From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# **Queanbeyan Health Service:** Emergency department (ED) overview January to March 2017

	Same period last year	Change since one year ago
All presentations:1 4,728 patients	4,621	2.3%
Emergency presentations: <sup>2</sup> 4,589 patients	4,476	2.5%

### Queanbeyan Health Service: Time patients waited to start treatment<sup>3</sup>

January to March 2017 Same period NSW last year (this period) Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 240 patients 255 8 minutes Median time to start treatment<sup>4</sup> 8 minutes 8 minutes 19 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment<sup>5</sup> 23 minutes 26 minutes Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,255 patients 1,154 20 minutes Median time to start treatment<sup>4</sup> 22 minutes 20 minutes 51 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment<sup>5</sup> 65 minutes 69 minutes Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 2,129 patients 2.236 25 minutes Median time to start treatment<sup>4</sup> 30 minutes 26 minutes 85 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment<sup>5</sup> 105 minutes 101 minutes Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 954 patients 831 24 minutes Median time to start treatment<sup>4</sup> 23 minutes 30 minutes 88 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment<sup>5</sup> 113 minutes 104 minutes

### Queanbeyan Health Service: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

January to March 2017			last year	one year ago
Attendances used to calculate time to le	eaving the ED: <sup>6</sup> 4,728 patients		4,621	2.3%
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED		87.5%	82.6%	

\* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

PERFORMANCE PROFILES: Emergency department care

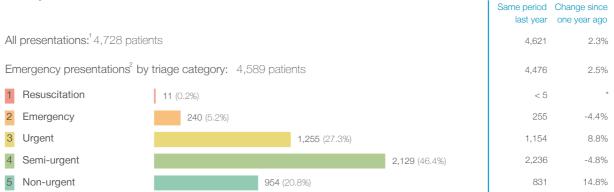
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

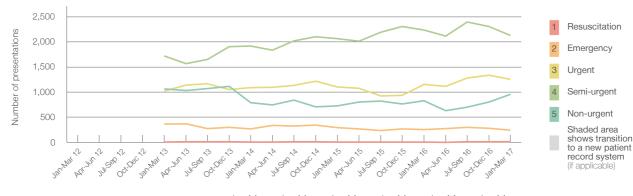
Same period Change since

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Queanbeyan Health Service: Patients presenting to the emergency department January to March 2017



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017<sup>‡§</sup>



	Jan-Mar 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Jan-Mar 2014	Jan-Mar 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Jan-Mar 2017
Resuscitation		5	7	< 5	< 5	11
Emergency		361	270	298	255	240
Urgent		1,019	1,090	1,100	1,154	1,255
Semi-urgent		1,722	1,919	2,062	2,236	2,129
Non-urgent		1,064	790	729	831	954
All emergency presentations		4,171	4,076	4,189	4,476	4,589

## Queanbeyan Health Service: Patients arriving by ambulance

January to March 2017

		Same period last year	Change since one year ago	
Arrivals used to calculate tran	sfer of care time: <sup>7</sup> 418 patients **	331		
ED Transfer of care time				
Median time	11 minutes	12 minutes	-1 minute	
90th percentile time	20 minutes	23 minutes	-3 minutes	

(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

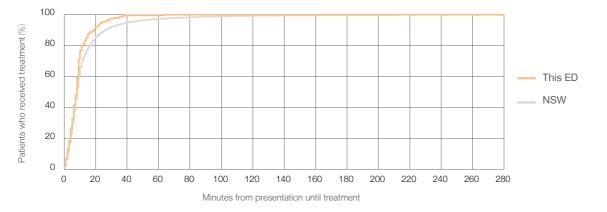
Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. (§) For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

(\*\*) Interpret with caution: total ambulance arrivals include more than 30% of records for which transfer of care time cannot be calculated.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Queanbeyan Health Service: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2017 NSW Same period Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns) (this period) last year Number of triage 2 patients: 240 255 Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time:<sup>3</sup> 240 249 Median time to start treatment<sup>4</sup> 8 minutes 8 minutes 8 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment<sup>5</sup> 19 minutes 26 minutes 23 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2012 to March 2017<sup>1+\$</sup>



<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

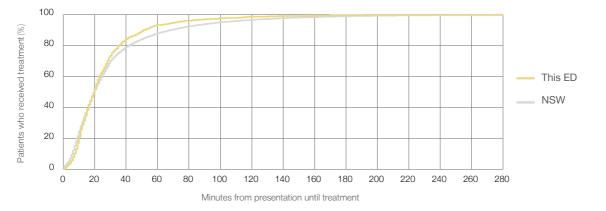
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

<sup>(§)</sup> Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Queanbeyan Health Service: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2017 NSW Same period Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration) (this period) last year Number of triage 3 patients: 1,255 1,154 Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time:<sup>3</sup> 1,231 1.107 Median time to start treatment<sup>4</sup> 20 minutes 22 minutes 20 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment<sup>5</sup> 51 minutes 69 minutes 65 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2012 to March 2017<sup>++®</sup>



<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

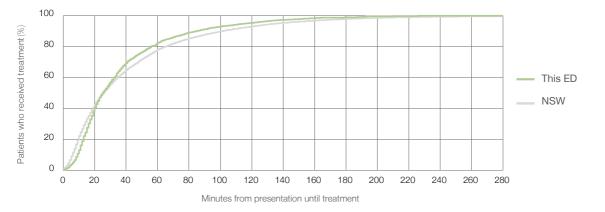
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

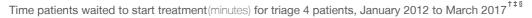
<sup>(§)</sup> Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Queanbeyan Health Service: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2017 NSW Same period Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache) (this period) last year Number of triage 4 patients: 2,129 2 236 Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time:<sup>3</sup> 1,983 2.022 Median time to start treatment<sup>4</sup> 25 minutes 30 minutes 26 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment<sup>5</sup> 85 minutes 101 minutes 105 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017







