

Healthcare Quarterly

Performance Profiles

Emergency Department

Same period Change since

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

New South Wales: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 1 703,410 patients	689,903	2.0%
Emergency presentations: ² 680,126 patients	665,860	2.1%

New South Wales: Time patients waited to start treatment 3

October to December 2017

	Same period last year
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 85,293 patients	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 23 minutes	25 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 231,360 patients Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 65 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 287,474 patients	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 26 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 71,264 patients	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 103 minutes	103 minutes

New South Wales: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2017

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 703,345 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

73.6%

Same period last year 74.4%

- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 23 January 2018).

New South Wales: Patients presenting to the emergency department

71,264 (10.5%)

Same period Change since last year one year ago All presentations: 1703,410 patients 689,903 2.0% Emergency presentations² by triage category: 680,126 patients 665,860 2.1% Resuscitation 4,735 (0.7%) 4.556 3.9% 79,597 7.2% Emergency 85,293 (12.5%) Urgent 231,360 (34.0%) 226,707 2.1%

287,474 (42.3%)

284,650

70,350

1.3%

Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2010	2010	2017
Resuscitation	3,043	3,198	3,648	4,021	4,167	4,248	4,556	4,735
Emergency	43,748	50,583	58,827	65,420	71,473	75,781	79,597	85,293
Urgent	158,597	168,728	177,773	190,686	201,627	211,498	226,707	231,360
Semi-urgent	237,103	238,506	248,174	262,765	276,053	276,862	284,650	287,474
Non-urgent	84,105	77,138	65,797	71,227	73,516	70,545	70,350	71,264
All emergency presentations	526,596	538,153	554,219	594,119	626,836	638,934	665,860	680,126

New South Wales: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2017

October to December 2017

Semi-urgent

Non-urgent

Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 137,708 patients							
ED Transfer of care time							
Median time	11 minutes						
90th percentile time	26 minutes						

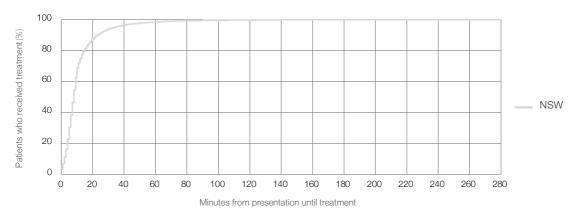
	Change since one year ago
132,496	
11 minutes	0 minutes
26 minutes	0 minutes

New South Wales: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2

October to December 2017

Same period Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns) last year Number of triage 2 patients: 85,293 79.597 Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 84,275 78,723 Median time to start treatment 4 8 minutes 8 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 23 minutes 25 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to December 2017

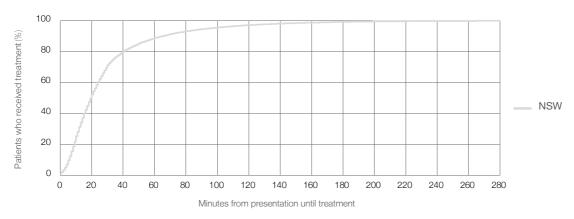


	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	26	25	23	22	25	25	25	23

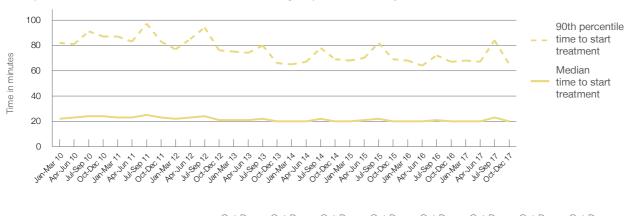
New South Wales: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 October to December 2017

Same period Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration) last year Number of triage 3 patients: 231,360 226,707 Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 225,861 221,046 Median time to start treatment 4 20 minutes 20 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 65 minutes 67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to December 2017

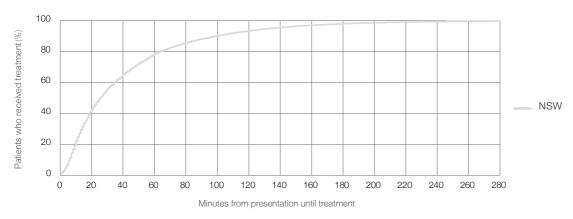


	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Median time to start treatment 4 (minutes)	24	23	21	20	20	20	20	20
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	87	83	76	66	69	69	67	65

New South Wales: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2017



Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to December 2017

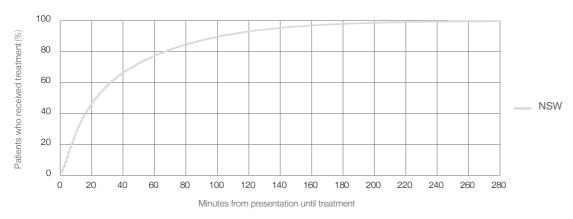


	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	34	33	29	26	26	27	25	26
90th percentile time to start treatmer (minutes)	nt ⁵ 137	130	114	104	100	103	97	99

