

# Healthcare Quarterly

# Performance Profiles

# **Emergency Department**

Mid North Coast Local Health District

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

### More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare\_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Coffs Harbour Base Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

January to March 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 9,818 patients	9,463	3.8%
Emergency presentations: <sup>2</sup> 9,511 patients	9,150	3.9%

### Coffs Harbour Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment<sup>3</sup>

January to March 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,028 patients	1,010	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 6 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	11 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 3,107 patients	2,804	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	16 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 42 minutes	42 minutes	69 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 3,833 patients	3,714	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 23 minutes	25 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	106 minutes	101 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,488 patients	1,564	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 22 minutes	34 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	117 minutes	104 minutes

# **Coffs Harbour Base Hospital:** Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 9,818 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 74.8%

ı	Same period	Change since
	last year	one year ago
	9,461	3.8%
	73.4%	

- \* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

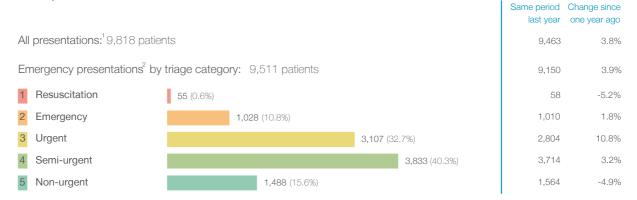
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

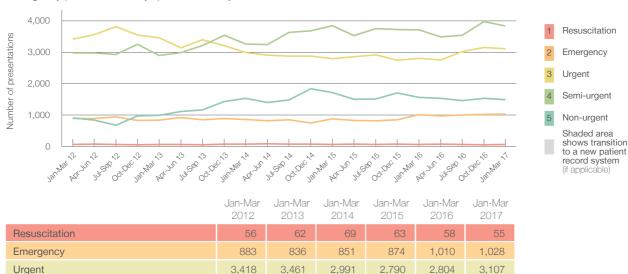
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### **Coffs Harbour Base Hospital:** Patients presenting to the emergency department

January to March 2017



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017<sup>‡</sup>



2,894

8,239

3,261

8,701

3,841

9.277

3,714

9,150

3,833 1,488

9,511

Same period Change since

### Coffs Harbour Base Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

2,981

902

January to March 2017

All emergency presentations

Semi-urgent

Non-urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 2,202 patients		2,220	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	11 minutes	12 minutes	-1 minute
90th percentile time	24 minutes	28 minutes	-4 minutes

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

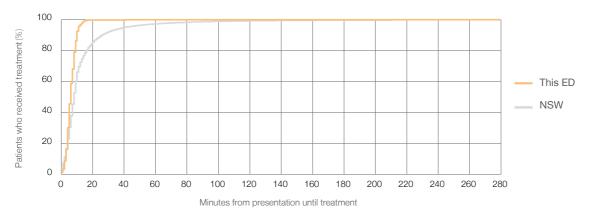
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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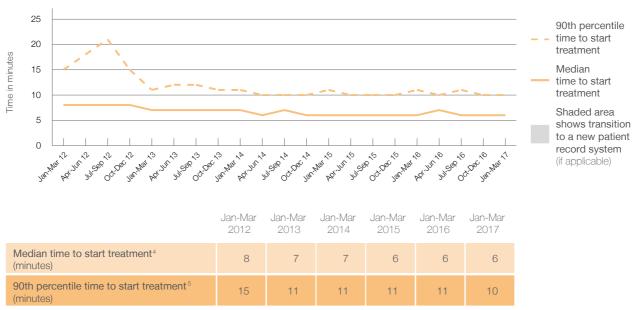
# **Coffs Harbour Base Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,028	1,010	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,027	1,008	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 6 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 10 minutes	11 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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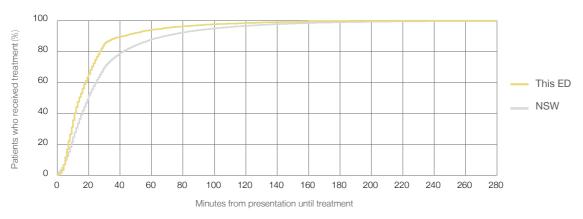
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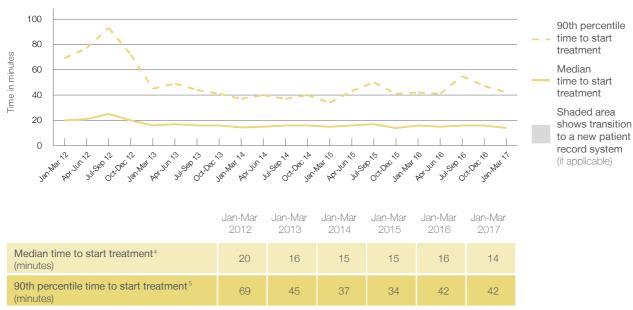
# **Coffs Harbour Base Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 3,107	2,804	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,067	2,759	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 14 minutes	16 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 42 minutes	42 minutes	69 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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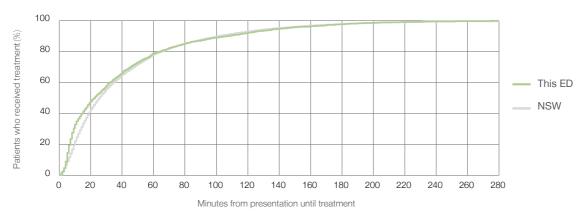
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# **Coffs Harbour Base Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained a	nkle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 3,833	Number of triage 4 patients: 3,833		
Number of triage 4 patients used to calc	culate waiting time:3 3,550	3,462	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	23 minutes	25 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	108 minutes	106 minutes	101 minutes

### Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2012 to March 2017 †‡



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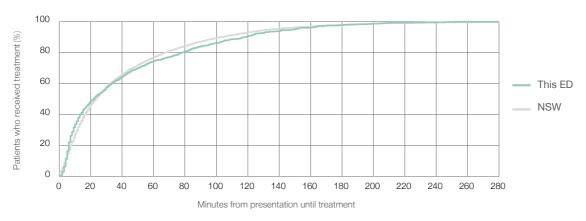
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# **Coffs Harbour Base Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 1,488	1,564	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,370	1,421	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 22 minutes	34 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 117 minutes	117 minutes	104 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



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NSW

Same period

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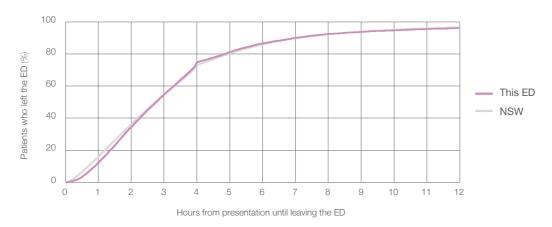
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### Coffs Harbour Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

January to March 2017

(this period) last vear All presentations: 9,818 patients 9,463 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 9,818 patients 9,461 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 46 minutes 48 minutes 44 minutes 7 hours and 7 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 7 hours and 2 minutes 31 minutes 7 minutes

### Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

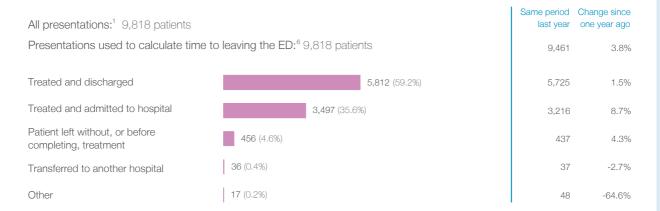
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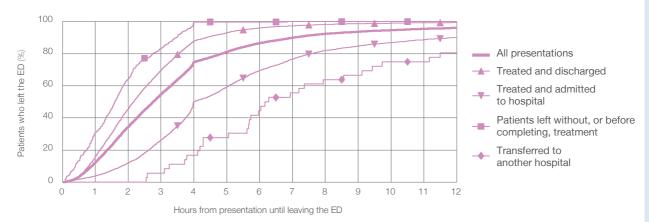
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### Coffs Harbour Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation January to March 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2017 †\*



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	15.8%	45.7%	69.8%	88.0%	96.0%	98.2%	99.0%	99.4%
Treated and admitted to hospital	3.8%	11.9%	26.4%	50.1%	69.5%	82.0%	86.9%	90.2%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	31.1%	64.3%	83.3%	99.8%	99.8%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	0%	0%	5.6%	16.7%	44.4%	63.9%	75.0%	80.6%
All presentations	12.4%	34.4%	54.8%	74.8%	86.6%	92.4%	94.7%	96.1%

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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Coffs Harbour Base Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED January to March 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 9,818 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 9,818 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

74.8%

	Change since one year ago
9,463	3.8%
9,461	3.8%
72 /1%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 †‡



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 18 April 2017).

