St Vincent's Hospital, Darlinghurst: Emergency department (ED) overview

July to September 2017

	Same period last year	Change since one year ago
All presentations:1 11,834 patients	11,181	5.8%
Emergency presentations: ² 11,684 patients	11,049	5.7%

St Vincent's Hospital, Darlinghurst: Time patients waited to start treatment³

July to September 2017		
	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,533 patients	1,361	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 5 minutes	4 minutes	9 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 17 minutes	14 minutes	29 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 5,829 patients	5,338	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	14 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 70 minutes	60 minutes	83 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 3,596 patients	3,605	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	17 minutes	30 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 104 minutes	89 minutes	121 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 435 patients	484	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	13 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 108 minutes	107 minutes	118 minutes

St Vincent's Hospital, Darlinghurst: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

July to September 2017			1	one year ago
Attendances used to calculate time to	leaving the ED:6 11,833 patients		11,181	5.8%
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED		64.0%	65.3%	

* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

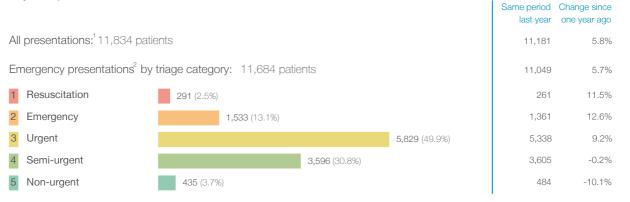
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

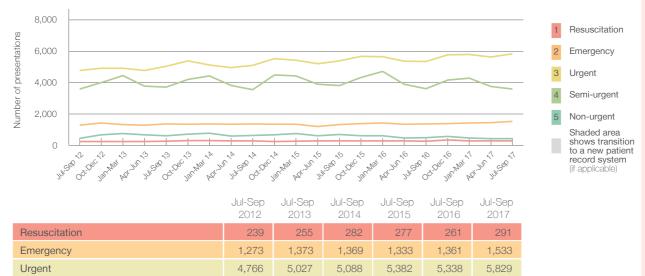
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 October 2017).

St Vincent's Hospital, Darlinghurst: Patients presenting to the emergency department

July to September 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, July 2012 to September 2017 ^{‡§}



All emergency presentations

Semi-urgent

Non-urgent

St Vincent's Hospital, Darlinghurst: Patients arriving by ambulance

3,591

10,317

July to September 2017

		Same period last year	Change since one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	ofer of care time: 7 3,624 patients	3,439	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	14 minutes	13 minutes	1 minute
90th percentile time	38 minutes	38 minutes	0 minutes

3,701

10,964

3,547

10,907

3,605

484

11,049

3,596

435

Same period Chan

11,684

3,806

11,493

Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small. (+)

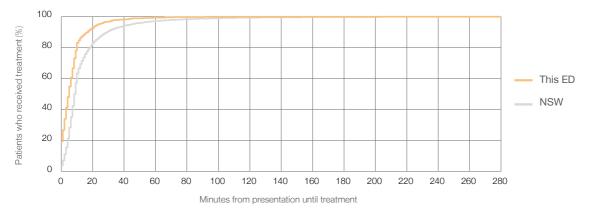
 $^{(\}pm)$ Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011

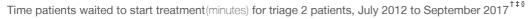
^(\$) This hospital does not use one of the two major information systems implemented in NSW emergency departments. Caution is advised when comparing results from this emergency department to others. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

St Vincent's Hospital, Darlinghurst: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,533	1,361	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 1,5	26 1,357	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 5 minutes	4 minutes	9 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 17 minutes	14 minutes	29 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017







^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

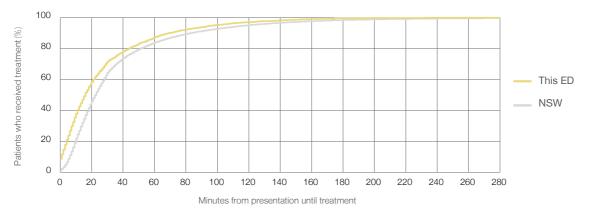
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) This hospital does not use one of the two major information systems implemented in NSW emergency departments. Caution is advised when comparing results from this emergency department to others. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

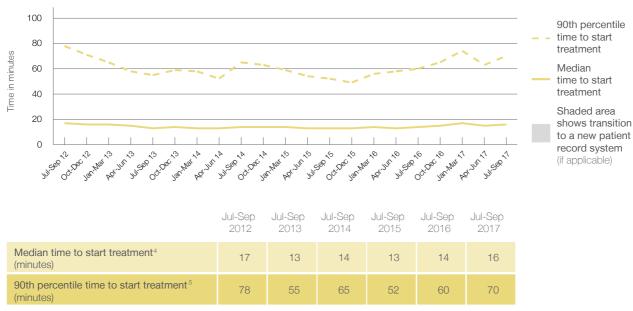
St Vincent's Hospital, Darlinghurst: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 July to September 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 5,829	5,338	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 5,646		
Median time to start treatment ⁴	14 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 70 minutes	60 minutes	83 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, July 2012 to September 2017^{†‡§}



