Same period Change since

#### More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare\_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

## $\textbf{Concord Hospital:} \ \textbf{Emergency department} \ (\textbf{ED}) \ \textbf{overview}$

January to March 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 9,756 patients	9,760	-0.0%
Emergency presentations: <sup>2</sup> 9,729 patients	9,739	-0.1%

### Concord Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment<sup>3</sup>

January to March 2017

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 996 patients	957	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 8 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	15 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 3,724 patients	3,284	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 16 minutes	22 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 39 minutes	67 minutes	69 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,432 patients	4,953	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	34 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 68 minutes	111 minutes	101 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 535 patients	511	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	24 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 76 minutes	94 minutes	104 minutes

# **Concord Hospital:** Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 9,756 patients

	_	
Percentage of patients who spent		
9 1		76.8%
four hours or less in the ED		70.076

	one year ago
9,760	-0.0%
70.8%	

- \* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

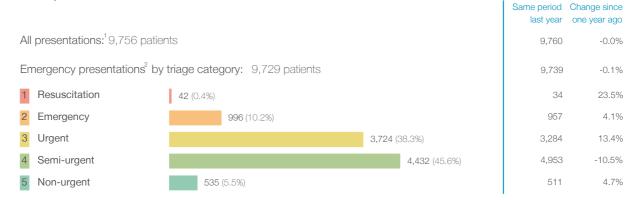
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

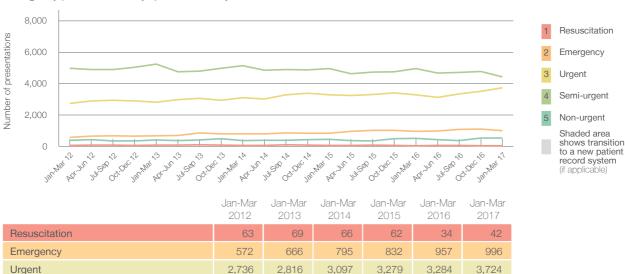
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

## **Concord Hospital:** Patients presenting to the emergency department

January to March 2017



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 <sup>‡</sup>



5,233

406

9,190

5,135

9,465

4,985

8,744

4,948

9,565

444

4,953

9,739

4,432

9,729

Same period Change since

### Concord Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

January to March 2017

All emergency presentations

Semi-urgent

Non-urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	2,087		
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	11 minutes	12 minutes	-1 minute
90th percentile time	20 minutes	20 minutes	0 minutes

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

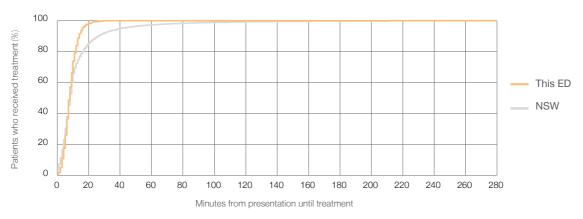
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

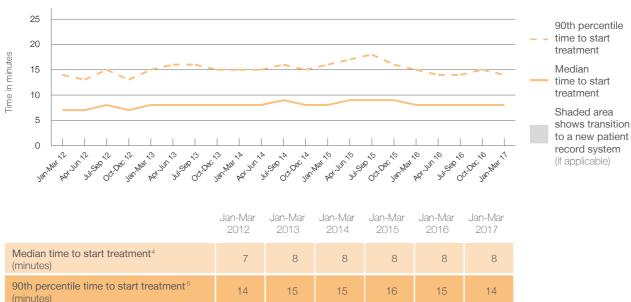
## **Concord Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 996	957	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 994	955	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 8 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 14 minutes	15 minutes	26 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

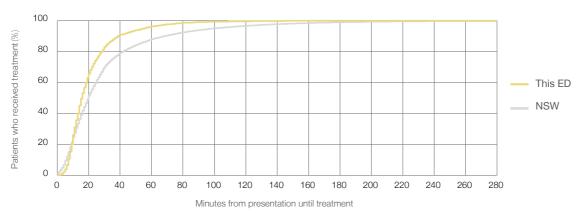
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

