

Healthcare Quarterly

Performance Profiles

Emergency Department

Illawarra Shoalhaven Local Health District

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 1 3,531 patients	4,143	-14.8%
Emergency presentations: 2 3,418 patients	3,984	-14.2%

Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment 3

October to December 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 292 patients	283	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 6 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 17 minutes	26 minutes	23 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,228 patients	1,292	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	20 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	57 minutes	65 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 1,618 patients	2,043	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 30 minutes	30 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	81 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 255 patients	353	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 28 minutes	27 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	89 minutes	103 minutes

Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 3,530 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

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last year	one year ago
4,143	-14.8%
88.3%	

Same period Change since

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 23 January 2018).

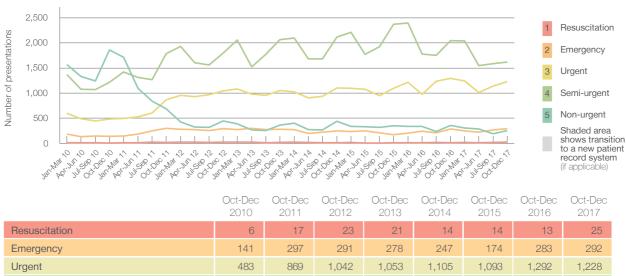
Same period Change since

Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2017

			last year	one year ago
All presentations: 3,531 patier	nts		4,143	-14.8%
Emergency presentations ² by	triage category: 3,418 patients		3,984	-14.2%
1 Resuscitation	25 (0.7%)		13	92.3%
2 Emergency	292 (8.5%)		283	3.2%
3 Urgent		1,228 (35.9%)	1,292	-5.0%
4 Semi-urgent		1,618 (47.3%)	2,043	-20.8%
5 Non-urgent	255 (7.5%)		353	-27.8%

Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017 [‡]



1,785

3,653

1,800

3,604

448

2,064

3,780

2,113

438

4,001

3,917

2,043

3,984

Same period Change since

1,618

3,418

Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

1,219

1.863

3,712

October to December 2017

All emergency presentations

Semi-urgent

Non-urgent

	last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 347 patients		
14 minutes	14 minutes	0 minutes
31 minutes	31 minutes	0 minutes
	14 minutes	fer of care time: 7 347 patients 377 14 minutes 14 minutes

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

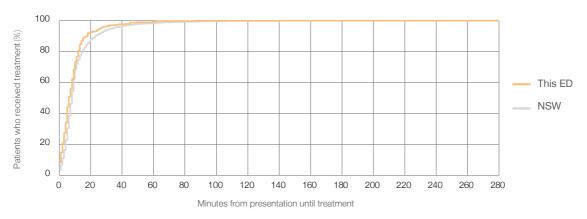
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Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2

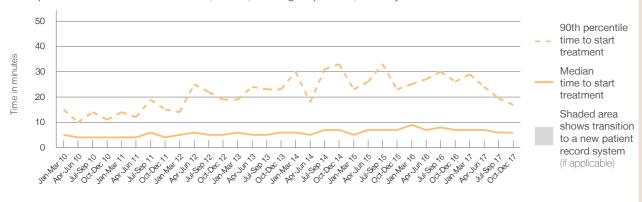
October to December 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 292	283	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 292	283	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 6 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	26 minutes	23 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 † ‡



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	4	4	5	6	7	7	7	6
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	11	15	19	23	33	23	26	17

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

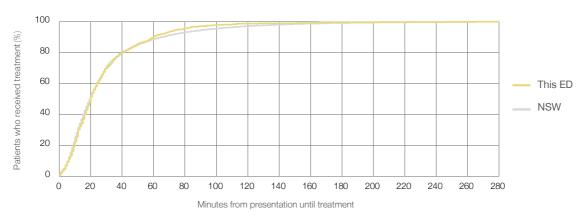
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Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

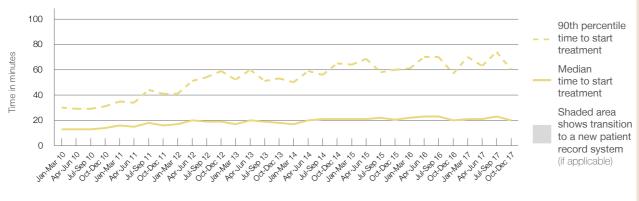
October to December 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,228	1,292	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,209	1,290	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	20 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 60 minutes	57 minutes	65 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 †‡



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
dian time to start treatment ⁴ nutes)	14	16	19	18	21	21	20	20
h percentile time to start treatment ⁵ nutes)	31	41	59	53	65	60	57	60

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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2017

Triage 4	Semi-urgent	(e.g.	sprained	ankle,	earache)

