

Healthcare Quarterly

Performance Profiles

Emergency Department

Mid North Coast Local Health District

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

Coffs Harbour Health Campus: Emergency department (ED) overview January to March 2018

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 1 10,011 patients	9,818	2%
Emergency presentations: ² 9,706 patients	9,511	2%

Coffs Harbour Health Campus: Time patients waited to start treatment ³

January to March 2018

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,116 patients	1,028	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	10 minutes	23 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 3,322 patients	3,107	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	14 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 73 minutes	42 minutes	65 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 3,898 patients	3,833	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 29 minutes	23 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	108 minutes	98 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,290 patients	1,488	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 28 minutes	22 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	117 minutes	97 minutes

Coffs Harbour Health Campus: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

January to March 2018

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 10,011 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

	Change since one year ago
9,818	2%
75%	

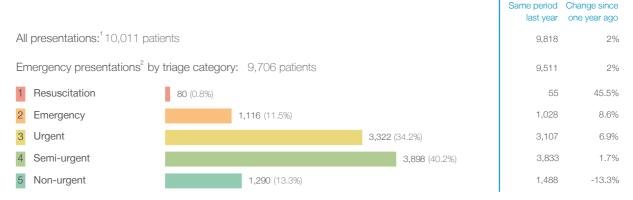
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

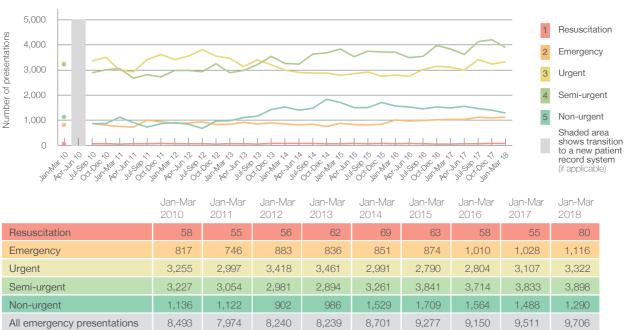
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018).

Coffs Harbour Health Campus: Patients presenting to the emergency department

January to March 2018



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 [‡]



Coffs Harbour Health Campus: Patients arriving by ambulance

January to March 2018

	last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 2,236 patients		
D Transfer of care time		
Median time 12 minutes	11 minutes	1 minute
Oth percentile time 28 minutes	24 minutes	4 minutes

Same period Change since

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

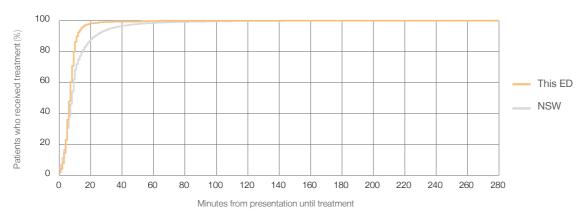
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Coffs Harbour Health Campus: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2

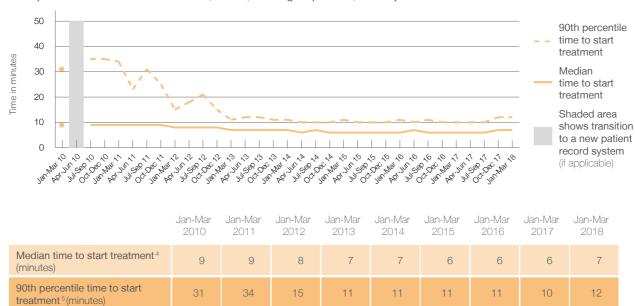
January to March 2018

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,116	1,028	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,115	1,022	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	10 minutes	23 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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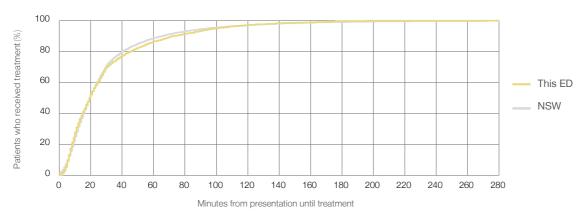
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Coffs Harbour Health Campus: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

January to March 2018

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)			NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 3,322		3,107	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 3,254			
Median time to start treatment ⁴	19 minutes	14 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	73 minutes	42 minutes	65 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



96

109

69

90th percentile time to start

treatment 5 (minutes)

45

37

34

42

42

73

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

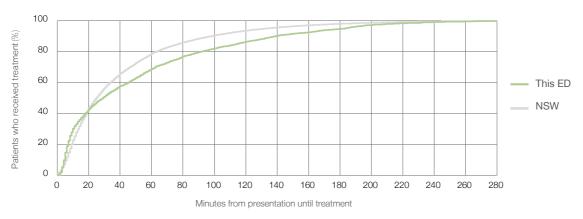
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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Coffs Harbour Health Campus: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2018