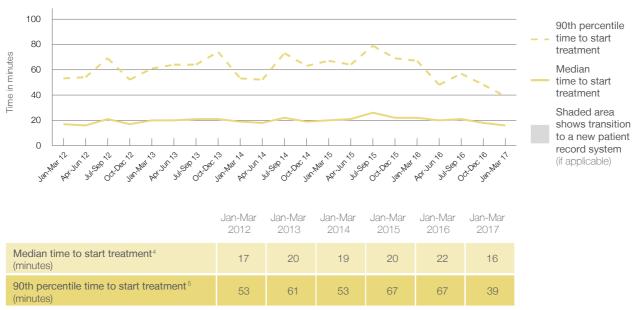
# **Concord Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)		(this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 3,724	3,284	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,657	3,221	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 16 minutes	22 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 39 minutes	67 minutes	69 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

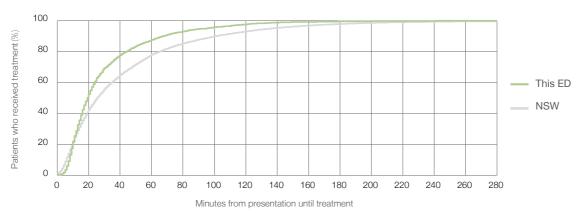
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

## **Concord Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 4,432	4,953	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 4,208	4,730	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 19 minutes	34 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 68 minutes	111 minutes	101 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

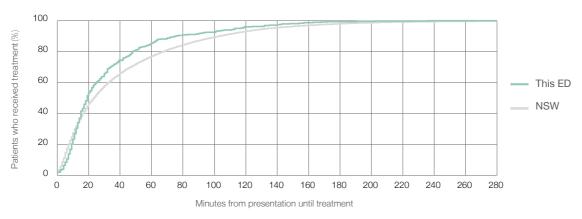
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# **Concord Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts of	or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 535		511	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calc	ulate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 457	435	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	19 minutes	24 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	76 minutes	94 minutes	104 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Concord Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

January to March 2017

All presentations: 9,756 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 9,756 patients

Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 1 minutes

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 5 hours and 48 minutes

Same period NSW (this period)

9,760

9,760

3 hours and 13 minutes

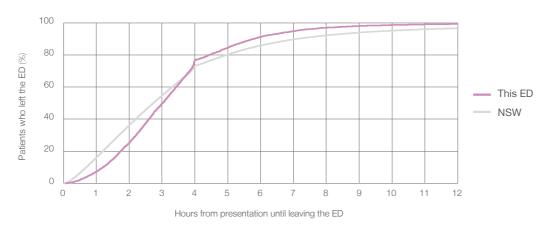
6 hours and 25 minutes

NSW (this period)

2 hours and 44 minutes

7 hours and 7 minutes

#### Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

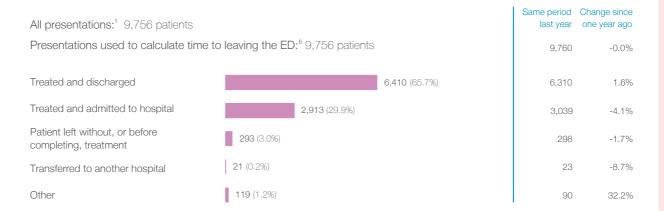
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

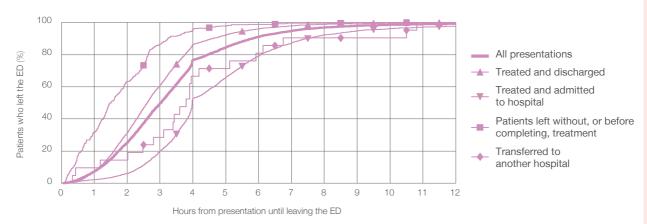
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Concord Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation January to March 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2017 <sup>†‡</sup>



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	7.6%	31.4%	61.0%	86.4%	96.1%	99.0%	99.7%	99.9%
Treated and admitted to hospital	2.2%	6.1%	19.9%	52.8%	79.2%	92.3%	96.3%	97.8%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	31.4%	63.5%	86.7%	95.9%	99.0%	99.7%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	9.5%	14.3%	28.6%	66.7%	81.0%	90.5%	90.5%	100%
All presentations	7.4%	25.3%	49.8%	76.8%	91.1%	97.0%	98.6%	99.3%

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Concord Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED January to March 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 9,756 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 9,756 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

76.8%

	Change since one year ago
9,760	-0.0%
9,760	-0.0%
70.8%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 11



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 18 April 2017).