

# Healthcare Quarterly

# Performance Profiles

# **Emergency Department**

Western Sydney Local Health District

Same period Change since

NICW

Same period

### More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare\_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Auburn Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

January to March 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 6,719 patients	6,792	-1.1%
Emergency presentations: <sup>2</sup> 6,500 patients	6,594	-1.4%

### Auburn Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment<sup>3</sup>

January to March 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 964 patients	943	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 22 minutes	26 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 2,186 patients	2,346	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 21 minutes	22 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 60 minutes	68 minutes	69 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 2,845 patients	2,841	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 33 minutes	32 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	125 minutes	101 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 476 patients	430	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 32 minutes	22 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	104 minutes	104 minutes

# **Auburn Hospital:** Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 6,717 patients

	_	
Percentage of patients who spent		
		80.4%
four hours or less in the ED		991179

	one year ago
6,792	-1.1%
81.6%	

- \* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

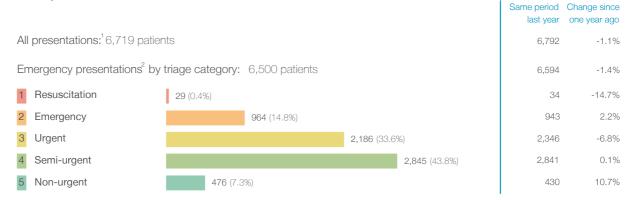
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

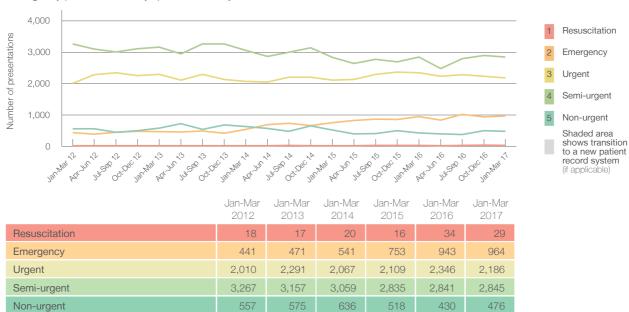
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Auburn Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

January to March 2017



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 <sup>‡</sup>



### Auburn Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

January to March 2017

All emergency presentations

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	sfer of care time: 7 823 patients	795	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	13 minutes	13 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	24 minutes	23 minutes	1 minute

6,511

6,323

6,231

6,594

6,500

Same period Change since

6,293

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

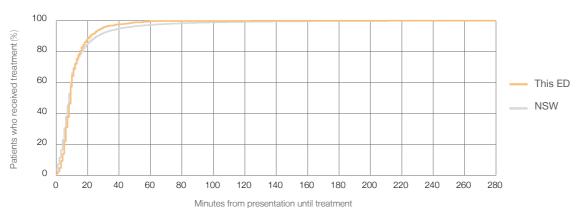
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# **Auburn Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 964	943	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 963	930	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 9 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 22 minutes	26 minutes	26 minutes

### Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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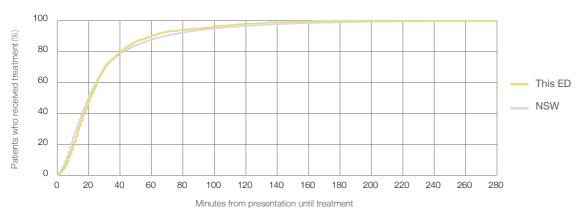
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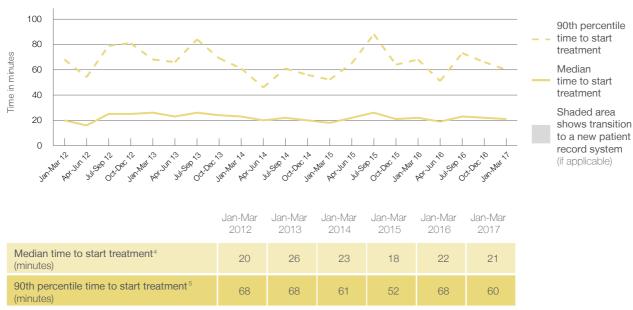
# **Auburn Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 2,186	2,346	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,141	2,224	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 21 minutes	22 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 60 minutes	68 minutes	69 minutes

### Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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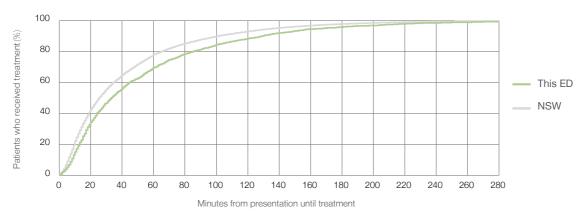
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# **Auburn Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 2,845	2,841	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 2,561	2,476	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 33 minutes	32 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 129 minutes	125 minutes	101 minutes

### Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2012 to March 2017 † †



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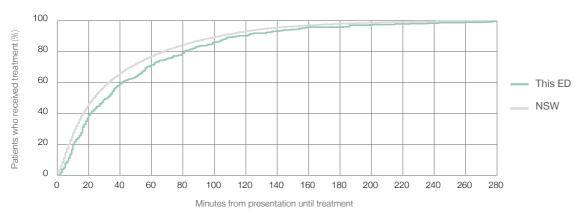
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# **Auburn Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 476	430	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 358	312	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 32 minutes	22 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 116 minutes	104 minutes	104 minutes

### Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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NSW

Same period

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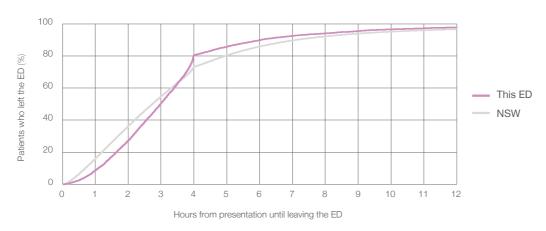
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### Auburn Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

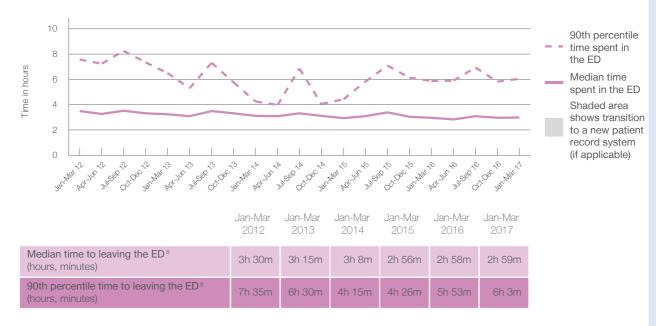
January to March 2017

(this period) last vear All presentations: 6,719 patients 6,792 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:<sup>6</sup> 6,717 patients 6,792 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 59 minutes 58 minutes 44 minutes 5 hours and 7 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 6 hours and 3 minutes 53 minutes 7 minutes

### Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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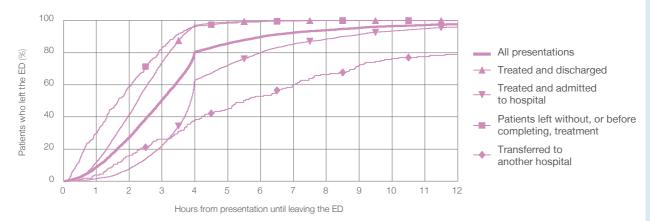
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Auburn Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation
January to March 2017

Same period Change since All presentations: 6,719 patients last year one year ago Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:<sup>6</sup> 6,717 patients -1.1% 6.792 3,025 (45.0%) Treated and discharged -8.8% 3.317 Treated and admitted to hospital 2,990 (44.5%) 2,825 5.8% Patient left without, or before 514 (7.6%) 5 1% 489 completing, treatment 161 (2.4%) 130 23.8% Transferred to another hospital 29 (0.4%) Other 31 -6.5%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2017 †\*



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	11.9%	41.6%	74.2%	97.2%	99.7%	100%	100%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.5%	7.6%	22.2%	62.9%	80.0%	88.6%	93.5%	96.1%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	30.0%	58.8%	82.9%	96.1%	99.2%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	3.7%	16.1%	26.1%	37.9%	52.8%	66.5%	76.4%	78.9%
All presentations	8.7%	27.3%	50.7%	80.4%	89.8%	94.1%	96.6%	97.8%

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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Auburn Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED January to March 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 6,719 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6,717 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

80.4%

Change since one year ago	
-1.1%	6,792
-1.1%	6,792
	0.4.00/

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 †‡



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 18 April 2017).