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained a	ankle, earache)		Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 3,898			3,833	
Number of triage 4 patients used to cal	culate waiting time: 3 3	,526	3,536	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	29 minutes		23 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵		139 minutes	108 minutes	98 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



176

107

90th percentile time to start

treatment 5 (minutes)

95

106

108

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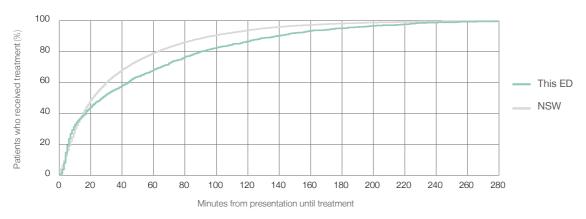
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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Coffs Harbour Health Campus: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2018

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)			NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 1,290		1,488	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,176			
Median time to start treatment ⁴	28 minutes	22 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	138 minutes	117 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



treatment 5 (minutes)

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Coffs Harbour Health Campus: Time patients spent in the ED

January to March 2018

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9

All presentations: 1 10,011 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 10,011 patients

Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 6 minutes

3 hours and 6 minutes

8 hours and 4 minutes

Same period last year (this period)

9,818

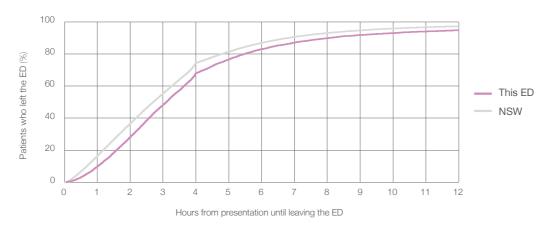
9,818

2 hours and 46 minutes

7 hours and 1 minutes

6 hours and 49 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2018



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018

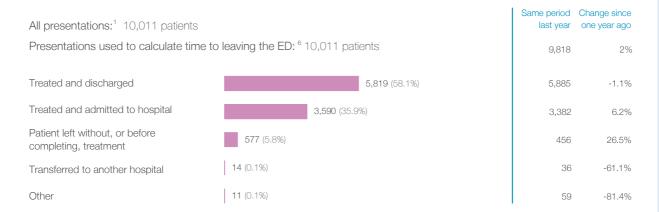


 $^{(\}dagger)$ $\;$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

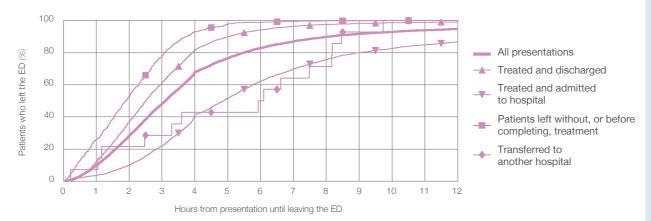
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Coffs Harbour Health Campus: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation January to March 2018



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2018 ^{†‡}



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	12.1%	37.1%	61.5%	81.8%	94.2%	97.6%	98.6%	99.2%
Treated and admitted to hospital	3.5%	9.9%	22.0%	41.4%	62.3%	75.7%	82.6%	86.7%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	26.2%	52.7%	77.8%	93.1%	99.0%	99.8%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	7.1%	21.4%	28.6%	42.9%	50.0%	71.4%	100%	100%
All presentations	9.9%	28.3%	48.2%	67.9%	83.0%	89.8%	93.0%	94.8%

 $^{(\}dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$

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Coffs Harbour Health Campus: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED January to March 2018

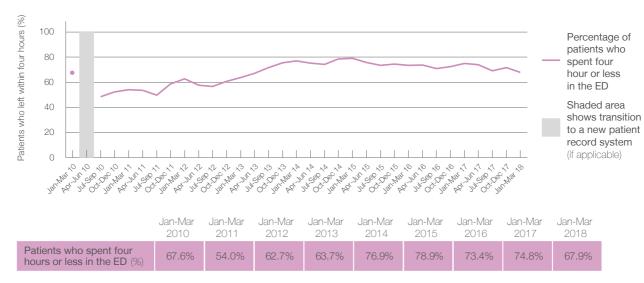
All presentations at the emergency department: 10,011 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 10,011 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

	Change since one year ago
9,818	2%
9,818	2%
74.8%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 †*



67.9%

- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (\mbox{ED}) .
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 17 April 2018).

