NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

Lismore Base Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 1 8,877 patients	8,441	5.2%
Emergency presentations: ² 8,546 patients	8,168	4.6%

Lismore Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment ³

October to December 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 878 patients	845	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 14 minutes	15 minutes	23 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 2,809 patients	2,950	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	21 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	68 minutes	65 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 3,771 patients	3,442	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 32 minutes	36 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	117 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,041 patients	887	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 35 minutes	39 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	119 minutes	103 minutes

Lismore Base Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 8,876 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

Same period	Change since
last year	one year ago
0.444	5.00/
8,441	5.2%
68.7%	

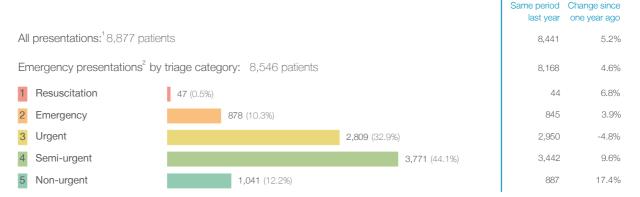
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

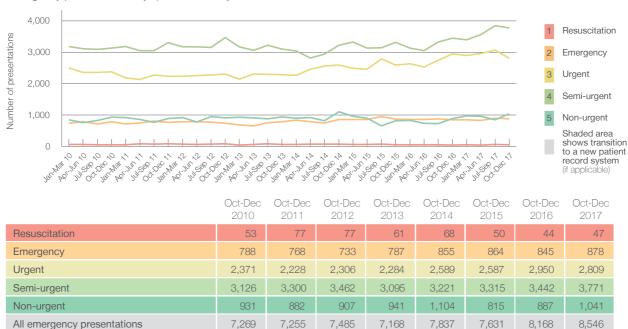
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 23 January 2018).

Lismore Base Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017 [‡]



Lismore Base Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

7.269

October to December 2017

All emergency presentations

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 1,752 patients		1,752	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	12 minutes	13 minutes	-1 minute
90th percentile time	35 minutes	37 minutes	-2 minutes

7,168

7,837

7,631

8,168

Same period Change since

8,546

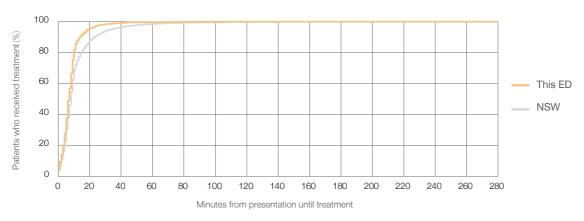
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

October to December 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 878	845	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 872		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	15 minutes	23 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 †‡



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	8	7	7	6	5	6	7	7	
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	24	16	19	17	13	15	15	14	

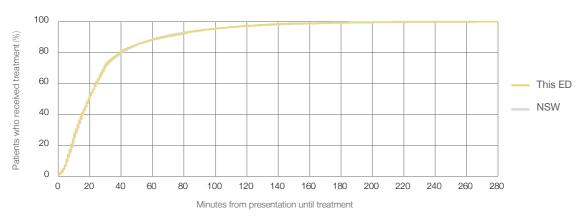
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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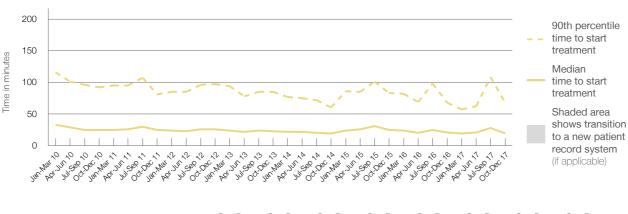
October to December 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 2,809	2,950	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,751	2,895	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 19 minutes	21 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 68 minutes	68 minutes	65 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 † ‡



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
edian time to start treatment ⁴ inutes)	25	25	26	23	19	25	21	19
th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ inutes)	92	81	97	85	60	83	68	68

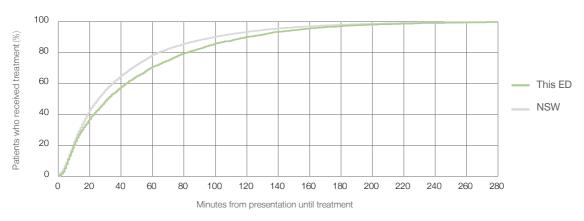
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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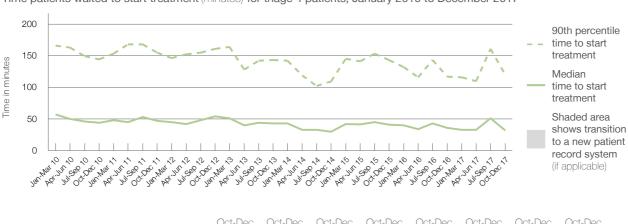
October to December 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)			NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 3,771	3,442		
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting ti	3,237		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 32 minute	s	36 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	120 minutes	117 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 † ‡



