NICIAL

Come named

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

Wyong Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

July to September 2016

	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Change since one year ago
All presentations:1 15,972 patients	15,899	0.5%
Emergency presentations: ² 15,813 patients	15,710	0.7%

Wyong Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

July to September 2016

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,662 patients	1,371	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment 5 46 minutes	33 minutes	41 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 4,927 patients	4,661	
Median ume to start treatment	23 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 98 minutes	95 minutes	103 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 8,117 patients	8,299	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	32 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	135 minutes	139 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 994 patients	1,300	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	25 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 97 minutes	104 minutes	138 minutes

Wyong Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

July to September 2016	16		Same period last year	Change since one year ago
Attendances used to calculate time to le	aving the ED: 6 15,971 patients		15,899	0.5%
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED		69.4%	69.4%	

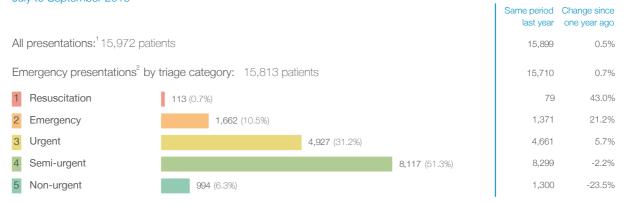
Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016. 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

Wyong Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department July to September 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 [‡]



Resuscitation	50	75	66	79	113
Emergency	1,172	1,260	1,288	1,371	1,662
Urgent	3,604	3,994	3,946	4,661	4,927
Semi-urgent	6,546	7,394	7,483	8,299	8,117
Non-urgent	2,907	1,676	1,190	1,300	994
All emergency presentations	14,279	14,399	13,973	15,710	15,813

Wyong Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance July to September 2016

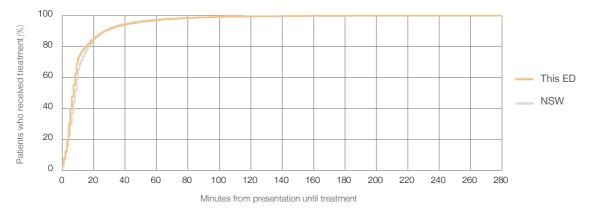
		Same period last year	Change since one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate tran	sfer of care time: 7 4,078 patients	3,918	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	10 minutes	12 minutes	-2 minutes
95th percentile time	46 minutes	66 minutes	-20 minutes

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wyong Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,662		
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,656	1,366	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 46 minutes	33 minutes	41 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 ^{†‡}

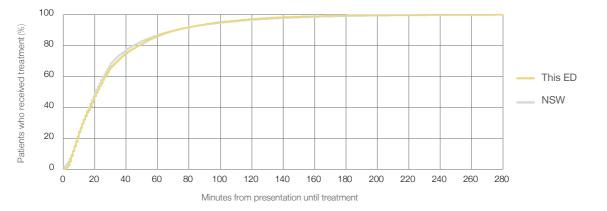


^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wyong Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 July to September 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 4,927	4,661	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 4,885	4,608	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 22 minutes	23 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 98 minutes	95 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 ^{†‡}



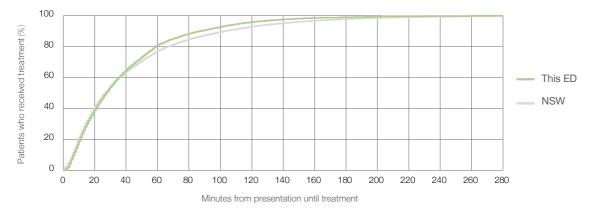
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wyong Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 8,117	8,299	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 7,846	8,023	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 28 minutes	32 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 114 minutes	135 minutes	139 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 ^{†‡}



(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

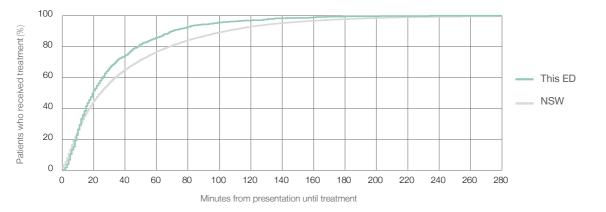
Page 5 of 9

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wyong Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 July to September 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 994	1,300	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 926	1,237	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	25 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 97 minutes	104 minutes	138 minutes

