

# Healthcare Quarterly

# Performance Profiles

**Emergency Department** 

Sydney Children's Hospitals Network

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period Change since

Same period

# Sydney Children's Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

April to June 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 9,248 patients	9,297	-0.5%
Emergency presentations: <sup>2</sup> 9,174 patients	9,125	0.5%

# Sydney Children's Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment<sup>3</sup>

April to June 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 407 patients	446	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 9 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 22 minutes	21 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 2,014 patients	1,796	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 21 minutes	20 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 50 minutes	51 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 6,555 patients	6,621	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 41 minutes	39 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	126 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 139 patients	187	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 40 minutes	48 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	129 minutes	101 minutes

# Sydney Children's Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED April to June 2017

Atten

Percentage of patients who spent	
i crocinage of patients who spent	70.40/
four hours or less in the ED	72.4%

1	, ,
9,297	-0.5%
74.3%	
	74.3%

- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

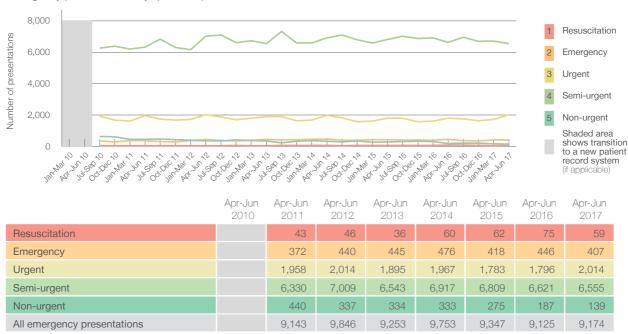
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

# Sydney Children's Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

April to June 2017

. 1				Same period last year	Change since one year ago
All	presentations: 9,248 patier	ts		9,297	-0.5%
En	nergency presentations <sup>2</sup> by	rriage category: 9,174 patients		9,125	0.5%
1	Resuscitation	59 (0.6%)		75	-21.3%
2	Emergency	407 (4.4%)	446	-8.7%	
3	Urgent	2,014 (22.0%)		1,796	12.1%
4	Semi-urgent		6,555 (71.5%)	6,621	-1.0%
5	Non-urgent	139 (1.5%)		187	-25.7%

Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 <sup>‡</sup>



## Sydney Children's Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

April to June 2017

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	675		
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	9 minutes	9 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	19 minutes	18 minutes	1 minute

Same period Change since

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

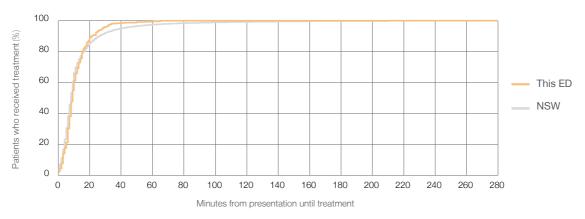
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

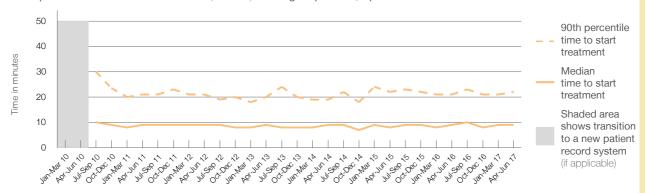
# **Sydney Children's Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 April to June 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 407	446	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 407	445	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 9 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 22 minutes	21 minutes	26 minutes

### Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)		9	9	9	9	8	9	9
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)		21	21	20	19	22	21	22

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

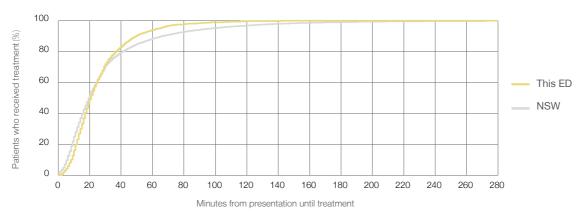
<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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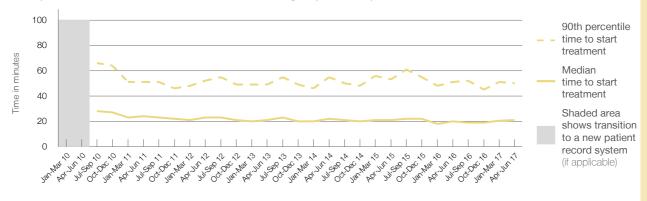
# **Sydney Children's Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 April to June 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 2,014	1,796	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,011	1,794	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 21 minutes	20 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 50 minutes	51 minutes	67 minutes

### Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)		24	23	21	22	21	20	21
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)		51	52	49	55	53	51	50

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

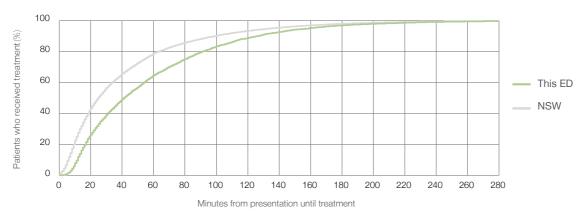
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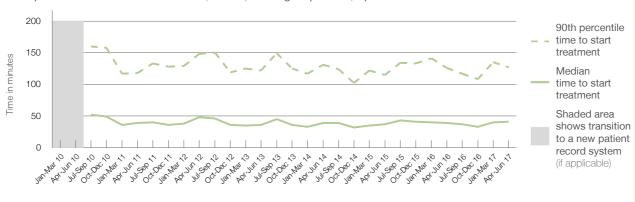
# **Sydney Children's Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 April to June 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 4 patients: 6,555	6,621		
Number of triage 4 patients used to calcula	6,336		
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	41 minutes	39 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	127 minutes	126 minutes	99 minutes

### Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)		39	48	36	39	37	39	41
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)		118	148	122	131	115	126	127

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

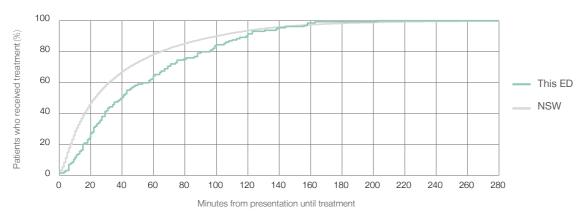
<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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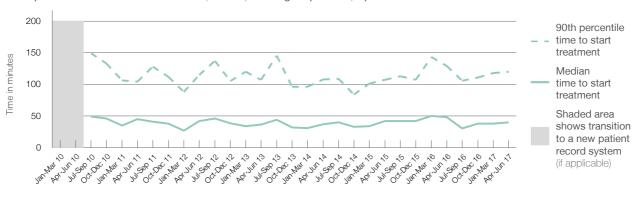
# **Sydney Children's Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 April to June 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 139	187	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time:3 129	173	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 40 minutes	48 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	129 minutes	101 minutes

### Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



		Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to (minutes)	start treatment <sup>4</sup>		45	42	37	37	42	48	40
90th percentile (minutes)	time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>		104	115	107	108	107	129	120

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

6 hours and 37 minutes

# Sydney Children's Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

April to June 2017

All presentations: 9,248 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 9,247 patients

Median time spent in the ED <sup>8</sup> 2 hours and 38 minutes

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9

Same period NSW (this period)

9,297

9,297

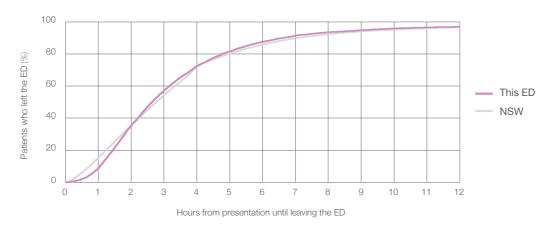
2 hours and 29 minutes

6 hours and 40 minutes

7 hours and 40 minutes

5 minutes

#### Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, April to June 2017



# Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 $^{\dagger\ddagger}$



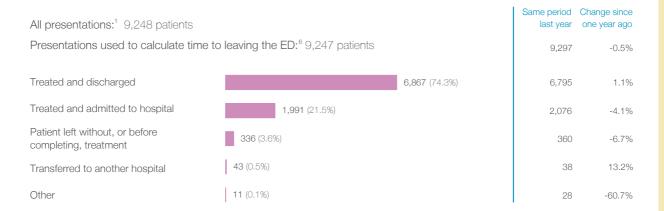
 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$   $\;$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

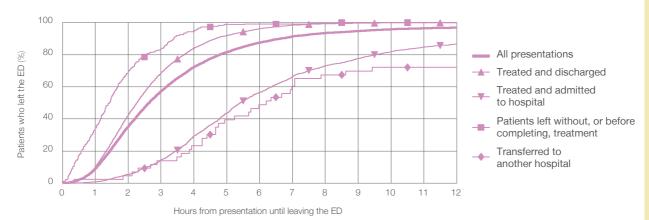
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

