More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

Ballina District Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview April to June 2017

	Same period last year	Change since one year ago
All presentations:1 3,993 patients	3,823	4.4%
Emergency presentations. ² 3,758 patients	3,586	4.8%

Ballina District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

April to June 2017

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 365 patients	319	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 15 minutes	22 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,179 patients	1,165	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 19 minutes	19 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 53 minutes	48 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 1,938 patients	1,791	05 minutes
Median time to start treatment.	24 minutes 98 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	96 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 271 patients	290	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	26 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 108 minutes	99 minutes	101 minutes

Ballina District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

April to June 2017			Change since one year ago	
Attendances used to calculate time to le	eaving the ED:6 3,993 patients		3,823	4.4%
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED		75.5%	73.9%	

Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016. 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Ballina District Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department April to June 2017

Same period Change since last year one year ago All presentations:¹3,993 patients 3.823 4.4% Emergency presentations² by triage category: 3,758 patients 3,586 4.8% Resuscitation 1 5 (0.1%) 21 -76.2% 14.4% 2 Emergency 319 365 (9.7%) 3 1.2% Urgent 1,179 (31.4%) 1.165 4 Semi-urgent 1,938 (51.6%) 1,791 8.2% 290 -6.6% 5 Non-urgent 271 (7.2%)

Emergency presentations² by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017[‡]



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Resuscitation			18	15	18	15	21	5
Emergency			261	294	283	316	319	365
Urgent			904	975	1,026	1,168	1,165	1,179
Semi-urgent			1,847	1,908	1,945	1,908	1,791	1,938
Non-urgent			483	395	445	373	290	271
All emergency presentations			3,513	3,587	3,717	3,780	3,586	3,758

Ballina District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

Same period Change last year one yea	
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: ⁷ 363 patients ** 211	
ED Transfer of care time	
Median time 12 minutes 12 minutes 0 mi	inutes
90th percentile time 27 minutes 33 minutes -6 mi	inutes

(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

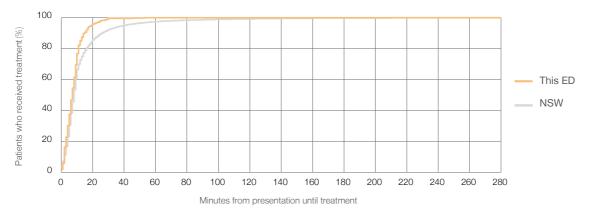
(**) Interpret with caution: total ambulance arrivals include more than 30% of records for which transfer of care time cannot be calculated.

District group 2 hospitals (C2) Northern NSW Local Health District

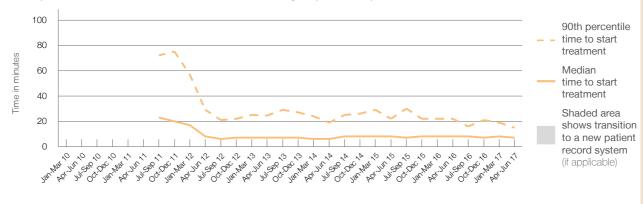
Ballina District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 April to June 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 365	319	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time:3 360	317	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 15 minutes	22 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, April 2012 to June 2017^{†‡}



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)			8	7	6	8	8	7
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)			29	25	19	22	22	15

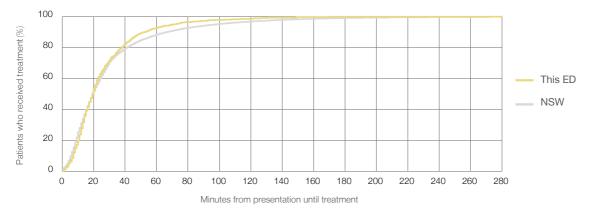
(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

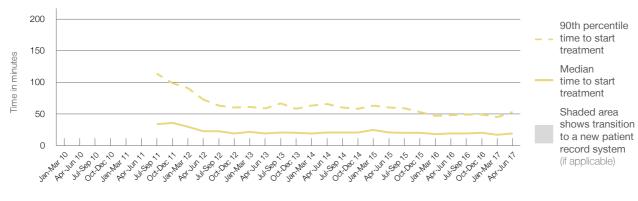
Ballina District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 April to June 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,179	1,165		
Number of triage 3 patients used to calc	1,128		
Median time to start treatment ⁴	19 minutes	19 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	53 minutes	48 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017







	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)			23	19	21	21	19	19
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)			73	59	66	60	48	53

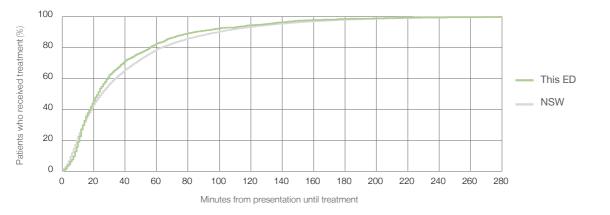
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

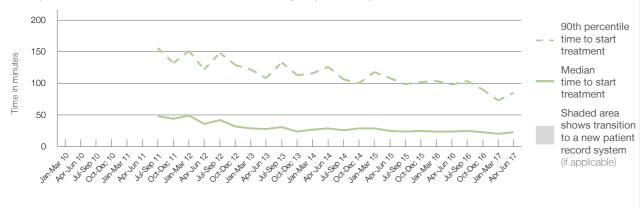
Ballina District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 April to June 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 1,938	1,791	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 1,779	1,588	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	24 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 85 minutes	98 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, April 2012 to June 2017^{†‡}



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)			36	28	29	25	24	23
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)			122	108	126	108	98	85

