Same period Change since

Manly Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview January to March 2018

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 6,589 patients	6,461	2%
Emergency presentations: ² 6,523 patients	6,377	2%

Manly Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment ³ January to March 2018

Same period NSW last vear (this period) Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 943 patients 955 6 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 6 minutes 8 minutes 10 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment 5 11 minutes 23 minutes Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 2,450 patients 2,355 12 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 12 minutes 20 minutes 33 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment 5 33 minutes 65 minutes Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 2,701 patients 2.634 13 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 13 minutes 25 minutes 61 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment 5 68 minutes 98 minutes Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 394 patients 389 14 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 22 minutes 15 minutes 80 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment 5 97 minutes 76 minutes

Manly Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2018

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 6,589 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 879

	Change since one year ago
6,461	2%
85%	

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

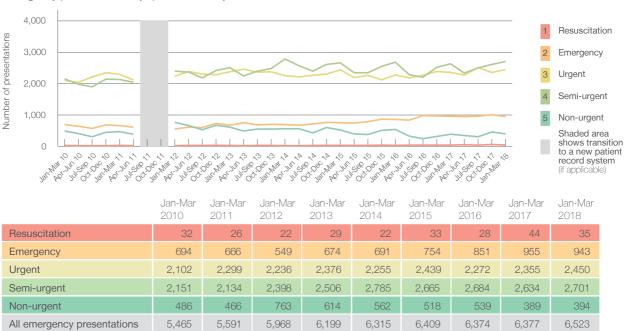
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018).

Manly Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department January to March 2018

Same period Change since last year one year ago All presentations: 16,589 patients 6.461 2% Emergency presentations² by triage category: 6,523 patients 6.377 2% Resuscitation 35 (0.5%) 44 -20.5% 943 (14.5%) 955 -1.3% Emergency 4.0% Urgent 2,450 (37.6%) 2.355 Semi-urgent 2,701 (41.4%) 2,634 2.5% 394 (6.0%) 389 1.3% Non-urgent

Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 [‡]



Manly Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

January to March 2018

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate tran	sfer of care time: 7 1,353 patients	1,300	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	11 minutes	12 minutes	-1 minute
90th percentile time	20 minutes	22 minutes	-2 minutes

Same period Change since

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

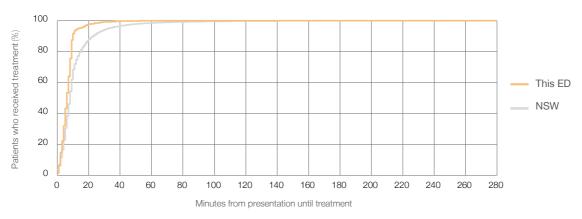
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Manly Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2018

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 943	955	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 941	955	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 6 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	11 minutes	23 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



10

90th percentile time to start

treatment 5 (minutes)

17

14

13

11

10

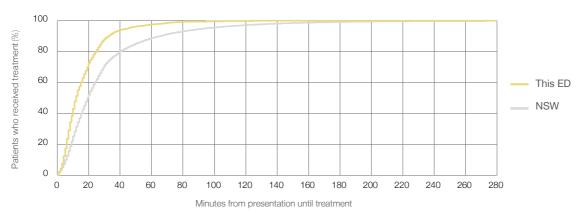
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

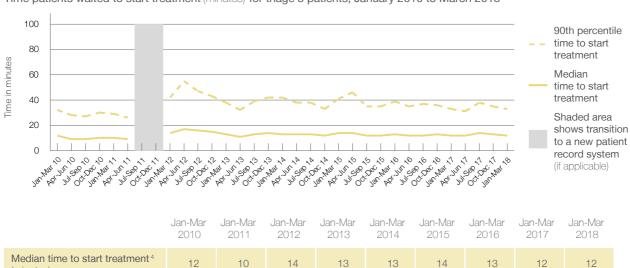
Manly Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2018

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 2,450	2,355	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,435	2,347	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 12 minutes	12 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 33 minutes	33 minutes	65 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Median time to start treatment (minutes)	12	10	14	13	13	14	13	12	12
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 (minutes)	32	29	42	38	42	41	39	33	33

