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**Inverell Hospital:** Emergency department (ED) overview January to March 2018

	Same period last year	Change since one year ago
All presentations:1 2,153 patients	2,131	1%
Emergency presentations: <sup>2</sup> 2,072 patients	2,056	1%

#### Inverell Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment <sup>3</sup>

January to March 2018

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 204 patients	263	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 4 minutes	5 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 15 minutes	30 minutes	23 minutes
Triage 3Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 655 patientsMedian time to start treatment 410 minutes90th percentile time to start treatment 543 minutes	607 14 minutes 55 minutes	20 minutes 65 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 950 patients	908	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	25 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 70 minutes	85 minutes	98 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 255 patients	278	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	22 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 65 minutes	90 minutes	97 minutes

### Inverell Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

January to March 2018				Change since one year ago
Attendances used to calculate time to le	eaving the ED: 6 2,153 patients		2,131	1%
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED		91%	87%	

\* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

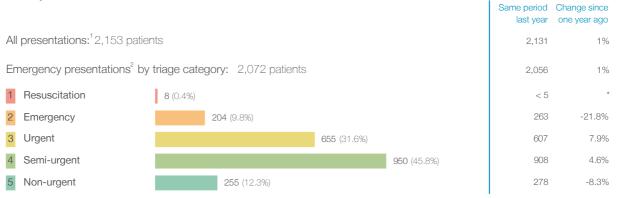
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

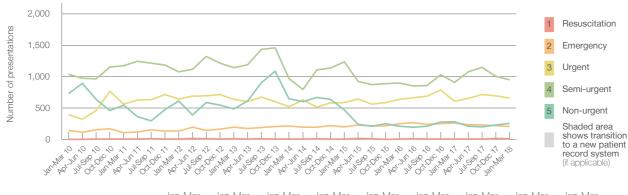
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018).

District group 2 hospitals (C2) Hunter New England Local Health District

# **Inverell Hospital:** Patients presenting to the emergency department January to March 2018



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 <sup>‡</sup>



	Jan-Mar 2010	Jan-Mar 2011	Jan-Mar 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Jan-Mar 2014	Jan-Mar 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Jan-Mar 2017	Jan-Mar 2018
Resuscitation	< 5	< 5	< 5	7	6	5	< 5	< 5	8
Emergency	143	111	138	193	212	196	253	263	204
Urgent	390	561	641	639	519	585	639	607	655
Semi-urgent	1,034	1,171	1,075	1,142	967	1,232	895	908	950
Non-urgent	729	547	613	485	648	467	207	278	255
All emergency presentations	2,296	2,390	2,467	2,466	2,352	2,485	1,994	2,056	2,072

# **Inverell Hospital:** Patients arriving by ambulance January to March 2018

bandary to march 2010		Same period last year	Change since one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate tran	sfer of care time: 7 206 patients **	256	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	5 minutes	6 minutes	-1 minute
90th percentile time	17 minutes	22 minutes	-5 minutes

(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

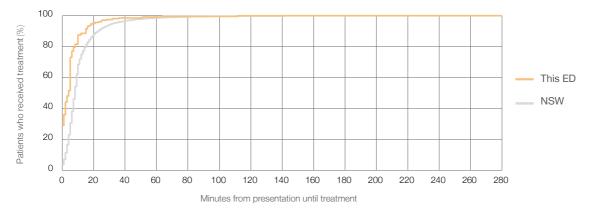
(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

(\*\*) Interpret with caution: total ambulance arrivals include more than 30% of records for which transfer of care time cannot be calculated.

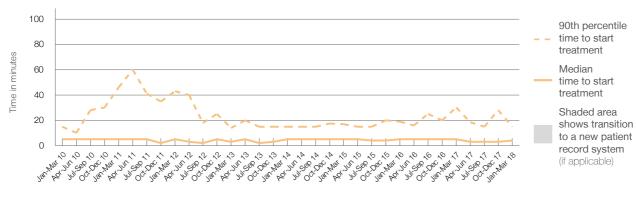
**Inverell Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2018

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 204	263	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 200	255	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 4 minutes	5 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 15 minutes	30 minutes	23 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 <sup>†‡</sup>



	Jan-Mar 2010	Jan-Mar 2011	Jan-Mar 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Jan-Mar 2014	Jan-Mar 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Jan-Mar 2017	Jan-Mar 2018
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	5	5	5	3	5	5	5	5	4
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)	15	46	43	14	15	17	19	30	15

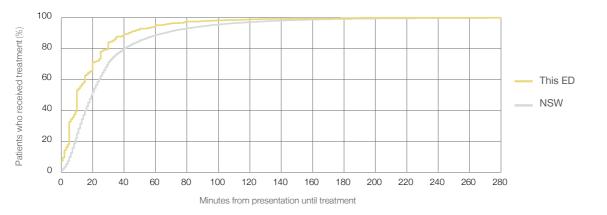
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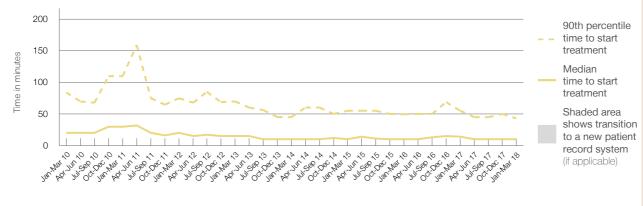
**Inverell Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2018

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 655	607	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 627	592	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 10 minutes	14 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 43 minutes	55 minutes	65 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



# Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 <sup>†‡</sup>



	Jan-Mar 2010	Jan-Mar 2011	Jan-Mar 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Jan-Mar 2014	Jan-Mar 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Jan-Mar 2017	Jan-Mar 2018
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	20	30	20	15	10	10	10	14	10
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)	84	110	75	70	45	55	50	55	43

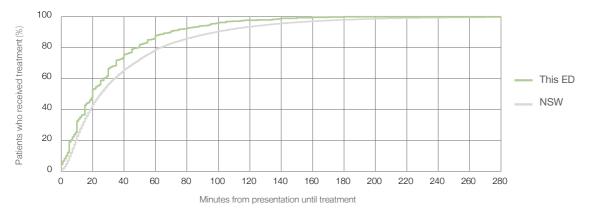
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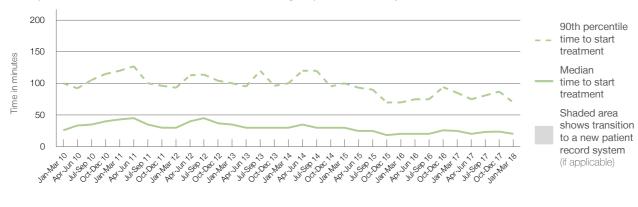
**Inverell Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2018

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 950	908	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 826	846	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 20 minutes	25 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 70 minutes	85 minutes	98 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 <sup>†‡</sup>



	Jan-Mar 2010	Jan-Mar 2011	Jan-Mar 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Jan-Mar 2014	Jan-Mar 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Jan-Mar 2017	Jan-Mar 2018
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	26	43	30	35	30	30	20	25	20
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)	100	120	93	100	100	100	70	85	70

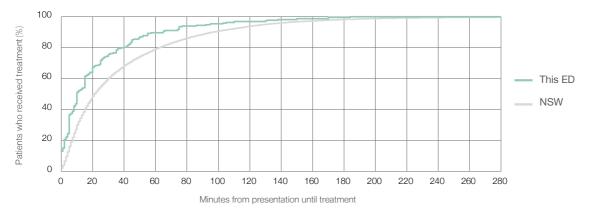
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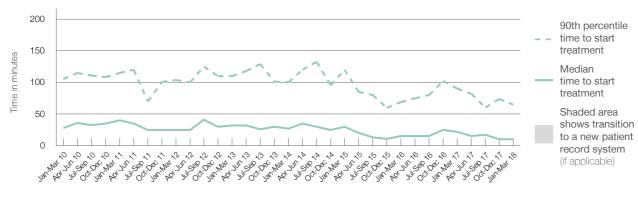
**Inverell Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2018

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 255	278	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 213	232	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 10 minutes	22 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 65 minutes	90 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018







	Jan-Mar 2010	Jan-Mar 2011	Jan-Mar 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Jan-Mar 2014	Jan-Mar 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Jan-Mar 2017	Jan-Mar 2018
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	28	40	25	32	27	30	15	22	10
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)	105	115	104	110	100	120	69	90	65

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	Jan-Mar 2010	Jan-Mar 2011	Jan-Mar 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Jan-Mar 2014	Jan-Mar 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Jan-Mar 2017	Jan-Mar 2018
Median time spent in the ED <sup>8</sup> (hours, minutes)	1h 10m	1h 15m	1h 0m	1h 15m	1h 15m	1h 20m	1h 29m	1h 39m	1h 25m
90th percentile time spent in the ED <sup>9</sup> (hours, minutes)	3h 30m	3h 35m	3h 15m	3h 19m	3h 30m	4h 0m	4h 3m	4h 32m	3h 54m

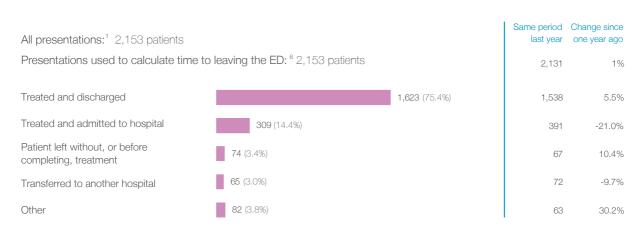
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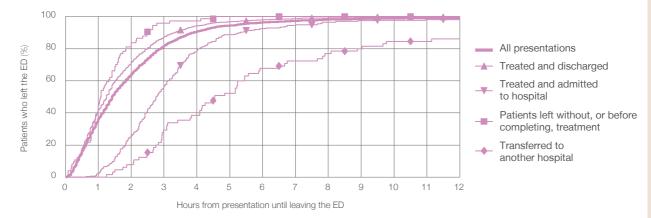
<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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# **Inverell Hospital:** Time patients spent in the ED By mode of separation January to March 2018



# Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2018



#### 1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	41.8%	71.3%	87.4%	94.4%	98.0%	99.3%	99.7%	99.9%
Treated and admitted to hospital	2.3%	25.6%	56.6%	79.0%	92.6%	96.4%	97.7%	98.1%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	44.6%	83.8%	95.9%	97.3%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	0%	7.7%	29.2%	38.5%	67.7%	76.9%	84.6%	86.2%
All presentations	36.3%	63.9%	81.8%	90.8%	96.4%	98.2%	98.9%	99.2%

District group 2 hospitals (C2) Hunter New England Local Health District

PERFORMANCE PROFILES: Emergency department care Jan

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Inverell Hospital: Time spent in	the ED			
Percentage of patients who spe	nt four hours or less in the ED			
January to March 2018			1	Change since one year ago
All presentations at the emergency depa	2,131	1%		
Presentations used to calculate time to	2,131	1%		
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED		90.8%	87.4%	

#### Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 <sup>++</sup>



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- + Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before
  and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see
- Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.</li>
   Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

#### Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 17 April 2018).