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

Kempsey District Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview January to March 2018

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 7,641 patients	7,380	4%
Emergency presentations: 2 7,301 patients	7,239	1%

Kempsey District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment ³

January to March 2018

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 792 patients	728	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	11 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 25 minutes	27 minutes	23 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 2,374 patients	2,390	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 22 minutes	23 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 55 minutes	58 minutes	65 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 3,580 patients	3,252	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 29 minutes	29 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	92 minutes	98 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 537 patients	842	
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 537 patients	042	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 30 minutes	25 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	88 minutes	97 minutes

Kempsey District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2018

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 7,640 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

1	Change since one year ago
7,380	4%
84%	

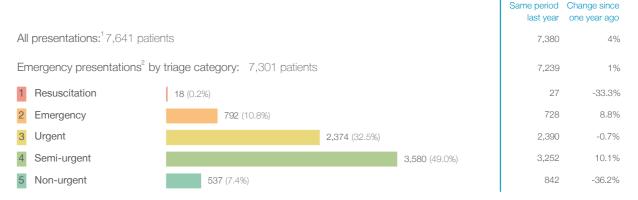
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

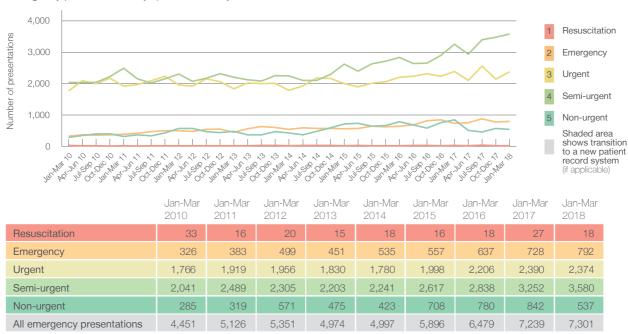
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018).

Kempsey District Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

January to March 2018



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 [‡]



Kempsey District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

January to March 2018

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate tran	n time 12 minutes		
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	12 minutes	12 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	24 minutes	24 minutes	0 minutes

Same period Change since

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

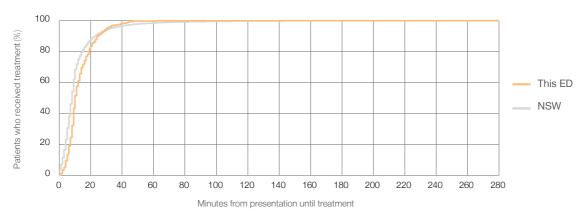
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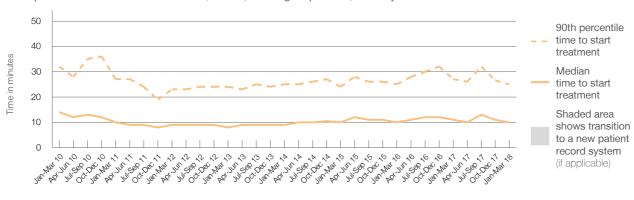
Kempsey District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2018

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 792	728	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 791	725	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 10 minutes	11 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 25 minutes	27 minutes	23 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



	Jan-Mar 2010	Jan-Mar 2011	Jan-Mar 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Jan-Mar 2014	Jan-Mar 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Jan-Mar 2017	Jan-Mar 2018
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	14	10	9	8	9	10	10	11	10
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	32	27	23	24	25	24	25	27	25

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

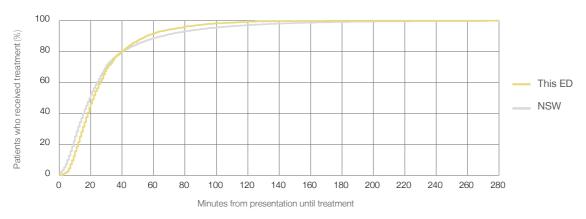
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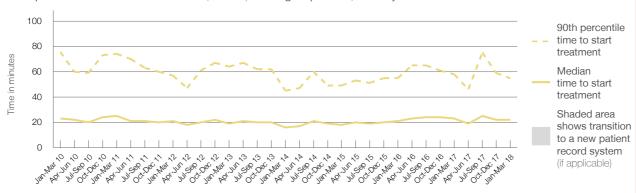
Kempsey District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2018

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 2,374	2,390	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,350	2,368	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 22 minutes	23 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 55 minutes	58 minutes	65 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



	Jan-Mar 2010	Jan-Mar 2011	Jan-Mar 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Jan-Mar 2014	Jan-Mar 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Jan-Mar 2017	Jan-Mar 2018
Median time to start treatment 4 (minutes)	23	25	21	19	16	18	21	23	22
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 (minutes)	76	74	57	64	45	49	55	58	55

