Macksville District Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview April to June 2017

		Change since one year ago
All presentations:1 3,415 patients	3,293	3.7%
Emergency presentations: ² 3,229 patients	3,038	6.3%

Macksville District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

April to June 2017		
	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 367 patients	376	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	10 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 19 minutes	23 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 990 patients	1,109	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	23 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 48 minutes	61 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 1,372 patients	1,221	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	31 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 94 minutes	114 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 489 patients	310	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	25 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 104 minutes	110 minutes	101 minutes

Macksville District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

April to June 2017			Same period last year	Change since one year ago
Attendances used to calculate time to le	eaving the ED:6 3,415 patients		3,293	3.7%
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED		89.6%	85.5%	

* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

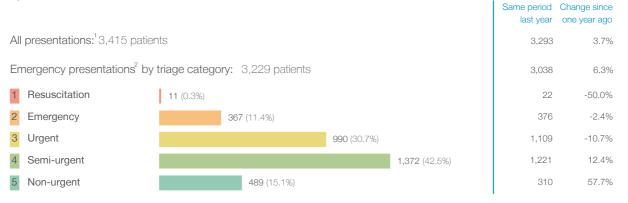
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer
- than this time.The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or
- longer than this time.6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

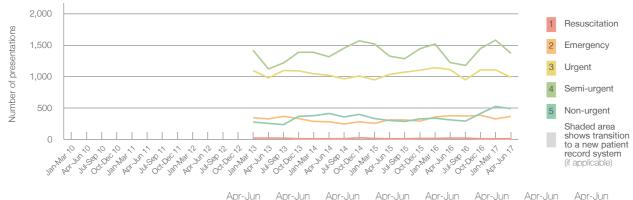
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Macksville District Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

April to June 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 ^{‡§}



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Resuscitation				20	12	10	22	11
Emergency				324	279	311	376	367
Urgent				978	1,019	1,036	1,109	990
Semi-urgent				1,121	1,313	1,326	1,221	1,372
Non-urgent				255	415	302	310	489
All emergency presentations				2,698	3,038	2,985	3,038	3,229

Macksville District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

 April to June 2017
 Same period
 Change since last year

 Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: ⁷ 479 patients
 539

 ED Transfer of care time
 11 minutes

 Median time
 11 minutes

 90th percentile time
 23 minutes

 $\left(\dagger \right)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

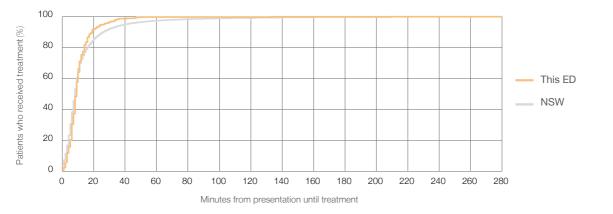
(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

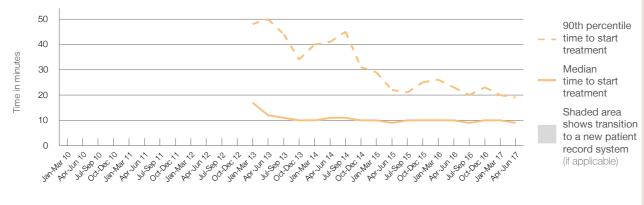
Macksville District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 April to June 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 367	376	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time:3 355	369	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	10 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 19 minutes	23 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017







	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)				12	11	9	10	9
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)				50	41	22	23	19

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

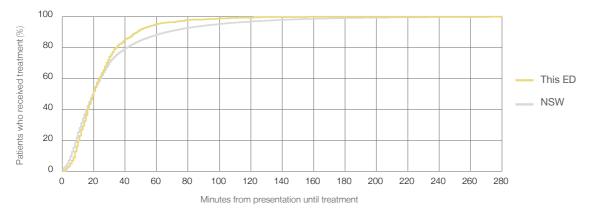
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Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. (8) For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

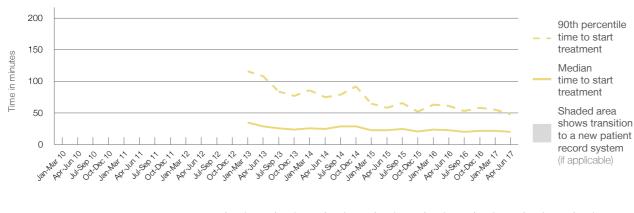
Macksville District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 April to June 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood	loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 990		1,109	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calc	ulate waiting time: ³ 971	1,067	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	20 minutes	23 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	48 minutes	61 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017







	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)				29	25	23	23	20
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)				108	75	58	61	48

