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More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

Kurri Kurri Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview October to December 2018

		Change since one year ago
All presentations. ¹ 899 patients	1,032	-13%
Emergency presentations: ² 832 patients	963	-14%

Kurri Kurri Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

October to December 2018

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 59 patients	66	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 3 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	*	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 145 patients	193	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	11 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 46 minutes	51 minutes	72 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 415 patients	524	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	16 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 45 minutes	56 minutes	104 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 213 patients	180	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	11 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 45 minutes	47 minutes	104 minutes

Kurri Kurri Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2018					
Attendances used to calculate time to I	eaving the ED: 6 899 patients		1,032	-13%	
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED		94%	94%		

Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: October to December 2018.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 January 2019).

Kurri Kurri Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department October to December 2018

Same period Change since last year one year ago All presentations:¹899 patients 1.032 -13% Emergency presentations² by triage category: 832 patients 963 -14% 1 Resuscitation 0 (0%) < 5 -7.8% 59 (7.1%) 2 Emergency 66 Urgent 145 (17.4%) -24.9% 3 193 4 Semi-urgent 415 (49.9%) 524 -20.8% 5 213 (25.6%) 180 18.3% Non-urgent

Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to December 2018 [‡]



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017	Oct-Dec 2018
Resuscitation	0	< 5	0	< 5	5	< 5	< 5	< 5	0
Emergency	80	48	58	98	105	75	78	66	59
Urgent	461	330	230	416	299	344	270	193	145
Semi-urgent	1,195	1,402	1,062	1,085	836	676	509	524	415
Non-urgent	483	333	385	265	322	208	111	180	213
All emergency presentations	2,219	2,113	1,735	1,864	1,567	1,303	968	963	832

Kurri Kurri Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance October to December 2018

Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 < 50 patients

ED Transfer of care time

Median time

90th percentile time

Same period Change since last year

54

4 minutes

one year ago

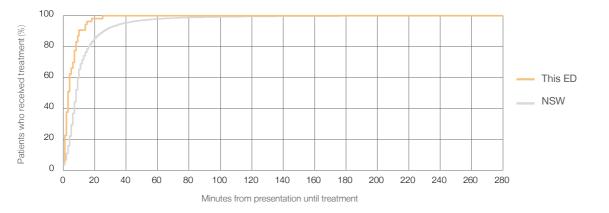
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

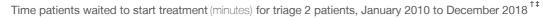
transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

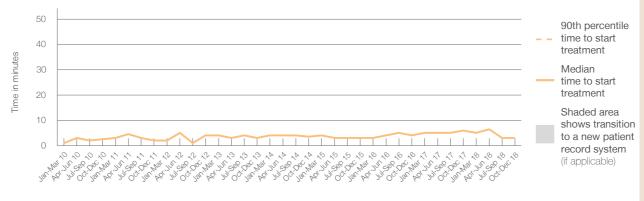
Kurri Kurri Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 October to December 2018

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 59	66	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 53	48	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 3 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ *	*	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018







	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017	Oct-Dec 2018
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	3	2	4	3	4	3	4	6	3
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

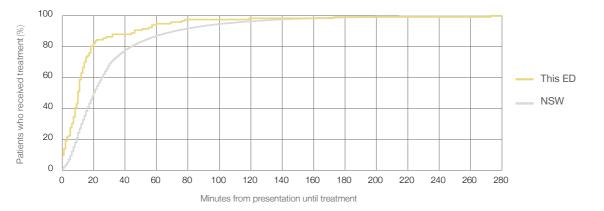
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

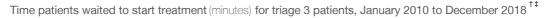
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

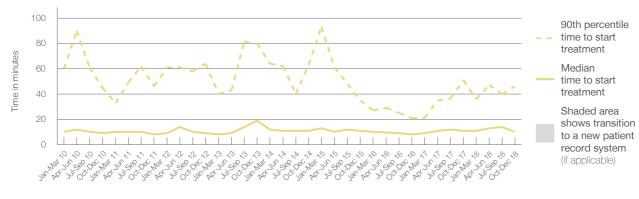
Kurri Kurri Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 October to December 2018

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 145	193	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 116	128	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 10 minutes	11 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 46 minutes	51 minutes	72 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018







	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017	Oct-Dec 2018
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	9	8	9	19	11	11	8	11	10
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	45	46	64	80	63	35	21	51	46

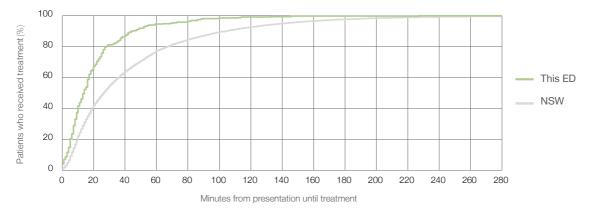
(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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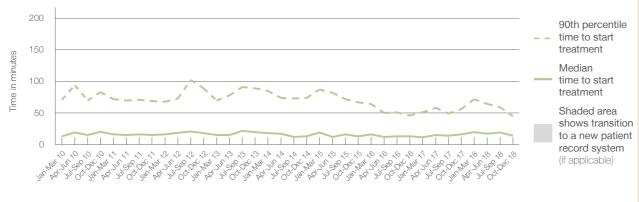
Kurri Kurri Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2018

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 415	524	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 308	316	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	16 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 45 minutes	56 minutes	104 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018