PERFORMANCE PROFILES: Emergency department care

Same period Change since

NSW

Same period

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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Kempsey Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

January to March 2017

All presentations: 7,382 patients 6,641 11.2% Emergency presentations: 7,241 patients 6,479 11.8%

### Kempsey Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment<sup>3</sup>

January to March 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 729 patients	637	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	10 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 27 minutes	25 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 2,390 patients	2,206	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 23 minutes	21 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 58 minutes	55 minutes	69 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 3,253 patients	2,838	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 29 minutes	24 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	81 minutes	101 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 842 patients	780	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 25 minutes	25 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 88 minutes	94 minutes	104 minutes

# **Kempsey Hospital:** Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 7,380 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 84.3%

Same period	Change since
last year	one year ago
6,639	11.2%
83.5%	

- $^{\star}$  Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

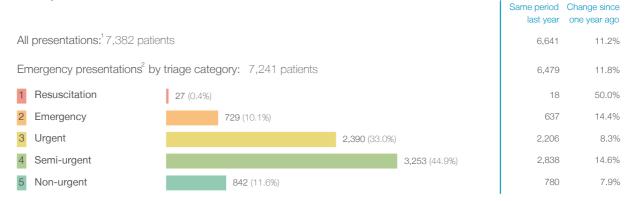
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

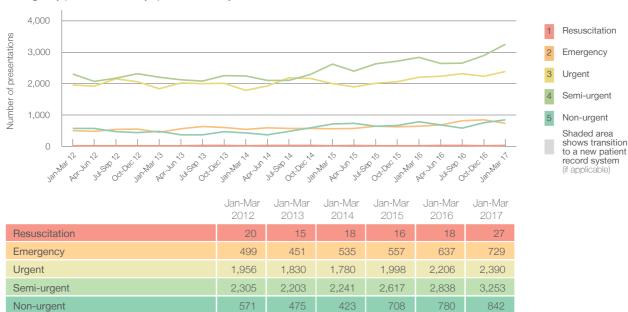
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### Kempsey Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

January to March 2017



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017<sup>‡</sup>



### Kempsey Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

5,351

January to March 2017

All emergency presentations

	last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 872 patients	829	
ED Transfer of care time		
Median time 12 minutes	15 minutes	-3 minutes
90th percentile time 24 minutes	41 minutes	-17 minutes

4,974

4,997

5,896

6,479

7,241

Same period Change since

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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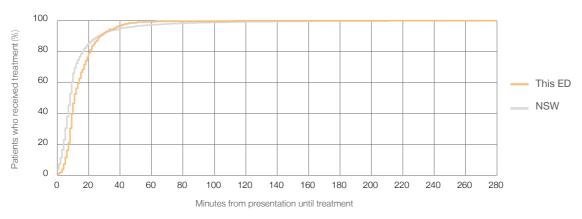
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# **Kempsey Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 729	637	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 728		
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 11 minutes	10 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 27 minutes	25 minutes	26 minutes

### Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



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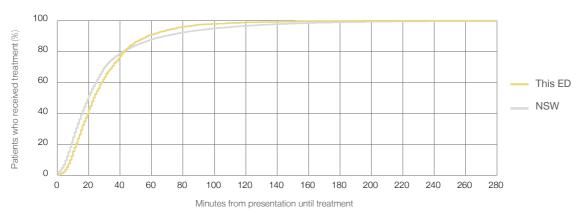
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# **Kempsey Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 2,390	2,206	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 2,368		
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 23 minutes	21 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 58 minutes	55 minutes	69 minutes

### Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



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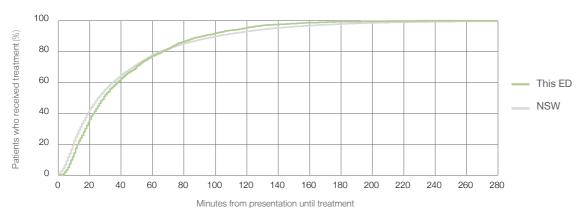
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# **Kempsey Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 3,253	2,838	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,116	2,743	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 29 minutes	24 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 92 minutes	81 minutes	101 minutes

### Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2012 to March 2017 † †



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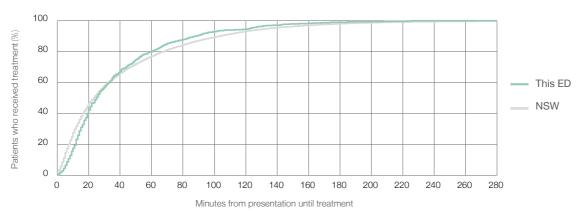
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# **Kempsey Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 842	780	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 753	716	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 25 minutes	25 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 88 minutes	94 minutes	104 minutes

### Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2012 to March 2017 † †



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NSW

Same period

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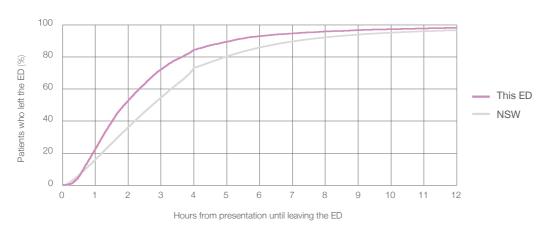
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### Kempsey Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

January to March 2017

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### Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017



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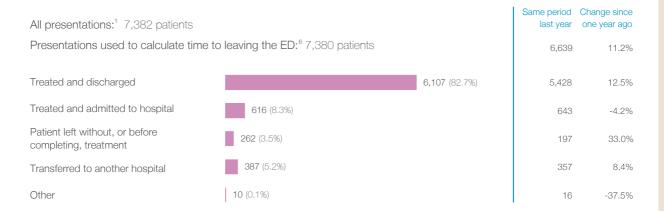
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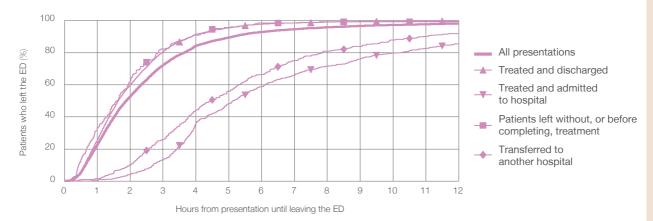
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### Kempsey Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation
January to March 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2017 †\*



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	25.7%	60.0%	80.6%	91.4%	97.8%	99.1%	99.6%	99.8%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.6%	4.1%	13.1%	36.0%	58.9%	71.6%	79.7%	85.6%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	32.8%	62.6%	82.4%	90.8%	98.5%	99.2%	99.2%	99.2%
Transferred to another hospital	1.6%	10.1%	26.1%	44.2%	66.4%	80.9%	87.9%	92.0%
All presentations	22.7%	52.8%	72.2%	84.3%	92.9%	95.9%	97.3%	98.1%

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Kempsey Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED January to March 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 17,382 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:67,380 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

84.3%

	Change since one year ago
6,641	11.2%
6,639	11.2%
83.5%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 †‡



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 18 April 2017).

Same period Change since

### More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare\_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Macksville District Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

January to March 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 3,863 patients	3,663	5.5%
Emergency presentations: <sup>2</sup> 3,545 patients	3,369	5.2%

### Macksville District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment<sup>3</sup>

January to March 2017

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 325 patients	357	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	10 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	26 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,106 patients	1,142	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 22 minutes	24 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 55 minutes	63 minutes	69 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 1,580 patients	1,519	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 25 minutes	29 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	105 minutes	101 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 527 patients	334	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 26 minutes	27 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	106 minutes	104 minutes

# **Macksville District Hospital:** Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 3,860 patients

Percentage of patients who spent	
1 crecitage of patients who spent	04.40/
four hours or less in the ED	91.1%

Change since	Same period
one year ago	last year
5.5%	3,660
	86.8%

- \* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

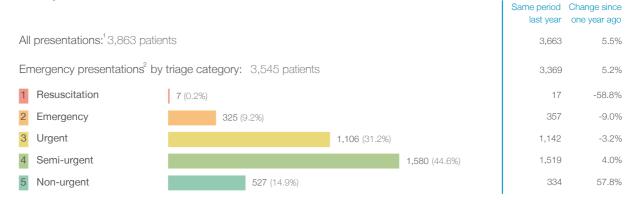
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

