NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

## $\textbf{Bathurst Health Service:} \ \, \textbf{Emergency department} \ \, \textbf{(ED)} \ \, \textbf{overview}$

January to March 2018

|   | last year | one year ago |
|---|-----------|--------------|
| All presentations: 1 6,261 patients       | 6,185     | 1%           |
| Emergency presentations: 2 6,182 patients | 6,107     | 1%           |

### Bathurst Health Service: Time patients waited to start treatment 3

January to March 2018

|   | last year  | (this period) |
|---|------------|---------------|
| Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 630 patients        | 684        |               |
| Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 7 minutes                   | 6 minutes  | 8 minutes     |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment 5 15 minutes                    | 9 minutes  | 23 minutes    |
|   |            |               |
| Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 2,085 patients | 2,002      |               |
| Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 17 minutes                  | 15 minutes | 20 minutes    |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 50 minutes         | 47 minutes | 65 minutes    |
|   |            |               |
| Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 2,864 patients     | 2,749      |               |
| Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>                             | 16 minutes | 25 minutes    |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 67 minutes         | 70 minutes | 98 minutes    |
|   |            |               |
| Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 577 patients        | 643        |               |
| Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>                             | 13 minutes | 22 minutes    |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 59 minutes         | 83 minutes | 97 minutes    |

# **Bathurst Health Service:** Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2018

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 6,260 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

|       | one year ago |
|-------|--------------|
| 6,185 | 1%           |
| 77%   |              |

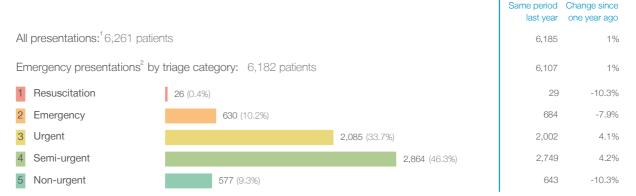
- $^{\star}$  Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

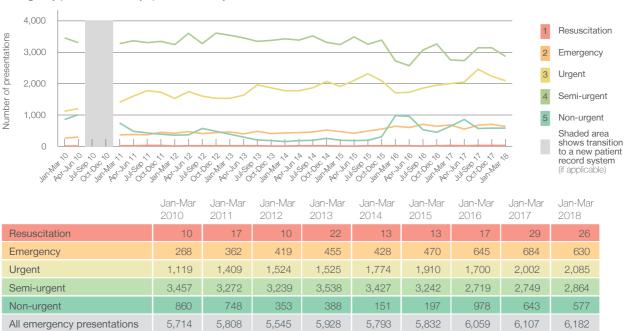
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018).

### **Bathurst Health Service:** Patients presenting to the emergency department

January to March 2018



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 <sup>‡</sup>



#### Bathurst Health Service: Patients arriving by ambulance

January to March 2018

|                                  |                                   | last year  | one year ago |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| Arrivals used to calculate trans | ofer of care time: 7 922 patients | 863        |              |
| ED Transfer of care time         |                                   |            |              |
| Median time                      | 9 minutes                         | 13 minutes | -4 minutes   |
| 90th percentile time             | 18 minutes                        | 33 minutes | -15 minutes  |
|                                  |                                   |            |              |

Same period Change since

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

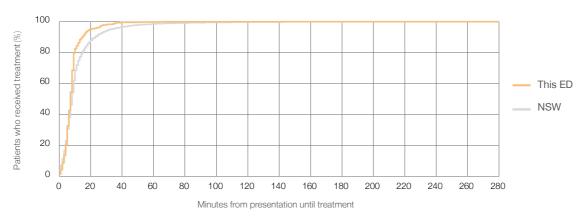
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

# **Bathurst Health Service:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2018

| Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)                | Same period<br>last year | NSW<br>(this period) |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of triage 2 patients: 630                                  | 684                      |                      |
| Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 627 | 684                      |                      |
| Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 7 minutes             | 6 minutes                | 8 minutes            |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 15 minutes   | 9 minutes                | 23 minutes           |

#### Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



|   | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes) | 8    | 10   | 9    | 9    | 7    | 7    | 6    | 6    | 7    |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment 5 (minutes)   | 25   | 31   | 30   | 27   | 16   | 12   | 13   | 9    | 15   |