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

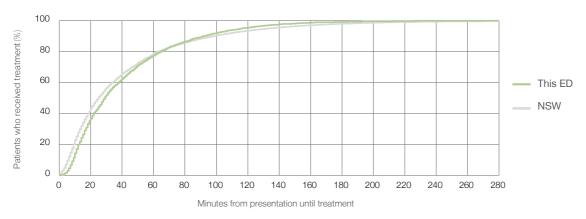
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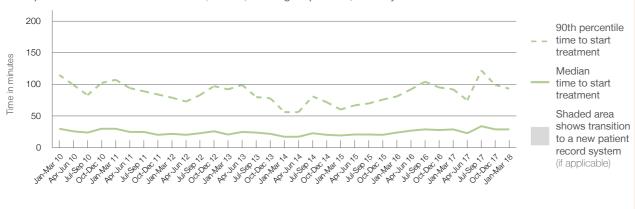
Kempsey District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2018

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 3,580	3,252	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 3,444	3,117	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 29 minutes	29 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 93 minutes	92 minutes	98 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



	Jan-Mar 2010	Jan-Mar 2011	Jan-Mar 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Jan-Mar 2014	Jan-Mar 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Jan-Mar 2017	Jan-Mar 2018
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	30	30	22	21	17	19	24	29	29
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 (minutes)	115	107	79	92	56	60	81	92	93

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

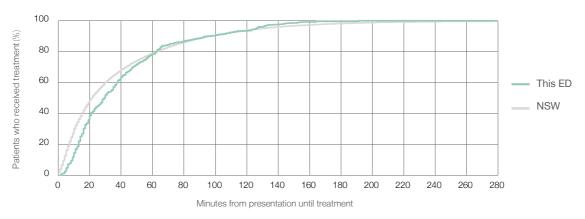
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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Kempsey District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2018

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 537	842	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 500	759	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 30 minutes	25 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 97 minutes	88 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	25	20	18	18	14	18	25	25	30
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 (minutes)	114	93	80	74	54	66	94	88	97

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

5 hours and 4 minutes

Kempsey District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

January to March 2018

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9

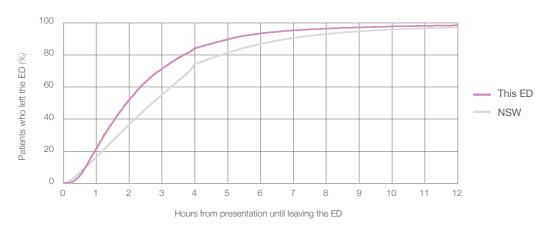
All presentations: ¹ 7,641 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: ⁶ 7,640 patients

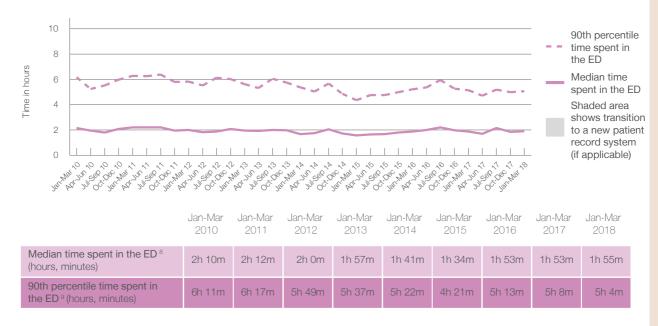
Median time spent in the ED ⁸ 1 hours and 55 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year
	7,380
	7,380
2 hours and 42 minutes	1 hours and 53 minutes
6 hours and 49 minutes	5 hours and 8 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2018



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



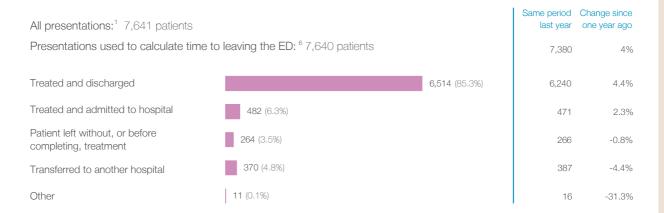
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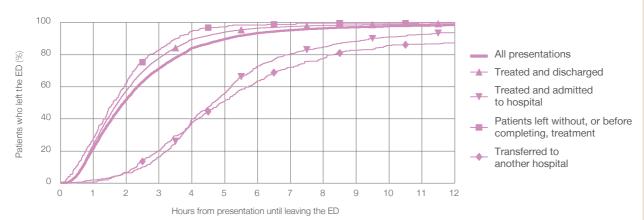
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Kempsey District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation January to March 2018



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2018



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	24.1%	57.5%	78.0%	89.6%	96.5%	98.2%	98.9%	99.4%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.9%	6.4%	16.4%	39.8%	73.0%	84.6%	91.1%	93.8%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	28.0%	62.5%	83.0%	94.7%	98.5%	99.6%	99.6%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	0.5%	6.8%	20.3%	37.6%	63.8%	77.8%	85.7%	87.6%
All presentations	21.7%	52.0%	71.5%	84.1%	93.5%	96.4%	97.8%	98.5%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Kempsey District Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED January to March 2018