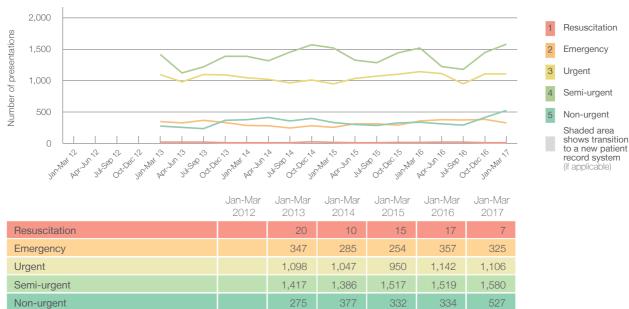
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### **Macksville District Hospital:** Patients presenting to the emergency department

January to March 2017



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 \*§



3,105

3.068

3,369

3,545

Same period Change since

### Macksville District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

January to March 2017

All emergency presentations

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	ofer of care time: 7 467 patients	470	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	13 minutes	16 minutes	-3 minutes
90th percentile time	26 minutes	37 minutes	-11 minutes

3.157

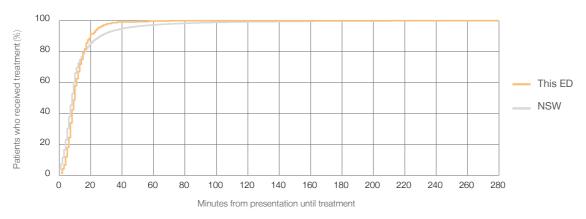
- (†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.
- (‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- (§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# **Macksville District Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 325	357	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 318	349	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 10 minutes	10 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 20 minutes	26 minutes	26 minutes

### Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2012 to March 2017 115



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

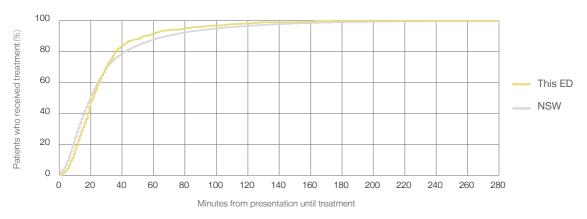
<sup>(§)</sup> Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# **Macksville District Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,106	1,142	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,076	1,097	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 22 minutes	24 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 55 minutes	63 minutes	69 minutes

### Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2012 to March 2017 115



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

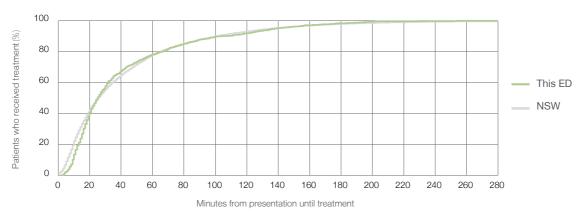
<sup>(§)</sup> Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# **Macksville District Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 1,580	1,519	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,503	1,444	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 25 minutes	29 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 106 minutes	105 minutes	101 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2012 to March 2017 11\$



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

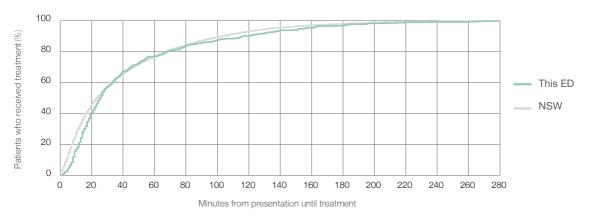
<sup>(§)</sup> Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# **Macksville District Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 527	334	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 492	309	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 26 minutes	27 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	106 minutes	104 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2012 to March 2017 11\$



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

<sup>(§)</sup> Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Macksville District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

January to March 2017

All presentations: 3,863 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 3,860 patients

Median time spent in the ED <sup>8</sup>

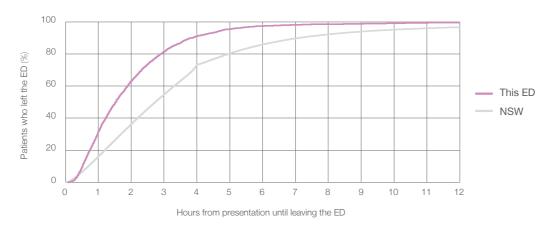
1 hours and 32 minutes

90th percentile time spent in the ED  $^{\rm 9}$ 

3 hours and 52 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year
	3,663
	3,660
2 hours and 44 minutes	1 hours and 48 minutes
7 hours and 7 minutes	4 hours and 31 minutes

### Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017  $^{^{\dagger\pm\,\$}}$ 



