NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

# **St Vincent's Health Sydney:** Emergency department (ED) overview July to September 2016

All presentations: 1 11,181 patients 11,638 -3.9% Emergency presentations: 2 11,048 patients 11,493 -3.9%

## St Vincent's Health Sydney: Time patients waited to start treatment 3

July to September 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,361 patients	1,333	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 4 minutes	4 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 21 minutes	21 minutes	41 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 5,338 patients	5,382	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	13 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	74 minutes	103 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 3,605 patients	3,806	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 17 minutes	14 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	116 minutes	139 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 484 patients	695	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	9 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	139 minutes	138 minutes

## **St Vincent's Health Sydney:** Time from presentation until leaving the ED July to September 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 11,181 patients

Percentage of patients who spent	
four hours or less in the ED	65.3%
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	Change since one year ago
11,638	-3.9%
64.4%	

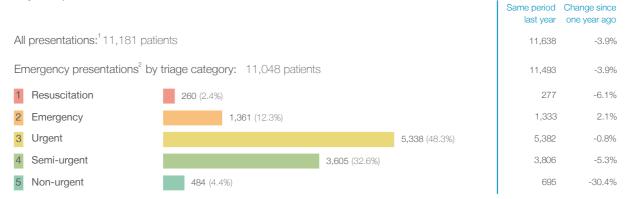
- \* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

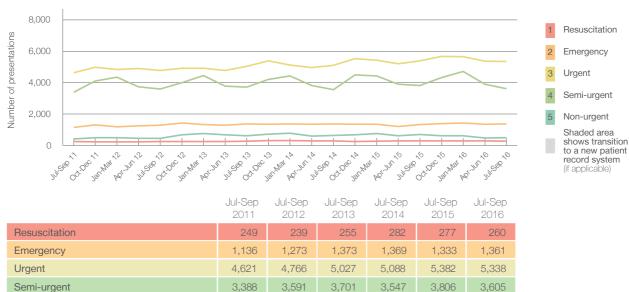
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

### St Vincent's Health Sydney: Patients presenting to the emergency department

July to September 2016



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 \*§



3,591

10,317

3,701

10,964

10,907

3,806

11,493

3,605

11,048

Same period Change since

### St Vincent's Health Sydney: Patients arriving by ambulance

3,388

9,796

July to September 2016

All emergency presentations

Semi-urgent

Non-urgent

last year one year ago Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 3,439 patients 3,813 FD Transfer of care time Median time 13 minutes 14 minutes -1 minute 59 minutes 95th percentile time 88 minutes -29 minutes

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

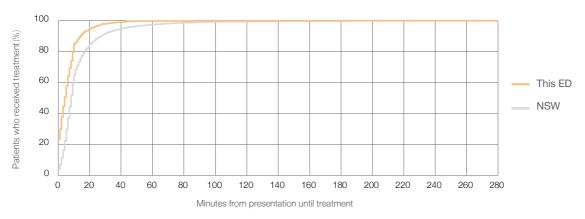
Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011

<sup>(§)</sup> This hospital does not use one of the two major information systems implemented in NSW emergency departments. Caution is advised when comparing results from this emergency department to others. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

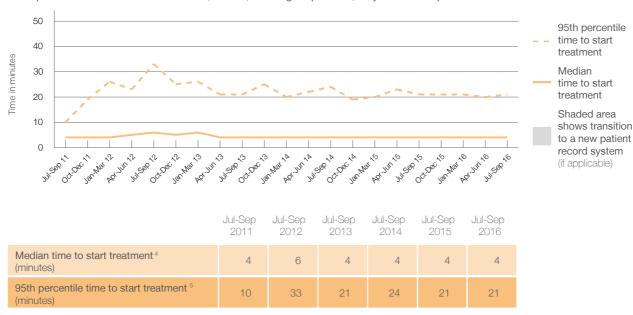
## **St Vincent's Health Sydney:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,361	1,333	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,357	1,330	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 4 minutes	4 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 21 minutes	21 minutes	41 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 \*\*\*



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

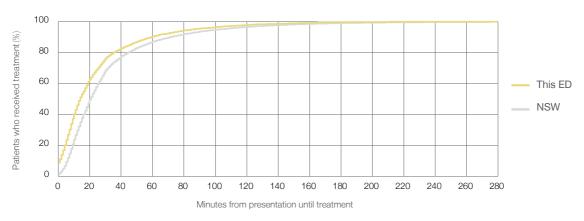
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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## **St Vincent's Health Sydney:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 July to September 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 5,338	5,382	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 5,162	5,260	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 14 minutes	13 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	74 minutes	103 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 \*\*\*



