NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

# **Mount Druitt Hospital:** Emergency department (ED) overview July to September 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 8,131 patients	8,551	-4.9%
Emergency presentations: 2 8,022 patients	8,483	-5.4%

## Mount Druitt Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment 3

July to September 2016

July to September 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,262 patients	1,208	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	9 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 35 minutes	40 minutes	41 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 3,300 patients	3,568	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 32 minutes	38 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	174 minutes	103 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 2,551 patients	2,667	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 44 minutes	56 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	187 minutes	139 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 880 patients	1,002	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 39 minutes	51 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	168 minutes	138 minutes

## Mount Druitt Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

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Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: <sup>6</sup> 8,125 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

64.

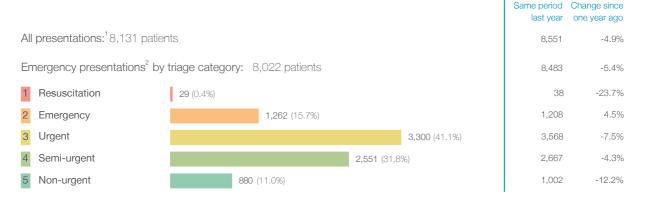
	one year ago
8,551	-5.0%
59.8%	

- \* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

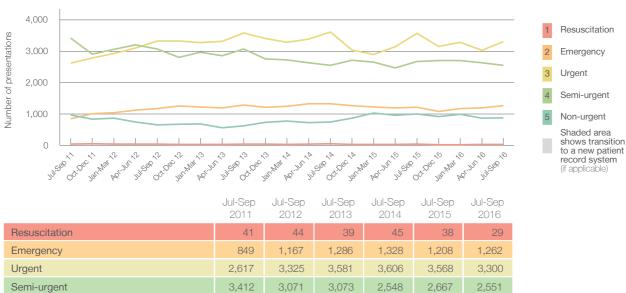
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

# **Mount Druitt Hospital:** Patients presenting to the emergency department July to September 2016



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 <sup>‡</sup>



#### Mount Druitt Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

963

7.882

July to September 2016

All emergency presentations

Non-urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	fer of care time: 7 844 patients	1,238	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	16 minutes	15 minutes	1 minute
95th percentile time	50 minutes	54 minutes	-4 minutes

8,255

8,603

8,272

1,002

8,483

880

Same period Change since

8,022

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

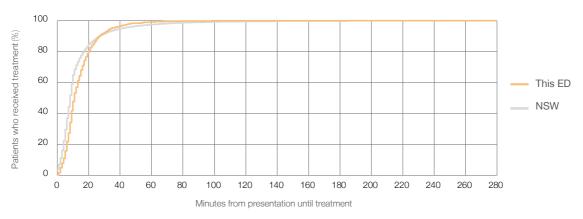
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

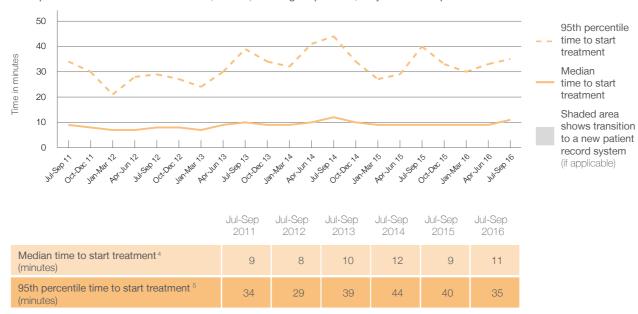
### Mount Druitt Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,262	1,208	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,254	1,192	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 11 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 35 minutes	40 minutes	41 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



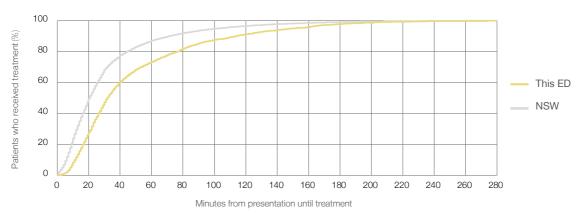
<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

