Change since one year ago 1.7% 2.6%

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

Prince of Wales Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview July to September 2016	
	Same period last year
All presentations:1 13,921 patients	13,683
Emergency presentations: ² 13,108 patients	12,781

Prince of Wales Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

July to September 2016		
	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,223 patients	1,258	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	8 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 31 minutes	33 minutes	41 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 6,999 patients	6,220	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	21 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 96 minutes	98 minutes	103 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,285 patients	4,593	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	20 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	116 minutes	139 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 396 patients	477	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	26 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	125 minutes	138 minutes

Prince of Wales Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

July to September 2016			Change since one year ago	
Attendances used to calculate time to le	eaving the ED: 6 13,917 patients		13,683	1.7%
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED		65.0%	65.1%	

^{*} Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

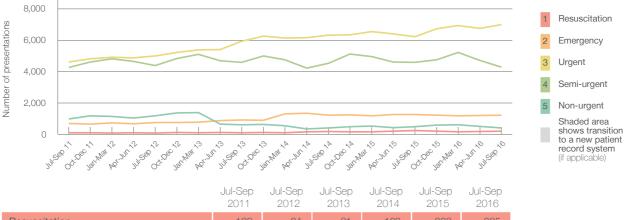
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

Prince of Wales Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

July to September 2016

				Same period last year	Change since one year ago
All presentations: 13,921 patie	ents			13,683	1.7%
Emergency presentations ² by	triage category: 13,108 patie	ents		12,781	2.6%
1 Resuscitation	205 (1.6%)			233	-12.0%
2 Emergency	1,223 (9.3%)			1,258	-2.8%
3 Urgent			6,999 (53.4%)	6,220	12.5%
4 Semi-urgent		4,285 (32.7%)		4,593	-6.7%
5 Non-urgent	396 (3.0%)			477	-17.0%

Emergency presentations² by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 [‡]



Resuscitation	109	84	91	182	233	205
Emergency	688	756	923	1,225	1,258	1,223
Urgent	4,614	5,001	5,927	6,329	6,220	6,999
Semi-urgent	4,255	4,389	4,593	4,525	4,593	4,285
Non-urgent	981	1,172	611	402	477	396
All emergency presentations	10,647	11,402	12,145	12,663	12,781	13,108

Prince of Wales Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

July to September 2016

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	sfer of care time: 7 3,521 patients	3,312	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	10 minutes	14 minutes	-4 minutes
95th percentile time	44 minutes	105 minutes	-61 minutes

(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

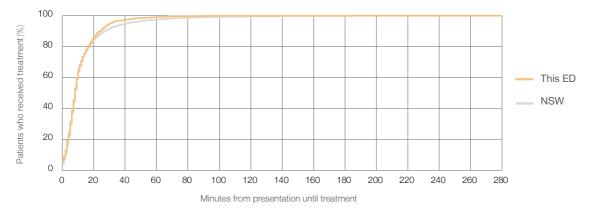
Same period Change since

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Prince of Wales Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,223		
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,209		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 31 minutes	33 minutes	41 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 ^{†‡}



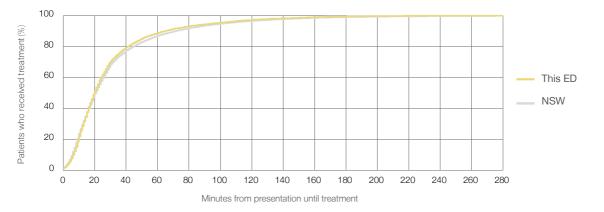
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^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Prince of Wales Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 July to September 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 6,999		
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 6,897	6,144	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	21 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 96 minutes	98 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 ^{†‡}



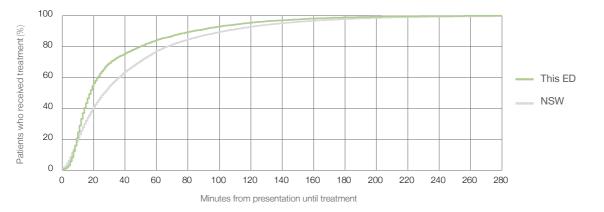
(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Prince of Wales Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 4,285	4,593	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 4,156	4,436	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 18 minutes	20 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 117 minutes	116 minutes	139 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 ^{†‡}