Number of triage 4 patients: 1,618

Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,558

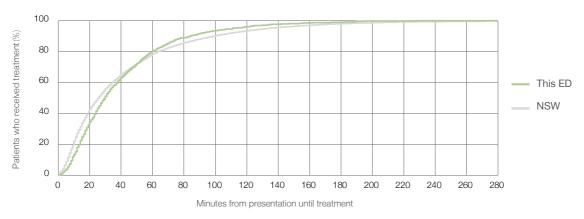
Median time to start treatment 4

90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵

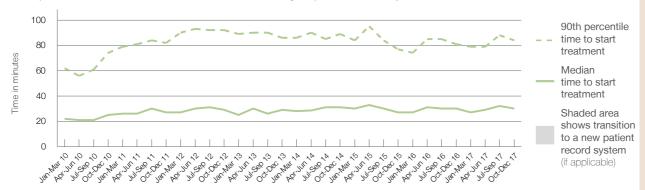


Same period last year	NSW (this period)
2,043	
1,993	
30 minutes	26 minutes
81 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to December 2017



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	25	27	29	29	31	27	30	30
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	74	82	92	86	89	77	81	84

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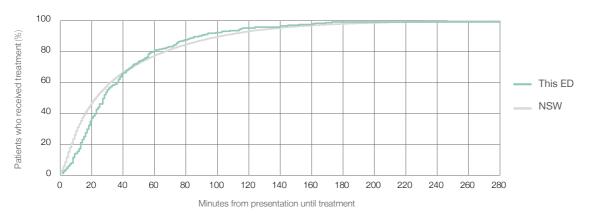
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Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5

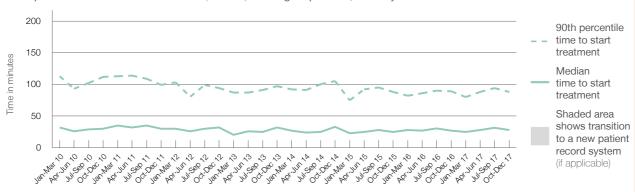
October to December 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 255	353	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 232	329	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 28 minutes	27 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	89 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 † ‡



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	30	30	32	32	33	25	27	28
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	112	99	94	97	105	88	89	88

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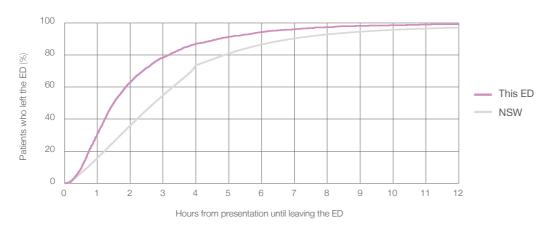
Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2017

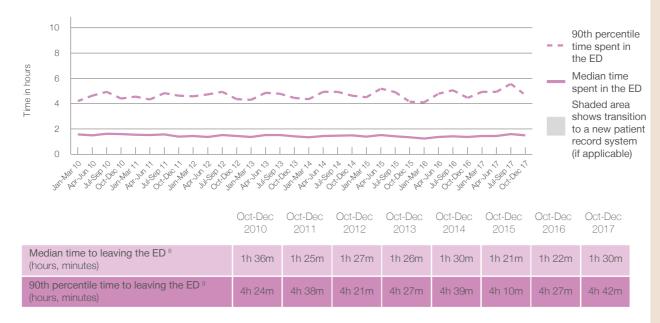
All presentations: 1 3,531 patients Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 3,530 patients Median time spent in the ED 8 1 hours and 30 minutes 90th percentile time spent in the ED $^{\rm 9}$ 4 hours and 42 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year	
	4,143	
	4,143	
2 hours and 44 minutes	1 hours and 22 minutes	
6 hours and 55 minutes	4 hours and 27 minutes	

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017

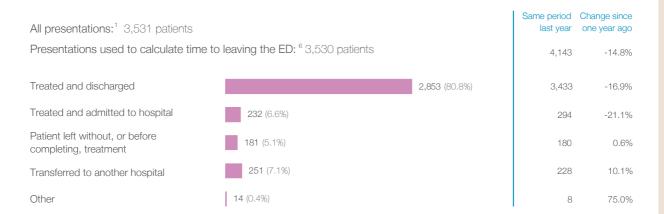


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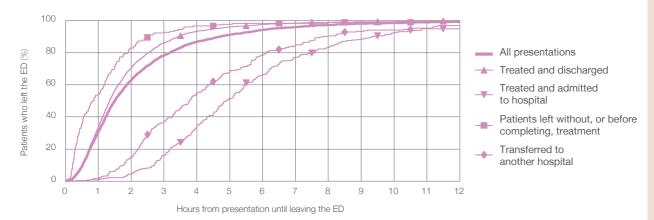
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Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2017



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	34.1%	70.7%	86.1%	93.3%	97.6%	98.9%	99.3%	99.8%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.9%	4.3%	15.9%	34.5%	65.9%	83.2%	92.2%	94.8%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	54.1%	82.9%	92.3%	96.7%	98.3%	98.9%	98.9%	98.9%
Transferred to another hospital	1.6%	14.7%	37.1%	55.0%	78.5%	90.4%	94.0%	96.8%
All presentations	30.8%	63.0%	78.3%	86.9%	94.2%	97.3%	98.5%	99.2%