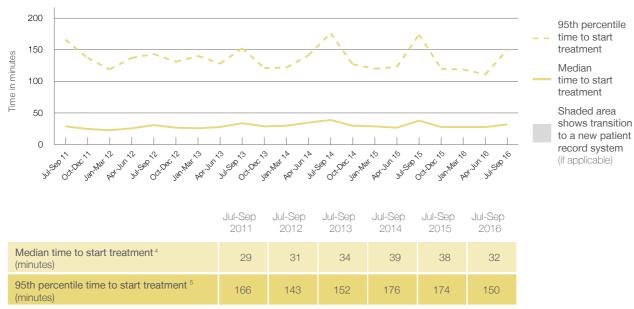
# **Mount Druitt Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 July to September 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood	loss, dehydration)		Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 3,300			3,568	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calc	culate waiting time: 3 3,1	67	3,300	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	32 minutes		38 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>		150 minutes	174 minutes	103 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, July 2011 to September 2016



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

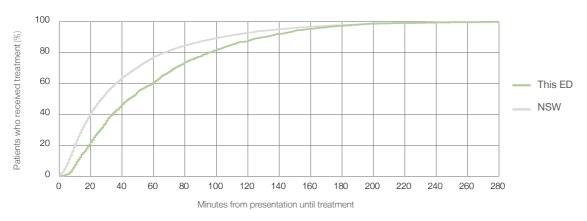
<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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# **Mount Druitt Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 2,551	2,667	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,381	2,317	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 44 minutes	56 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	187 minutes	139 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

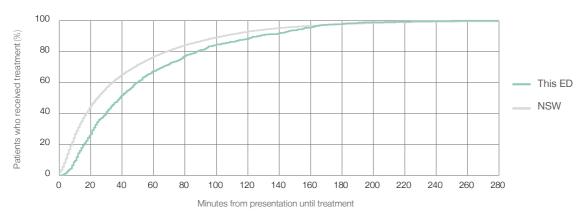
<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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# **Mount Druitt Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 July to September 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)		Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 880		1,002	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 784		826	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 39 minutes		51 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	156 minutes	168 minutes	138 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW

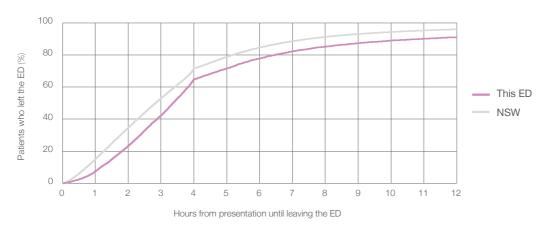
Same period

### Mount Druitt Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

July to September 2016

(this period) last vear All presentations: 1 8,131 patients 8,551 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 8,125 patients 8.551 3 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 22 minutes 50 minutes 20 hours and 10 hours and 95th percentile time spent in the ED 9 19 hours and 32 minutes 43 minutes 43 minutes

### Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2016



## Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016



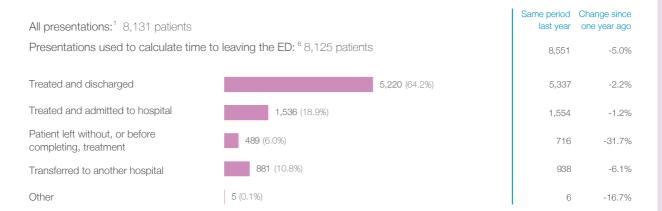
 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$   $\;$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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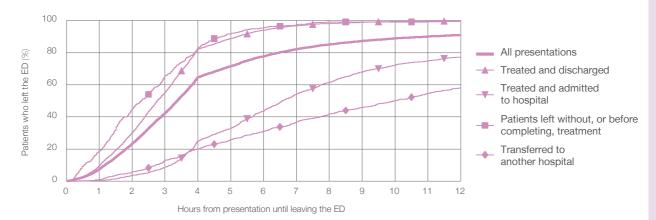
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

### Mount Druitt Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation July to September 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2016  $^{\dagger\ddagger}$ 



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	9.7%	30.1%	55.2%	82.3%	94.0%	98.2%	99.4%	99.8%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.5%	3.6%	8.7%	25.0%	43.6%	61.5%	72.3%	77.3%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	18.8%	44.9%	65.6%	82.7%	95.5%	99.2%	99.2%	99.6%
Transferred to another hospital	1.0%	5.8%	12.8%	20.0%	31.1%	41.8%	50.1%	58.0%
All presentations	7.5%	23.3%	42.4%	64.7%	77.7%	85.1%	88.9%	91.0%

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

### Mount Druitt Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED July to September 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 18,131 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 68,125 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

64.7%

Change since one year ago	
-4.9%	8,551
-5.0%	8,551
	59.8%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 14



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
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- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
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- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients left the ED. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 20 October 2016).