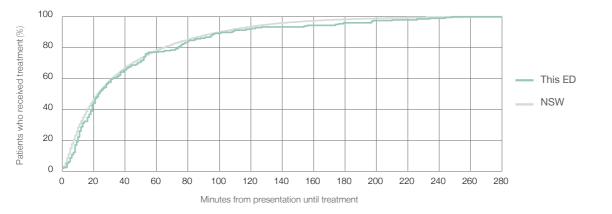
(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

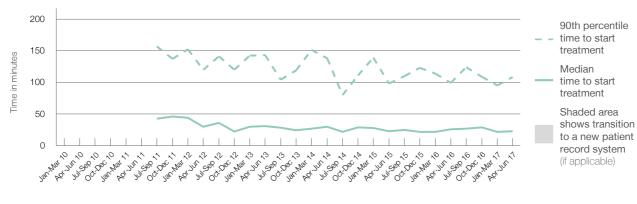
Ballina District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 April to June 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 271	290	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 195	203	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	26 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 108 minutes	99 minutes	101 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



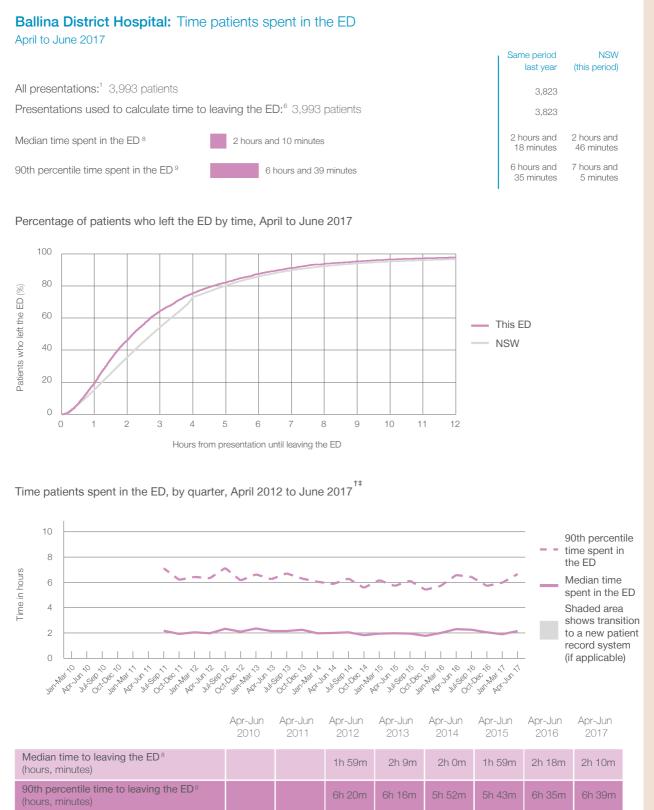




	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)			30	31	30	23	26	23
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)			120	143	138	98	99	108

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

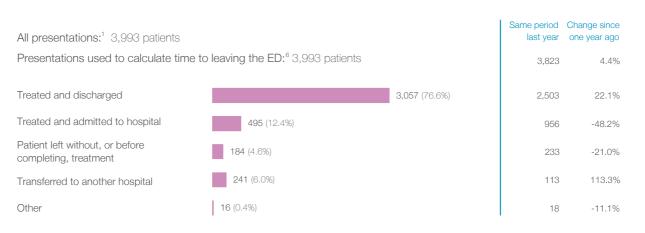


^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

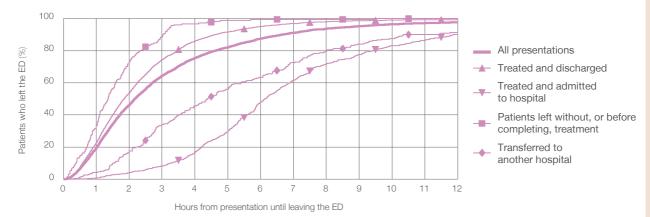
Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after (\ddagger) transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Ballina District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED By mode of separation

April to June 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, April to June 2017^{†‡}

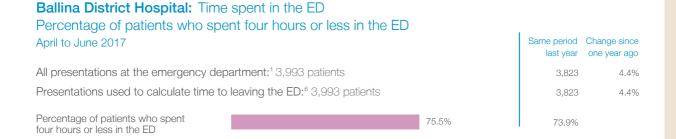


1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

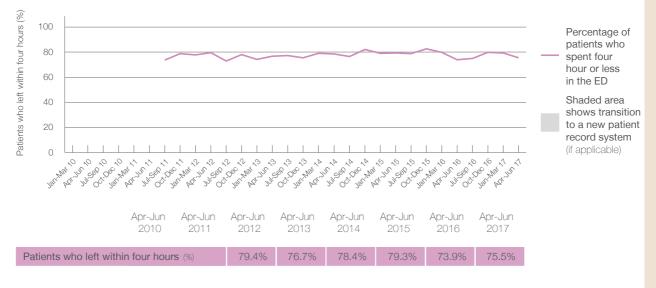
Treated and discharged	22.7%	53.7%	74.4%	86.1%	95.1%	98.0%	99.1%	99.3%
Ŭ								
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.8%	4.0%	8.1%	16.6%	48.1%	71.7%	83.2%	90.1%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	33.2%	72.8%	88.6%	96.7%	99.5%	99.5%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	4.1%	17.4%	34.0%	45.6%	63.5%	79.7%	87.6%	91.3%
All presentations	19.4%	46.2%	64.4%	75.5%	87.6%	93.7%	96.5%	97.7%

(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.



Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 ^{†‡}



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- * Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see
- Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.
 Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017)

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System(extracted 21 July 2017).