Same period Change since

$\textbf{Sutherland Hospital:} \ \mathsf{Emergency} \ \mathsf{department} \ (\mathsf{ED}) \ \mathsf{overview}$

July to September 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: ¹ 13,552 patients	12,463	8.7%
Emergency presentations: ² 13,441 patients	12,365	8.7%

Sutherland Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

July to September 2017

July to September 2017

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,920 patients	1,669	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	13 minutes	9 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 34 minutes	34 minutes	29 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 5,990 patients	5,011	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 33 minutes	31 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 82 minutes	77 minutes	83 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,733 patients	4,706	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 40 minutes	35 minutes	30 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	91 minutes	121 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 723 patients	922	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 38 minutes	31 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	97 minutes	118 minutes

Sutherland Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 13,546 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 58.8%

	one year ago
12,463	8.7%
67.5%	

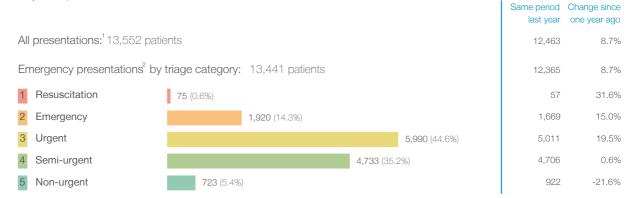
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

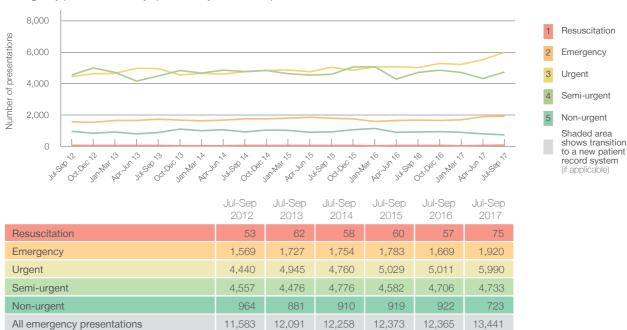
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 October 2017).

Sutherland Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

July to September 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, July 2012 to September 2017 [‡]



Sutherland Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

July to September 2017

	last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 3,814 patients		
14 minutes	14 minutes	0 minutes
35 minutes	28 minutes	7 minutes
	14 minutes	sfer of care time: 7 3,814 patients 3,455 14 minutes 14 minutes

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Same period Change since

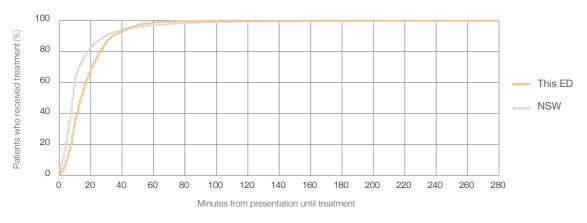
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

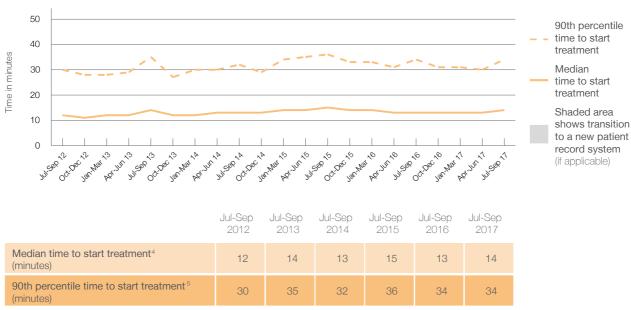
Sutherland Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,920	1,669	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,913		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 14 minutes	13 minutes	9 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 34 minutes	34 minutes	29 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, July 2012 to September 2017 † †



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

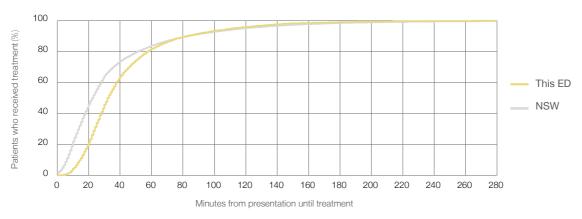
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

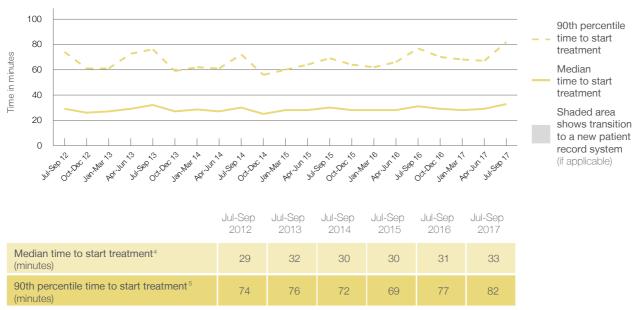
Sutherland Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 July to September 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)			NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 5,990		5,011	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: \$5,877			
Median time to start treatment ⁴	33 minutes	31 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	82 minutes	77 minutes	83 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, July 2012 to September 2017 **