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

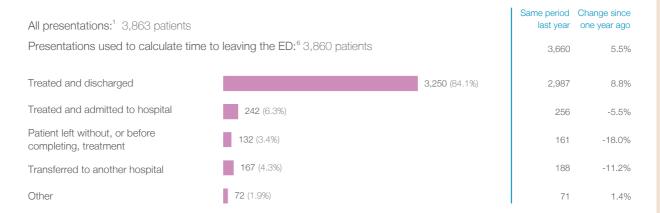
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

<sup>(§)</sup> Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

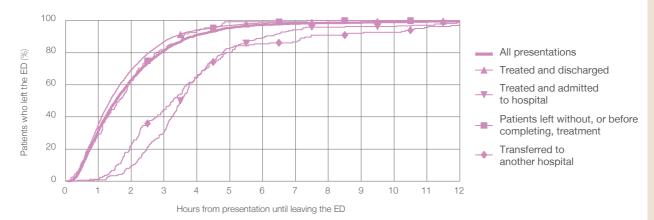
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Macksville District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation January to March 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2017  $^{\dagger\ddagger\$}$ 



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	35.6%	69.2%	86.9%	94.2%	98.4%	99.0%	99.6%	99.8%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.8%	9.5%	30.6%	65.7%	89.3%	95.9%	96.3%	98.8%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	28.8%	62.9%	81.8%	93.9%	99.2%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	1.2%	22.8%	44.3%	64.7%	85.6%	91.0%	92.8%	97.6%
All presentations	31.5%	63.0%	81.3%	91.1%	97.3%	98.5%	99.1%	99.6%

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

<sup>(§)</sup> Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Macksville District Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED January to March 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 13,863 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 3,860 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

91.1%

Same period last year one year ago 3,663 5.5% 3,660 5.5%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 118



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 18 April 2017).

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

January to March 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: <sup>1</sup> 8,901 patients	8,185	8.7%
Emergency presentations: <sup>2</sup> 8,658 patients	7,876	9.9%

### Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment<sup>3</sup>

January to March 2017

January to March 2017

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,181 patients	1,206	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	10 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	25 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 3,469 patients	3,047	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 22 minutes	18 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 60 minutes	48 minutes	69 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 3,527 patients	3,241	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 27 minutes	21 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 88 minutes	71 minutes	101 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 452 patients	336	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 25 minutes	19 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 97 minutes	86 minutes	104 minutes

### Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 8,901 patients

Percentage of patients who spent	
four hours or less in the ED	76.2%

	Change since one year ago
8,183	8.8%
74.7%	

Same period Change since

- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

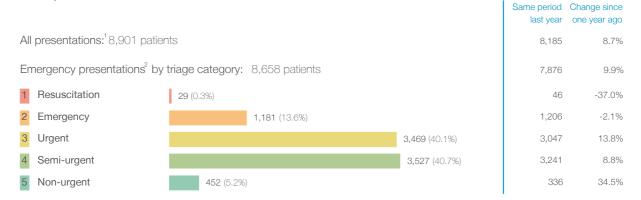
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

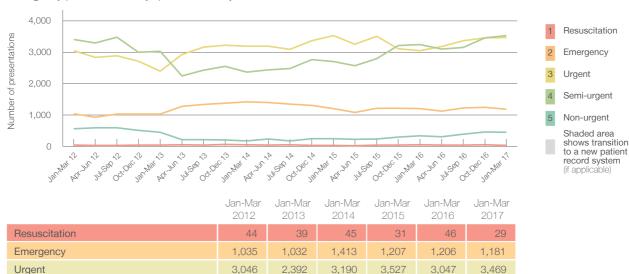
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

January to March 2017



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 <sup>‡</sup>



### Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

3,403

8,087

3,031

449

6,943

2,367

7,189

2,707

7,717

3,241

7,876

3,527

8,658

452

Same period Change since

January to March 2017

All emergency presentations

Semi-urgent

Non-urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	1,834		
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	11 minutes	11 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	25 minutes	31 minutes	-6 minutes
ED Transfer of care time  Median time	11 minutes	11 minutes	

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

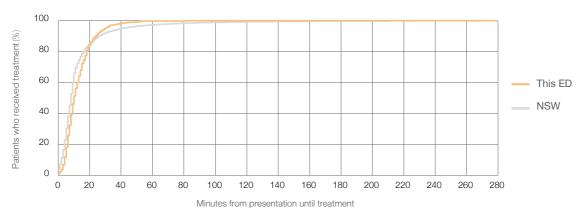
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# **Port Macquarie Base Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,181	1,206	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 1,177	1,202	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 10 minutes	10 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 24 minutes	25 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

