Same period Change since

Wagga Wagga Rural Referral Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

January to March 2018

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 1 10,297 patients	9,682	6%
Emergency presentations: ² 9,990 patients	9,182	9%

Wagga Wagga Rural Referral Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment ³

January to March 2018

January to March 2018

	Same period last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 888 patients	680	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 6 minutes	5 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	12 minutes	23 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 3,887 patients Median time to start treatment ⁴ 15 minutes	3,843 15 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 45 minutes	47 minutes	65 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 3,894 patients	3,728	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 22 minutes	21 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 75 minutes	75 minutes	98 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,283 patients	884	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 17 minutes	19 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	79 minutes	97 minutes

Wagga Wagga Rural Referral Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 10,295 patients 9,682 Percentage of patients who spent 70% four hours or less in the ED

- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

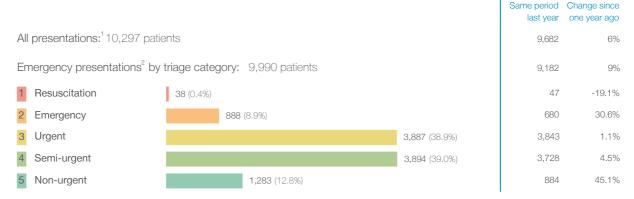
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018).

Same period Change since

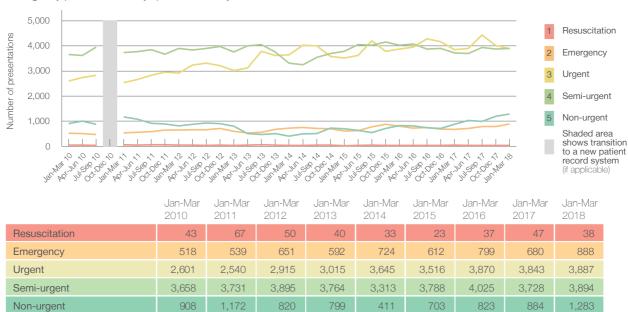
last year one year ago

Wagga Wagga Rural Referral Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

January to March 2018



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 [‡]



Wagga Wagga Rural Referral Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

8,049

8,331

8,210

8,126

8.642

January to March 2018

All emergency presentations

Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: ⁷ 2,255 patients

ED Transfer of care time

Median time

9 minutes

18 minutes

7,728

	Change since one year ago
1,963	
9 minutes	0 minutes
19 minutes	-1 minute

9,554

9,182

9.990

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

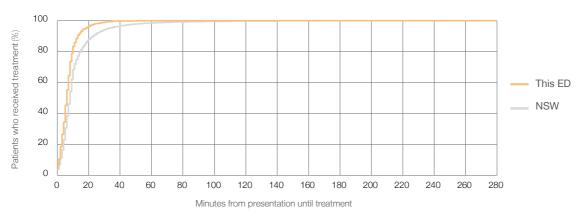
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

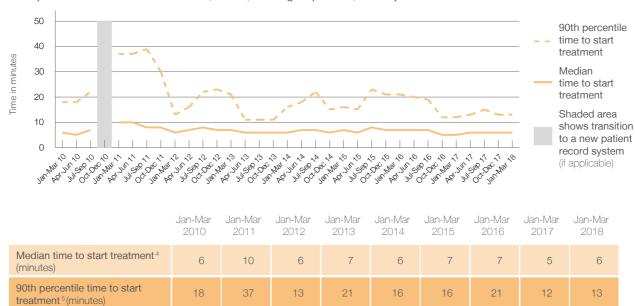
Wagga Wagga Rural Referral Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2018

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 888	680	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 886	679	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 6 minutes	5 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	12 minutes	23 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

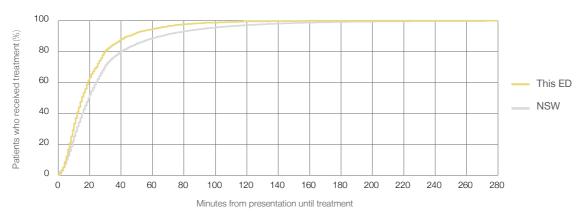
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

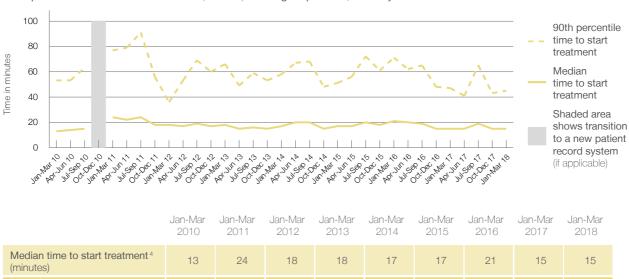
Wagga Wagga Rural Referral Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2018

