NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

Inverell District Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview April to June 2017

All presentations: 2,233 patients 2,076 7.6% Emergency presentations: 2,173 patients 1,980 9.7%

Inverell District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

April to June 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 234 patients	267	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 3 minutes	5 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	16 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 651 patients	663	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	10 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 45 minutes	50 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 1,077 patients	851	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	20 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 75 minutes	75 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 211 patients	192	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	15 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 82 minutes	75 minutes	101 minutes

Inverell District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED April to June 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 2,233 patients

Percentage of patients who spent

Percentage of patients who spent	
four hours or less in the ED	88.8%
1001 110010 01 1000 11 110 25	

Change since	Same period
one year ago	last year
7.6%	2,076
	89.4%

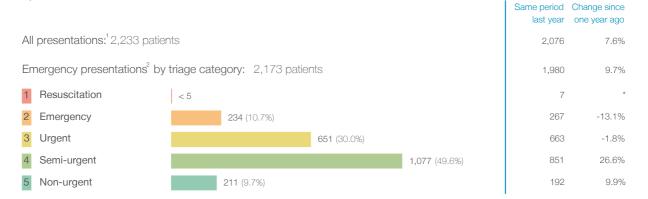
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

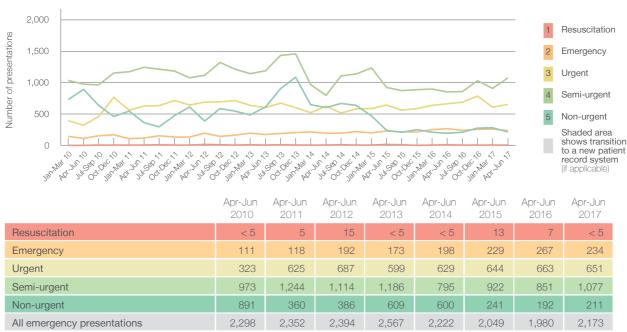
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Inverell District Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

April to June 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 [‡]



Inverell District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

April to June 2017

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate tran	nsfer of care time: 7 256 patients **	293	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	5 minutes	6 minutes	-1 minute
90th percentile time	17 minutes	19 minutes	-2 minutes

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Same period Change since

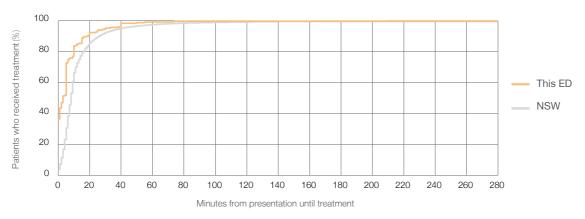
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(**) Interpret with caution: total ambulance arrivals include more than 30% of records for which transfer of care time cannot be calculated.

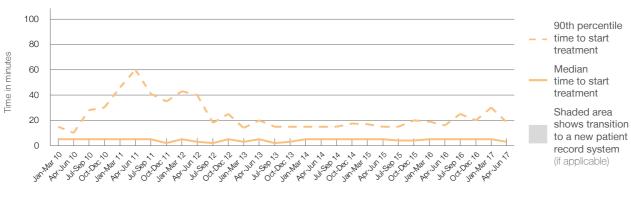
Inverell District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 April to June 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 234	267	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 230	262	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 3 minutes	5 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 19 minutes	16 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	5	5	3	5	5	5	5	3
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	10	60	40	20	15	15	16	19

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

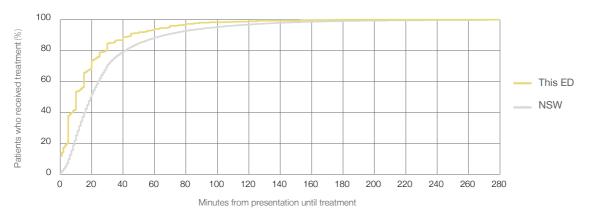
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

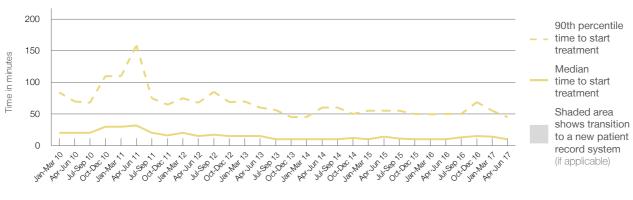
Inverell District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 April to June 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 651	663	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 635	643	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 10 minutes	10 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 45 minutes	50 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	20	32	15	15	10	14	10	10
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	70	159	68	60	60	55	50	45

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

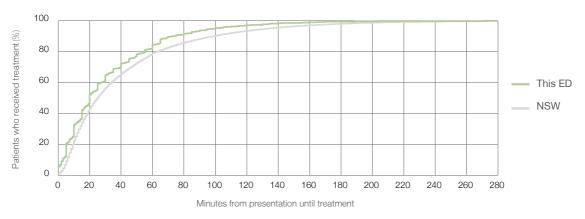
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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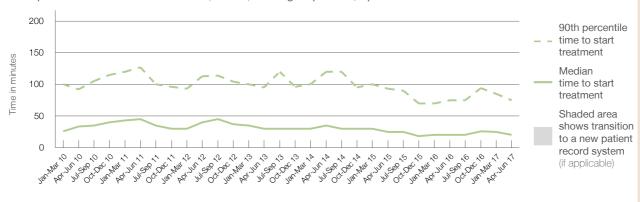
Inverell District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 April to June 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 1,077	851	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 981	792	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	20 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 75 minutes	75 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	34	45	40	30	35	25	20	20
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	92	127	113	95	120	93	75	75