 $^{(\}dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$

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Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 13,531 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 63,530 patients

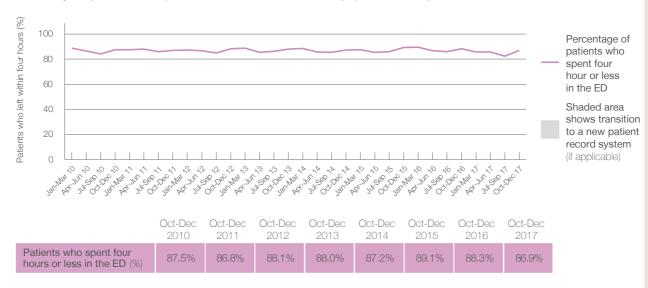
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

86.9%

	Change since one year ago
4,143	-14.8%
4,143	-14.8%

88.3%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017 †*



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize †}}$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 23 January 2018).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 23 January 2018).

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

Shellharbour Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 1 8,089 patients	7,658	5.6%
Emergency presentations: 2 7,839 patients	7,420	5.6%

Shellharbour Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment 3

October to December 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 796 patients	798	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 15 minutes	13 minutes	23 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 2,850 patients	2,614	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	20 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 99 minutes	70 minutes	65 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 3,900 patients	3,775	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 26 minutes	21 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	110 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 270 patients	211	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 29 minutes	19 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	85 minutes	103 minutes

Shellharbour Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 8,089 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 68.19

	one year ago
7,657	5.6%
67.6%	

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 23 January 2018).

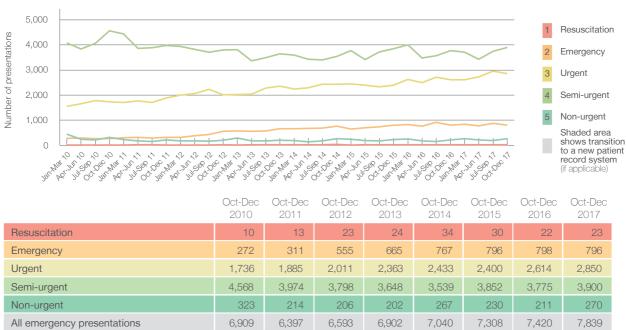
Same period Change since

Shellharbour Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2017

			last year	one year ago
All presentations: 8,089 patier	nts		7,658	5.6%
Emergency presentations ² by	7,420	5.6%		
1 Resuscitation	23 (0.3%)		22	4.5%
2 Emergency	796 (10.2%)		798	-0.3%
3 Urgent		2,850 (36.4%)	2,614	9.0%
4 Semi-urgent		3,900 (49.8%)	3,775	3.3%
5 Non-urgent	270 (3.4%)		211	28.0%

Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017 [‡]



Shellharbour Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2017

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 1,669 patients			
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	11 minutes	10 minutes	1 minute
90th percentile time	25 minutes	22 minutes	3 minutes

Same period Change since

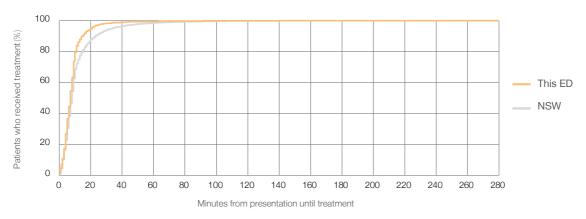
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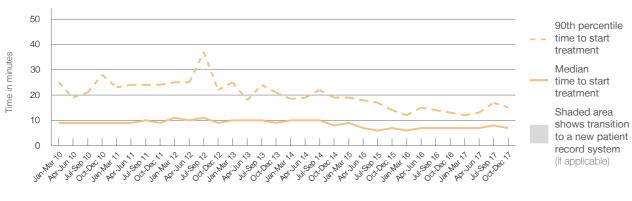
Shellharbour Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 October to December 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain,	Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)		
Number of triage 2 patients: 796	798		
Number of triage 2 patients used to calc	796		
Median time to start treatment ⁴	7 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	15 minutes	13 minutes	23 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 † ‡



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	9	9	9	9	8	7	7	7
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	28	24	22	21	19	14	13	15

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

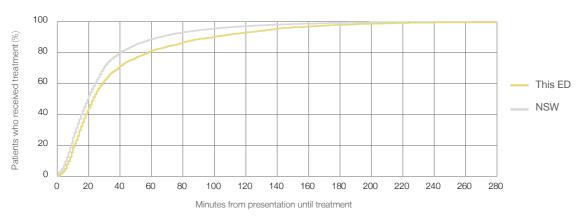
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Shellharbour Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