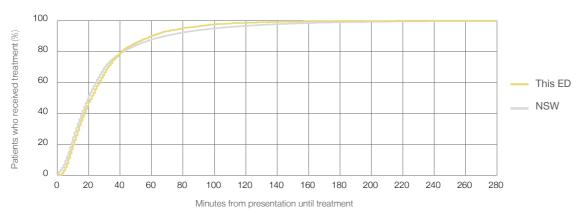
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# **Port Macquarie Base Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 3,469	3,047	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,400	2,980	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 22 minutes	18 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 60 minutes	48 minutes	69 minutes

### Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

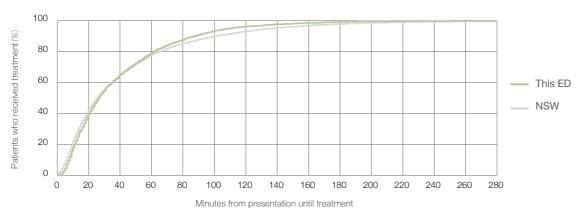
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# **Port Macquarie Base Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 3,527	3,241	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,938	2,766	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 27 minutes	21 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 88 minutes	71 minutes	101 minutes

### Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2012 to March 2017 † †



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

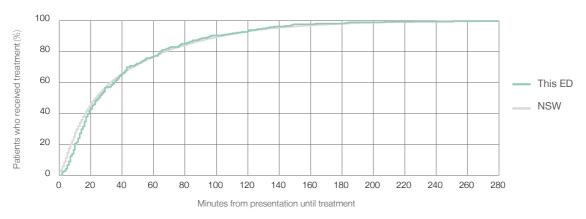
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# **Port Macquarie Base Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 452	336	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 259	220	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 25 minutes	19 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 97 minutes	86 minutes	104 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW

Same period

### More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare\_observer

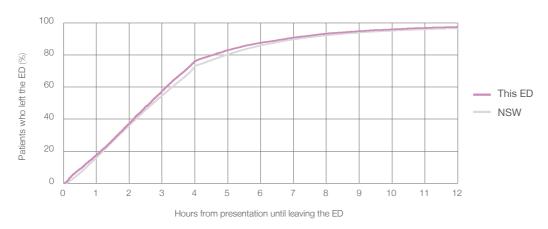
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

January to March 2017

(this period) last vear All presentations: 8,901 patients 8,185 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:<sup>6</sup> 8,901 patients 8,183 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 38 minutes 42 minutes 44 minutes 6 hours and 7 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 6 hours and 45 minutes 48 minutes 7 minutes

### Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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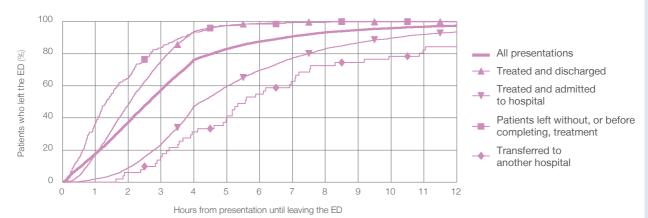
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation January to March 2017

Same period Change since All presentations: 8,901 patients last year one year ago Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:<sup>6</sup> 8,901 patients 8.8% 8.183 4,589 (51.6%) Treated and discharged 3.0% 4.455 Treated and admitted to hospital 3,386 (38.0%) 2,961 14.4% Patient left without, or before 200 (2.2%) 25.0% 160 completing, treatment 51 (0.6%) 6.3% Transferred to another hospital 675 (7.6%) Other 561 20.3%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2017 †\*



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	17.3%	48.3%	75.7%	93.8%	98.8%	99.8%	100%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.9%	8.9%	23.6%	47.2%	69.7%	83.1%	89.8%	93.7%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	36.5%	65.0%	84.0%	93.5%	98.5%	99.5%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	0%	5.9%	15.7%	31.4%	54.9%	72.5%	78.4%	84.3%
All presentations	17.7%	37.2%	57.5%	76.2%	87.6%	93.3%	95.9%	97.5%

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# **Port Macquarie Base Hospital:** Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

January to March 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 18,901 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 8,901 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

76.2%

one year ago	
8.7%	8,185
8.8%	8,183
	74.70/

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 †‡



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 18 April 2017).