Same period Change since

#### More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare\_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Mount Druitt Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

January to March 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: <sup>1</sup> 7,963 patients	8,224	-3.2%
Emergency presentations: <sup>2</sup> 7,888 patients	8,171	-3.5%

### Mount Druitt Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment<sup>3</sup>

January to March 2017

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,373 patients	1,176	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 25 minutes	25 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 2,938 patients	3,283	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 26 minutes	28 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	87 minutes	69 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 2,649 patients	2,698	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 40 minutes	38 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	109 minutes	101 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 910 patients	992	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 41 minutes	38 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	113 minutes	104 minutes

### Mount Druitt Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 7,960 patients

Percentage of patients who spent	
	67.9%
four hours or less in the FD	011070

	one year ago
8,224	-3.2%
74.0%	

- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

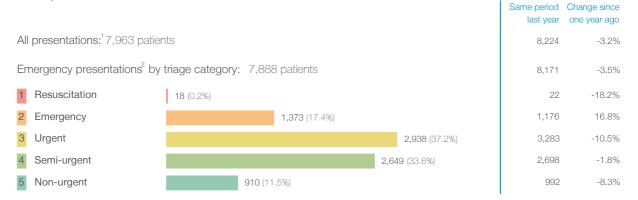
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

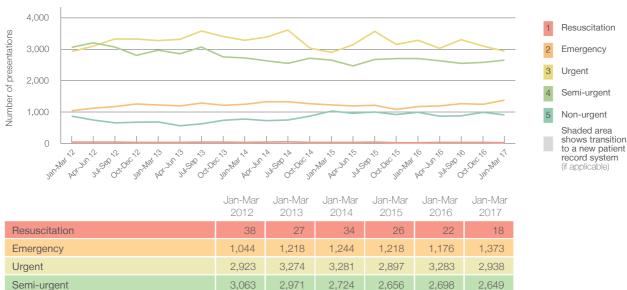
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

## Mount Druitt Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

January to March 2017



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 <sup>‡</sup>



1,027

7,824

992

7,888

Same period Change since

8,171

#### Mount Druitt Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

868

7.936

January to March 2017

All emergency presentations

Non-urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 783 patients			
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	14 minutes	13 minutes	1 minute
90th percentile time	28 minutes	26 minutes	2 minutes

8,175

8,054

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

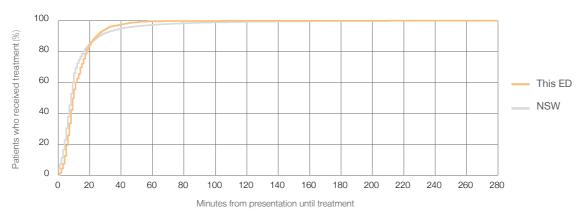
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

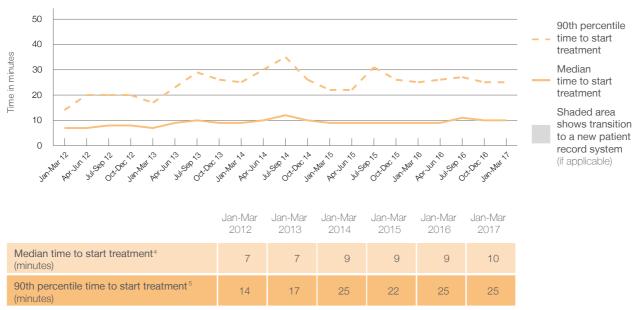
# **Mount Druitt Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,373	1,176	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,367	1,168	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 10 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 25 minutes	25 minutes	26 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

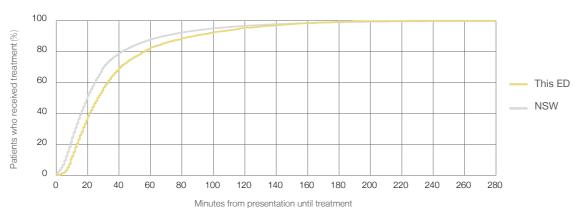
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# **Mount Druitt Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 2,938	3,283	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,833	3,137	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 26 minutes	28 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 87 minutes	87 minutes	69 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