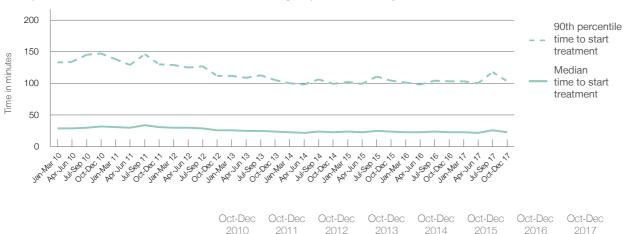
New South Wales: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2017



Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to December 2017



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	32	31	26	24	23	24	23	23
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	147	130	112	105	99	104	103	103

New South Wales: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2017

All presentations: 1 703,410 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 703,345 patients

Median time spent in the ED 8

2 hours and 44 minutes

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9

6 hours and 55 minutes

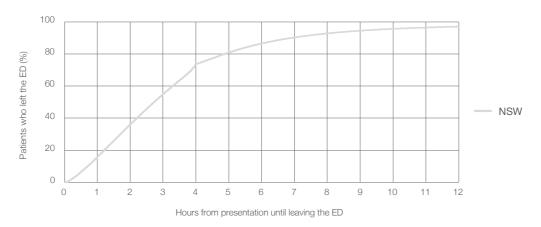
Same period last vear

> 689,903 689,818

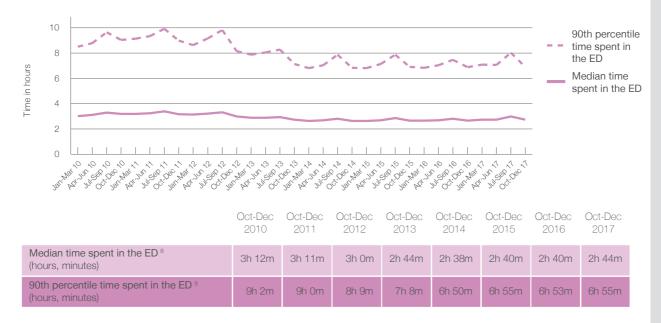
2 hours and 40 minutes

6 hours and 53 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017 ††

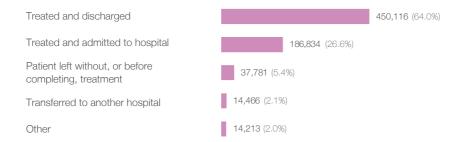


New South Wales: Time spent in the ED

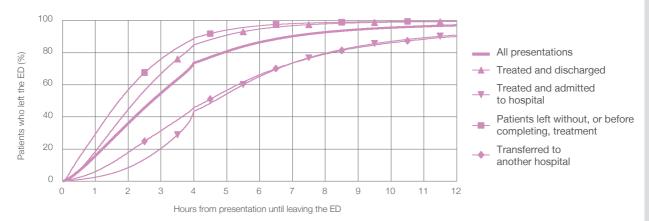
By mode of separation October to December 2017

All presentations: 1 703,410 patients

Presentations used to calculate time spent in the ED: 6 703,345 patients



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2017



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	18.7%	44.8%	67.1%	85.0%	94.8%	98.0%	99.0%	99.5%
Treated and admitted to hospital	2.5%	8.4%	20.5%	43.6%	65.3%	79.7%	87.1%	91.0%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	29.6%	57.0%	76.2%	89.1%	96.8%	98.8%	99.4%	99.6%
Transferred to another hospital	6.0%	18.0%	31.6%	46.0%	66.3%	79.2%	86.2%	90.2%
All presentations	15.9%	36.2%	55.0%	73.6%	86.5%	92.8%	95.6%	97.1%

New South Wales: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 1703,410 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 703,345 patients

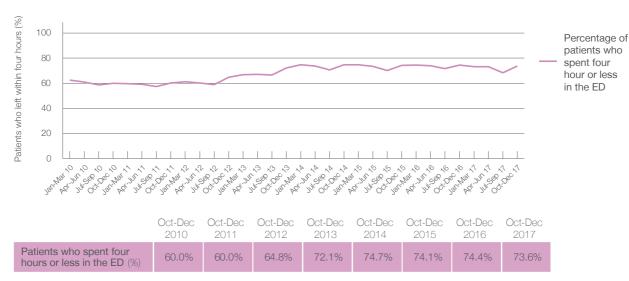
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

73.6%

last year 689,903 689,818 74.4%

Same period

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize †}}$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 23 January 2018).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 23 January 2018).