Same period Change since

NSW

Same period

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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Blacktown Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

January to March 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 11,968 patients	11,183	7.0%
Emergency presentations: <sup>2</sup> 11,884 patients	11,079	7.3%

### Blacktown Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment<sup>3</sup>

January to March 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 3,342 patients	3,089	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	11 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 32 minutes	30 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 4,201 patients	3,781	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 38 minutes	27 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	85 minutes	69 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 3,538 patients	3,359	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 46 minutes	35 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	103 minutes	101 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 700 patients	738	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 35 minutes	35 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	109 minutes	104 minutes

# **Blacktown Hospital:** Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 11,955 patients

Percentage of patients who spent	
i ercentage of patients who spent	EO 70/
four hours or less in the ED	53.7%

	one year ago
11,182	6.9%
63.4%	

- \* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

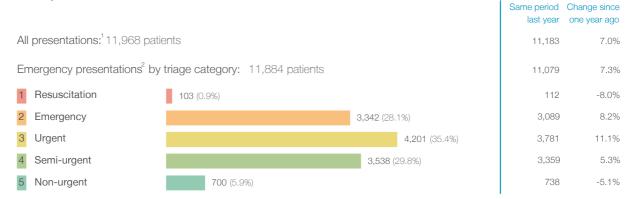
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

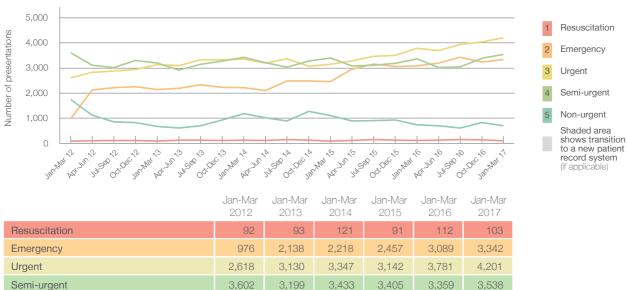
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Blacktown Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

January to March 2017



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 <sup>‡</sup>



### Blacktown Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

1,741

9,029

January to March 2017

All emergency presentations

Non-urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate tran	sfer of care time: 7 3,585 patients	3,287	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	15 minutes	16 minutes	-1 minute
90th percentile time	32 minutes	34 minutes	-2 minutes

677

9,237

10,304

10,198

11,079

11,884

Same period Change since

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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NSW (this period)

8 minutes 26 minutes

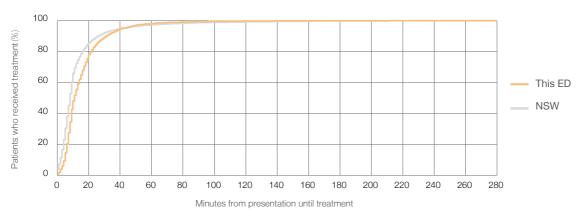
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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# **Blacktown Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year
Number of triage 2 patients: 3,342	3,089
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,306	3,041
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 11 minutes	11 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 32 minutes	30 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2012 to March 2017 †‡



	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	7	6	6	7	11	11
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)	14	9	10	15	30	32

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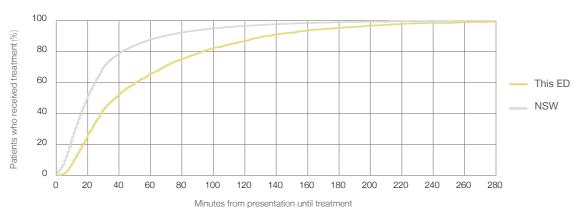
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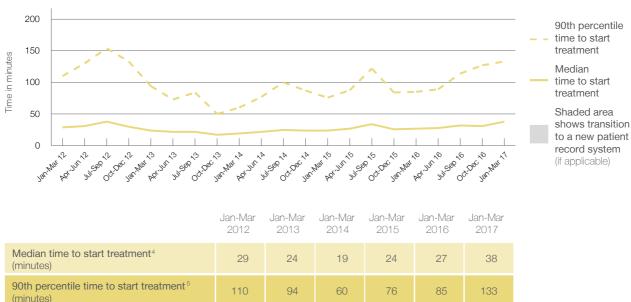
# **Blacktown Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period NSW last year (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 4,201	3,781
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,956	3,596
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 38 minutes	27 minutes 20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	85 minutes 69 minutes

### Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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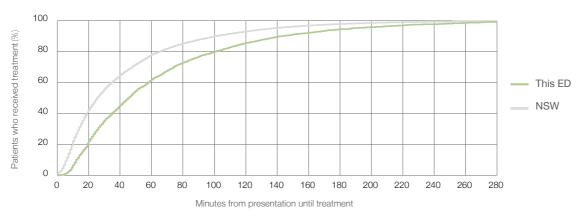
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# **Blacktown Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 3,538	3,359	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,266		
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 46 minutes	35 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	103 minutes	101 minutes

### Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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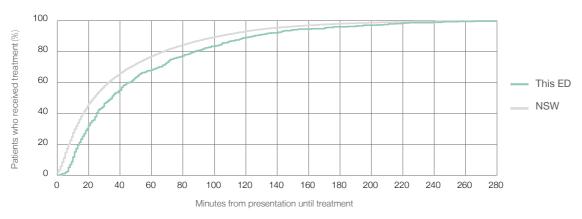
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# **Blacktown Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 700	738	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 561		
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 35 minutes	35 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	109 minutes	104 minutes

### Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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NSW

Same period

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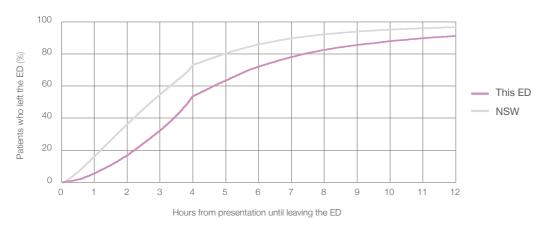
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### Blacktown Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

January to March 2017

(this period) last vear All presentations: 11,968 patients 11,183 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 11,955 patients 11,182 3 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 52 minutes 44 minutes 13 hours and 7 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 11 hours and 7 minutes 40 minutes 7 minutes

### Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017



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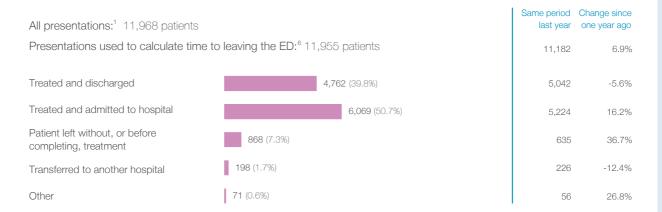
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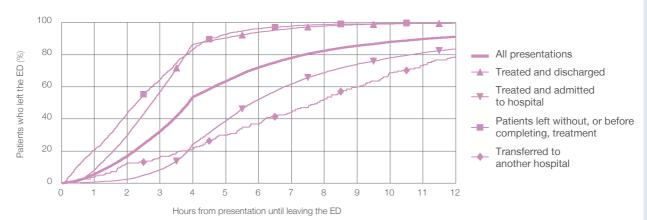
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### Blacktown Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation
January to March 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2017 †\*



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	8.2%	29.8%	57.0%	86.4%	94.1%	97.9%	99.1%	99.6%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.7%	2.5%	8.4%	24.4%	52.1%	68.9%	78.1%	83.6%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	20.8%	43.6%	64.5%	83.4%	96.2%	98.8%	99.7%	99.8%
Transferred to another hospital	4.0%	12.1%	16.2%	21.2%	36.9%	52.5%	68.7%	78.8%
All presentations	5.6%	16.9%	32.4%	53.7%	72.0%	82.5%	88.0%	91.2%

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Blacktown Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED January to March 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 11,968 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 11,955 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

53.7%

	Change since one year ago
11,183	7.0%
11,182	6.9%
63.4%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 †‡



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 18 April 2017).

