NSW

Same period Change since

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Campbelltown Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

January to March 2017

| | last year | one year ago |
|---|-----------|--------------|
| All presentations: 16,911 patients | 16,737 | 1.0% |
| Emergency presentations: ² 16,738 patients | 16,524 | 1.3% |

Campbelltown Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

January to March 2017

January to March 2017

| | last year | (this period) |
|---|-------------|---------------|
| Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,671 patients | 1,735 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 6 minutes | 6 minutes | 8 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ | 20 minutes | 26 minutes |
| | | |
| Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 6,531 patients | 6,936 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ | 16 minutes | 20 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 73 minutes | 82 minutes | 69 minutes |
| | | |
| Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 6,539 patients | 6,034 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes | 27 minutes | 26 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ | 132 minutes | 101 minutes |
| | | |
| Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,912 patients | 1,734 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 32 minutes | 31 minutes | 23 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ | 136 minutes | 104 minutes |

Campbelltown Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 16,910 patients

| Percentage of patients who spent | FF 00/ |
|----------------------------------|--------|
| four hours or less in the ED | 55.9% |
| | |

| | one year ago |
|--------|--------------|
| 16,737 | 1.0% |
| 64.8% | |

- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

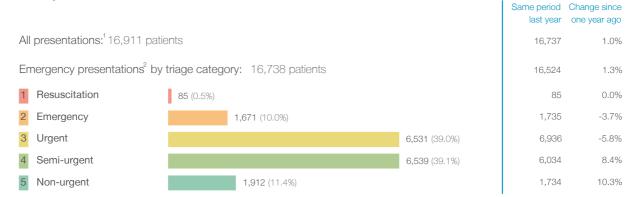
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

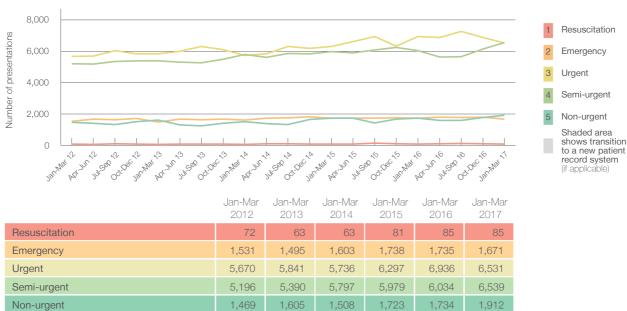
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Campbelltown Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

January to March 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 [‡]



Campbelltown Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

13,938

January to March 2017

All emergency presentations

| | | last year | one year ago |
|--|------------|------------|--------------|
| Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 4,126 patients | | 3,976 | |
| ED Transfer of care time | | | |
| Median time | 13 minutes | 13 minutes | 0 minutes |
| 90th percentile time | 28 minutes | 26 minutes | 2 minutes |
| | | | |

14,394

14,707

15,818

16,524

16,738

Same period Change since

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

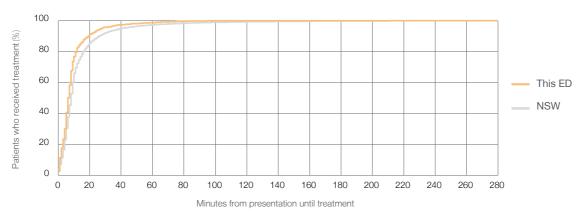
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

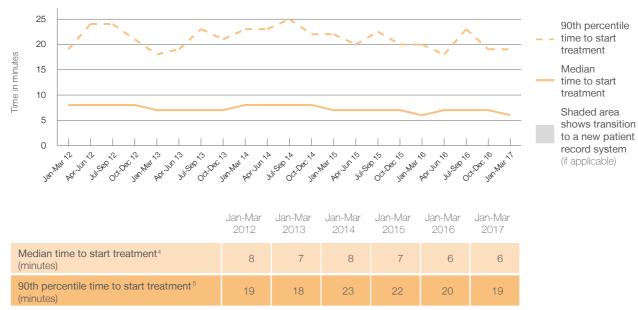
Campbelltown Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2017

| Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns) | Same period last year | NSW (this period) |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Number of triage 2 patients: 1,671 | 1,735 | |
| Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,671 | 1,733 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 6 minutes | 6 minutes | 8 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 19 minutes | 20 minutes | 26 minutes |