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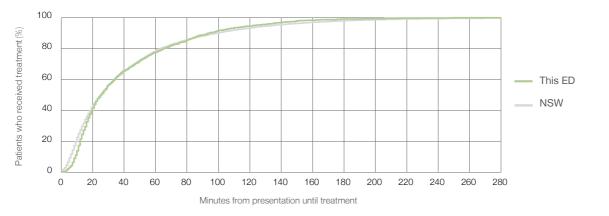
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Macksville District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 April to June 2017



Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, April 2012 to June 2017^{++\$}



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)				40	31	28	31	25
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)				146	113	101	114	94

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District group 2 hospitals (C2) Mid North Coast Local Health District

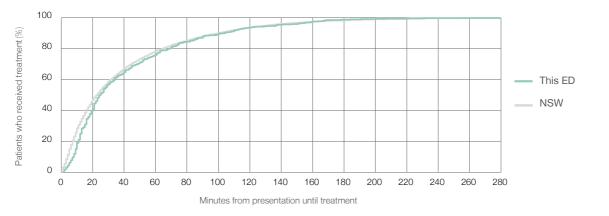
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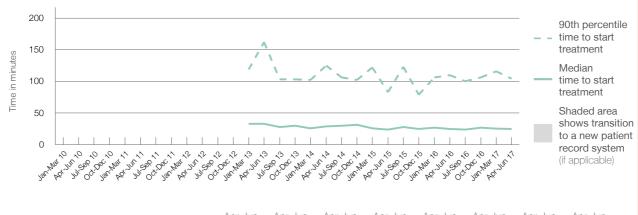
Macksville District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 April to June 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 489	310	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time:3 461	284	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	25 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 104 minutes	110 minutes	101 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017







	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)				33	29	24	25	25
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)				162	125	83	110	104

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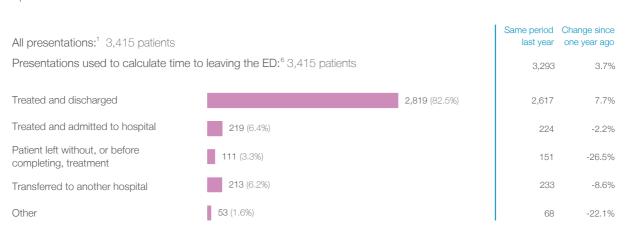
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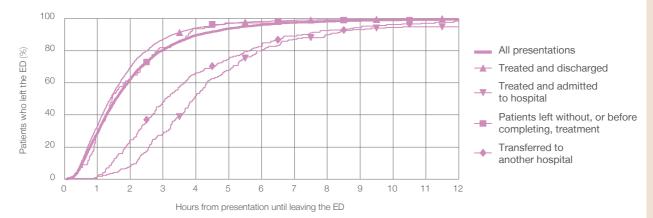
(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Macksville District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED By mode of separation

April to June 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, April to June 2017 $^{^{\dagger \pm\,\$}}$



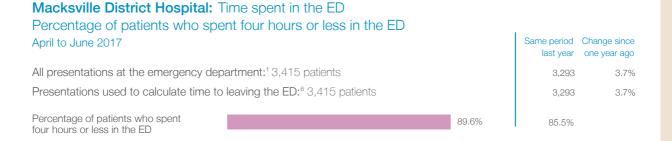
1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	33.1%	69.6%	87.1%	94.1%	98.3%	99.3%	99.7%	99.9%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.8%	7.8%	28.3%	52.1%	79.9%	90.0%	94.5%	95.0%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	27.9%	62.2%	82.0%	93.7%	97.3%	99.1%	99.1%	99.1%
Transferred to another hospital	1.9%	24.4%	47.9%	66.2%	82.6%	92.5%	96.2%	98.6%
All presentations	28.8%	62.3%	80.6%	89.6%	96.1%	98.3%	99.1%	99.5%

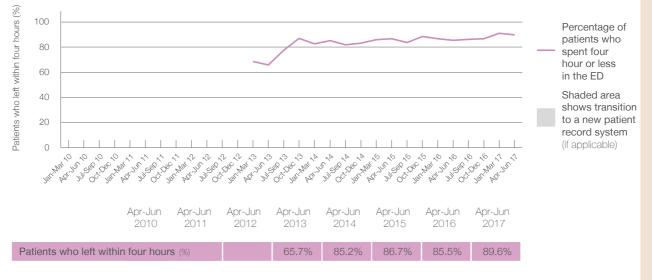
(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.



Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017¹¹⁸



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- + Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Declaration dependence to specific time measures of american dependence before 2011.
- Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
 Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information
 Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time
- measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- $\label{eq:and-emergency} \text{ and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department} (\text{ED}).$
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.
 Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017)

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 21 July 2017).