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	44	47	54	43	30	41	36	32
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	144	155	161	143	110	143	117	120

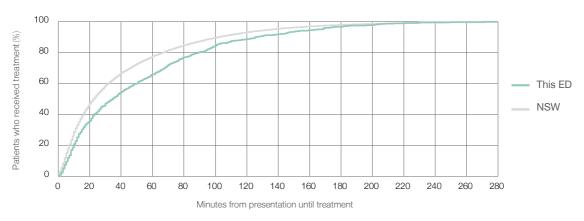
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

October to December 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)			NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 1,041	887		
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 909			
Median time to start treatment ⁴	35 minutes	39 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	126 minutes	119 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 † ‡



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Median time to start treatment 4 (minutes)	48	50	60	48	36	44	39	35
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	156	147	158	160	114	144	119	126

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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NSW

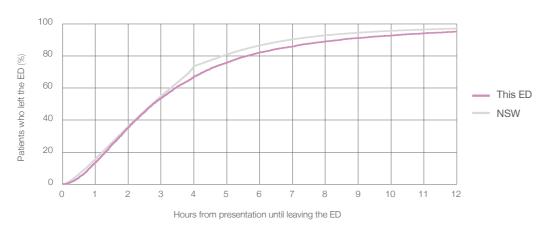
Same period

Lismore Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2017

(this period) last vear All presentations: 1 8,877 patients 8,441 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 8,876 patients 8.441 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 46 minutes 44 minutes 8 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 8 hours and 27 minutes 7 minutes 55 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017

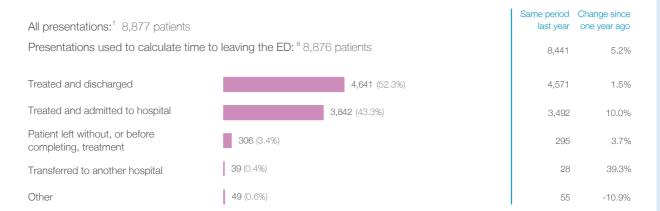


^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

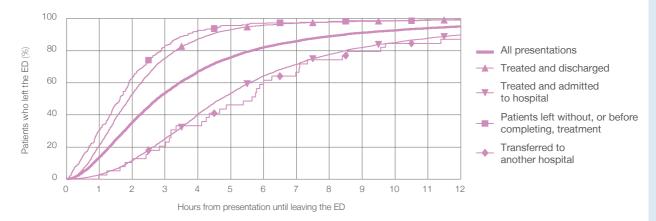
Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Lismore Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2017



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	21.1%	53.1%	75.3%	87.4%	95.9%	97.8%	98.6%	99.2%
Treated and admitted to hospital	2.8%	11.5%	25.2%	40.6%	64.3%	77.7%	85.1%	89.8%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	30.4%	63.4%	83.3%	92.5%	97.1%	98.0%	98.7%	99.7%
Transferred to another hospital	2.6%	12.8%	20.5%	33.3%	61.5%	74.4%	84.6%	87.2%
All presentations	13.7%	35.4%	53.7%	67.1%	82.1%	89.0%	92.7%	95.1%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Lismore Base Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2017

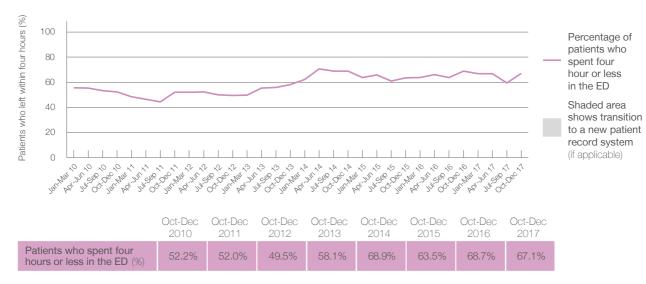
All presentations at the emergency department: 18,877 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: $^{\rm 6}$ 8,876 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 67.1%

	Change since one year ago
8,441	5.2%
8,441	5.2%
68.7%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017 **



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize †}}$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 23 January 2018).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 23 January 2018).