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

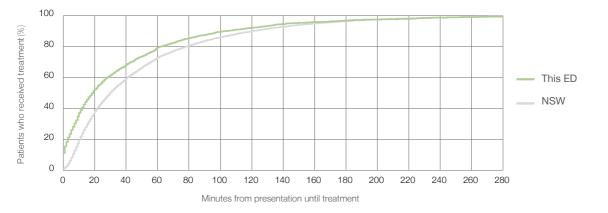
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St Vincent's Hospital, Darlinghurst: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 3,596	3,605	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time:3 3,107	3,176	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 19 minutes	17 minutes	30 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 104 minutes	89 minutes	121 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, July 2012 to September 2017^{†‡§}



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

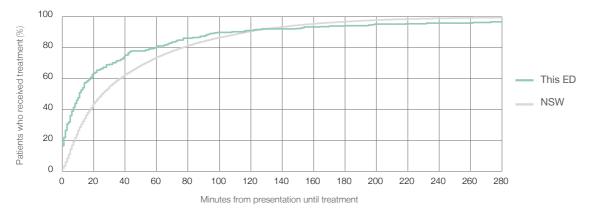
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

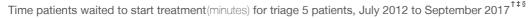
^(§) This hospital does not use one of the two major information systems implemented in NSW emergency departments. Caution is advised when comparing results from this emergency department to others. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

St Vincent's Hospital, Darlinghurst: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 July to September 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 435	484	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 324	388	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	13 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 108 minutes	107 minutes	118 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017







^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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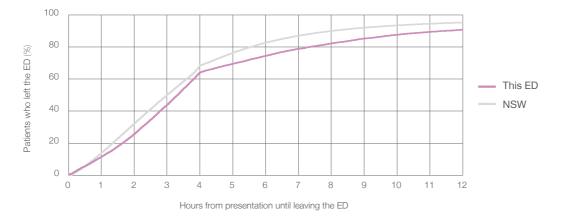
This hospital does not use one of the two major information systems implemented in NSW emergency departments. Caution is (8) advised when comparing results from this emergency department to others. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

St Vincent's Hospital, Darlinghurst: Time patients spent in the ED

July to September 2017

NSW Same period (this period) last vear All presentations:1 11,834 patients 11,181 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 11,833 patients 11,181 3 hours and 3 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 19 minutes 0 minutes 9 minutes 11 hours and 8 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED⁹ 11 hours and 26 minutes 6 minutes 2 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, July 2012 to September 2017 $^{^{\dagger \pm\,\$}}$



(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

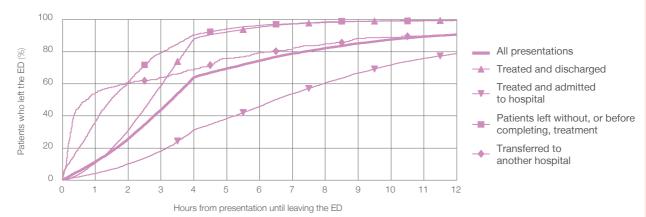
(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

(§) This hospital does not use one of the two major information systems implemented in NSW emergency departments. Caution is advised when comparing results from this emergency department to others. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

St Vincent's Hospital, Darlinghurst: Time patients spent in the ED By mode of separation July to September 2017

Same period Change since All presentations:1 11,834 patients last year one year ago Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 11,833 patients 5.8% 11.181 Treated and discharged 5,566 (47.0%) 5.145 8.2% Treated and admitted to hospital 4,937 (41.7%) 4,663 5.9% Patient left without, or before 983 (8.3%) 932 5.5% completing, treatment 300 (2.5%) 375 -20.0% Transferred to another hospital 48 (0.4%) Other 66 -27.3%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2017 $^{\pm\$}$



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

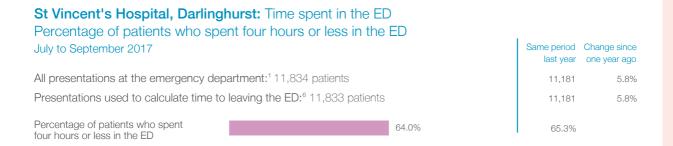
Treated and discharged	10.8%	31.1%	59.0%	87.9%	95.3%	98.2%	99.4%	99.6%
Treated and admitted to hospital	4.1%	10.1%	18.2%	31.3%	45.9%	60.5%	71.8%	79.0%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	36.6%	61.0%	79.5%	90.5%	96.4%	98.6%	99.1%	99.5%
Transferred to another hospital	54.3%	60.7%	64.0%	68.7%	79.3%	85.0%	89.0%	90.3%
All presentations	11.5%	25.8%	43.9%	64.0%	74.4%	82.2%	87.6%	90.7%

(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011. Vincent's Health Network

to

^(§) This hospital does not use one of the two major information systems implemented in NSW emergency departments. Caution is advised when comparing results from this emergency department to others. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.



Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, July 2012 to September 2017^{†‡}



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see
- Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see *Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.*
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.
 Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 October 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System(extracted 17 October 2017).

Principal referral hospitals (A1) st Vincent's Health Network