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

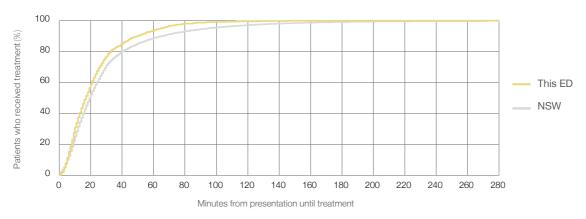
<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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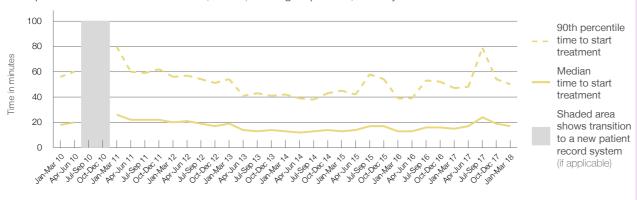
# **Bathurst Health Service:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2018

| Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)             | Same period<br>last year | NSW (this period) |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Number of triage 3 patients: 2,085                                  | 2,002                    |                   |
| Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,071 | 1,979                    |                   |
| Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 17 minutes              | 15 minutes               | 20 minutes        |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 50 minutes     | 47 minutes               | 65 minutes        |

#### Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



|   | Jan-Mar<br>2010 | Jan-Mar<br>2011 | Jan-Mar<br>2012 | Jan-Mar<br>2013 | Jan-Mar<br>2014 | Jan-Mar<br>2015 | Jan-Mar<br>2016 | Jan-Mar<br>2017 | Jan-Mar<br>2018 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Median time to start treatment 4 (minutes)          | 18              | 26              | 20              | 19              | 13              | 13              | 13              | 15              | 17              |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment 5 (minutes) | 56              | 80              | 56              | 54              | 42              | 45              | 39              | 47              | 50              |

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

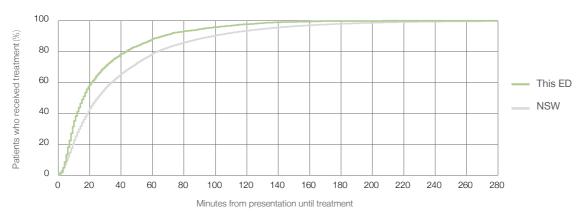
<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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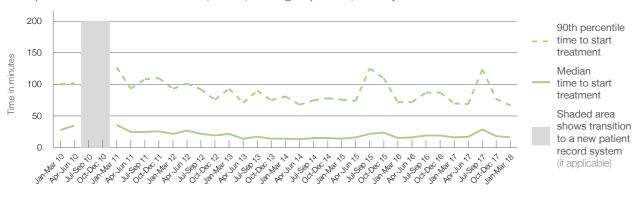
# **Bathurst Health Service:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2018

| Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)                 | Same period<br>last year | NSW<br>(this period) |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of triage 4 patients: 2,864                                  | 2,749                    |                      |
| Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,811 | 2,638                    |                      |
| Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 16 minutes              | 16 minutes               | 25 minutes           |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 67 minutes     | 70 minutes               | 98 minutes           |

#### Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



|   | Jan-Mar<br>2010 | Jan-Mar<br>2011 | Jan-Mar<br>2012 | Jan-Mar<br>2013 | Jan-Mar<br>2014 | Jan-Mar<br>2015 | Jan-Mar<br>2016 | Jan-Mar<br>2017 | Jan-Mar<br>2018 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Median time to start treatment 4 (minutes)          | 28              | 36              | 22              | 22              | 14              | 14              | 15              | 16              | 16              |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment 5 (minutes) | 100             | 127             | 93              | 93              | 81              | 76              | 72              | 70              | 67              |

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

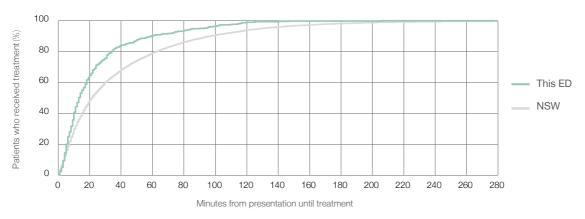
<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

# **Bathurst Health Service:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2018

| Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)                | Same period<br>last year | NSW<br>(this period) |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of triage 5 patients: 577                                  | 643                      |                      |
| Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 560 | 575                      |                      |
| Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 13 minutes            | 13 minutes               | 22 minutes           |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 59 minutes   | 83 minutes               | 97 minutes           |

#### Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



|   | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes) | 23   | 33   | 14   | 12   | 8    | 9    | 12   | 13   | 13   |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment 5 (minutes)   | 91   | 130  | 79   | 79   | 42   | 42   | 81   | 83   | 59   |

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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6 hours and 26 minutes