<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

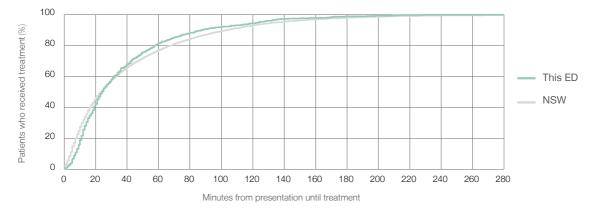
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

<sup>(§)</sup> Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Queanbeyan Health Service: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2017 NSW Same period Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions) (this period) last year Number of triage 5 patients: 954 831 Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time:<sup>3</sup> 804 667 Median time to start treatment<sup>4</sup> 24 minutes 30 minutes 23 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment<sup>5</sup> 88 minutes 104 minutes 113 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2012 to March 2017<sup>1+\$</sup>

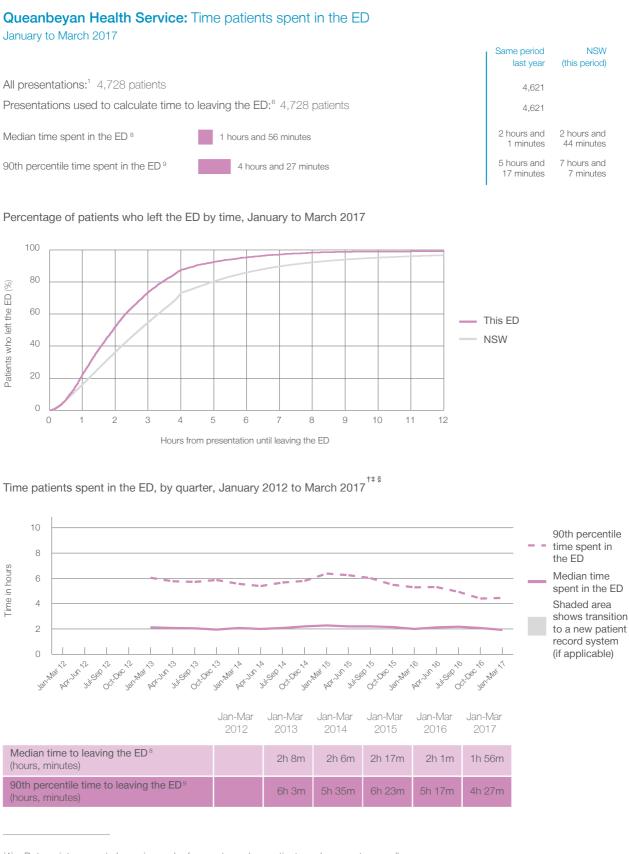


<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

<sup>(§)</sup> Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.



(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

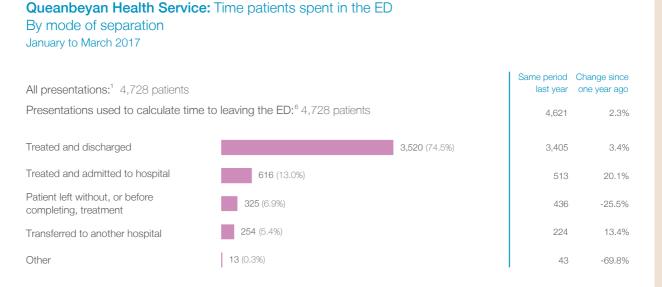
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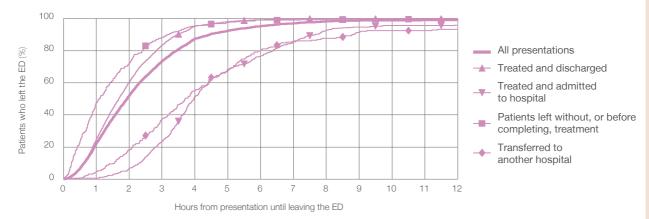
# Queanbeyan Health Service

### More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare\_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.



# Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2017<sup>†‡ §</sup>



### 1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	25.0%	60.6%	83.5%	95.4%	99.2%	99.9%	100%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.6%	6.8%	23.4%	51.5%	76.8%	92.7%	95.6%	95.9%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	47.4%	72.3%	88.3%	95.4%	99.1%	99.4%	99.7%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	4.7%	18.1%	37.4%	55.5%	80.7%	87.8%	92.5%	93.3%
All presentations	22.3%	52.2%	73.5%	87.5%	95.3%	98.3%	99.0%	99.1%

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

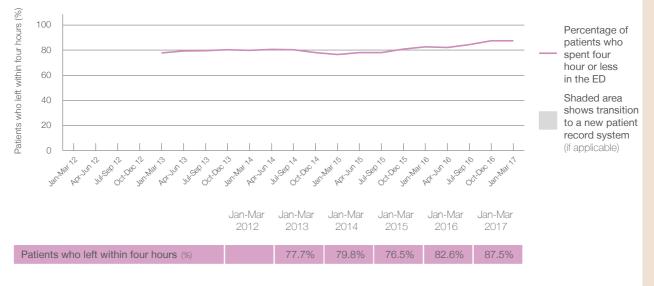
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

<sup>(§)</sup> Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# Queanbeyan Health Service: Time spent in the EDPercentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the EDJanuary to March 2017Same period<br/>one year agoAll presentations at the emergency department:14,728 patients4,621Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:64,728 patients4,621Percentage of patients who spent<br/>four hours or less in the ED87.5%82.6%82.6%

### Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017<sup>†‡§</sup>



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information
  Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time
- measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.
   Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017)

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 18 April 2017).

District group 2 hospitals (C2) southern NSW Local Health District