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

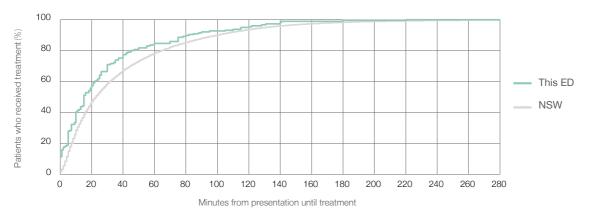
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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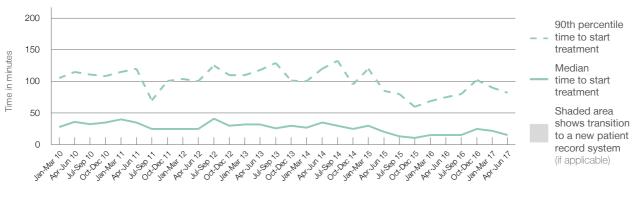
Inverell District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 April to June 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 211	192	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 176	177	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 15 minutes	15 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 82 minutes	75 minutes	101 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †*



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	36	35	25	32	35	20	15	15
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	115	120	100	118	120	85	75	82

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW

(this period)

5 minutes

Inverell District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

April to June 2017

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9

All presentations: ¹ 2,233 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: ⁶ 2,233 patients

Median time spent in the ED ⁸

1 hours and 30 minutes

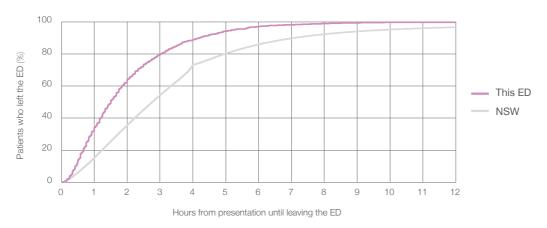
2,076
2,076
1 hours and 30 minutes 4 hours and 7 hours and 7 hours and

Same period

last vear

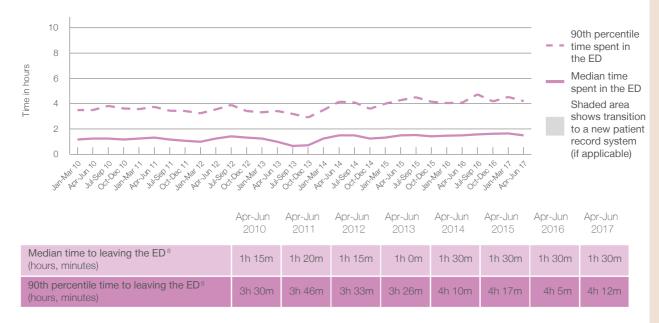
5 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, April to June 2017



4 hours and 12 minutes

Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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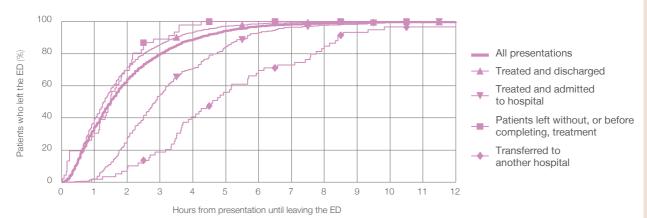
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Inverell District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation April to June 2017

All presentations: ¹ 2,233 patients	Same period last year	Change since one year ago		
Presentations used to calculate time to	2,076	7.6%		
Treated and discharged		1,690 (75.7%)	1,474	14.7%
Treated and admitted to hospital	345 (15.5%)		442	-21.9%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	46 (2.1%)		69	-33.3%
Transferred to another hospital	59 (2.6%)		60	-1.7%
Other	93 (4.2%)		31	200.0%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, April to June 2017 †‡



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	39.2%	71.6%	85.9%	93.3%	98.6%	99.6%	99.8%	99.9%
Treated and admitted to hospital	2.0%	27.2%	54.5%	71.0%	93.0%	97.7%	99.4%	100%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	30.4%	69.6%	89.1%	97.8%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	1.7%	8.5%	18.6%	40.7%	69.5%	84.7%	96.6%	96.6%
All presentations	34.1%	64.1%	79.8%	88.8%	97.1%	98.9%	99.7%	99.8%

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Inverell District Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED April to June 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 1 2,233 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 2,233 patients

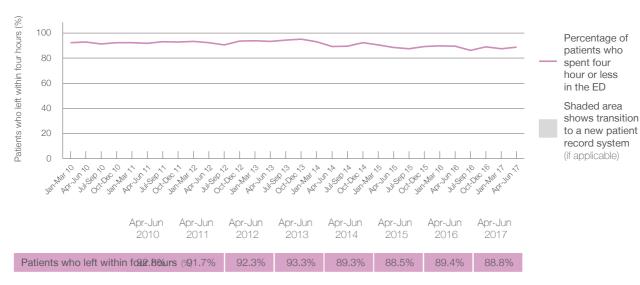
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

88.8%

	Change since one year ago
2,076	7.6%
2,076	7.6%

89.4%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 21 July 2017).