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

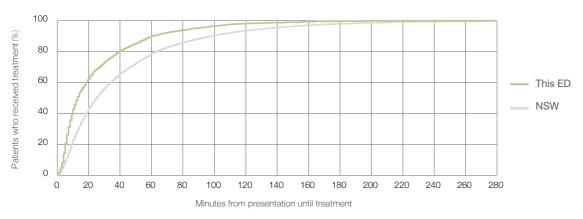
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Manly Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2018

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 2,701	2,634	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,650	2,578	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 13 minutes	13 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 61 minutes	68 minutes	98 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Median time to start treatment (minutes)	23	18	16	15	17	15	13	13	13
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 (minutes)	100	87	76	74	89	73	69	68	61

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

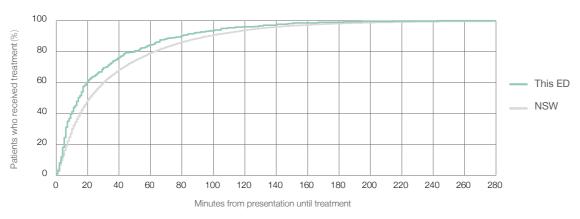
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Manly Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2018

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 394	389	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 374	370	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 14 minutes	15 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 80 minutes	76 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	26	23	16	13	17	14	12	15	14
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	113	124	91	76	120	87	84	76	80

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

4 hours and 37 minutes

Manly Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

January to March 2018

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9

All presentations: 1 6,589 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 6,589 patients

Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 31 minutes

Same period last year (this period)

6,461
6,461

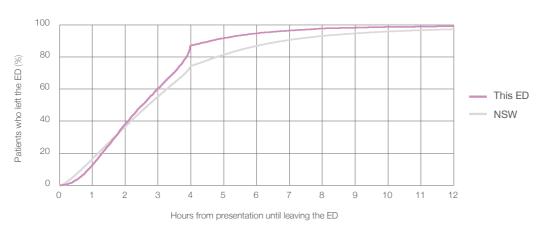
2 hours and 42 minutes
4 hours and 56 minutes

NSW (this period)

2 hours and 42 minutes

6 hours and 49 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2018



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ $\;$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

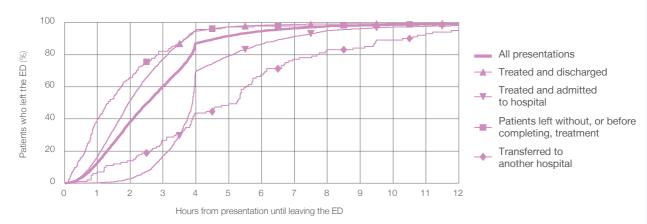
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Manly Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED By mode of separation January to March 2018

Same period Change since All presentations: 1 6,589 patients last year one year ago Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 6,589 patients 6.461 4,515 (68.5%) Treated and discharged 6.6% 4.236 Treated and admitted to hospital 1,782 (27.0%) 1,931 -7.7% Patient left without, or before 184 (2.8%) 182 1.1% completing, treatment 101 (1.5%) 110 -8.2% Transferred to another hospital 7 (0.1%) Other 2 250.0%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2018



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	16.5%	51.6%	77.5%	94.7%	98.3%	99.2%	99.4%	99.6%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.2%	2.8%	17.1%	69.6%	86.6%	95.1%	97.3%	98.1%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	39.7%	65.8%	82.1%	95.1%	97.8%	98.4%	98.9%	99.5%
Transferred to another hospital	6.9%	13.9%	26.7%	43.6%	67.3%	83.2%	89.1%	96.0%
All presentations	12.7%	38.3%	60.6%	87.1%	94.7%	97.8%	98.7%	99.1%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Manly Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED January to March 2018

All presentations at the emergency department: ¹ 6,589 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: ⁶ 6,589 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

87.1%

	one year ago
6,461	2%
6,461	2%
85.4%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 †*



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize †}}$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 17 April 2018).