# Sydney Children's Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation April to June 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, April to June 2017 †\*



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	10.1%	42.4%	68.7%	84.0%	96.2%	99.3%	99.8%	99.9%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.9%	5.4%	14.6%	29.4%	56.5%	73.1%	81.9%	86.6%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	34.2%	69.3%	83.9%	94.6%	99.1%	99.4%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	2.3%	4.7%	14.0%	23.3%	48.8%	67.4%	72.1%	72.1%
All presentations	9.1%	35.3%	57.4%	72.4%	87.6%	93.6%	95.9%	96.9%

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

# **Sydney Children's Hospital:** Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED April to June 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 19,248 patients

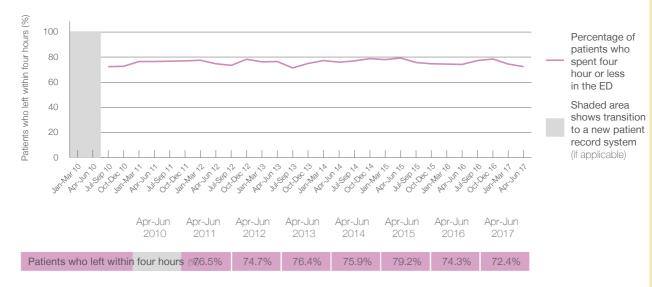
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 69,247 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

72.4%

	Change since one year ago
9,297	-0.5%
9,297	-0.5%
74.3%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 21 July 2017).

Same period Change since

# The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Emergency department (ED) overview

April to June 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 14,664 patients	14,389	1.9%
Emergency presentations: <sup>2</sup> 14,488 patients	14,227	1.8%

# The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Time patients waited to start treatment<sup>3</sup>

April to June 2017

April to June 2017

	Same period last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 612 patients	534	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 8 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 24 minutes	10 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 3,932 patients	3,647	00
Median time to start treatment	22 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 58 minutes	57 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 9,783 patients	9,844	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 53 minutes	41 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	149 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 66 patients	80	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 75 minutes	51 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> *	*	101 minutes

## The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:<sup>6</sup> 14,664 patients

14,389

1.9%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

63.8%

71.9%

- \* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

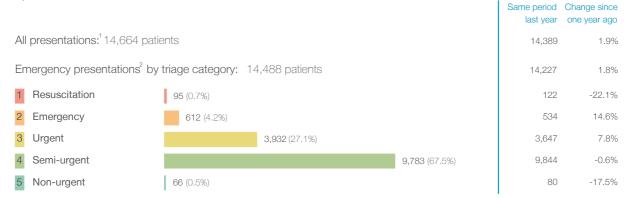
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

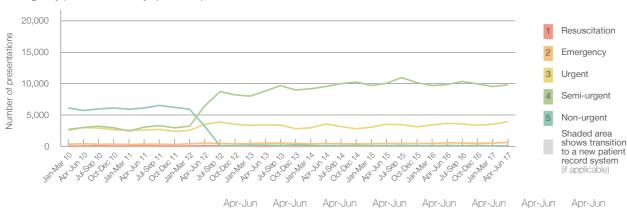
Same period Change since

# The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Patients presenting to the emergency department

April to June 2017



Emergency presentations  $^2$  by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017  $^{\ddagger\,\Omega}$ 



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Resuscitation	64	81	94	57	74	70	122	95
Emergency	421	354	514	481	439	446	534	612
Urgent	2,996	2,595	3,509	3,385	3,579	3,505	3,647	3,932
Semi-urgent Semi-urgent	3,020	3,034	6,415	8,795	9,527	10,062	9,844	9,783
Non-urgent	5,727	6,111	3,208	177	85	106	80	66
All emergency presentations	12,228	12,175	13,740	12,895	13,704	14,189	14,227	14,488

# The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Patients arriving by ambulance

April to June 2017

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate tran	sfer of care time: 7 1,263 patients	1,075	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	6 minutes	6 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	15 minutes	16 minutes	-1 minute

- (†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.
- (‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

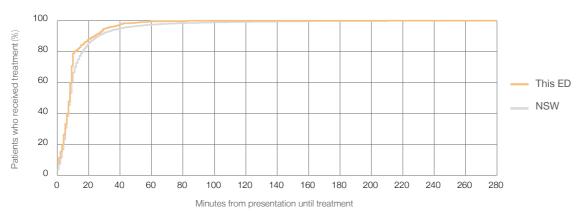
  Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- (\Omega) The Sydney Children's Hospitals Network (Randwick and Westmead) advise that application of ED triaging definitions has been standardised across their facilities. This has resulted in a reporting shift of some cases from category 5 to category 4 and from category 4 to category 3 at Children's Hospital Westmead from June 2012 onwards.