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

### More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare\_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Mount Druitt Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

January to March 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: <sup>1</sup> 7,963 patients	8,224	-3.2%
Emergency presentations: <sup>2</sup> 7,888 patients	8,171	-3.5%

### Mount Druitt Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment<sup>3</sup>

January to March 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,373 patients	1,176	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 25 minutes	25 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 2,938 patients	3,283	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 26 minutes	28 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 87 minutes	87 minutes	69 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 2,649 patients	2,698	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 40 minutes	38 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	109 minutes	101 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 910 patients	992	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 41 minutes	38 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	113 minutes	104 minutes

# **Mount Druitt Hospital:** Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 7,960 patients

Percentage of patients who spent		
	67.99	%
four hours or less in the FD	0110	, 0

one year ago	
-3.2%	8,224
	74.0%

- \* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

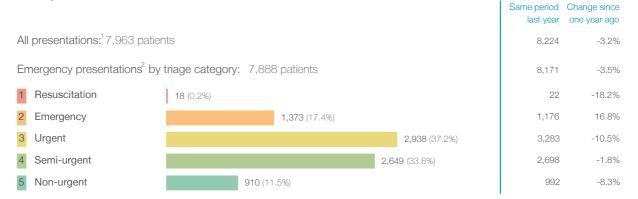
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

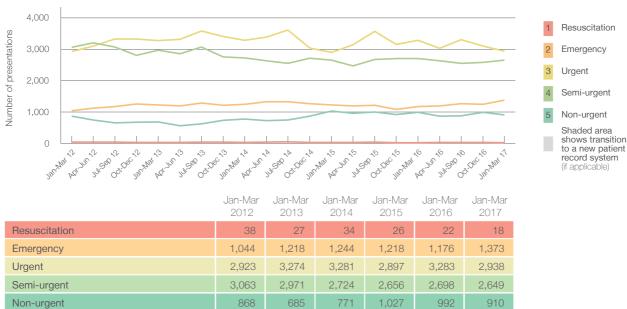
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### **Mount Druitt Hospital:** Patients presenting to the emergency department

January to March 2017



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 <sup>‡</sup>



### Mount Druitt Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

January to March 2017

All emergency presentations

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate tran	sfer of care time: 7 783 patients	911	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	14 minutes	13 minutes	1 minute
90th percentile time	28 minutes	26 minutes	2 minutes

8,175

7.936

8,054

7,824

8,171

7,888

Same period Change since

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

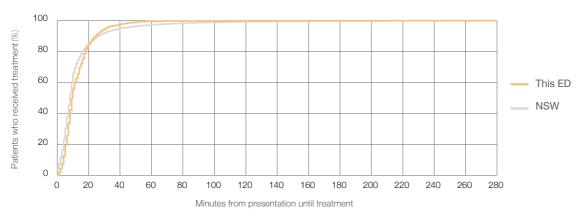
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

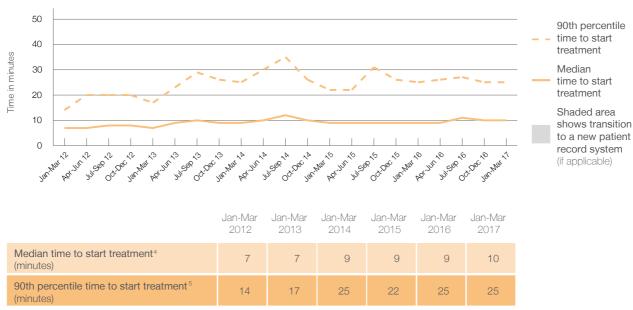
# **Mount Druitt Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,373	1,176	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,367	1,168	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 10 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 25 minutes	25 minutes	26 minutes

### Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2012 to March 2017 † †



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

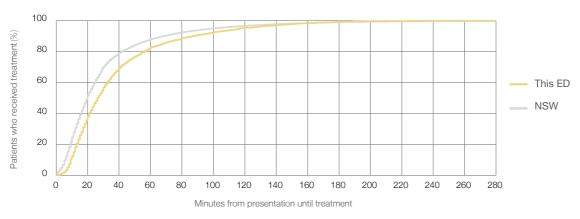
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

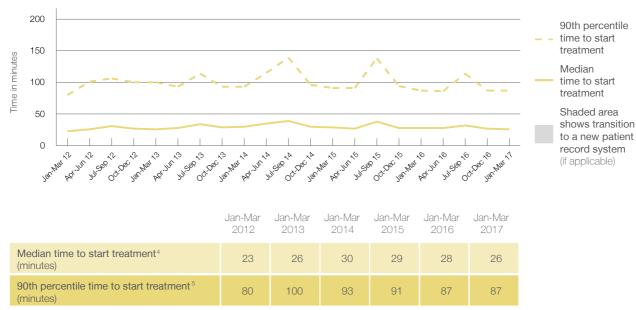
# **Mount Druitt Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)		Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 2,938		3,283	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calc	culate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 2,833	3,137	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	26 minutes	28 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	87 minutes	87 minutes	69 minutes

### Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

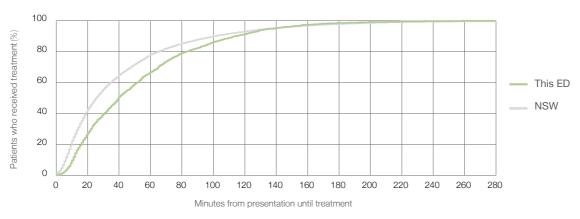
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# **Mount Druitt Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 2,649	2,698	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,464	2,502	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 40 minutes	38 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 114 minutes	109 minutes	101 minutes

### Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

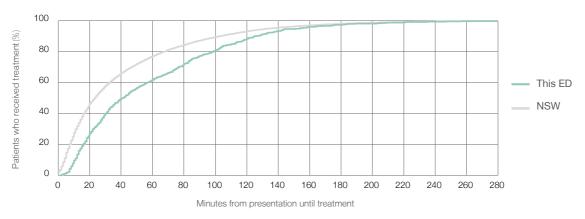
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# **Mount Druitt Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)		(this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 910	992	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 812	862	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 41 minutes	38 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 127 minutes	113 minutes	104 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW

Same period

#### More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare\_observer

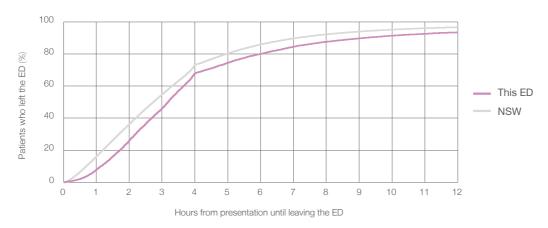
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Mount Druitt Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

January to March 2017

(this period) last vear All presentations: 7,963 patients 8,224 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:<sup>6</sup> 7,960 patients 8,224 3 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 11 minutes 44 minutes 8 hours and 7 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 9 hours and 11 minutes 0 minutes 7 minutes

### Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

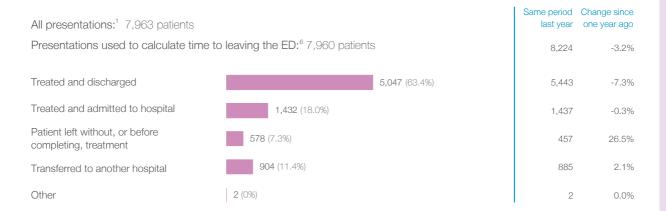
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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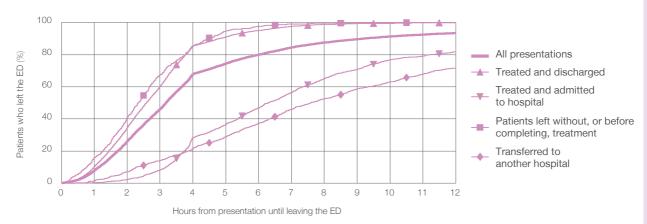
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Mount Druitt Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation January to March 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2017 <sup>†‡</sup>



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	10.3%	34.5%	60.2%	85.4%	95.0%	98.8%	99.6%	99.9%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.3%	2.2%	8.1%	28.3%	46.9%	65.1%	76.8%	81.8%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	16.0%	41.1%	67.4%	85.4%	97.7%	99.7%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	1.3%	7.0%	14.2%	21.6%	37.2%	52.5%	63.1%	71.6%
All presentations	7.9%	26.0%	46.1%	67.9%	80.0%	87.6%	91.4%	93.4%

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Mount Druitt Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED January to March 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 17,963 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:67,960 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

67.9%

	Change since one year ago
8,224	-3.2%
8,224	-3.2%
74.0%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 †‡



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 18 April 2017).

