### Blue Mountains District Anzac Memorial Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview July to September 2017

Same period Change since last vear one vear ago All presentations: 4,491 patients 4.216 6.5% Emergency presentations:<sup>2</sup> 4,420 patients 7.2% 4.123

### Blue Mountains District Anzac Memorial Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment<sup>3</sup>

July to September 2017

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 674 patients	497	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 8 minutes	7 minutes	9 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 28 minutes	21 minutes	29 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,194 patients  20 minutes	997	
wedan time to start treatment	19 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	65 minutes	83 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 2,123 patients	2,033	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 33 minutes	28 minutes	30 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	125 minutes	121 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 393 patients	584	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 38 minutes	35 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	155 minutes	118 minutes

#### Blue Mountains District Anzac Memorial Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

July to September 2017 last year one year ago Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 4,491 patients 4,212 6.6% Percentage of patients who spent 76.9% 76.0% four hours or less in the ED

- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

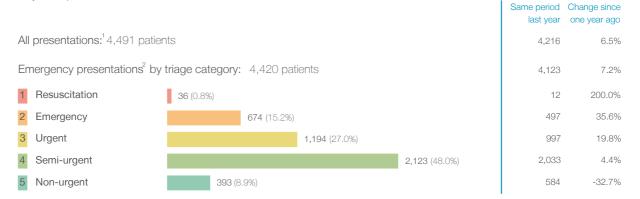
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 October 2017).

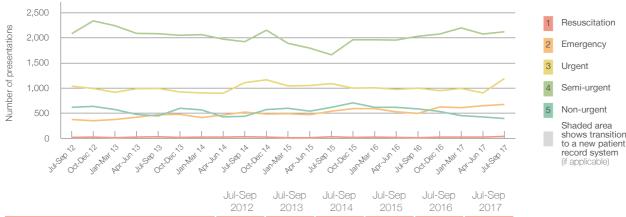
Same period Change since

### Blue Mountains District Anzac Memorial Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

July to September 2017



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, July 2012 to September 2017 <sup>‡</sup>



	2012	20.0	2011	2010	2010	2011
Resuscitation	18	28	29	28	12	36
Emergency	377	469	523	544	497	674
Urgent	1,039	991	1,109	1,088	997	1,194
Semi-urgent	2,086	2,083	1,923	1,665	2,033	2,123
Non-urgent	616	447	439	617	584	393
All emergency presentations	4,136	4,018	4,023	3,942	4,123	4,420

#### Blue Mountains District Anzac Memorial Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

July to September 2017

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate tran	668		
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	12 minutes	13 minutes	-1 minute
90th percentile time	25 minutes	25 minutes	0 minutes

Same period Change since

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

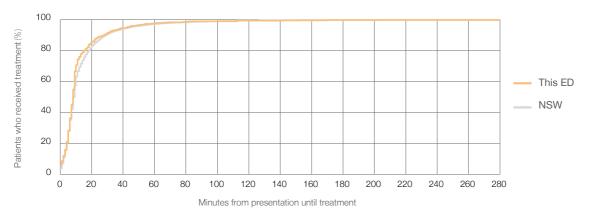
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

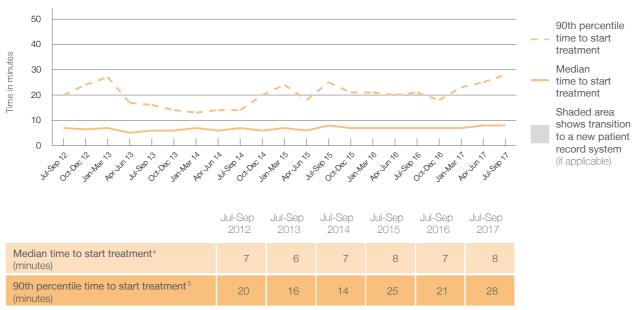
### **Blue Mountains District Anzac Memorial Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 674	497	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 669	491	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 8 minutes	7 minutes	9 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 28 minutes	21 minutes	29 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, July 2012 to September 2017 † †



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

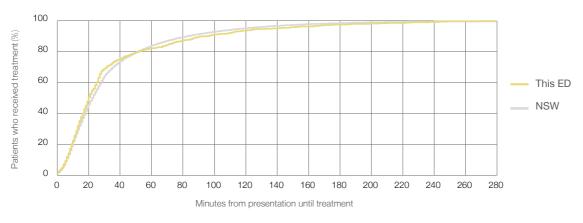
<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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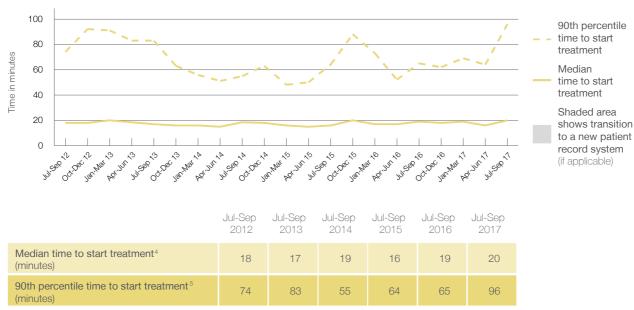
### **Blue Mountains District Anzac Memorial Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 July to September 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,194	997	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,169	978	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 20 minutes	19 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 96 minutes	65 minutes	83 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, July 2012 to September 2017 \*\*