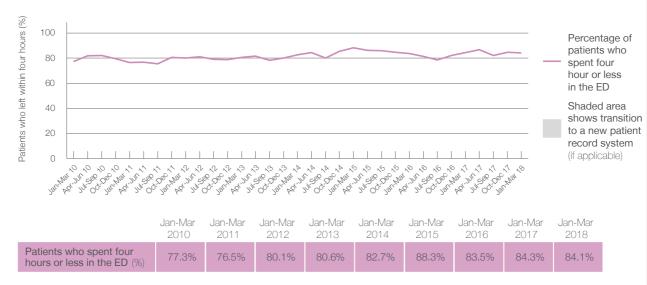
All presentations at the emergency department: 17,641 patients Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 67,640 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

84.1%

	one year ago
7,380	4%
7,380	4%
84.3%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 †*



- Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018). Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 17 April 2018).

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

Macksville District Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview January to March 2018

All presentations: 3,843 patients 3,863 patients 3,683 patients 3,544 4%

Macksville District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment ³

January to March 2018

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 357 patients	325	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	10 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 19 minutes	20 minutes	23 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 992 patients	1,105	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 18 minutes	22 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 47 minutes	55 minutes	65 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 1,579 patients	1,580	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 24 minutes	25 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 98 minutes	106 minutes	98 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 743 patients	527	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 26 minutes	26 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	116 minutes	97 minutes

Macksville District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2018

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 3,842 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

	Change since one year ago
3,860	0%
91%	

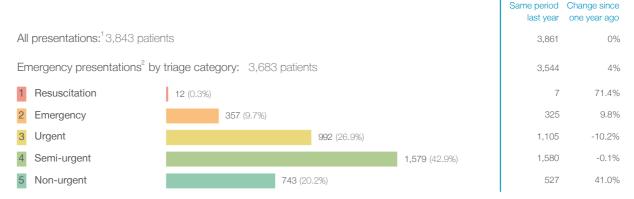
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

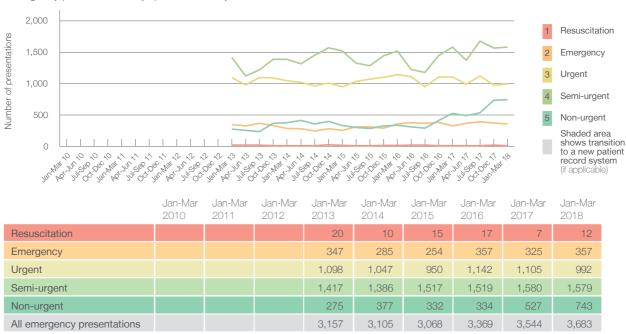
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018).

Macksville District Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

January to March 2018



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 ^{‡§}



Macksville District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

January to March 2018

	last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 432 patients	458	
ED Transfer of care time		
Median time 11 minutes	13 minutes	-3 minutes
90th percentile time 22 minutes	26 minutes	-4 minutes

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Same period Change since

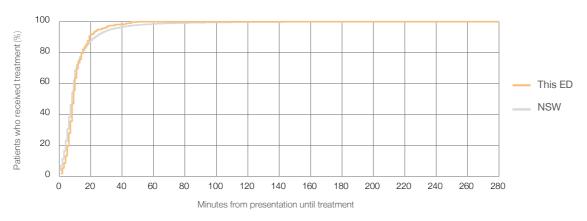
Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Macksville District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2018

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 357	325	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 357	316	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	10 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 19 minutes	20 minutes	23 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 115



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

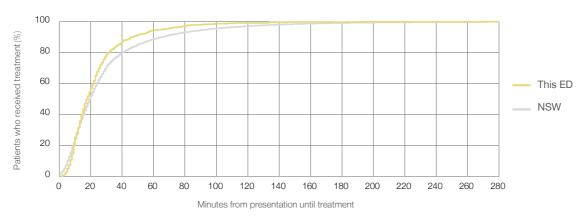
Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Macksville District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2018

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 992		
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 986	1,075	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 18 minutes	22 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 47 minutes	55 minutes	65 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 115



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

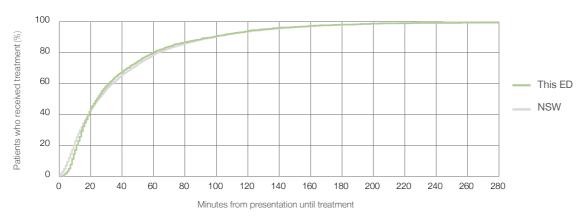
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Macksville District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2018

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 1,579	1,580	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,511	1,504	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 24 minutes	25 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 98 minutes	106 minutes	98 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 ***