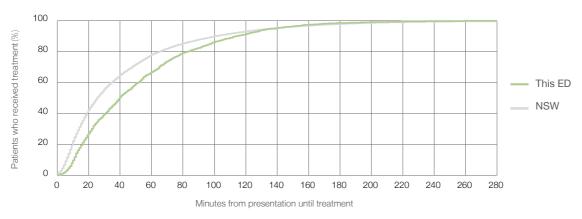
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

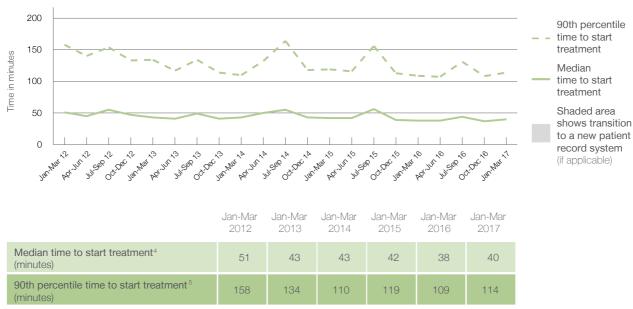
# **Mount Druitt Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 2,649	2,698	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,464	2,502	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 40 minutes	38 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 114 minutes	109 minutes	101 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

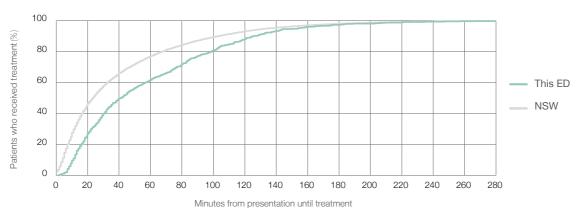
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# **Mount Druitt Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 910	992	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 812	862	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 41 minutes	38 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	113 minutes	104 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW

Same period

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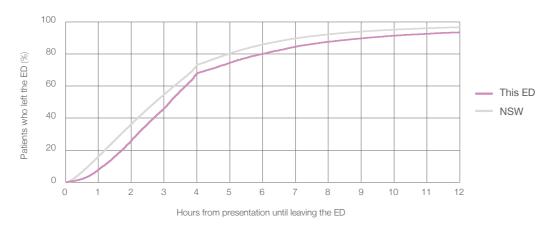
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

#### Mount Druitt Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

January to March 2017

(this period) last vear All presentations: 7,963 patients 8,224 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:<sup>6</sup> 7,960 patients 8,224 3 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 11 minutes 44 minutes 8 hours and 7 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 9 hours and 11 minutes 0 minutes 7 minutes

#### Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

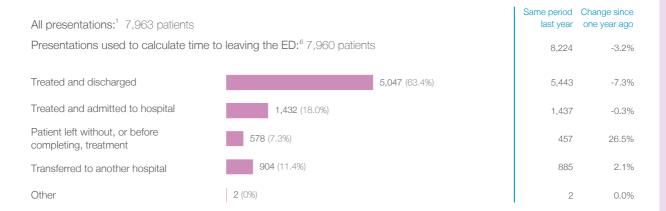
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

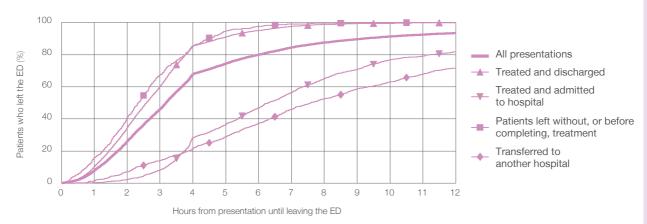
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

#### Mount Druitt Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation January to March 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2017 <sup>†‡</sup>



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	10.3%	34.5%	60.2%	85.4%	95.0%	98.8%	99.6%	99.9%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.3%	2.2%	8.1%	28.3%	46.9%	65.1%	76.8%	81.8%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	16.0%	41.1%	67.4%	85.4%	97.7%	99.7%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	1.3%	7.0%	14.2%	21.6%	37.2%	52.5%	63.1%	71.6%
All presentations	7.9%	26.0%	46.1%	67.9%	80.0%	87.6%	91.4%	93.4%

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Mount Druitt Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED January to March 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 17,963 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 7,960 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

67.9%

	Change since one year ago
8,224	-3.2%
8,224	-3.2%
74.0%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 11



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 18 April 2017).