Same period Change since

NSW

Same period

### More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare\_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Westmead Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

January to March 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 19,206 patients	18,853	1.9%
Emergency presentations: <sup>2</sup> 19,031 patients	18,622	2.2%

### Westmead Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment<sup>3</sup>

January to March 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 5,847 patients	5,209	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 22 minutes	10 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	43 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 6,859 patients	6,588	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 62 minutes	31 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	121 minutes	69 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,534 patients	4,706	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 63 minutes	40 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	120 minutes	101 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,324 patients	1,641	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 53 minutes	30 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	113 minutes	104 minutes

# **Westmead Hospital:** Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 19,199 patients

	_	
Percentage of patients who spent		
four hours or less in the ED		51.1%
TOUR HOURS OF IESS IT! THE ED		

	one year ago
18,853	1.8%
65.0%	

- \* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

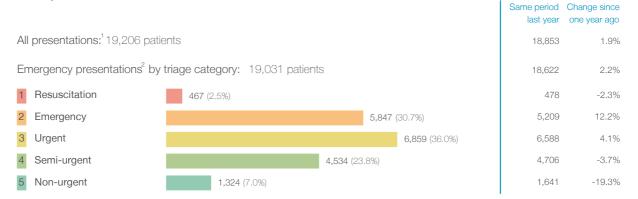
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

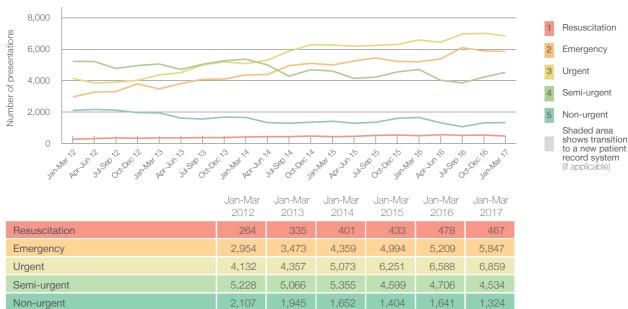
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Westmead Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

January to March 2017



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 <sup>‡</sup>



### Westmead Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

January to March 2017

All emergency presentations

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate tran	5,629		
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	13 minutes	11 minutes	2 minutes
90th percentile time	28 minutes	23 minutes	5 minutes

15,176

14.685

16,840

17,681

18,622

19,031

Same period Change since

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW (this period)

8 minutes 26 minutes

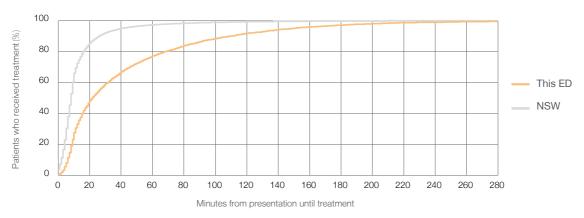
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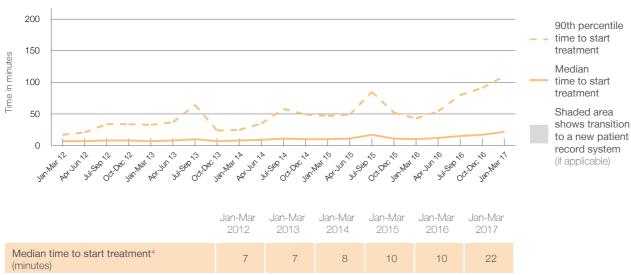
### Westmead Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)			Same period last year
Number of triage 2 patients: 5,847			
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 5,655			
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	22 minutes		10 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	11	10 minutes	43 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2012 to March 2017 †‡



Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	7	7	8	10	10	22
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)	17	33	25	47	43	110

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

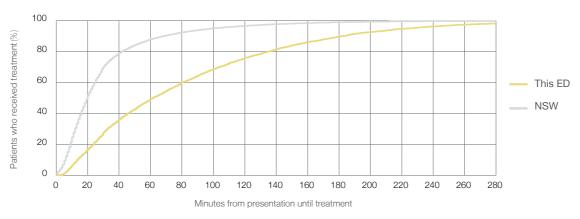
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# **Westmead Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood	Same period last year	NSW (this period)		
Number of triage 3 patients: 6,859	6,588			
Number of triage 3 patients used to cale	6,127			
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	62 minutes		31 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>		182 minutes	121 minutes	69 minutes

### Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	26	29	25	31	31	62
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)	134	147	106	144	121	182