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 3,887	3,843	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,831	3,802	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 15 minutes	15 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 45 minutes	47 minutes	65 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



53

36

90th percentile time to start

treatment 5 (minutes)

66

51

47

45

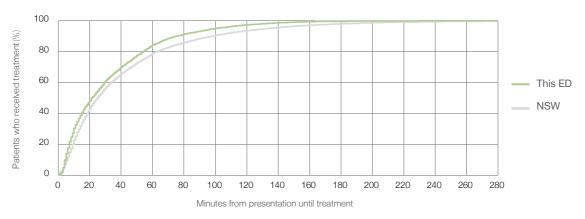
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wagga Wagga Rural Referral Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2018

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 3,894	3,728	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,743	3,624	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 22 minutes	21 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 75 minutes	75 minutes	98 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



108

90th percentile time to start

treatment 5 (minutes)

118

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

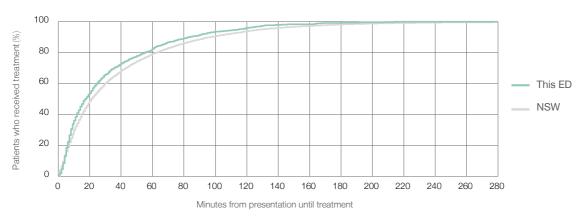
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wagga Wagga Rural Referral Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2018

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 1,283	884	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,195	828	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	19 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	79 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



treatment 5 (minutes)

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

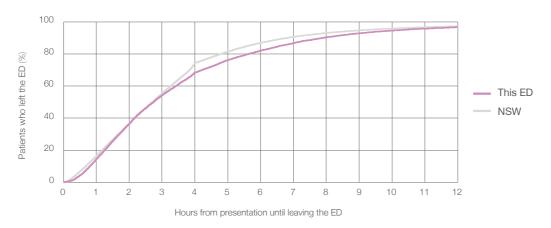
NSW

Same period

Wagga Wagga Rural Referral Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED January to March 2018

(this period) last vear All presentations: 10,297 patients 9,682 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 10,295 patients 9.682 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 45 minutes 42 minutes 7 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 7 hours and 54 minutes 42 minutes 49 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2018



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



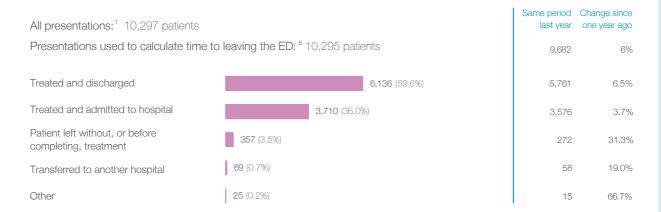
 $^{(\}dagger)$ $\;$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

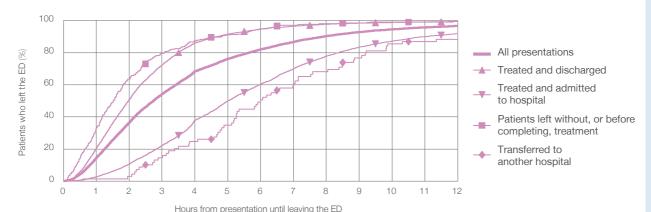
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wagga Wagga Rural Referral Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation January to March 2018



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2018



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	20.6%	50.8%	72.4%	86.1%	94.7%	97.8%	98.8%	99.5%
Treated and admitted to hospital	2.9%	10.6%	22.2%	37.8%	60.5%	78.0%	87.2%	91.9%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	33.1%	63.6%	79.6%	87.4%	95.0%	98.0%	99.2%	99.4%
Transferred to another hospital	1.4%	2.9%	14.5%	24.6%	50.7%	68.1%	85.5%	88.4%
All presentations	14.6%	36.5%	54.2%	68.3%	82.1%	90.4%	94.6%	96.7%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wagga Wagga Rural Referral Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED January to March 2018

All presentations at the emergency department: 1 10,297 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 10,295 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED



	Change since one year ago
9,682	6%
9,682	6%
69.9%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 †*



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize †}}$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 17 April 2018).

PERFORMANCE PROFILES: Emergency department care