From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# **Hornsby and Ku-Ring-Gai Hospital:** Emergency department (ED) overview January to March 2017

All presentations: 9,656 patients

Emergency presentations: 9,594 patients

Same period	Change since
last year	one year ago
9,644	0.1%
9 595	-0.0%

### Hornsby and Ku-Ring-Gai Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment<sup>3</sup>

January to March 2017

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,282 patients	1,332	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 5 minutes	5 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	10 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 2,224 patients	2,121	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	15 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 42 minutes	46 minutes	69 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,380 patients	4,280	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	16 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 71 minutes	76 minutes	101 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,672 patients	1,830	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 15 minutes	11 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 83 minutes	88 minutes	104 minutes

### Hornsby and Ku-Ring-Gai Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 9,656 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

January to March 2017

	Change since one year ago
9,644	0.1%
71.0%	

- \* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

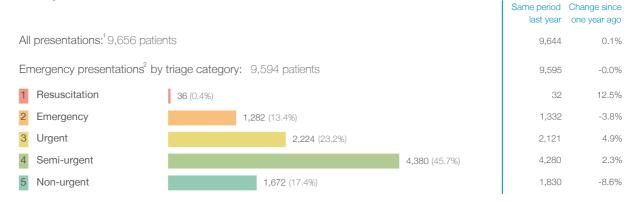
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

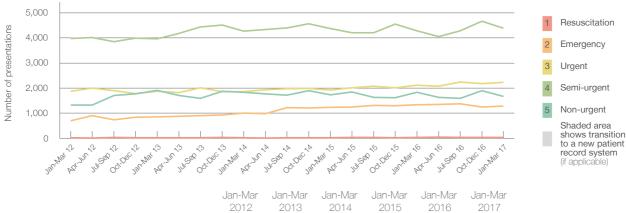
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Hornsby and Ku-Ring-Gai Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

January to March 2017



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 <sup>‡</sup>



	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Resuscitation	23	25	24	21	32	36
Emergency	695	854	1,003	1,241	1,332	1,282
Urgent	1,868	1,872	1,865	1,930	2,121	2,224
Semi-urgent	3,973	3,965	4,274	4,375	4,280	4,380
Non-urgent	1,323	1,908	1,839	1,736	1,830	1,672
All emergency presentations	7,882	8,624	9,005	9,303	9,595	9,594

### Hornsby and Ku-Ring-Gai Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

January to March 2017

Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 1,972 patients

ED Transfer of care time

Median time

11 minutes

12 minutes

-1 minutes

90th percentile time

21 minutes

28 minutes

-7 minutes

Same period Change since

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

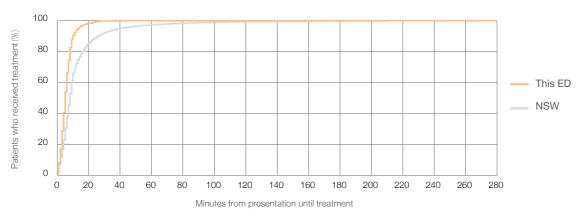
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

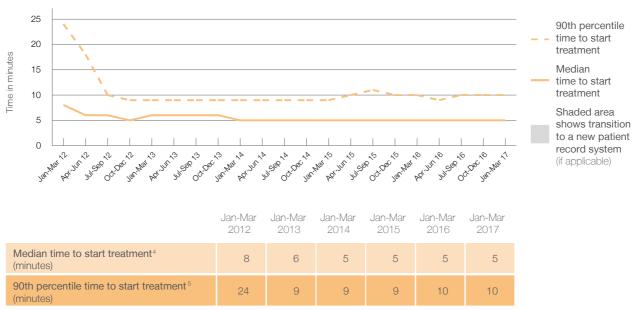
## **Hornsby and Ku-Ring-Gai Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,282	1,332	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,279	1,331	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 5 minutes	5 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 10 minutes	10 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

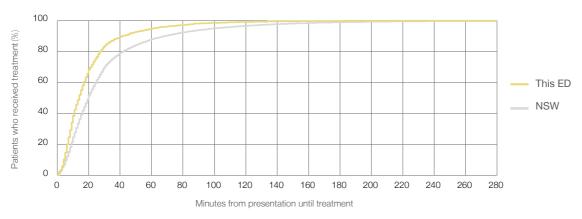
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

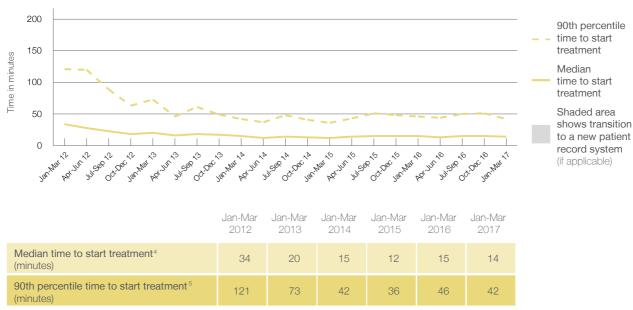
## **Hornsby and Ku-Ring-Gai Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 2,224	2,121	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,209	2,109	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 14 minutes	15 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 42 minutes	46 minutes	69 minutes

### Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

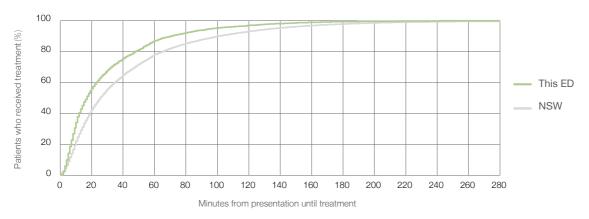
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

## Hornsby and Ku-Ring-Gai Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 4,380	4,280	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 4,257	4,126	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 17 minutes	16 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 71 minutes	76 minutes	101 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

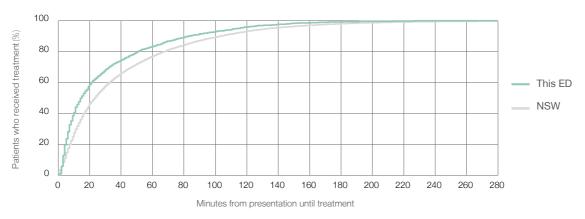
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

## **Hornsby and Ku-Ring-Gai Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 1,672	1,830	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,587	1,712	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 15 minutes	11 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 83 minutes	88 minutes	104 minutes

### Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Hornsby and Ku-Ring-Gai Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

January to March 2017

All presentations: 9,656 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 9,656 patients

Median time spent in the ED 8

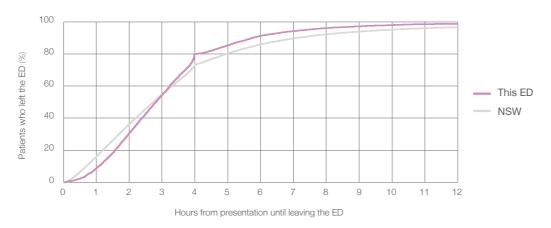
2 hours and 49 minutes

2 hours and 49 minutes

90th percentile time spent in the ED <sup>9</sup> 5 hours and 45 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year
	9,644
	9,644
2 hours and 44 minutes	3 hours and 8 minutes
7 hours and 7 minutes	6 hours and 41 minutes

### Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017  $^{\dagger\ddagger}$ 



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

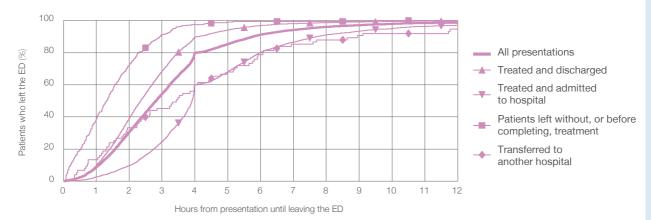
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Hornsby and Ku-Ring-Gai Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation January to March 2017

Same period Change since All presentations: 9,656 patients last year one year ago Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 9,656 patients 9,644 0.1% 5,897 (61.1%) Treated and discharged -2.0% 6.017 Treated and admitted to hospital 3,260 (33.8%) 2,962 10.1% Patient left without, or before 416 (4.3%) 594 -30.0% completing, treatment 75 (0.8%) 8.7% Transferred to another hospital 8 (0.1%) Other 2 300.0%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2017 †\*



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	10.0%	39.2%	68.5%	89.7%	96.9%	98.8%	99.5%	99.7%
Treated and admitted to hospital	2.8%	9.7%	24.5%	60.0%	80.3%	91.0%	95.1%	97.0%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	38.7%	72.6%	91.1%	97.6%	99.5%	99.5%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	13.3%	33.3%	45.3%	60.0%	78.7%	88.0%	92.0%	94.7%
All presentations	8.8%	30.7%	54.4%	79.8%	91.3%	96.1%	97.9%	98.8%

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# **Hornsby and Ku-Ring-Gai Hospital:** Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED January to March 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 9,656 patients

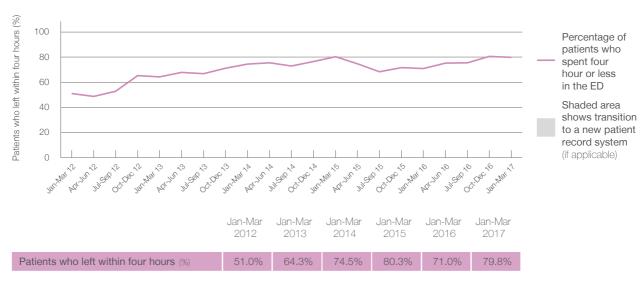
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 9,656 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

79.8%

Change since one year ago	
0.1%	9,644
0.1%	9,644
	71.0%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 †‡



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 18 April 2017).