From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Ryde Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview January to March 2017 Same period Change since last year one year ago All presentations:1 6,737 patients 6,931 -2.8% Emergency presentations:² 6,667 patients -2.2% 6.814

Ryde Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

January to March 2017 Same period NSW (this period) last year Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 896 patients 877 6 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 6 minutes 8 minutes 11 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 11 minutes 26 minutes Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 2,495 patients 2,688 12 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 12 minutes 20 minutes 33 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 35 minutes 69 minutes Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 2,929 patients 2.964 13 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 14 minutes 26 minutes 61 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 101 minutes 83 minutes Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 306 patients 260 14 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 23 minutes 18 minutes 76 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 104 minutes 102 minutes

Ryde Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

January to March 2017			Same period last year	Change since one year ago
Attendances used to calculate time to le	eaving the ED:6 6,737 patients		6,931	-2.8%
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED		84.0%	81.4%	

Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

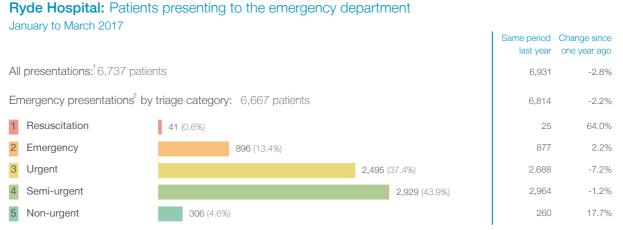
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016. 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

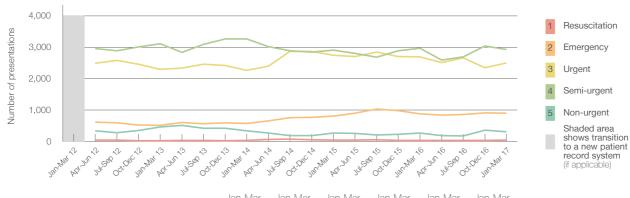
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 ⁺



	Jan-Iviar 2012	Jan-Iviar 2013	Jan-Iviar 2014	2015	2016	2017
Resuscitation		19	28	40	25	41
Emergency		507	565	804	877	896
Urgent		2,297	2,260	2,740	2,688	2,495
Semi-urgent		3,106	3,258	2,910	2,964	2,929
Non-urgent		454	337	262	260	306
All emergency presentations		6,383	6,448	6,756	6,814	6,667

Ryde Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance January to March 2017

		Same period last year	Change since one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate tran	sfer of care time: 7 1,446 patients	1,536	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	10 minutes	10 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	19 minutes	18 minutes	1 minute

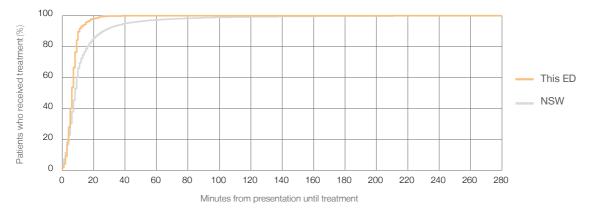
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

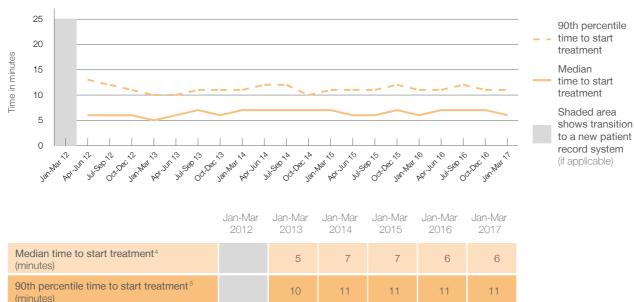
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Ryde Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2017 NSW Same period Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns) (this period) last year Number of triage 2 patients: 896 877 Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time:³ 896 877 Median time to start treatment⁴ 6 minutes 6 minutes 8 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 11 minutes 26 minutes 11 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017







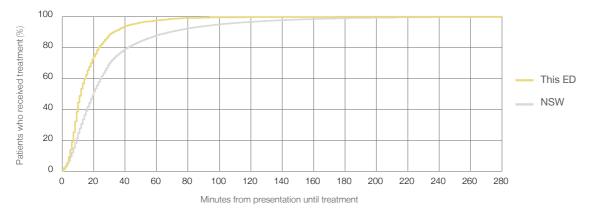
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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.



Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2012 to March 2017^{†‡}



Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	13	14	13	12	12
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	32	36	32	35	33

District group 1 hospitals (C1) Northern Sydney Local Health District

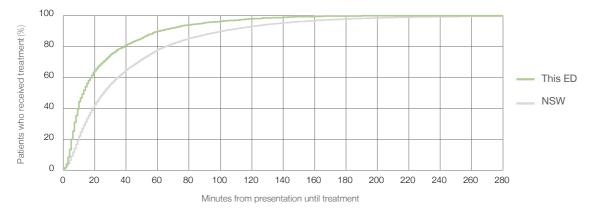
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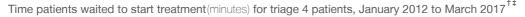
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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Ryde Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2017 NSW Same period Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache) last year (this period) Number of triage 4 patients: 2,929 2 964 Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time:³ 2,852 2,850 Median time to start treatment⁴ 13 minutes 14 minutes 26 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 61 minutes 101 minutes 83 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017







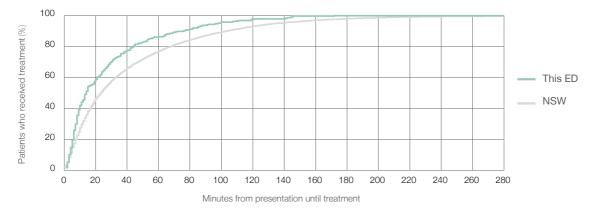
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Ryde Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2017 NSW Same period Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions) last year (this period) Number of triage 5 patients: 306 260 Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time:³ 286 229 Median time to start treatment⁴ 14 minutes 18 minutes 23 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 76 minutes 104 minutes 102 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017







90th percentile time to start treatment[®]

(minutes)

80

118

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

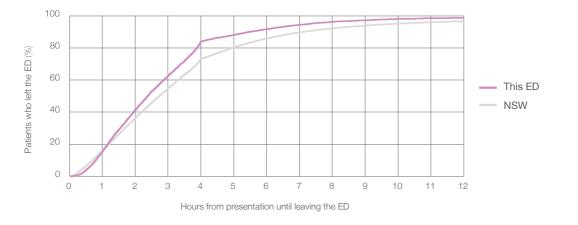
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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Ryde Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED January to March 2017		
	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
All presentations: ¹ 6,737 patients	6,931	
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 6,737 patients	6,931	
Median time spent in the ED ⁸ 2 hours and 23 minutes	2 hours and 25 minutes	2 hours and 44 minutes
90th percentile time spent in the ED ⁹ 5 hours and 30 minutes	5 hours and 32 minutes	7 hours and 7 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017

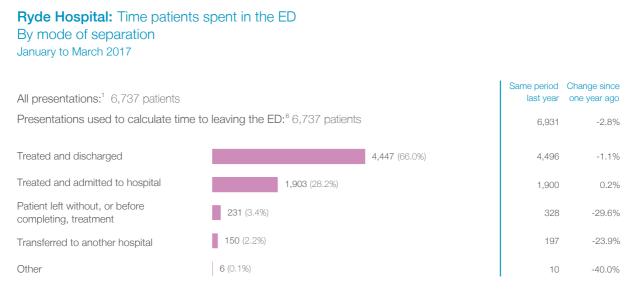


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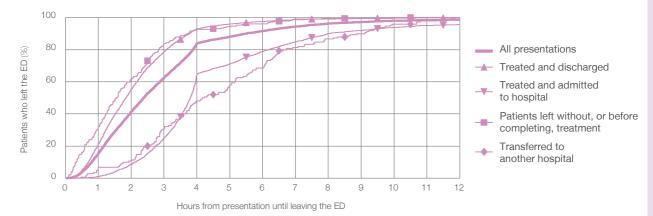
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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2017^{†‡}



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	21.0%	55.4%	78.5%	93.0%	97.6%	99.1%	99.8%	99.9%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.1%	8.6%	25.1%	64.5%	79.0%	90.2%	93.9%	95.7%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	32.0%	61.5%	84.0%	92.6%	96.1%	99.6%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	6.7%	10.7%	30.7%	48.0%	68.7%	86.7%	96.0%	100%
All presentations	15.5%	41.4%	62.6%	84.0%	91.6%	96.3%	98.0%	98.7%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

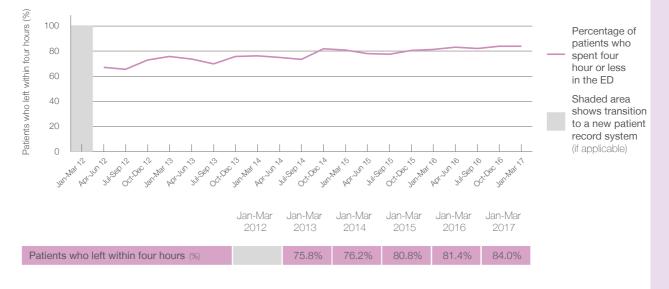
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More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Ryde Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED January to March 2017 Same period last year Change since last year All presentations at the emergency department:¹ 6,737 patients 6,931 -2.8% Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 6,737 patients 6,931 -2.8% Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 84.0% 81.4%





- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see *Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.*
- The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.
 Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017)

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 18 April 2017).