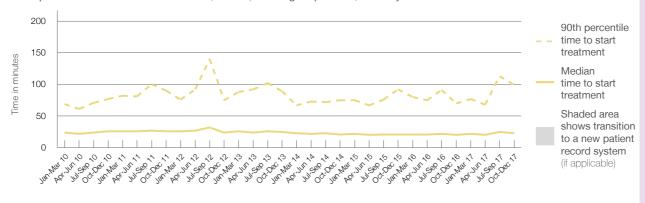
October to December 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 2,850	2,614	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,799	2,568	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	20 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 99 minutes	70 minutes	65 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 †‡



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	26	26	24	25	21	21	20	23
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	77	90	75	89	75	92	70	99

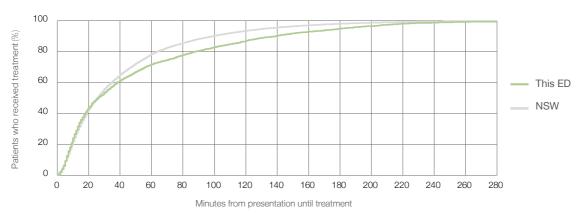
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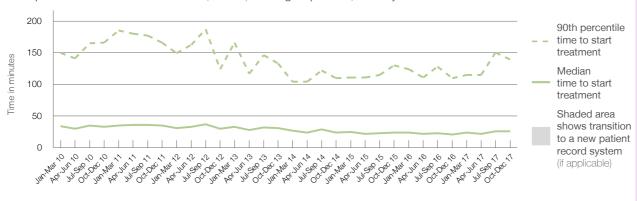
Shellharbour Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 4 patients: 3,900	3,775		
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 3	3,533		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 26 minutes		21 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	139 minutes	110 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 †‡



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	33	35	30	31	24	24	21	26
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	166	166	124	133	110	130	110	139

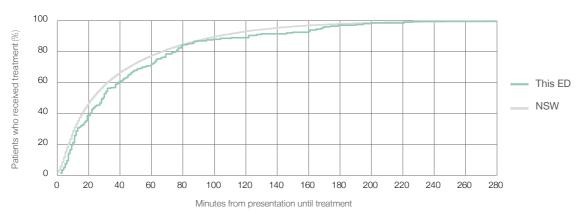
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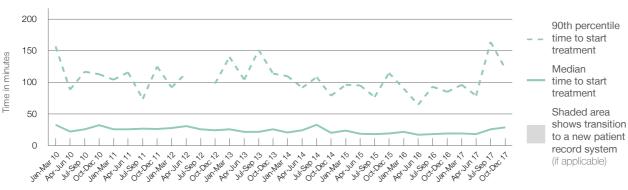
Shellharbour Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 270	211	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 199	173	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 29 minutes	19 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	85 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 †‡



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012		Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment 4 (minutes)	33	27	25	26	20	19	19	29
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	113	125	98	114	79	115	85	122

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NSW

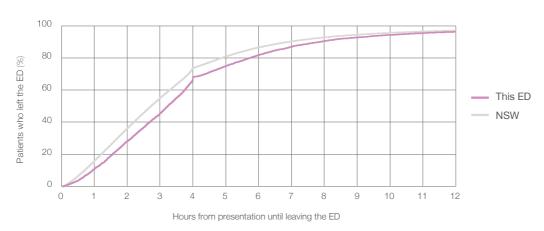
Same period

Shellharbour Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2017

(this period) last vear All presentations: 1 8,089 patients 7,658 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 8,089 patients 7.657 3 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 14 minutes 44 minutes 8 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 7 hours and 52 minutes 33 minutes 55 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017

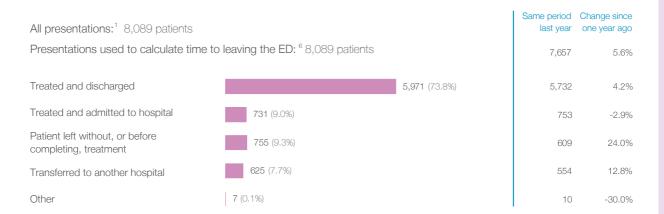


^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

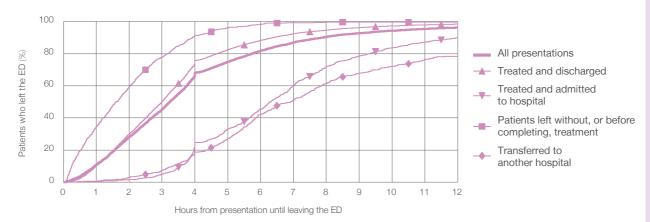
Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Shellharbour Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2017



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	10.2%	30.1%	50.2%	75.7%	88.4%	94.7%	97.3%	98.6%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.4%	1.5%	4.9%	24.6%	45.4%	72.1%	83.7%	89.9%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	34.7%	59.3%	77.7%	91.3%	98.1%	99.6%	99.7%	99.9%
Transferred to another hospital	0.6%	3.0%	7.4%	18.7%	42.1%	61.4%	72.2%	78.6%
All presentations	11.0%	28.2%	45.4%	68.1%	81.8%	90.5%	94.4%	96.4%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Shellharbour Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 18,089 patients

