<b>Gunnedah Hospital:</b> Emergency department (ED) overvi October to December 2018	ew	
	Same period last year	Change since one year ago
All presentations:1 1,925 patients	2,153	-11%
Emergency presentations: <sup>2</sup> 1,867 patients	2,086	-10%
<b>Gunnedah Hospital:</b> Time patients waited to start treatm October to December 2018	nent <sup>3</sup>	
	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2         Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns):         109 patients	139	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 4 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 522 patients	472	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	26 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 60 minutes	95 minutes	72 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 965 patients	1,086	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	37 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 96 minutes	122 minutes	104 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 264 patients	389	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	33 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 109 minutes	100 minutes	104 minutes

16 minutes

#### Gunnedah Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2018		1	Change since one year ago	
Attendances used to calculate time to I	eaving the ED: 6 1,925 patients		2,153	-11%
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED		88%	90%	

Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: October to December 2018.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Median time to start treatment<sup>4</sup>

90th percentile time to start treatment<sup>5</sup>

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 January 2019).

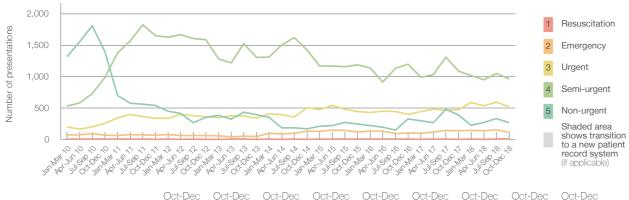
54 minutes

26 minutes

# **Gunnedah Hospital:** Patients presenting to the emergency department October to December 2018

Same period Change since last year one year ago All presentations:<sup>1</sup>1,925 patients 2.153 -11% Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by triage category: 1,867 patients 2,086 -10% 1 Resuscitation 7 (0.4%) < 5 -21.0% 109 (5.8%) 139 2 Emergency 3 Urgent 522 (28.0%) 472 10.6% 4 Semi-urgent 1,086 -11.1% 965 (51.7%) 264 (14.1%) 389 -32.1% 5 Non-urgent

Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, January 2010 to December 2018 <sup>‡</sup>



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Resuscitation	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	5	< 5	< 5	7
Emergency	70	69	62	44	131	115	102	139	109
Urgent	254	334	363	334	502	442	398	472	522
Semi-urgent	987	1,650	1,585	1,303	1,422	1,186	1,197	1,086	965
Non-urgent	1,391	542	351	392	166	244	328	389	264
All emergency presentations	2,702	2,595	2,361	2,073	2,221	1,992	2,025	2,086	1,867

# **Gunnedah Hospital:** Patients arriving by ambulance October to December 2018

Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: <sup>7</sup> 135 patients \*\*

ED Transfer of care time

Median time

7 minutes

21 minutes

21 minutes

Same period Change since
last year one year ago

158

U

Last year

0 minutes

158

Last year

158

Last year
158

Last year
158

Last year
158

Last year
158

Last year
158

Last year
158

Last year
158

Last year
158

L

(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

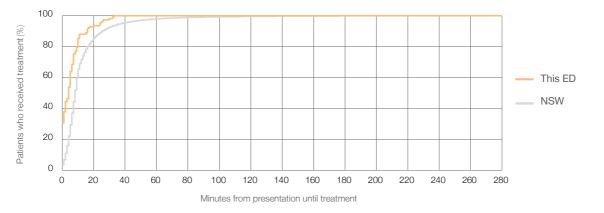
(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

(\*\*) Interpret with caution: total ambulance arrivals include more than 30% of records for which transfer of care time cannot be calculated.