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

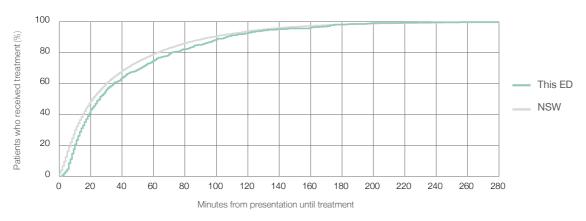
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Macksville District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2018

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 743	527	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 691	492	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 26 minutes	26 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	116 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 ***



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Macksville District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

January to March 2018

All presentations: 1 3,843 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 3,842 patients

Median time spent in the ED ⁸

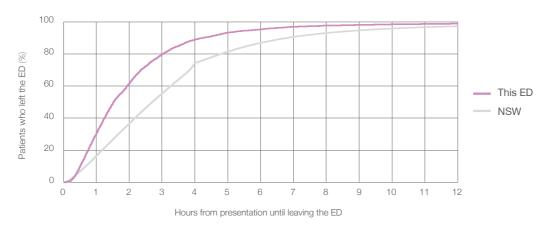
1 hours and 32 minutes

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9

4 hours and 15 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year
	3,861
	3,860
2 hours and 42 minutes	1 hours and 32 minutes
6 hours and 49 minutes	3 hours and 52 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2018



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018



 $^{(\}dagger)$ $\;$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

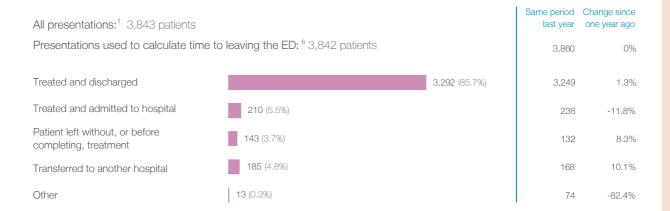
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

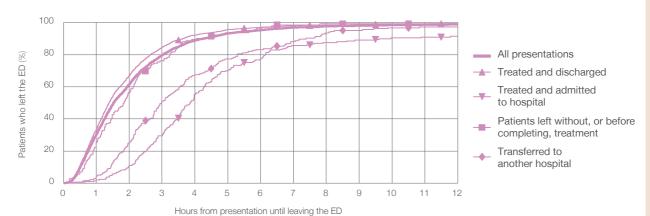
^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Macksville District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED By mode of separation

January to March 2018



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2018



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	33.7%	66.9%	84.6%	92.2%	97.0%	98.5%	99.0%	99.4%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.9%	11.0%	29.5%	55.2%	77.6%	87.6%	90.5%	91.4%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	25.2%	56.6%	76.2%	89.5%	96.5%	99.3%	99.3%	99.3%
Transferred to another hospital	4.3%	25.4%	50.8%	67.6%	83.2%	93.5%	96.8%	97.3%
All presentations	30.5%	61.6%	79.7%	88.9%	95.3%	97.7%	98.4%	98.8%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Macksville District Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

January to March 2018

All presentations at the emergency department: 13,843 patients

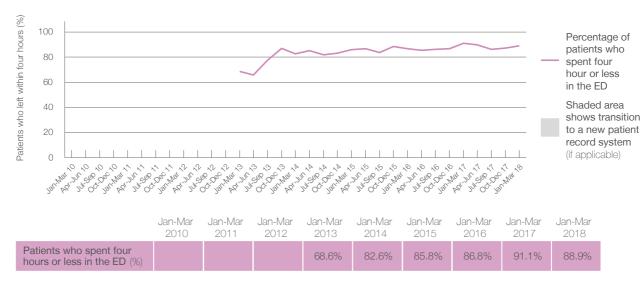
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 3,842 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

88.9%

Same period Change since last vear one vear ago 0% 3 861 3.860 0% 91.1%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 118



- Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
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- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- § Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018). Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 17 April 2018).

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview January to March 2018

All presentations: \$\frac{1}{8}\$,785 patients \$8,900 \quad \text{-1%} \\
\text{Emergency presentations: }\frac{2}{8}\$,701 patients \$8,658 \quad 0\%

Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment ³

January to March 2018

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,168 patients	1,181	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	10 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 21 minutes	24 minutes	23 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 3,181 patients	3,469	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 19 minutes	22 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 57 minutes	60 minutes	65 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 3,845 patients	3,527	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 26 minutes	27 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	88 minutes	98 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 465 patients	452	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 26 minutes	25 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	97 minutes	97 minutes

Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2018

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 8,784 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

one year ago	1	
-1%	8,899	
	76%	

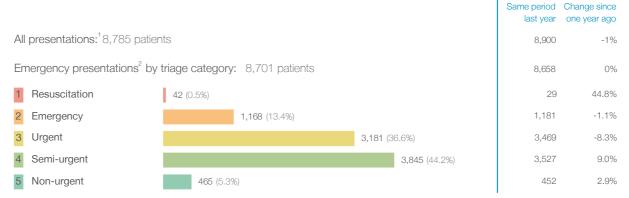
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