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

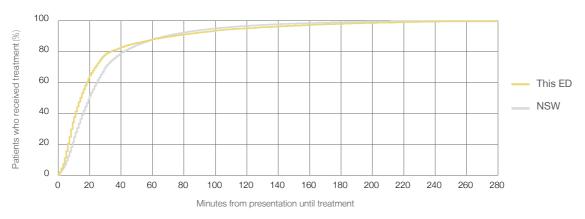
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Campbelltown Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2017

| Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration) | | Same period last year | NSW (this period) |
|---|------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Number of triage 3 patients: 6,531 | | 6,936 | |
| Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 6,363 | | 6,735 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ | 14 minutes | 16 minutes | 20 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ | 73 minutes | 82 minutes | 69 minutes |

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

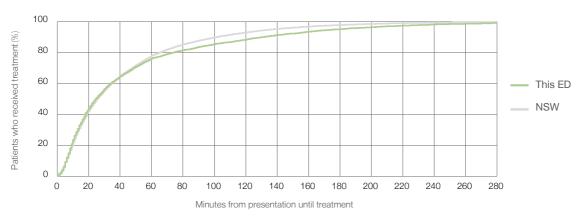
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Campbelltown Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2017

| Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache) | Same period last year | NSW (this period) |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Number of triage 4 patients: 6,539 | 6,034 | |
| Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 6,021 | 5,606 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes | 27 minutes | 26 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 131 minutes | 132 minutes | 101 minutes |

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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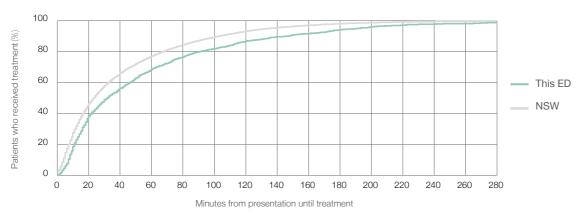
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Campbelltown Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2017

| Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions) | | | NSW (this period) |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| Number of triage 5 patients: 1,912 | | 1,734 | |
| Number of triage 5 patients used to calcula | te waiting time: ³ 1,628 | 1,525 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ | 32 minutes | 31 minutes | 23 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ | 147 minutes | 136 minutes | 104 minutes |

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW

Same period

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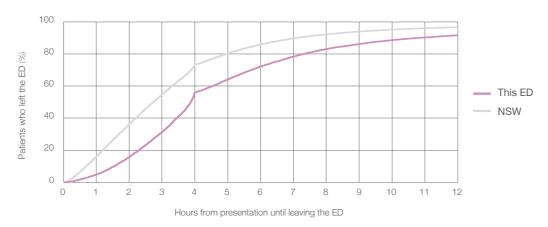
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Campbelltown Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

January to March 2017

(this period) last vear All presentations: 16,911 patients 16,737 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 16,910 patients 16,737 3 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 53 minutes 35 minutes 44 minutes 9 hours and 7 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 10 hours and 48 minutes 52 minutes 7 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

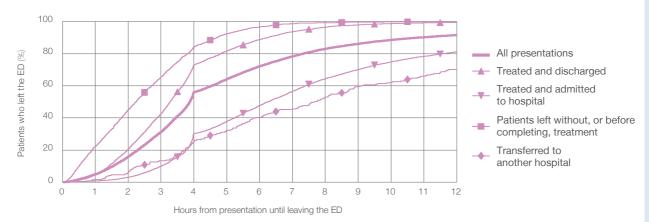
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Campbelltown Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation January to March 2017

Same period Change since All presentations: 16,911 patients last year one year ago Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 16,910 patients 16,737 1.0% 7,906 (46.8%) Treated and discharged 8.466 -6.6% Treated and admitted to hospital 6,929 (41.0%) 5.9% Patient left without, or before 1,825 (10.8%) 1.499 21.7% completing, treatment 241 (1.4%) 217 11.1% Transferred to another hospital 10 (0.1%) Other 9 11.1%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2017 ^{†‡}



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

| Treated and discharged | 4.7% | 20.6% | 42.7% | 72.9% | 88.9% | 96.5% | 98.8% | 99.5% |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Treated and admitted to hospital | 0.7% | 3.0% | 9.9% | 30.2% | 47.8% | 64.4% | 74.9% | 81.3% |
| Patient left without, or before completing, treatment | 22.4% | 45.1% | 65.7% | 84.1% | 96.7% | 99.3% | 99.9% | 99.9% |
| Transferred to another hospital | 1.7% | 6.2% | 13.3% | 25.3% | 40.2% | 53.1% | 62.2% | 70.1% |
| All presentations | 4.9% | 15.9% | 31.3% | 55.9% | 72.2% | 83.0% | 88.6% | 91.7% |

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Campbelltown Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED January to March 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 16,911 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 16,910 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED



| | Change since one year ago |
|--------|---------------------------|
| 16,737 | 1.0% |
| 16,737 | 1.0% |
| 64.8% | |

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 18 April 2017).