Same period Change since

Fairfield Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview January to March 2018

last year one year ago All presentations: 1 8,784 patients 8.783 0% Emergency presentations: 2 8,765 patients 8.760 0%

Fairfield Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment 3 January to March 2018

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 883 patients	824	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	10 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 23 minutes	24 minutes	23 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 3,251 patients	3,230	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 18 minutes	20 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 75 minutes	65 minutes	65 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 3,899 patients	4,044	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 21 minutes	22 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	120 minutes	98 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 708 patients	641	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	21 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	120 minutes	97 minutes

Fairfield Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2018

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 8,784 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

	Change since one year ago
8,783	0%
79%	

- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

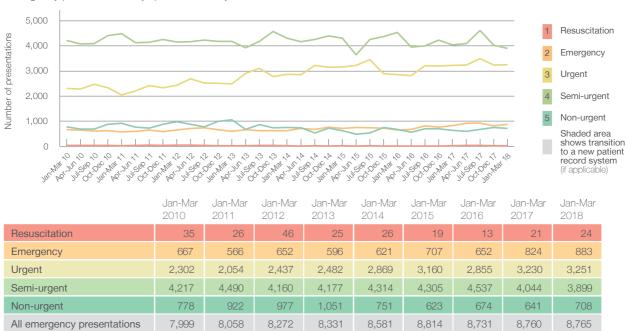
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018).

Fairfield Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department January to March 2018

Same period Change since last year one year ago All presentations: 18,784 patients 8.783 0% Emergency presentations² by triage category: 8,765 patients 8,760 0% Resuscitation 24 (0.3%) 21 14.3% 883 (10.1%) 824 7.2% Emergency 0.7% Urgent 3,251 (37.1%) 3.230 Semi-urgent 3,899 (44.5%) 4,044 -3.6% 708 (8.1%) 641 10.5% Non-urgent

Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 [‡]



Fairfield Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

January to March 2018

	last year	one year ago	
Arrivals used to calculate trans	1,305		
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	12 minutes	11 minutes	1 minute
90th percentile time	26 minutes	27 minutes	-1 minute

Same period Change since

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

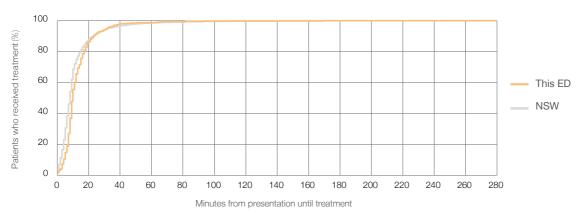
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Fairfield Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2018

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 883	824	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 879	819	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 10 minutes	10 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 23 minutes	24 minutes	23 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



treatment 5 (minutes)	20	02	20	10	10	27	21	2-7	20

90th percentile time to start

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

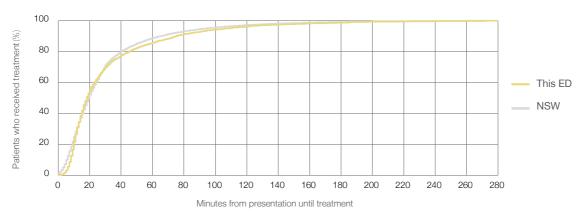
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

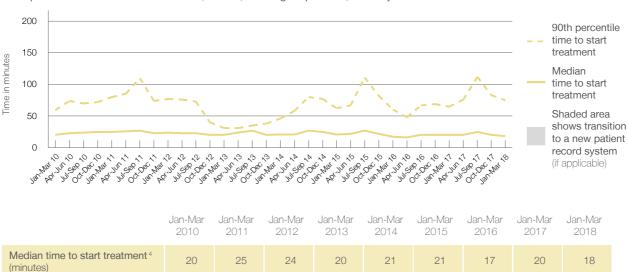
Fairfield Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2018

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 3,251	3,230	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,152	3,161	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 18 minutes	20 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 75 minutes	65 minutes	65 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too sma	(†)	Data points are no	t shown in	graphs fo	or quarters	when	patient	numbers	are to	oo small	
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59

80

77

90th percentile time to start

treatment 5 (minutes)

31

46

62

60

65

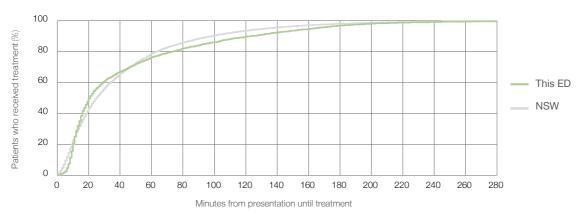
75

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

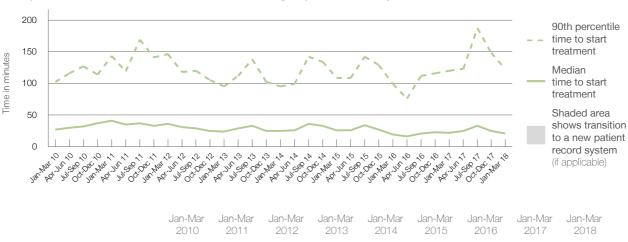
Fairfield Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2018