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

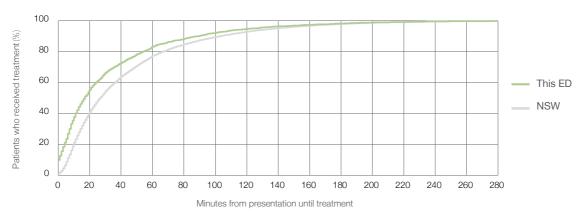
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### St Vincent's Health Sydney: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 3,605	3,806	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 3,176	3,517	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 17 minutes	14 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 127 minutes	116 minutes	139 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 \*\*\*



<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

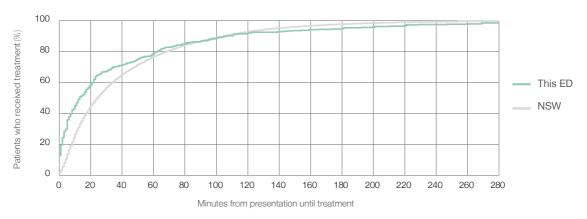
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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## **St Vincent's Health Sydney:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 July to September 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 484	695	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 388	577	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 13 minutes	9 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	139 minutes	138 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 \*\*\*



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

<sup>(§)</sup> This hospital does not use one of the two major information systems implemented in NSW emergency departments. Caution is advised when comparing results from this emergency department to others. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW

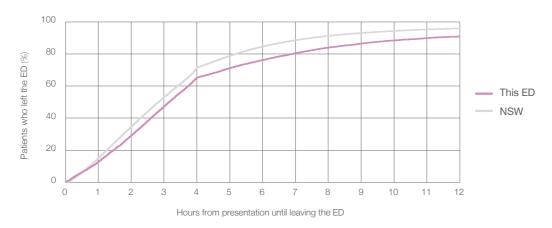
Same period

## St Vincent's Health Sydney: Time patients spent in the ED

July to September 2016

(this period) last vear All presentations: 11,181 patients 11,638 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 11,181 patients 11.638 3 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 9 minutes 50 minutes 17 hours and 10 hours and 95th percentile time spent in the ED 9 16 hours and 56 minutes 22 minutes 43 minutes

#### Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016



<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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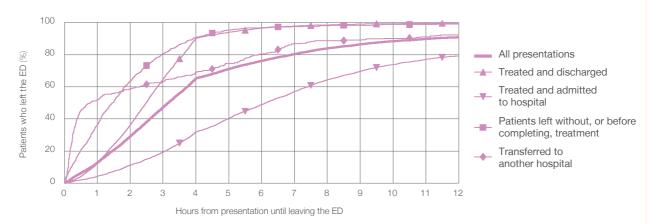
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### St Vincent's Health Sydney: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation July to September 2016

Same period Change since All presentations: 11,181 patients last year one year ago Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 11,181 patients -3.9% 11.638 5,148 (46.0%) Treated and discharged 5,199 -1.0% Treated and admitted to hospital 4,660 (41.7%) 5,176 -10.0% Patient left without, or before 932 (8.3%) 940 -0.9% completing, treatment 375 (3.4%) 67.4% Transferred to another hospital 66 (0.6%) Other 99 -33.3%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2016 †\*



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	12.7%	36.4%	64.8%	90.1%	96.5%	98.6%	99.4%	99.7%
Treated and admitted to hospital	4.3%	11.2%	19.4%	31.9%	48.9%	64.4%	73.9%	79.3%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	36.3%	63.6%	80.7%	90.9%	96.8%	98.1%	98.8%	99.1%
Transferred to another hospital	52.0%	58.7%	63.2%	69.1%	80.3%	88.8%	90.1%	92.3%
All presentations	12.8%	29.2%	47.3%	65.3%	76.1%	83.9%	88.4%	90.9%

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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## St Vincent's Health Sydney: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED July to September 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 111,181 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 11,181 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED



	Change since one year ago
11,638	-3.9%
11,638	-3.9%
64.4%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 14



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients left the ED. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 20 October 2016).