Same period Change since

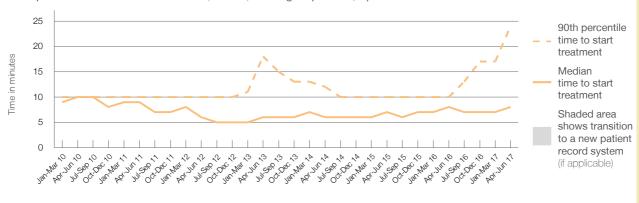
# **The Children's Hospital at Westmead:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 April to June 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 612	534	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 612	534	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 8 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 24 minutes	10 minutes	26 minutes

### Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 \*\*\*



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	10	9	6	6	6	7	8	8
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)	10	10	10	18	12	10	10	24

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

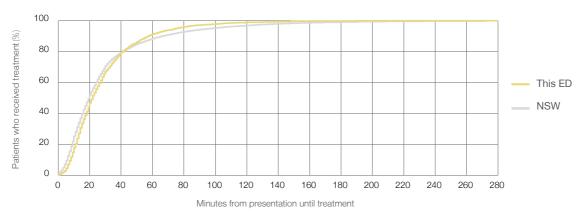
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

<sup>(§)</sup> This hospital does not use one of the two major information systems implemented in NSW emergency departments. Caution is advised when comparing results from this emergency department to others. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

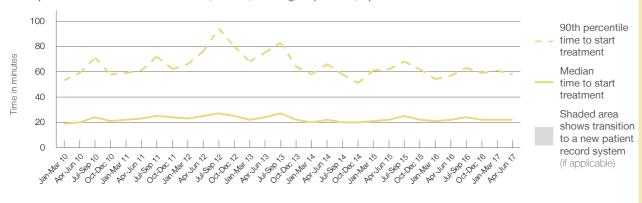
# **The Children's Hospital at Westmead:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 April to June 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 3,932	3,647	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,920	3,644	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 22 minutes	22 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 58 minutes	57 minutes	67 minutes

### Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 11\$



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	20	23	25	24	22	22	22	22
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)	59	61	76	75	66	62	57	58

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

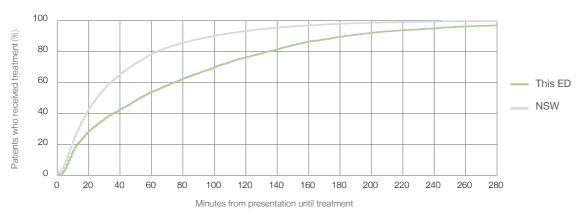
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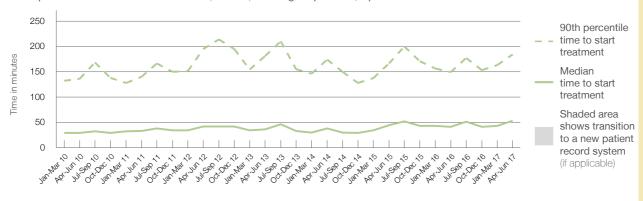
# **The Children's Hospital at Westmead:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 April to June 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 9,783	9,844	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 8,123	8,480	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 53 minutes	41 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	149 minutes	99 minutes

### Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 11\$



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	29	33	42	36	38	44	41	53
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)	136	140	195	181	174	166	149	184

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

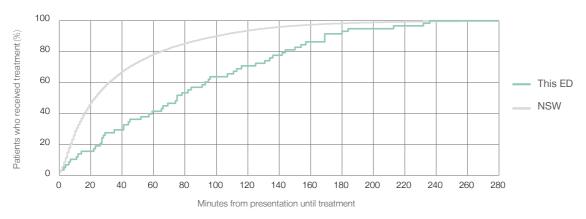
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

<sup>(§)</sup> This hospital does not use one of the two major information systems implemented in NSW emergency departments. Caution is advised when comparing results from this emergency department to others. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