### Bathurst Health Service: Time patients spent in the ED

January to March 2018

90th percentile time spent in the ED  $^{\rm 9}$ 

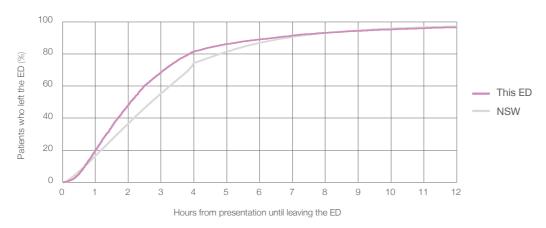
All presentations: 1 6,261 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 6,260 patients

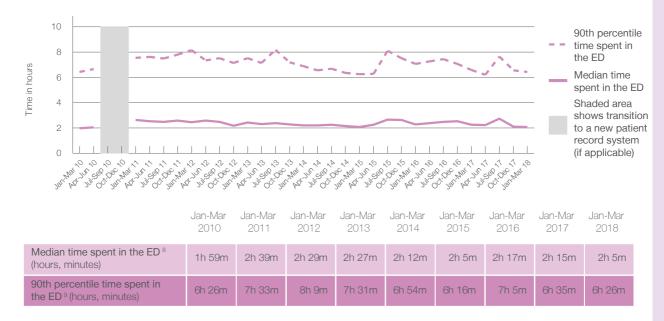
Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 5 minutes

| NSW<br>(this period)      | Same period last year     |  |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|
|                           | 6,185                     |  |
|                           | 6,185                     |  |
| 2 hours and<br>42 minutes | 2 hours and<br>15 minutes |  |
| 6 hours and<br>49 minutes | 6 hours and<br>35 minutes |  |

### Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2018



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018  $^{\dagger\ddagger}$ 



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$   $\;$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

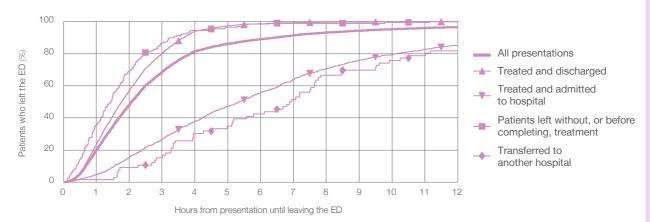
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

### Bathurst Health Service: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation
January to March 2018

| All presentations: 6,261 patients                     |                                  |               | Same period<br>last year | Change since one year ago |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| Presentations used to calculate time to               | leaving the ED: 6 6,260 patients |               | 6,185                    | 1%                        |
| Treated and discharged                                |                                  | 4,668 (74.6%) | 4,598                    | 1.5%                      |
| Treated and admitted to hospital                      | 1,304 (20.8%)                    |               | 1,162                    | 12.2%                     |
| Patient left without, or before completing, treatment | 197 (3.1%)                       |               | 318                      | -38.1%                    |
| Transferred to another hospital                       | 66 (1.1%)                        |               | 96                       | -31.3%                    |
| Other   | 26 (0.4%)                        |               | 11                       | 136.4%                    |

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2018 \*\*



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

| Treated and discharged                                | 23.5% | 56.8% | 80.3% | 94.0% | 98.7% | 99.6% | 99.9% | 99.9% |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Treated and admitted to hospital                      | 4.7%  | 15.6% | 26.8% | 37.9% | 55.6% | 70.6% | 79.4% | 85.1% |
| Patient left without, or before completing, treatment | 35.5% | 69.5% | 86.8% | 94.4% | 98.5% | 99.0% | 99.5% | 100%  |
| Transferred to another hospital                       | 1.5%  | 9.1%  | 15.2% | 30.3% | 42.4% | 66.7% | 75.8% | 81.8% |
| All presentations                                     | 19.9% | 48.1% | 68.6% | 81.5% | 89.0% | 93.1% | 95.2% | 96.6% |

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$ 

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

# **Bathurst Health Service:** Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED January to March 2018

All presentations at the emergency department: <sup>1</sup> 6,261 patients

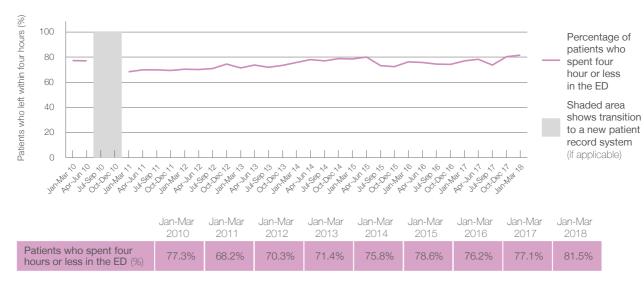
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: <sup>6</sup> 6,260 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

81.5%

| one year ago |       |
|--------------|-------|
| 1%           | 6,185 |
| 1%           | 6,185 |
|              | 77.1% |

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize †}}$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 17 April 2018).