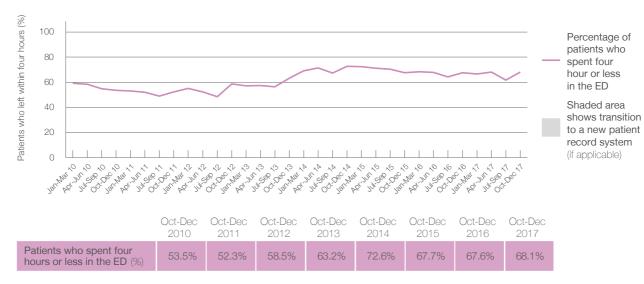
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 68,089 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

68.1%

	Change since one year ago
7,658	5.6%
7,657	5.6%
67.60/	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017 **



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize †}}$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 23 January 2018).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 23 January 2018).

Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2017

		Change since one year ago
All presentations: 1 10,161 patients	10,050	1.1%
Emergency presentations: ² 10,051 patients	9,932	1.2%

Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment ³

October to December 2017

four hours or less in the ED

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,042 patients	895	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	11 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 33 minutes	43 minutes	23 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 3,157 patients	3,343	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 28 minutes	30 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	114 minutes	65 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,657 patients	4,602	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 29 minutes	34 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	118 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,137 patients	1,041	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes	24 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 95 minutes	94 minutes	103 minutes

Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 10,160 patients

10,050

1.1%

Percentage of patients who spent

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

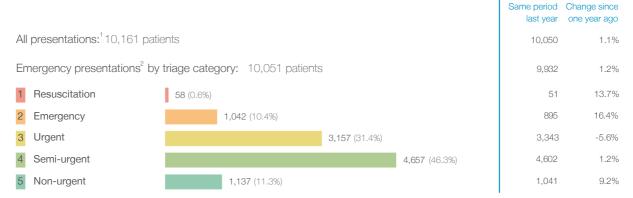
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 23 January 2018).

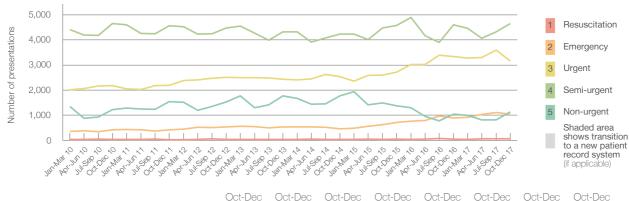
67.9%

Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017 [‡]



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Resuscitation	36	30	40	31	33	49	51	58
Emergency	415	421	536	535	461	718	895	1,042
Urgent	2,176	2,188	2,506	2,436	2,537	2,720	3,343	3,157
Semi-urgent	4,647	4,565	4,471	4,326	4,235	4,579	4,602	4,657
Non-urgent	1,217	1,543	1,533	1,773	1,776	1,374	1,041	1,137
All emergency presentations	8,491	8,747	9,086	9,101	9,042	9,440	9,932	10,051

Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2017

last year one year ago Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 2,301 patients 2,311 FD Transfer of care time Median time 13 minutes 16 minutes -3 minutes 90th percentile time 34 minutes 55 minutes -21 minutes

Same period Change since

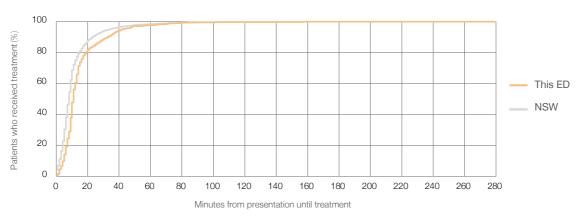
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

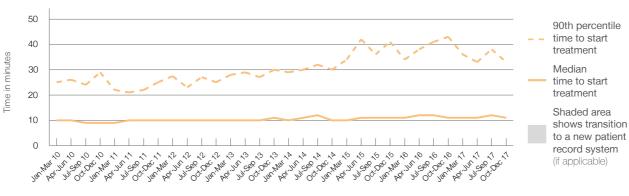
Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 October to December 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,042	895	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,040	893	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	11 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 33 minutes	43 minutes	23 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 † ‡



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	9	10	10	11	10	11	11	11
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	29	25	25	30	30	41	43	33