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

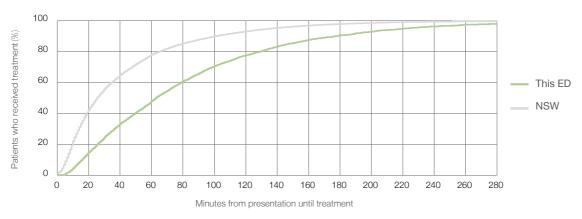
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

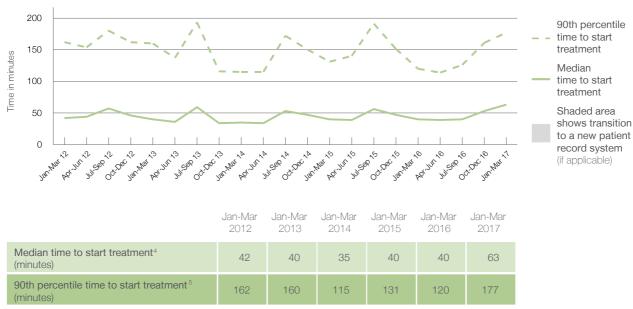
# **Westmead Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained a	ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 4,534		4,706	
Number of triage 4 patients used to cale	4,239		
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	63 minutes	40 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	177 minutes	120 minutes	101 minutes

### Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

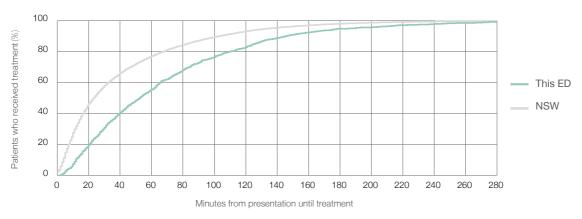
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# **Westmead Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 1,324	1,641	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,046	1,406	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 53 minutes	30 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 146 minutes	113 minutes	104 minutes

### Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW

Same period

#### More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare\_observer

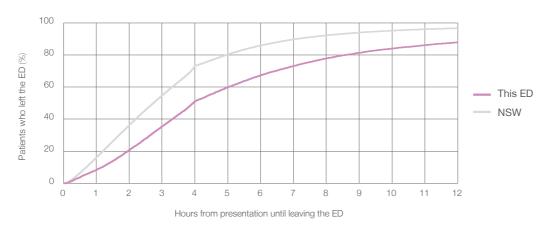
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Westmead Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

January to March 2017

(this period) last vear All presentations: 19,206 patients 18,853 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 19,199 patients 18,853 3 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 57 minutes 44 minutes 8 hours and 7 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 13 hours and 41 minutes 52 minutes 7 minutes

### Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2017



### Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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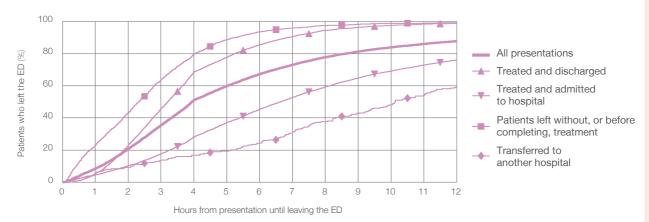
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Westmead Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation
January to March 2017

Same period Change since All presentations: 19,206 patients last year one year ago Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:<sup>6</sup> 19,199 patients 18,853 1.8% Treated and discharged 7,347 (38.3%) 7.910 -7.1% Treated and admitted to hospital 8,957 (46.6%) 9.235 -3.0% Patient left without, or before 2,090 (10.9%) 1.083 93.0% completing, treatment 239 (1.2%) 189 26.5% Transferred to another hospital 573 (3.0%) Other 436 31.4%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2017 <sup>†‡</sup>



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	5.4%	23.0%	45.8%	68.5%	85.5%	94.5%	97.6%	98.9%
Treated and admitted to hospital	4.5%	10.3%	17.6%	28.2%	45.3%	59.3%	69.2%	76.1%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	23.0%	43.0%	63.7%	79.7%	93.6%	97.6%	98.9%	99.4%
Transferred to another hospital	5.9%	9.2%	13.8%	16.7%	24.3%	37.7%	48.1%	59.4%
All presentations	8.4%	20.8%	35.5%	51.1%	67.3%	77.9%	83.9%	87.9%

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 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Westmead Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED January to March 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 19,206 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 19,199 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED



	Change since one year ago
18,853	1.9%
18,853	1.8%
65.0%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 †‡



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 18 April 2017).