345 Median time to start treatment⁴ 13 minutes 15 minutes 20 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 35 minutes 67 minutes 41 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016







(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

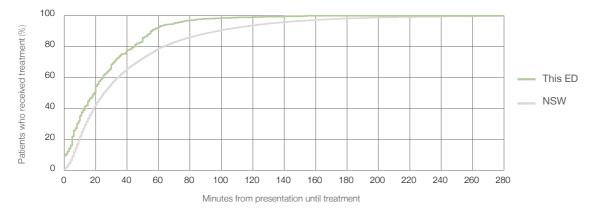
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

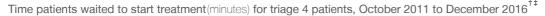
 ^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Narrabri District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2016 NSW Same period Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache) last year (this period) Number of triage 4 patients: 699 582 Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time:³ 672 570 Median time to start treatment⁴ 19 minutes 26 minutes 25 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 55 minutes 97 minutes 67 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016







Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

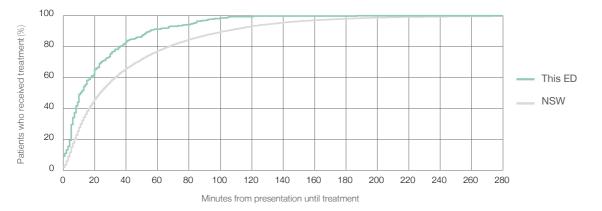
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

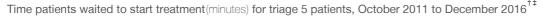
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Narrabri District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2016 NSW Same period Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions) last year (this period) Number of triage 5 patients: 320 365 Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time:³ 308 354 Median time to start treatment⁴ 11 minutes 15 minutes 24 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 55 minutes 103 minutes 66 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016







46

66

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(minutes)

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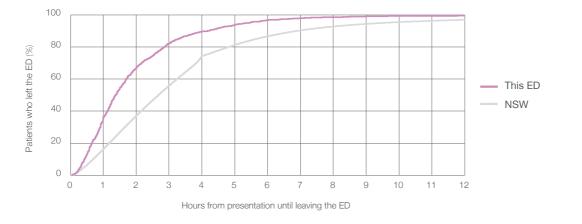
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Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016



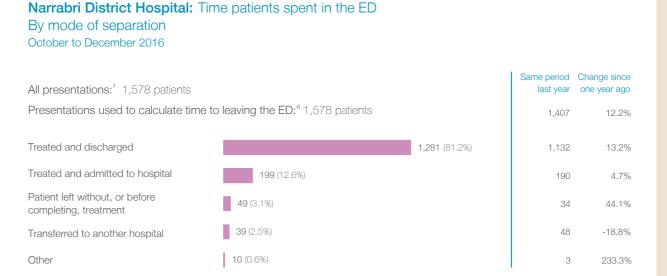
(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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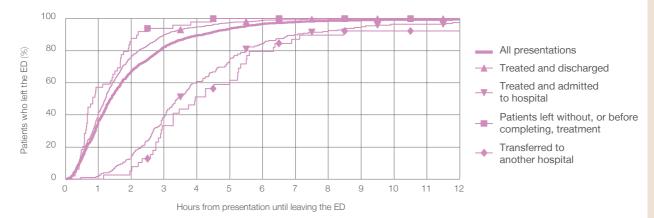
Narrabri District Hospital

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	41.5%	76.4%	89.9%	94.8%	98.9%	99.8%	99.9%	99.9%
Treated and admitted to hospital	2.0%	14.1%	38.7%	60.8%	84.4%	92.5%	96.5%	97.5%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	57.1%	87.8%	93.9%	98.0%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	0%	5.1%	33.3%	51.3%	79.5%	89.7%	92.3%	92.3%
All presentations	36.2%	67.3%	82.3%	89.6%	96.6%	98.6%	99.3%	99.4%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Narrabri District Hospital: Time spent in the EDPercentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the EDOctober to December 2016Same period last yearAll presentations at the emergency department: 1,578 patients1,407Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 1,578 patients1,407Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED89.6%90.7%90.7%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016^{†‡}



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.
 Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).

District group 2 hospitals (C2) Hunter New England Local Health District