	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017	Oct-Dec 2018
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	20	15	18	20	13	13	13	16	14
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	83	69	89	89	74	67	46	56	45

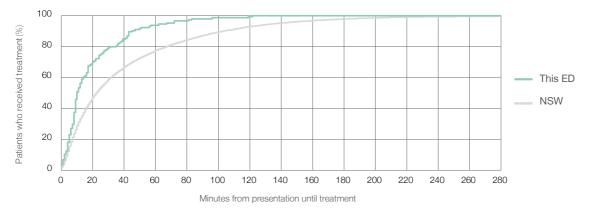
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

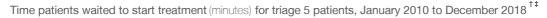
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

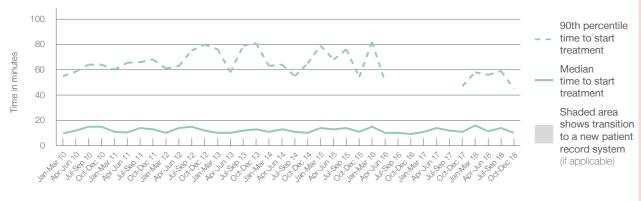
Kurri Kurri Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2018

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 213	180	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 144	127	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 10 minutes	11 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 45 minutes	47 minutes	104 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018







	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017	Oct-Dec 2018
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	15	13	12	13	10	11	9	11	10
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	64	68	80	81	65	54	*	47	45

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW

(this period)

49 minutes

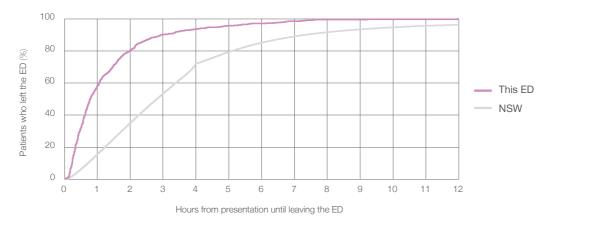
7 hours and

19 minutes

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Kurri Kurri Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED October to December 2018 Same period last vear All presentations:¹ 899 patients 1,032 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 899 patients 1.032 0 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED ⁸ 0 hours and 47 minutes 50 minutes 3 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 2 hours and 57 minutes 19 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2018



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2018



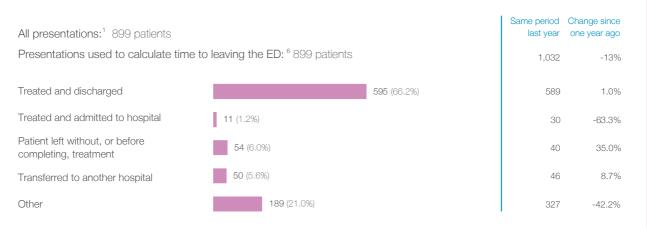
Median time spent in the ED ⁸ (hours, minutes)	0h 52m	0h 53m	0h 51m	1h 2m	0h 56m	0h 52m	0h 39m	0h 50m	0h 47m
90th percentile time spent in the ED ⁹ (hours, minutes)	3h 23m	3h 20m	3h 38m	3h 51m	3h 57m	3h 6m	2h 50m	3h 19m	2h 57m

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

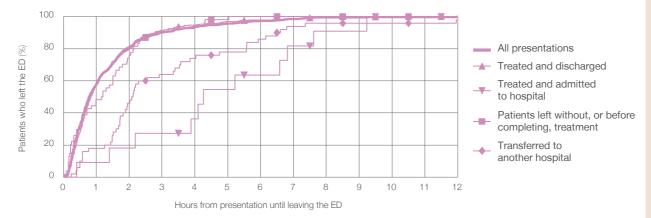
Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after (\ddagger) transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Kurri Kurri Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED By mode of separation

October to December 2018



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2018



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

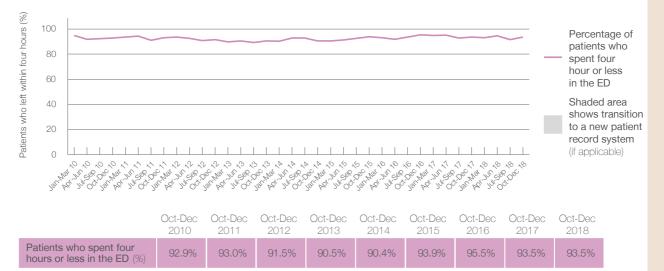
Treated and discharged	57.5%	81.5%	91.4%	94.8%	98.0%	99.7%	100%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	9.1%	18.2%	27.3%	36.4%	63.6%	90.9%	100%	100%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	48.1%	75.9%	90.7%	94.4%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	18.0%	46.0%	64.0%	74.0%	86.0%	96.0%	96.0%	98.0%
All presentations	58.2%	80.3%	90.1%	93.5%	97.2%	99.4%	99.8%	99.9%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Kurri Kurri Hospital: Time spen	t in the ED			
Percentage of patients who spen	nt four hours or less in the ED			
October to December 2018			Same period last year	Change since one year ago
All presentations at the emergency depa	1,032	-13%		
Presentations used to calculate time to	eaving the ED: 6 899 patients		1,032	-13%
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED		93.5%	93.5%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2018 ^{†‡}



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- + Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: October to December 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.
 Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 January 2019).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 22 January 2019).

District group 2 hospitals (C2) Hunter New England Local Health District