Same period Change since

NSW

Same period

## More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare\_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# Fairfield Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

January to March 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 1 8,782 patients	8,752	0.3%
Emergency presentations: <sup>2</sup> 8,759 patients	8,731	0.3%

# Fairfield Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment<sup>3</sup>

January to March 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 824 patients	652	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 24 minutes	21 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 3,230 patients	2,855	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 20 minutes	17 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 65 minutes	60 minutes	69 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,044 patients	4,537	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 22 minutes	19 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	99 minutes	101 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 641 patients	674	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 21 minutes	18 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	109 minutes	104 minutes

# Fairfield Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:<sup>6</sup> 8.782 patients

Attendances asea to calculate time to i	caving the LD.	0,7 02 pationto	
Percentage of patients who spent			
four hours or less in the ED			78.6

1	Change since one year ago
8,752	0.3%
82.1%	

- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

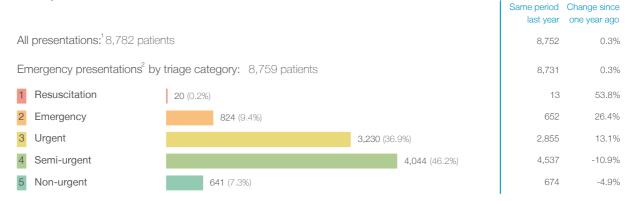
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

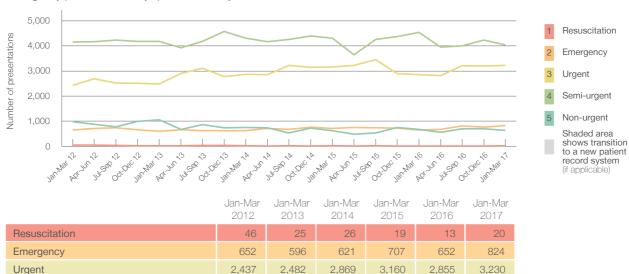
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# Fairfield Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

January to March 2017



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 <sup>‡</sup>



4,160

8,272

4,177

8,331

4,314

8,581

4,305

8,814

4,537

8,731

674

4,044 641

8,759

Same period Change since

# Fairfield Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

January to March 2017

All emergency presentations

Semi-urgent

Non-urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfe	er of care time: 7 1,335 patients	1,210	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	11 minutes	11 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	27 minutes	27 minutes	0 minutes

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

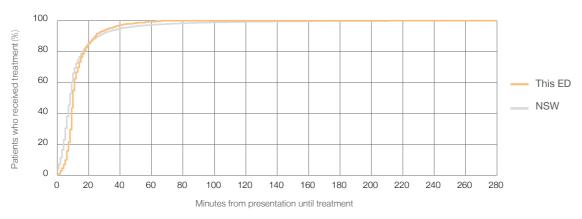
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

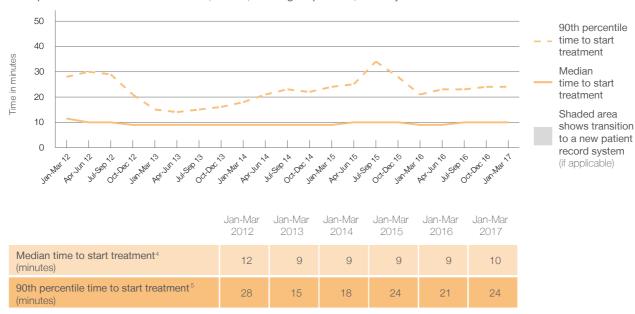
# **Fairfield Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 824	652	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 817		
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 10 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 24 minutes	21 minutes	26 minutes

# Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2012 to March 2017 †‡



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

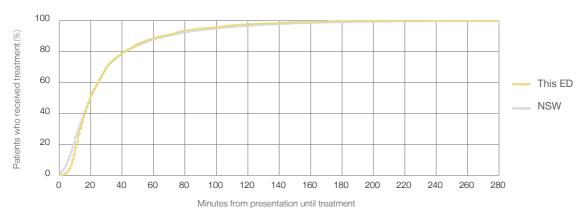
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# **Fairfield Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood	loss, dehydration)	
Number of triage 3 patients: 3,230		
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,156		
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	20 minutes	
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	65 minutes	

