NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

Cowra District Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 1,867 patients	2,024	-7.8%
Emergency presentations: ² 1,831 patients	1,961	-6.6%

Cowra District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment 3

October to December 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 182 patients	224	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 6 minutes	5 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 30 minutes	10 minutes	23 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 504 patients	515	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	9 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 35 minutes	31 minutes	65 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 793 patients	901	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	6 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 35 minutes	22 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 340 patients	313	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	6 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 41 minutes	43 minutes	103 minutes

Cowra District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 1,867 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 87.

	one year ago
2,024	-7.8%
85.8%	

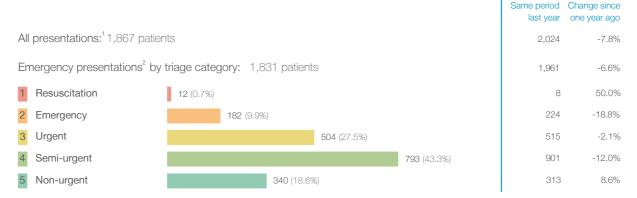
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

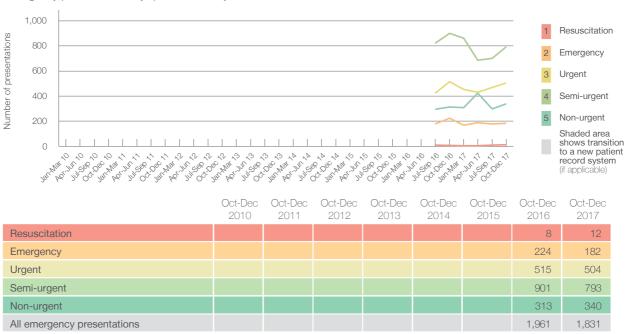
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 23 January 2018).

Cowra District Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017 ^{‡§}



Cowra District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2017

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	ofer of care time: 7 247 patients	231	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	13 minutes	25 minutes	-12 minutes
90th percentile time	46 minutes	91 minutes	-45 minutes

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Same period Change since

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

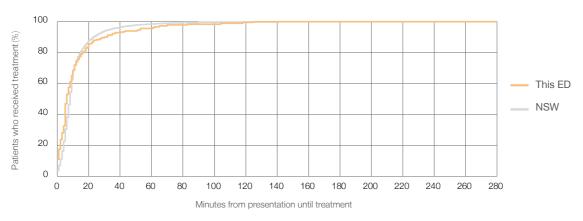
Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Cowra District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2

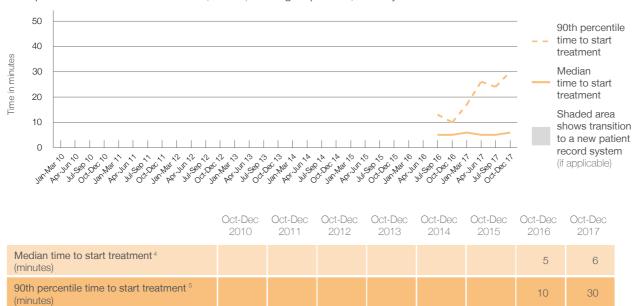
October to December 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 182	224	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 181	222	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 6 minutes	5 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 30 minutes	10 minutes	23 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 $^{\dagger \ddagger\$}$



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

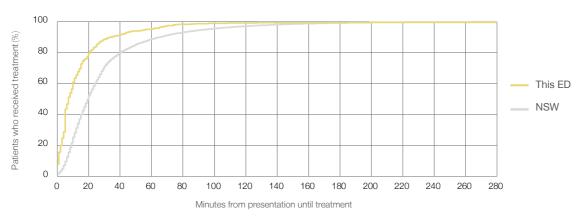
Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Cowra District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

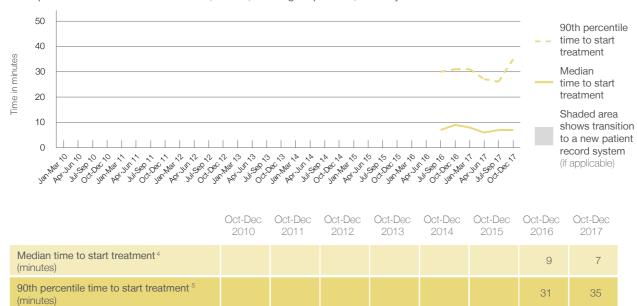
October to December 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 504	515	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 496	498	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	9 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 35 minutes	31 minutes	65 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 $^{\dagger \ddagger\$}$



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Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Cowra District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)

Number of triage 4 patients: 793

Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 756

Median time to start treatment 4

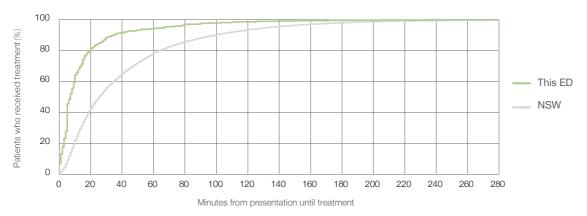
90th percentile time to start treatment 5

7 minutes

35 minutes



Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 ***



(minutes)