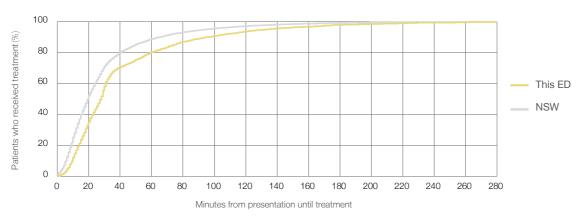
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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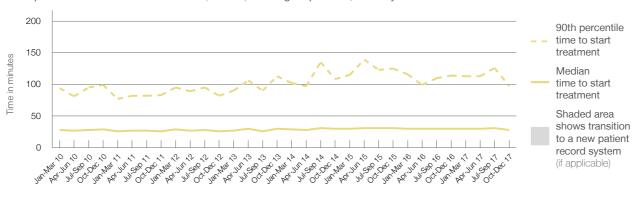
Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 October to December 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 3,157	3,343	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 3,110	3,282	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 28 minutes	30 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 97 minutes	114 minutes	65 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 †‡



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	29	26	26	30	30	31	30	28
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	99	83	82	113	108	125	114	97

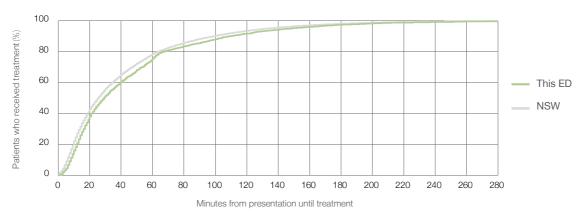
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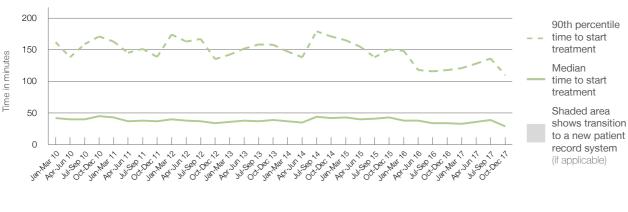
Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 4,657	4,602	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 4,445	4,342	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 29 minutes	34 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 110 minutes	118 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 † ‡



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	45	37	34	39	42	43	34	29
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	171	139	135	158	171	150	118	110

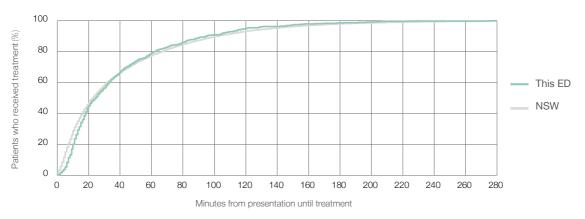
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 1,137	1,041	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,025	937	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes	24 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 95 minutes	94 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 †‡



		Oct-Dec 2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Median time to start treatme (minutes)	nt ⁴	39	27	28	30	33	31	24	25
90th percentile time to start to (minutes)	treatment 5	162	127	116	132	150	121	94	95

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW

(this period)

2 hours and

44 minutes

6 hours and

55 minutes

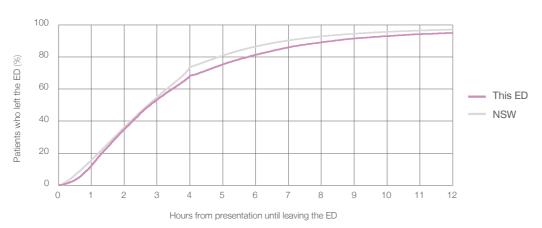
Same period

Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2017

last vear All presentations: 10,161 patients 10,050 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 10,160 patients 10,050 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 48 minutes 8 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 8 hours and 22 minutes 35 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017

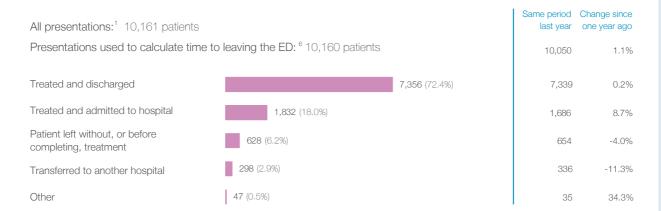


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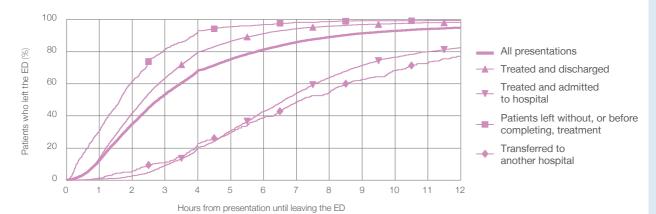
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Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2017



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	13.7%	41.8%	63.7%	79.9%	91.4%	95.9%	97.4%	98.4%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.7%	2.7%	9.2%	20.4%	42.7%	63.9%	76.5%	82.6%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	30.7%	61.6%	81.4%	93.2%	96.8%	98.7%	99.4%	99.7%
Transferred to another hospital	1.3%	5.7%	10.7%	22.8%	38.9%	54.7%	68.1%	77.2%
All presentations	12.3%	35.0%	53.5%	68.3%	81.4%	89.1%	92.9%	95.0%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 10,161 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 10,160 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED



	Change since one year ago
10,050	1.1%
10,050	1.1%
67.9%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017 †‡



- Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 23 January 2018). Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 23 January 2018).

