Lismore Base Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview October to December 2018		
	Same period last year	Change since one year ago
All presentations:1 10,018 patients	8,909	12%
Emergency presentations: ² 9,835 patients	8,576	15%
Lismore Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment ^a October to December 2018		
	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,065 patients	883	(unis penou)
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 6 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 15 minutes	14 minutes	26 minutes

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 3,251 patients	2,829	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	20 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 81 minutes	68 minutes	72 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,406 patients	3,779	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 31 minutes	32 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 99 minutes	120 minutes	104 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,064 patients	1,039	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	35 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 106 minutes	126 minutes	104 minutes

Lismore Base Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2018		Same period last year	Change since one year ago
Attendances used to calculate time to le	8,908	12%	
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED	66%	67%	

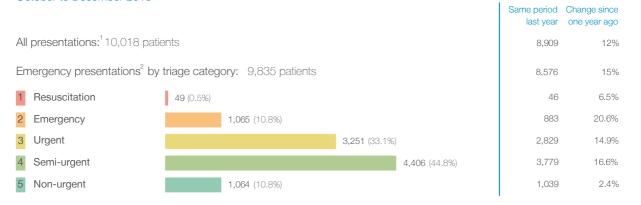
* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: October to December 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

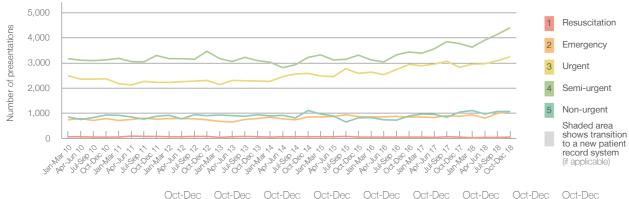
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 January 2019).

Lismore Base Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department October to December 2018



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to December 2018 [‡]



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Resuscitation	53	77	77	61	68	50	44	46	49
Emergency	788	768	733	787	855	864	845	883	1,065
Urgent	2,371	2,228	2,306	2,284	2,589	2,587	2,950	2,829	3,251
Semi-urgent	3,126	3,300	3,462	3,095	3,221	3,315	3,442	3,779	4,406
Non-urgent	931	882	907	941	1,104	815	887	1,039	1,064
All emergency presentations	7,269	7,255	7,485	7,168	7,837	7,631	8,168	8,576	9,835

Lismore Base Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance October to December 2018

			Same period last year	Change since one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	sfer of care time:	⁷ 1,967 patients	1,704	
ED Transfer of care time				
Median time	12 minutes		12 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time		45 minutes	36 minutes	9 minutes

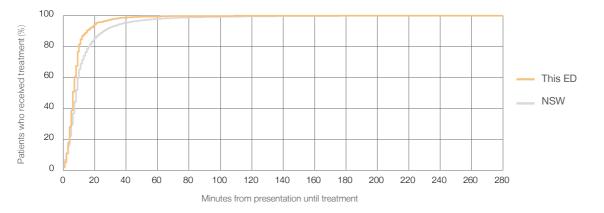
(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

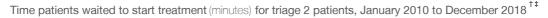
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

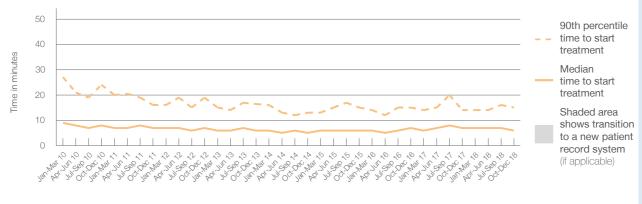
Lismore Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 October to December 2018

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,065	883	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 1,061	877	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 6 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 15 minutes	14 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018







	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017	Oct-Dec 2018
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	8	7	7	6	5	6	7	7	6
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	24	16	19	17	13	15	15	14	15