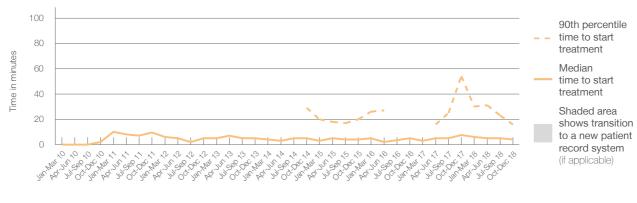
**Gunnedah Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 October to December 2018

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 109	139	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 108	138	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 4 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 16 minutes	54 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018







	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017	Oct-Dec 2018
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	2	10	5	5	5	4	5	8	4
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)	*	*	*	*	29	20	*	54	16

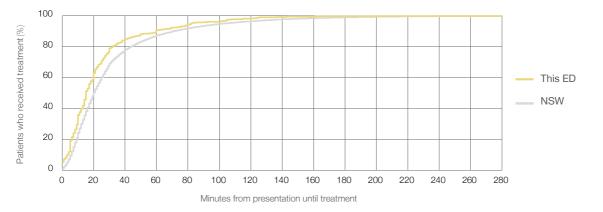
<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

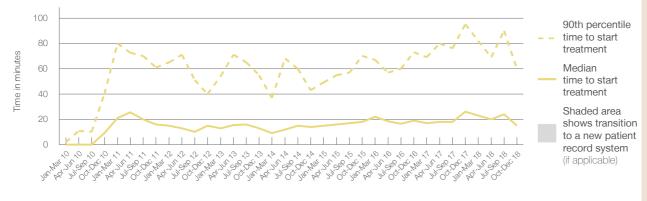
**Gunnedah Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 October to December 2018

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 522	472	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 507	458	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	26 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 60 minutes	95 minutes	72 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018



# Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to December 2018 <sup>†‡</sup>



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017	Oct-Dec 2018
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	9	16	15	13	14	18	19	26	15
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)	40	61	40	55	43	70	73	95	60

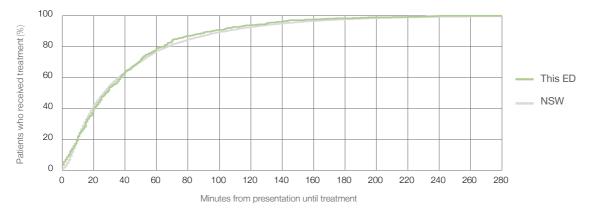
<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

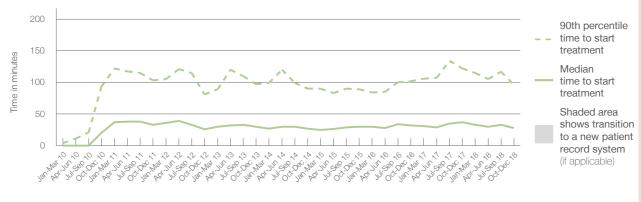
**Gunnedah Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2018

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 965	1,086	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 917	996	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 28 minutes	37 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 96 minutes	122 minutes	104 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018







	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017	Oct-Dec 2018
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	20	33	26	30	27	30	32	37	28
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)	93	103	81	97	90	89	102	122	96

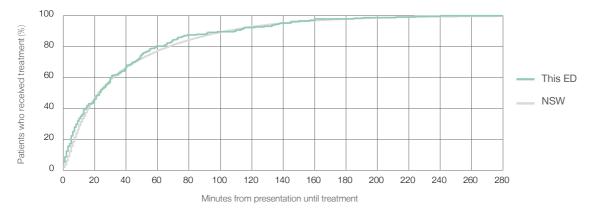
<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

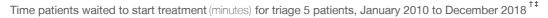
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

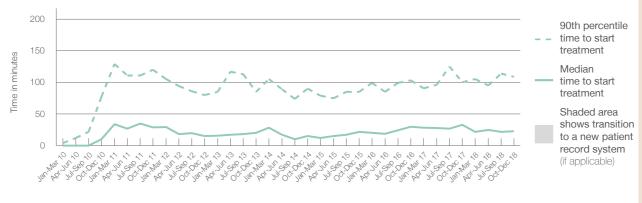
**Gunnedah Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2018

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 264	389	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 232	351	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	33 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 109 minutes	100 minutes	104 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018







	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017	Oct-Dec 2018
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	10	29	15	20	15	22	30	33	23
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)	77	120	80	85	90	85	103	100	109