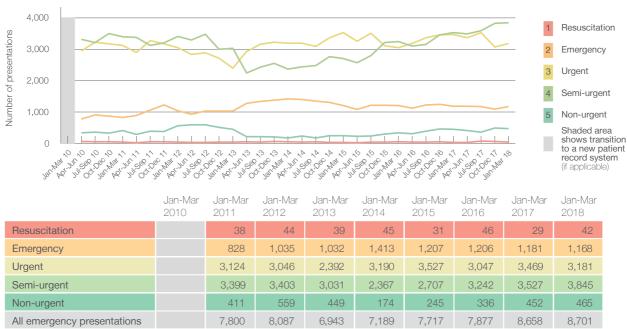
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018).

Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

January to March 2018



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 [‡]



Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

January to March 2018

	last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 1,984 patients	2,027	
ED Transfer of care time		
Median time 12 minutes	11 minutes	1 minute
90th percentile time 36 minutes	26 minutes	10 minutes

Same period Change since

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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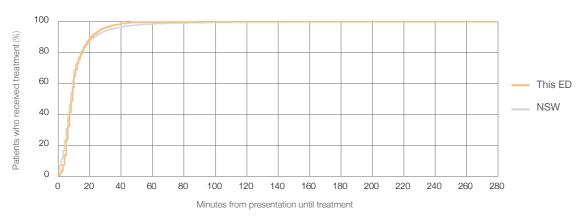
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2

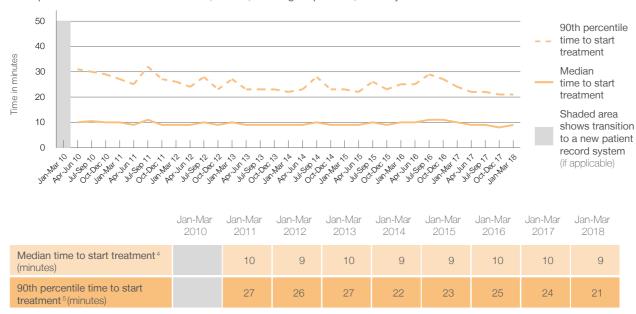
January to March 2018

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,168	1,181	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,166	1,176	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	10 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 21 minutes	24 minutes	23 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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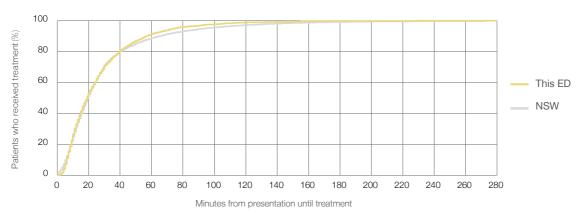
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

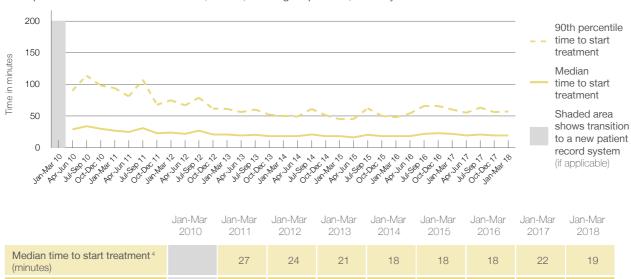
January to March 2018

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood lo	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 3 patients: 3,181	3,469		
Number of triage 3 patients used to calcu	3,388		
Median time to start treatment ⁴	19 minutes	22 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	57 minutes	60 minutes	65 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



75

61

94

90th percentile time to start

treatment 5 (minutes)

45

48

60

57

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

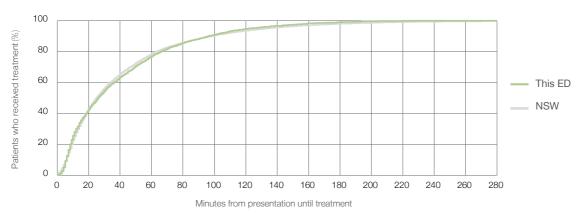
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2018

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 3,845	3,527	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 3,244	2,935	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 26 minutes	27 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 97 minutes	88 minutes	98 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