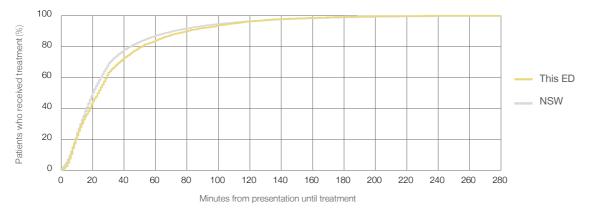
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

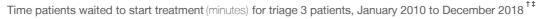
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

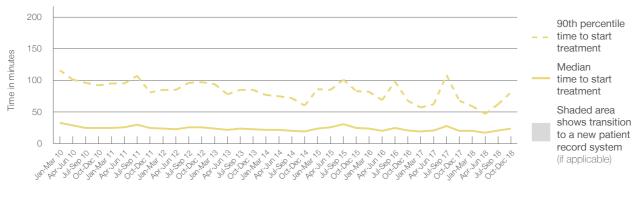
Lismore Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 October to December 2018

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood los	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 3 patients: 3,251	2,829		
Number of triage 3 patients used to calcula	2,771		
Median time to start treatment ⁴	24 minutes	20 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5	81 minutes	68 minutes	72 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018







	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017	Oct-Dec 2018
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	25	25	26	23	19	25	21	20	24
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	92	81	97	85	60	83	68	68	81

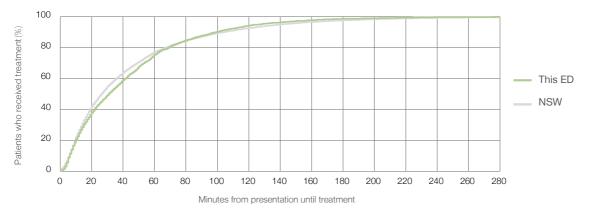
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

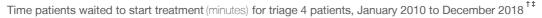
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

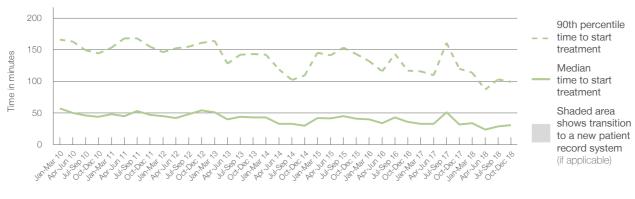
Lismore Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2018

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 4,406	3,779	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 4,207	3,568	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 31 minutes	32 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 99 minutes	120 minutes	104 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018







	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017	Oct-Dec 2018
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	44	47	54	43	30	41	36	32	31
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	144	155	161	143	110	143	117	120	99

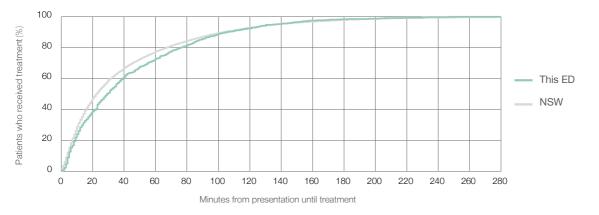
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

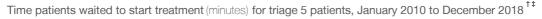
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

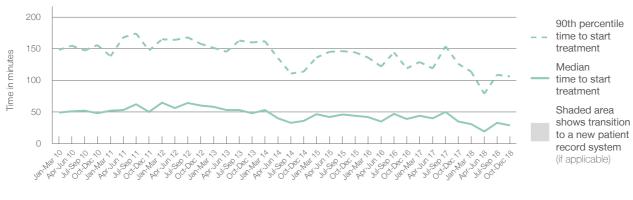
Lismore Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2018

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts of	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 5 patients: 1,064	1,039		
Number of triage 5 patients used to calc	909		
Median time to start treatment ⁴	29 minutes	35 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment $^{\scriptscriptstyle 5}$	106 minutes	126 minutes	104 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018