Same period last year	NSW (this period)
2,855	
2,799	
17 minutes	20 minutes
60 minutes	69 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2012 to March 2017 † †



	Jan-Mar 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Jan-Mar 2014	Jan-Mar 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Jan-Mar 2017
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	24	20	21	21	17	20
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)	77	31	46	62	60	65

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

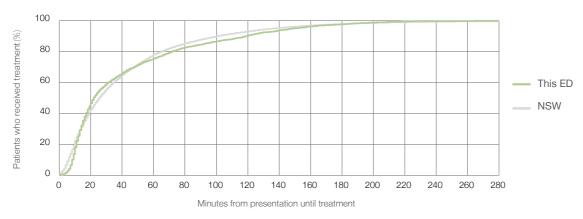
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# **Fairfield Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 4,044	4,537	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 3,779		
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 22 minutes	19 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 119 minutes	99 minutes	101 minutes

# Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2012 to March 2017 † †



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

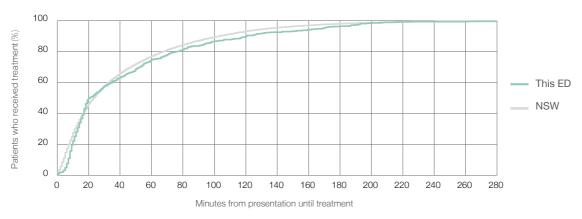
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# **Fairfield Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 641	674	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 492		
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 21 minutes	18 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 120 minutes	109 minutes	104 minutes

# Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2012 to March 2017 †‡



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# Fairfield Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

January to March 2017

All presentations: <sup>1</sup> 8,782 patients

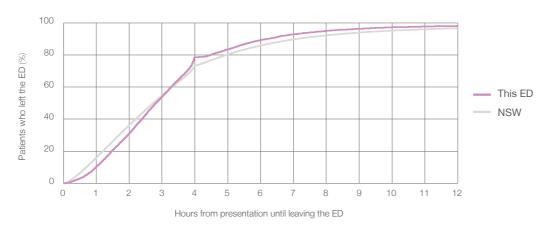
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: <sup>8</sup> 8,782 patients

Median time spent in the ED <sup>8</sup> 2 hours and 49 minutes

90th percentile time spent in the ED <sup>9</sup> 6 hours and 13 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year	
	8,752	
	8,752	
2 hours and 44 minutes	2 hours and 39 minutes	
7 hours and 7 minutes	5 hours and 40 minutes	

## Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

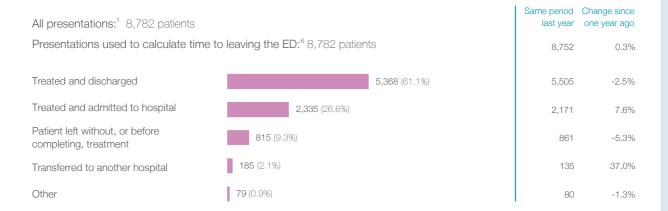
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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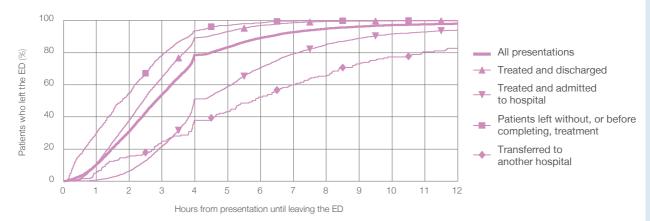
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# Fairfield Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation January to March 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2017 <sup>†‡</sup>



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	11.0%	38.0%	64.9%	89.3%	97.0%	99.4%	99.9%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.6%	6.3%	21.8%	51.2%	70.7%	85.1%	91.8%	94.1%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	30.2%	54.8%	78.3%	93.6%	98.5%	99.9%	99.9%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	5.4%	15.1%	24.9%	37.8%	52.4%	65.4%	77.3%	82.7%
All presentations	10.4%	31.2%	54.1%	78.6%	89.2%	95.0%	97.2%	98.1%

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# Fairfield Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED January to March 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 18,782 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 8,782 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

78.6%

Change since one year ago	
0.3%	8,752
0.3%	8,752
	82.1%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 †\*



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 18 April 2017).