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

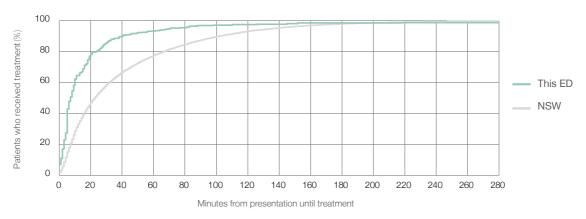
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

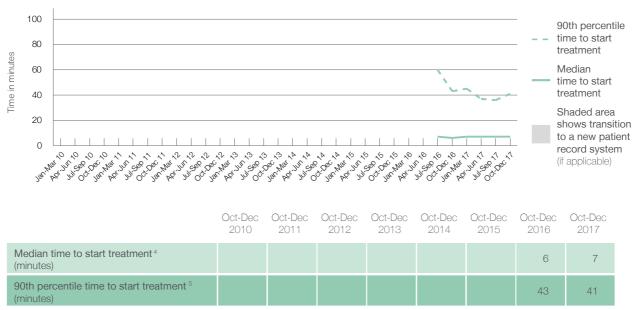
Cowra District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 340	313	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 308	288	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	6 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 41 minutes	43 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 $^{\dagger \ddagger\$}$



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Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

4 hours and 32 minutes

Cowra District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

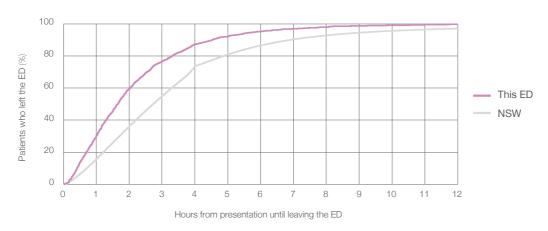
October to December 2017

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9

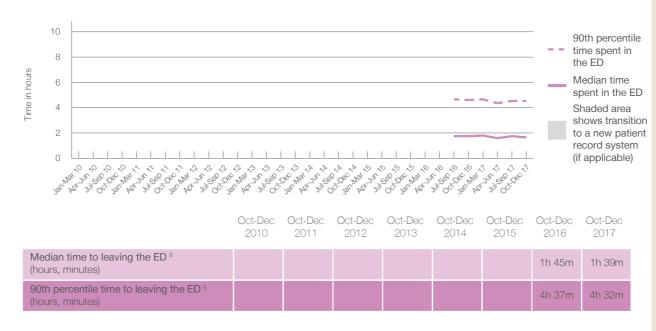
All presentations: 1,867 patients Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 1,867 patients Median time spent in the ED 8 1 hours and 39 minutes

NSW Same period (this period) last vear 2,024 2.024 1 hours and 2 hours and 44 minutes 4 hours and 6 hours and 37 minutes 55 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017



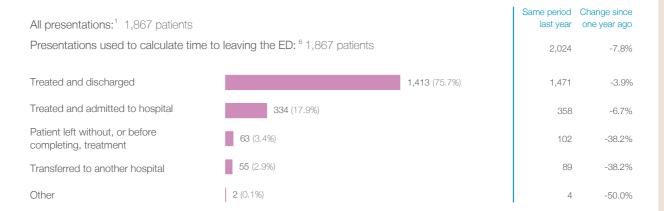
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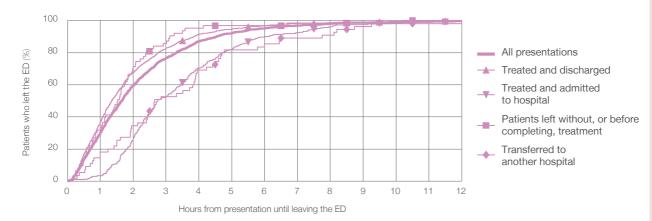
Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Cowra District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2017



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	36.9%	67.6%	82.9%	91.4%	96.7%	98.7%	99.2%	99.8%
Treated and admitted to hospital	3.3%	26.9%	52.7%	70.4%	89.8%	96.1%	98.5%	99.4%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	33.3%	71.4%	85.7%	95.2%	96.8%	98.4%	98.4%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	18.2%	34.5%	52.7%	69.1%	85.5%	90.9%	98.2%	98.2%
All presentations	30.2%	59.5%	76.8%	87.1%	95.2%	98.0%	99.0%	99.7%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Cowra District Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

October to December 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 1,867 patients Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 1,867 patients

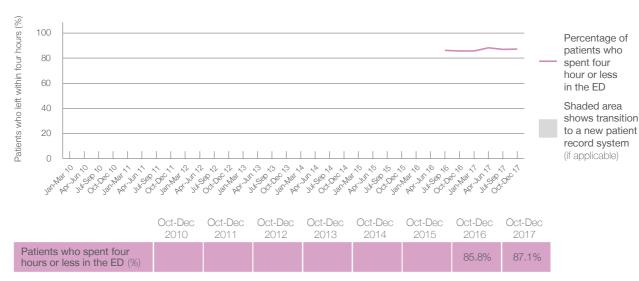
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

87.1%

Same period Change since last vear one vear ago -7.8% 2 024 2.024 -7.8%

85.8%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017 118



- Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- § Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
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- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 23 January 2018). Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 23 January 2018).