(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

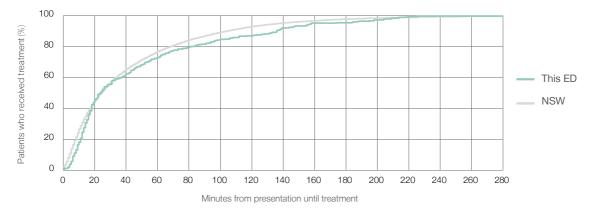
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^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Prince of Wales Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 July to September 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 396	477	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 330	393	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 24 minutes	26 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 158 minutes	125 minutes	138 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 ^{†‡}



(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW

(this period)

2 hours and

50 minutes

10 hours and

43 minutes

Same period

last vear

13,683

13.683

3 hours and

9 minutes 12 hours and

49 minutes

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

10 hours and 22 minutes

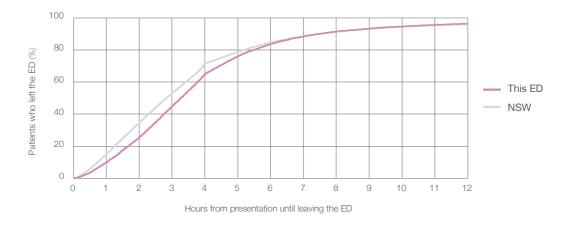
Prince of Wales Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

July to September 2016

All presentations:¹ 13,921 patients Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: ⁶ 13,917 patients Median time spent in the ED ⁸ 3 hours and 16 minutes

95th percentile time spent in the ED $^{\rm 9}$

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016



(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Principal referral hospitals (A1)

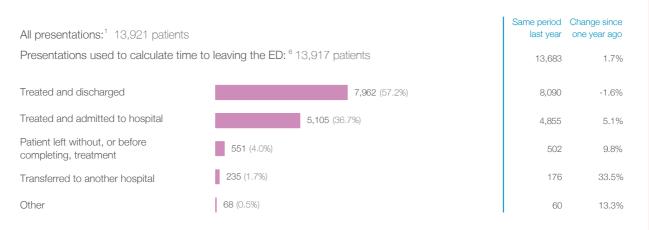
Eastern Sydney Local Health District

South

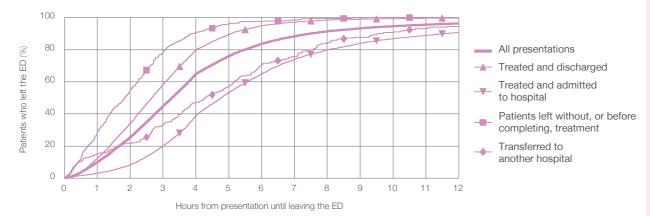
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Prince of Wales Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED By mode of separation

July to September 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	12.3%	34.1%	58.3%	80.0%	95.0%	98.4%	99.3%	99.8%
Treated and admitted to hospital	3.0%	8.3%	20.2%	39.1%	65.1%	79.9%	86.9%	90.8%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	29.0%	54.8%	78.6%	90.9%	97.6%	99.5%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	15.3%	21.7%	33.2%	47.2%	70.6%	84.3%	90.6%	94.5%
All presentations	10.0%	25.6%	44.9%	65.0%	83.7%	91.5%	94.6%	96.4%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Prince of Wales Hospital: Time spen Percentage of patients who spent four			
July to September 2016		Same period last year	Change since one year ago
All presentations at the emergency department:	113,921 patients	13,683	1.7%
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the	the ED: ⁶ 13,917 patients	13,683	1.7%
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED	65.0%	65.1%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 ⁺⁺



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- * Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see
- Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients left the ED. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.
 Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 20 October 2016).