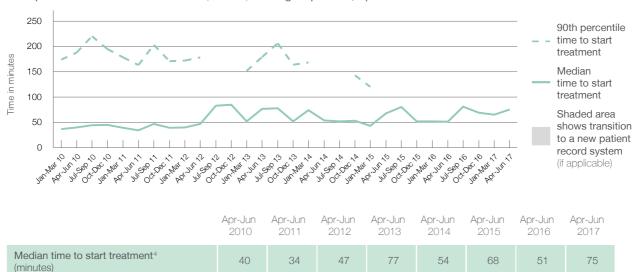
# **The Children's Hospital at Westmead:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 April to June 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts of	or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 66	80		
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 58			
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	75 minutes	51 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>		*	101 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 11\$



(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for	guarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

90th percentile time to start treatment

(minutes)

178

179

<sup>(§)</sup> This hospital does not use one of the two major information systems implemented in NSW emergency departments. Caution is advised when comparing results from this emergency department to others. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

# The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Time patients spent in the ED

April to June 2017

All presentations: 1 14,664 patients

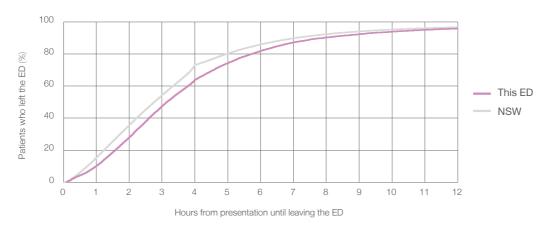
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 14,664 patients

Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 9 minutes

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 7 hours and 56 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year			
	14,389			
	14,389			
2 hours and 46 minutes	2 hours and 51 minutes			
7 hours and 5 minutes	6 hours and 44 minutes			

#### Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, April to June 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017  $^{\dagger \ddagger\,\$}$ 



<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

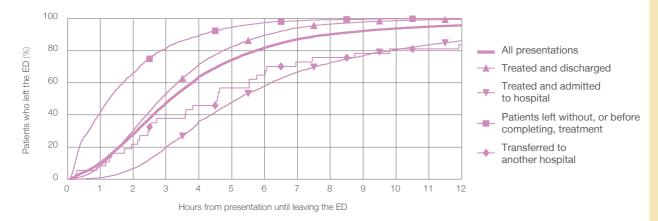
<sup>(§)</sup> This hospital does not use one of the two major information systems implemented in NSW emergency departments. Caution is advised when comparing results from this emergency department to others. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

# The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation April to June 2017

Same period Change since All presentations: 14,664 patients last year one year ago Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:<sup>6</sup> 14,664 patients 14,389 1.9% Treated and discharged 8,885 (60.6%) 9.157 -3.0% Treated and admitted to hospital 4,025 (27.4%) 3,799 5.9% Patient left without, or before 1,717 (11.7%) 22 4% 1.403 completing, treatment 37 (0.3%) 29 27.6% Transferred to another hospital Other 0 (0%) -100.0%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, April to June 2017  $^{\dagger \ddagger \, \$}$ 



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	8.3%	30.4%	53.5%	71.5%	89.7%	96.5%	98.7%	99.5%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.9%	6.7%	20.1%	36.0%	58.1%	72.6%	80.7%	86.2%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	41.9%	66.3%	81.4%	89.3%	97.5%	99.4%	99.9%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	8.1%	21.6%	37.8%	45.9%	64.9%	75.7%	81.1%	83.8%
All presentations	10.2%	28.1%	47.5%	63.8%	81.9%	90.3%	93.9%	95.9%

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

<sup>(§)</sup> This hospital does not use one of the two major information systems implemented in NSW emergency departments. Caution is advised when comparing results from this emergency department to others. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

# The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED April to June 2017

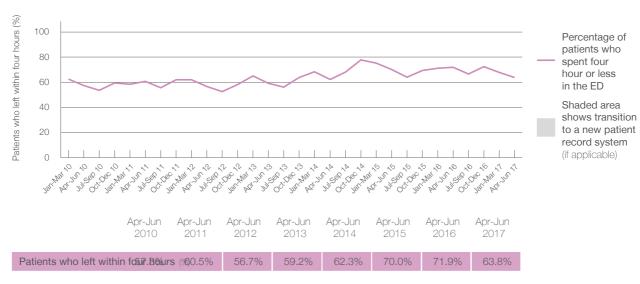
All presentations at the emergency department: 14,664 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 14,664 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

	Change since one year ago
14,389	1.9%
14,389	1.9%
71.9%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 11



63.8%

- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- <sup>†</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 21 July 2017).