Same period Change since

Same period

NSW

Wollongong Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 1 16,787 patients	15,861	5.8%
Emergency presentations: ² 16,523 patients	15,569	6.1%

Wollongong Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment 3

October to December 2017

October to December 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 2,261 patients	1,981	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 23 minutes	21 minutes	23 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 7,003 patients	6,609	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 22 minutes	23 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 71 minutes	68 minutes	65 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 6,449 patients	6,189	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 24 minutes	25 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	90 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 658 patients	620	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 26 minutes	23 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	86 minutes	103 minutes

Wollongong Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 16,787 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 66.4%

	one year ago
15,860	5.8%
66.9%	

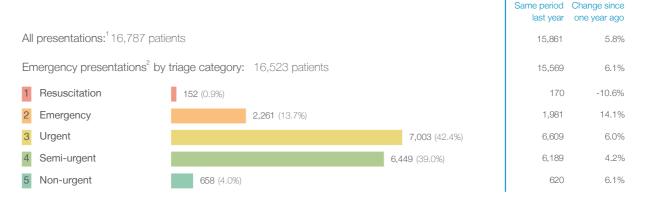
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

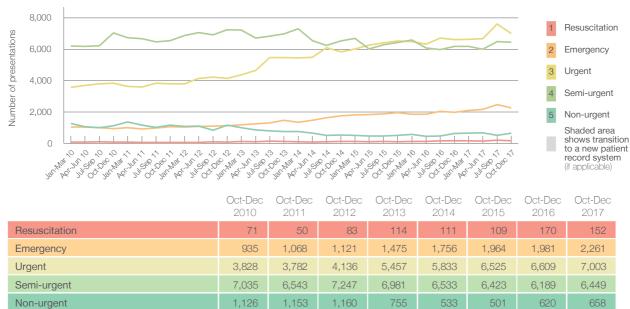
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 23 January 2018).

Wollongong Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017 [‡]



Wollongong Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

12,995

October to December 2017

All emergency presentations

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care	5,278		
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time 11 min	utes	11 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	25 minutes	23 minutes	2 minutes

12,596

13,747

14,782

14,766

15,522

15,569

Same period Change since

16,523

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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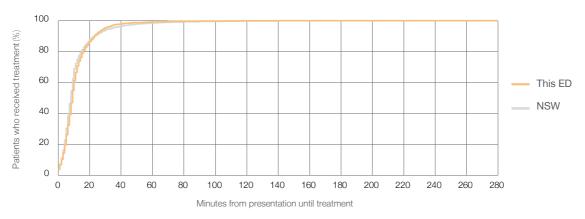
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wollongong Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2

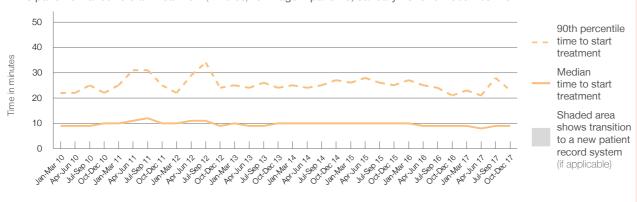
October to December 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 2,261	1,981	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,256	1,980	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 23 minutes	21 minutes	23 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 †‡



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	10	10	9	10	10	10	9	9
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	22	25	24	24	27	25	21	23

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

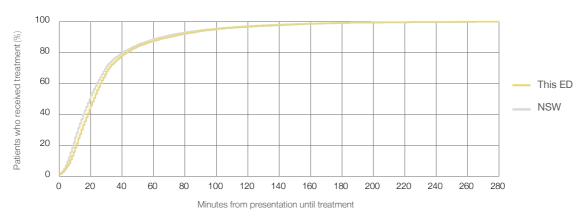
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Wollongong Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

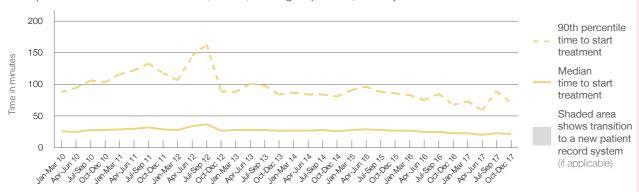
October to December 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 7,003	6,609	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 6,865	6,506	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 22 minutes	23 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 71 minutes	68 minutes	65 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 †‡



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	28	29	27	27	26	27	23	22
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	103	118	89	84	81	86	68	71

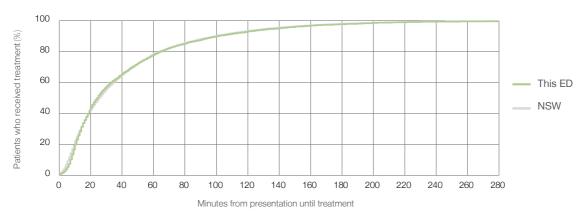
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