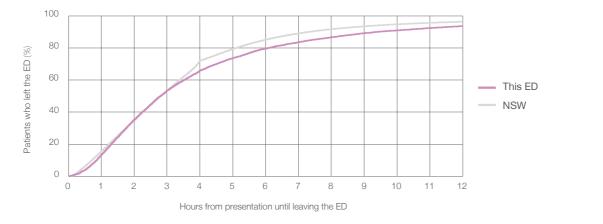
	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017	Oct-Dec 2018
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	48	50	60	48	36	44	39	35	29
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	156	147	158	160	114	144	119	126	106

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Lismore Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED October to December 2018 NSW Same period last vear (this period) All presentations:1 10,018 patients 8,909 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 10,015 patients 8.908 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED ⁸ 2 hours and 48 minutes 46 minutes 49 minutes 8 hours and 7 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 9 hours and 26 minutes 29 minutes 19 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2018



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2018



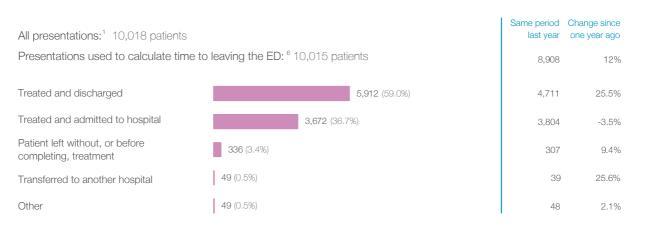
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Median time spent in the ED ^s (hours, minutes)	3h 49m	3h 49m	4h 4m	3h 22m	2h 39m	3h 5m	2h 39m	2h 46m	2h 48m
90th percentile time spent in the ED ⁹ (hours, minutes)	12h 11m	13h 41m	13h 21m	12h 16m	8h 25m	9h 5m	8h 7m	8h 29m	9h 26m

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

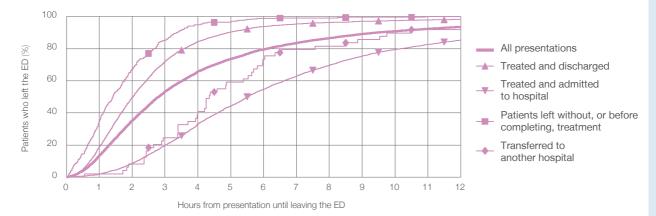
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Lismore Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED By mode of separation

October to December 2018



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2018



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

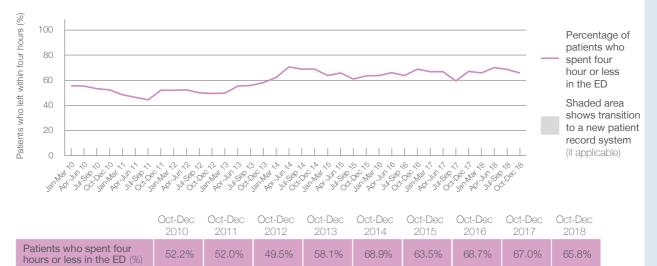
Treated and discharged	18.9%	49.7%	72.2%	84.5%	93.8%	96.3%	97.5%	98.3%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.9%	8.7%	20.0%	33.1%	54.7%	69.7%	79.4%	85.4%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	34.8%	67.0%	85.4%	94.9%	98.8%	99.1%	99.7%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	2.0%	8.2%	24.5%	40.8%	73.5%	81.6%	89.8%	91.8%
All presentations	13.4%	35.2%	53.4%	65.8%	79.6%	86.6%	90.9%	93.6%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Lismore Base Hospital: Time s	•	5		
Percentage of patients who sper	nt four hours or less in the El	D		
October to December 2018			Same period last year	Change since one year ago
All presentations at the emergency depa	8,909	12%		
Presentations used to calculate time to	8,908	12%		
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED		65.8%	67.0%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2018 ^{†‡}



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- + Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: October to December 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.
 Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 January 2019).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 22 January 2019).

Major hospitals (B) Northern NSW Local Health District