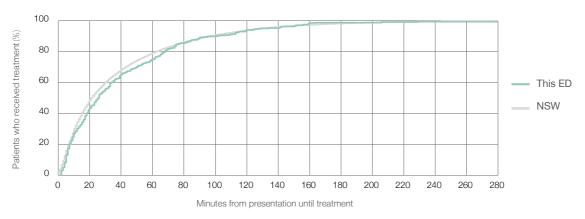
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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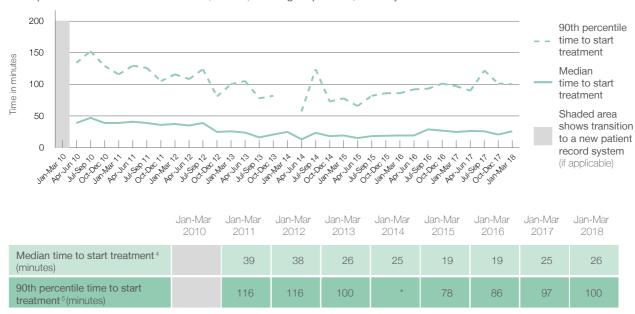
Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2018

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 465	452	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 311	259	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 26 minutes	25 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 100 minutes	97 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

January to March 2018

All presentations: ¹ 8,785 patients

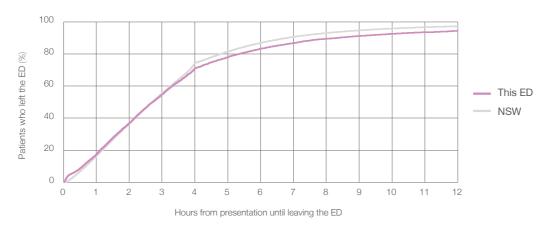
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: ⁶ 8,784 patients

Median time spent in the ED ⁸ 2 hours and 43 minutes

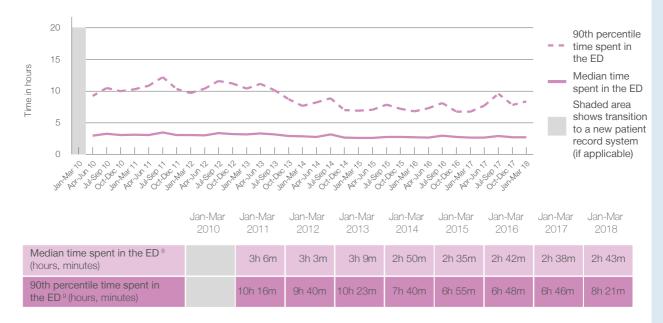
90th percentile time spent in the ED ⁹ 8 hours and 21 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year	
	8,900	
	8,899	
2 hours and 42 minutes	2 hours and 38 minutes	
6 hours and 49 minutes	6 hours and 46 minutes	

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2018



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



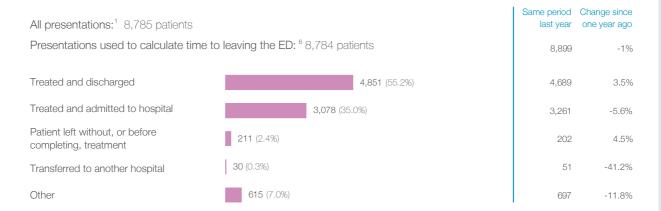
 $^{(\}dagger)$ $\;$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

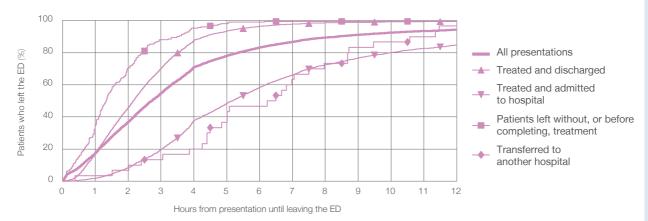
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation January to March 2018



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2018



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	17.0%	45.7%	70.2%	87.6%	96.5%	98.6%	99.3%	99.5%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.8%	8.3%	19.7%	37.8%	58.4%	72.4%	80.1%	84.8%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	34.6%	70.6%	88.2%	95.3%	99.1%	99.5%	99.5%	99.5%
Transferred to another hospital	3.3%	6.7%	13.3%	20.0%	46.7%	73.3%	86.7%	96.7%
All presentations	17.5%	36.8%	54.8%	71.0%	83.2%	89.4%	92.6%	94.4%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Port Macquarie Base Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED January to March 2018

All presentations at the emergency department: 18,785 patients

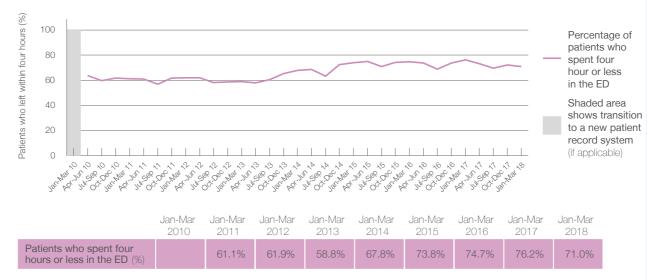
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 68,784 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

71.0%

	Change since		
last year	one year ago		
8,900	-1%		
8,899	-1%		
70.00/			

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 †*



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 17 April 2018).