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

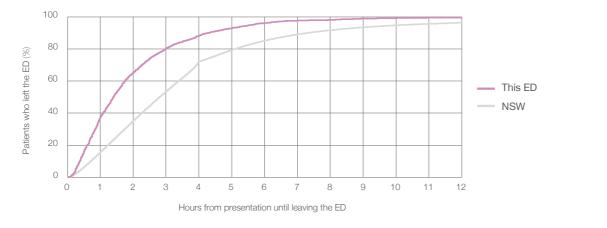
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Gunnedah Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2018

NSW Same period (this period) last vear All presentations:<sup>1</sup> 1,925 patients 2,153 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 1,925 patients 2.153 1 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED <sup>8</sup> 1 hours and 24 minutes 26 minutes 49 minutes 3 hours and 7 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 4 hours and 18 minutes 58 minutes 19 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2018







Median time spent in the ED <sup>8</sup> (hours, minutes)	1h 6m	1h 5m	1h 1m	1h 7m	1h 14m	1h 15m	1h 22m	1h 26m	1h 24m
90th percentile time spent in the ED <sup>9</sup> (hours, minutes)	3h 0m	3h 2m	2h 40m	2h 58m	3h 36m	3h 41m	4h 5m	3h 58m	4h 18m

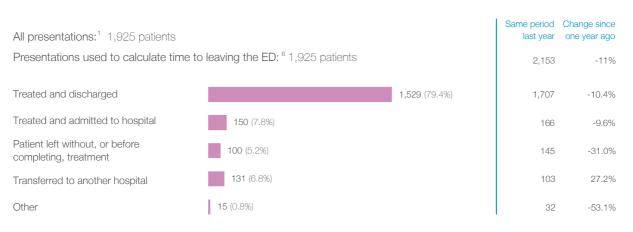
<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

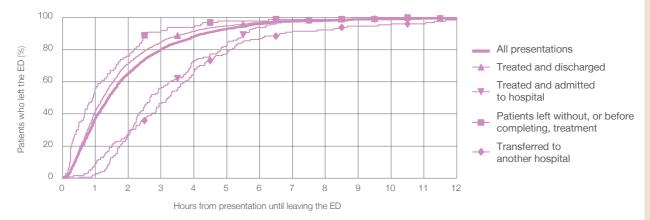
# Gunnedah Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation

October to December 2018



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2018



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	42.0%	71.6%	85.0%	91.4%	97.1%	98.6%	99.5%	99.8%
Treated and admitted to hospital	2.0%	26.7%	56.0%	72.7%	94.0%	98.0%	98.7%	99.3%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	56.0%	76.0%	92.0%	94.0%	98.0%	99.0%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	9.2%	29.0%	46.6%	66.4%	87.0%	92.4%	95.4%	98.5%
All presentations	37.5%	65.3%	80.4%	88.2%	96.1%	98.1%	99.2%	99.7%

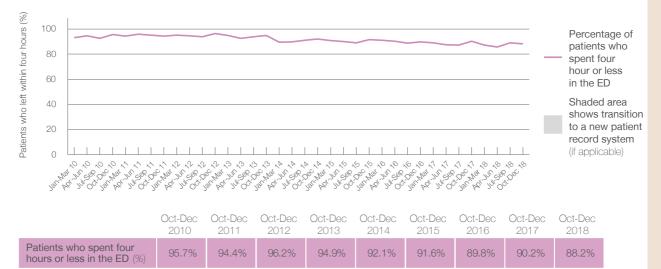
Hunter New England Local Health District

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

<b>Gunnedah Hospital:</b> Time sper Percentage of patients who sper			
October to December 2018			Change since one year ago
All presentations at the emergency depa	2,153	-11%	
Presentations used to calculate time to	2,153	-11%	
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED	88.2%	90.2%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2018 <sup>†‡</sup>



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- + Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: October to December 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.
   Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 January 2019).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 22 January 2019).

District group 2 hospitals (C2) Hunter New England Local Health District