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

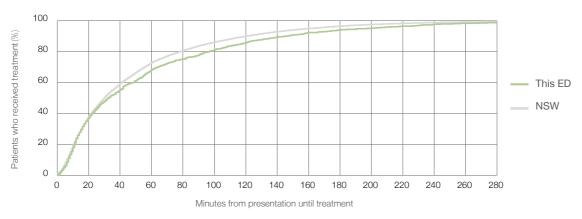
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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### **Blue Mountains District Anzac Memorial Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)				NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 2,123				
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,964				
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	33 minutes		28 minutes	30 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>		146 minutes	125 minutes	121 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, July 2012 to September 2017 † †



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

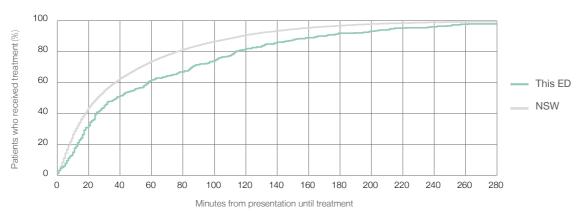
<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

## **Blue Mountains District Anzac Memorial Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 July to September 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts of	Same period last year	NSW (this period)		
Number of triage 5 patients: 393			584	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calc	509			
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	38 minutes		35 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>		171 minutes	155 minutes	118 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, July 2012 to September 2017 † †



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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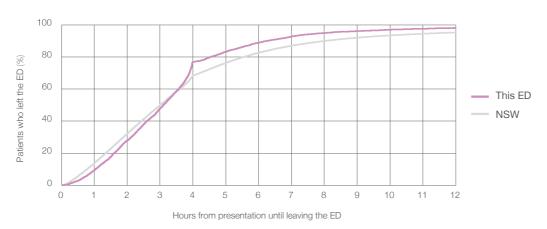
NSW

### Blue Mountains District Anzac Memorial Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

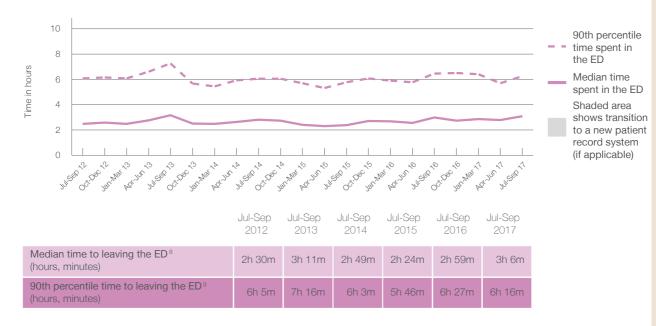
July to September 2017

Same period (this period) last vear All presentations: 4,491 patients 4,216 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:<sup>6</sup> 4,491 patients 4,212 2 hours and 3 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 6 minutes 0 minutes 6 hours and 8 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 6 hours and 16 minutes 27 minutes 2 minutes

#### Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, July 2012 to September 2017

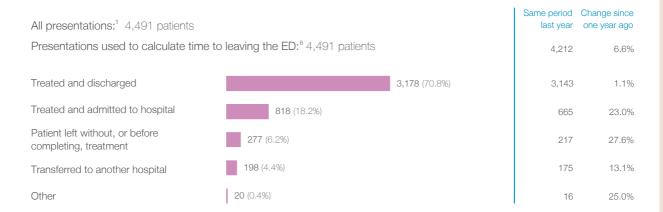


<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

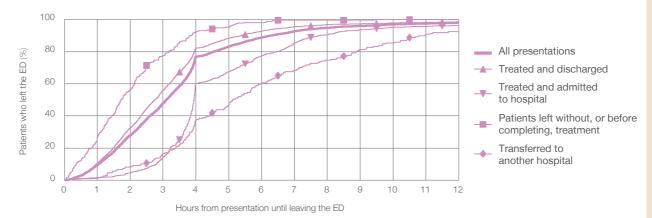
Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

### Blue Mountains District Anzac Memorial Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation July to September 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2017  $^{\dagger\ddagger}$ 



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	10.5%	32.5%	55.7%	82.2%	92.8%	96.8%	97.9%	98.6%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.5%	4.4%	14.4%	60.3%	77.3%	90.6%	95.1%	96.3%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	26.7%	56.0%	77.6%	92.4%	98.2%	99.6%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	1.5%	8.1%	16.7%	37.4%	60.6%	74.7%	85.4%	92.4%
All presentations	9.5%	27.8%	47.9%	76.9%	88.9%	94.9%	97.0%	98.0%

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

# Blue Mountains District Anzac Memorial Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED July to September 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 14,491 patients

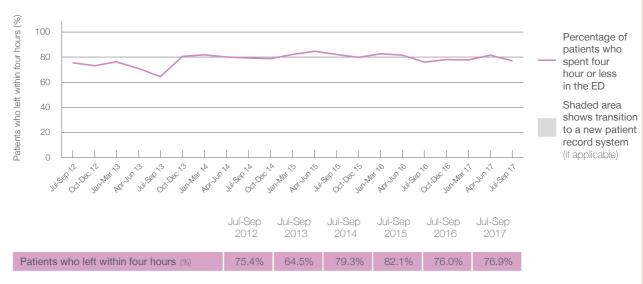
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 4,491 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED



	Change since one year ago
4,216	6.5%
4,212	6.6%
76.0%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, July 2012 to September 2017 14



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 October 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 17 October 2017).