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 4 patients: 3,899	4,044		
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: $^{\mbox{\tiny 3}}$	3,796		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 21 minutes		22 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	123 minutes	120 minutes	98 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	27	41	36	24	25	26	19	22	21
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	102	143	146	95	95	109	99	120	123

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

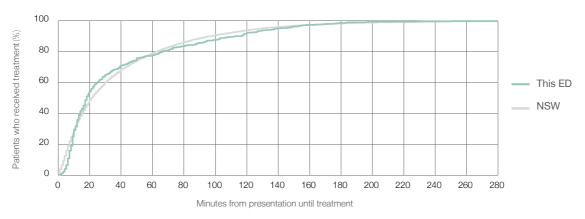
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

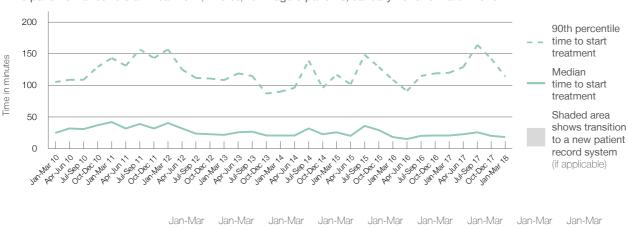
Fairfield Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2018

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 708	641	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 554	497	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 18 minutes	21 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	120 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	
Median time to start treatment 4 (minutes)	25	42	41	22	21	26	18	21	18	
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 (minutes)	105	143	157	108	90	117	109	120	114	

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Fairfield Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

January to March 2018

All presentations: 1 8,784 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: ⁶ 8,784 patients

Median time spent in the ED ⁸

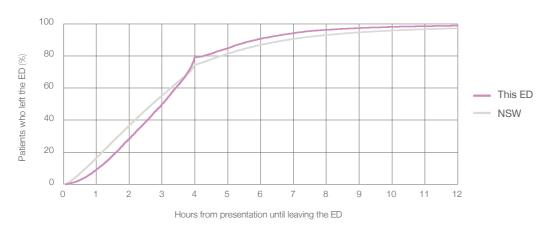
3 hours and 0 minutes

90th percentile time spent in the ED $^{\rm 9}$

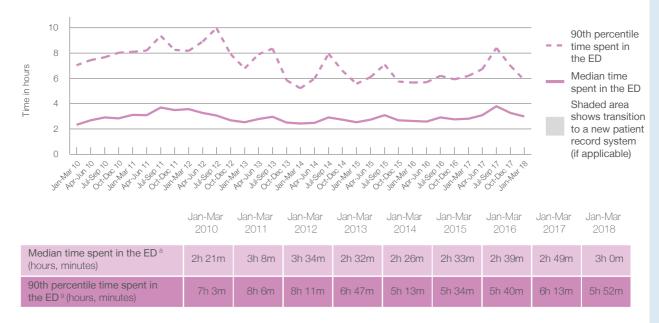




Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2018



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ $\;$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

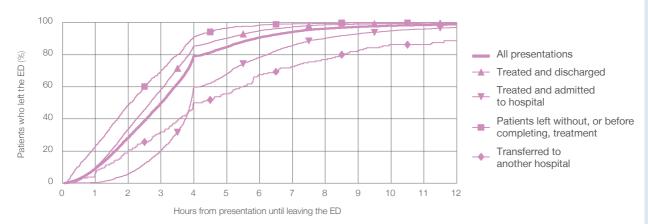
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Fairfield Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED By mode of separation

January to March 2018

All presentations: 1 8,784 patients	Same period last year	Change since one year ago			
Presentations used to calculate time to	8,783	0%			
Treated and discharged		5,409 (61.6%)	5,684	-4.8%	
Treated and admitted to hospital	2,189 (24.9%)		2,014	8.7%	
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	963 (11.0%)		820	17.4%	
Transferred to another hospital	160 (1.8%)		185	-13.5%	
Other	63 (0.7%)		80	-21.3%	

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2018 †‡



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	9.7%	33.5%	58.6%	85.5%	94.9%	98.6%	99.4%	99.7%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.3%	5.8%	20.3%	59.8%	78.4%	90.3%	94.9%	97.1%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	22.8%	48.5%	69.9%	91.2%	98.4%	99.6%	99.9%	99.9%
Transferred to another hospital	6.3%	20.6%	31.9%	50.0%	67.5%	76.9%	86.3%	88.8%
All presentations	9.1%	28.4%	50.0%	79.1%	90.7%	96.3%	98.1%	98.9%

 $^{(\}dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Fairfield Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED January to March 2018

All presentations at the emergency department: 18,784 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 68,784 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

79.1%

	Change since one year ago
8,783	0%
8,783	0%
78.6%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 †*



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize †}}$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 17 April 2018).