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

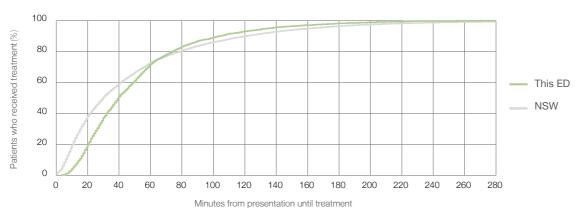
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Sutherland Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 4,733	4,706	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 4,540		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 40 minutes	35 minutes	30 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 104 minutes	91 minutes	121 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, July 2012 to September 2017 † †



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

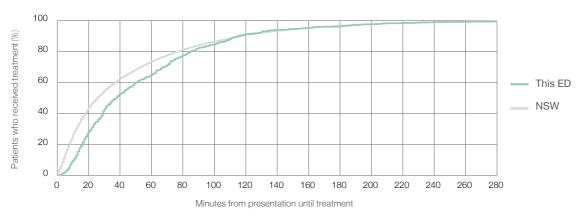
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Sutherland Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 July to September 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts of	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 5 patients: 723		922	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 618			
Median time to start treatment ⁴	38 minutes	31 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	115 minutes	97 minutes	118 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, July 2012 to September 2017 **



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW

(this period)

3 hours and

8 hours and

2 minutes

Same period

Sutherland Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

July to September 2017

All presentations: 13,552 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 13,546 patients

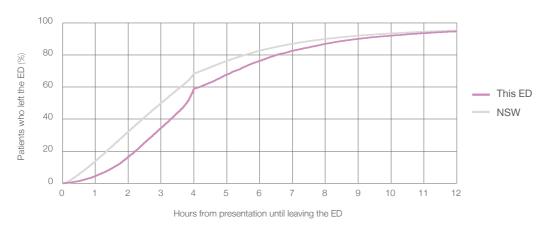
Median time spent in the ED 3 3 hours and 47 minutes

3 hours and 17 minutes

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 9 hours and 1 minutes

7 hours and 47 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, July 2012 to September 2017 †‡



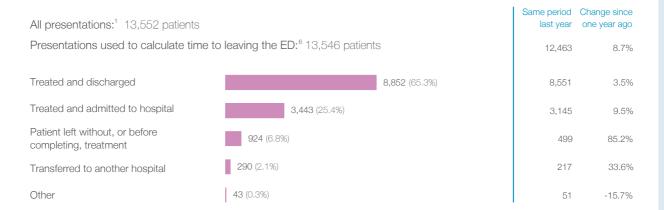
 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

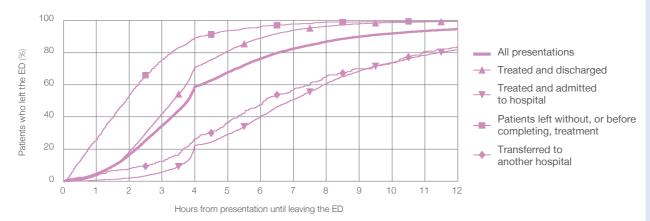
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Sutherland Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation
July to September 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2017 †‡



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	3.6%	18.4%	42.1%	70.7%	89.1%	96.5%	98.8%	99.5%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.6%	1.9%	5.7%	22.2%	40.4%	60.8%	73.8%	81.8%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	25.6%	53.5%	75.5%	89.3%	96.1%	99.0%	99.6%	99.7%
Transferred to another hospital	3.4%	7.6%	12.4%	26.2%	47.6%	64.8%	73.8%	83.4%
All presentations	4.6%	16.6%	34.7%	58.8%	76.3%	86.9%	92.0%	94.7%

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Sutherland Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED July to September 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 13,552 patients

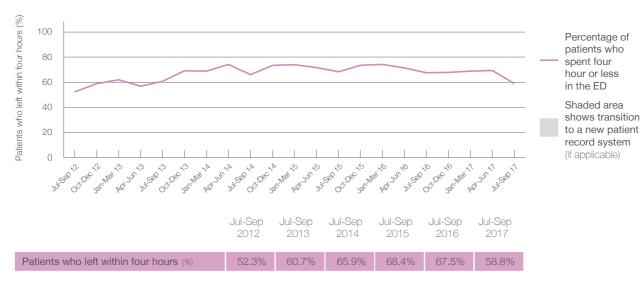
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 13,546 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

58.8%

	Change since one year ago
12,463	8.7%
12,463	8.7%
67.5%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, July 2012 to September 2017 14



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 October 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 17 October 2017).