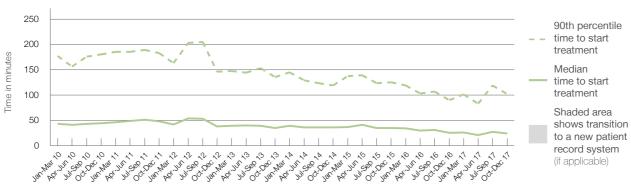
Wollongong Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 6,449	6,189	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 6,096	5,914	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 24 minutes	25 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 102 minutes	90 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 †‡



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	44	48	38	35	36	35	25	24
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	180	183	146	135	119	125	90	102

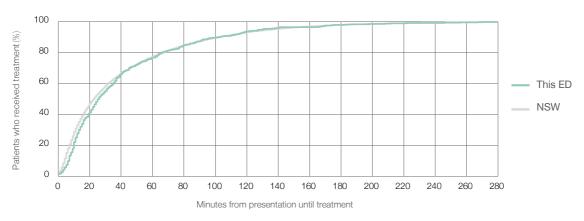
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

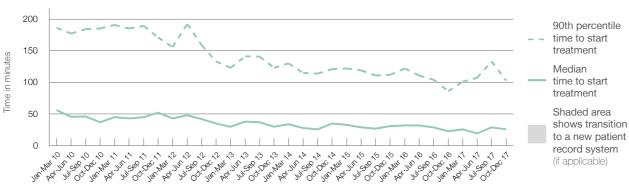
Wollongong Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 658	620	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 570	534	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 26 minutes	23 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 103 minutes	86 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 †‡



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	37	52	35	30	35	31	23	26
90th percentile time to start treatment (minutes)	185	171	133	123	121	112	86	103

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

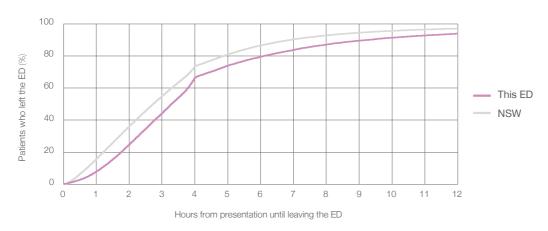
Wollongong Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2017

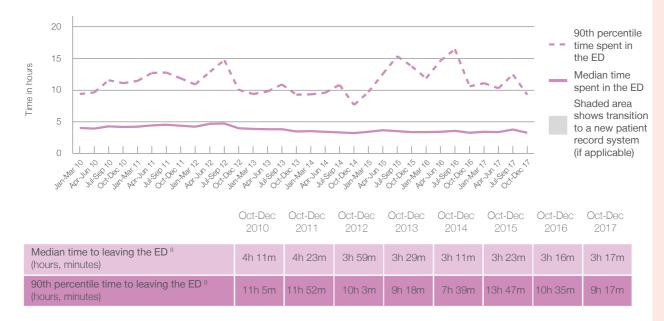
All presentations: 16,787 patients Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 16,787 patients Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 17 minutes 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 9 hours and 17 minutes

NSW Same period (this period) last vear 15,861 15.860 3 hours and 2 hours and 44 minutes 10 hours and 6 hours and 35 minutes 55 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

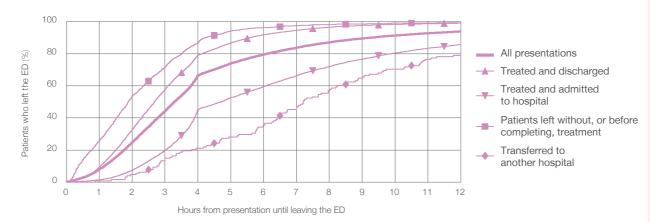
Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wollongong Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED By mode of separation

October to December 2017

All presentations: 16,787 patients	Same period last year	Change since one year ago	
Presentations used to calculate time to	15,860	5.8%	
Treated and discharged	9,007 (53.7%)	8,498	6.0%
Treated and admitted to hospital	6,354 (37.9%)	5,984	6.2%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	1,194 (7.1%)	1,193	0.1%
Transferred to another hospital	128 (0.8%)	93	37.6%
Other	104 (0.6%)	93	11.8%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2017



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	9.6%	32.7%	57.8%	79.0%	91.8%	96.5%	98.3%	99.1%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.5%	7.4%	19.8%	45.1%	59.5%	72.0%	80.4%	85.9%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	25.6%	53.6%	71.6%	86.9%	96.2%	98.1%	99.1%	99.2%
Transferred to another hospital	0.8%	4.7%	14.8%	21.1%	35.2%	57.0%	70.3%	78.9%
All presentations	8.1%	24.8%	44.3%	66.4%	79.5%	87.1%	91.4%	93.9%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wollongong Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

October to December 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 116,787 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 16,787 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

66.4%

	Change since one year ago
15,861	5.8%
15,860	5.8%
66.9%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize †}}$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 23 January 2018).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 23 January 2018).