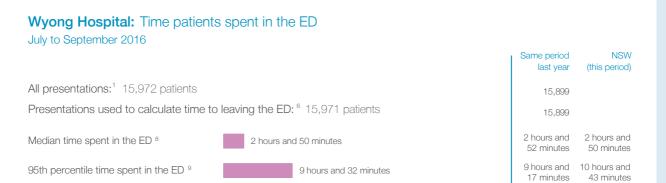
Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



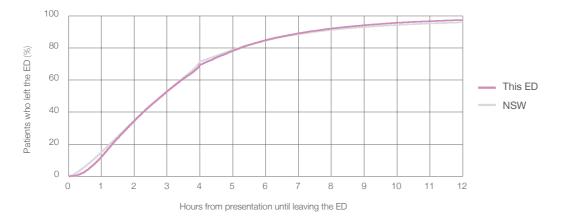
Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 ^{†‡}



^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2016



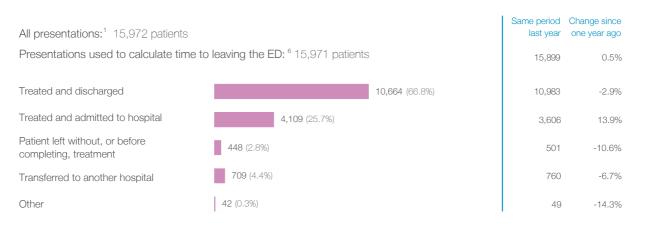
Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016



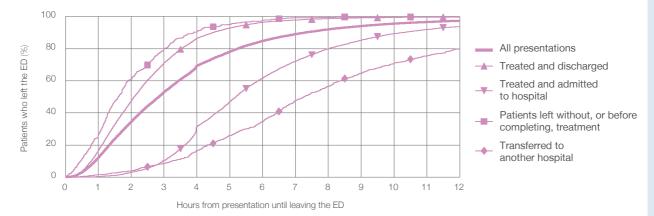
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wyong Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED By mode of separation

July to September 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

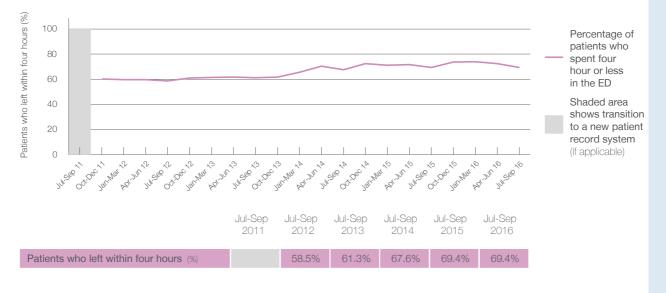
Treated and discharged	16.6%	47.4%	71.1%	86.6%	96.5%	98.7%	99.5%	99.8%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.4%	3.0%	10.4%	31.5%	61.6%	79.8%	89.4%	93.8%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	26.3%	60.9%	79.9%	90.6%	97.8%	99.6%	99.8%	99.8%
Transferred to another hospital	1.6%	3.9%	8.3%	16.6%	34.6%	56.4%	71.2%	80.0%
All presentations	12.2%	34.6%	53.0%	69.4%	84.8%	92.0%	95.7%	97.4%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wyong Hospital: Time spent in				
Percentage of patients who spe	nt four hours or less in the ED)		
July to September 2016			Same period last year	Change since one year ago
All presentations at the emergency dep	artment: 1 15,972 patients		15,899	0.5%
Presentations used to calculate time to	leaving the ED: 6 15,971 patients		15,899	0.5%
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED		69.4%	69.4%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 ⁺⁺



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- + Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- * Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see
- Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients left the ED. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.
 Note: All percentages are roughed and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 20 October 2016).

Major hospitals (B) central Coast Local Health District